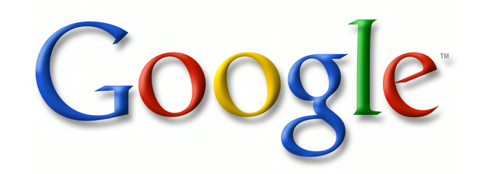



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A tuberculosis directory : containing a

How to Use the Directory

Headings. The material in this Directory is arranged under the following headings: Sanatoria, Boarding Houses, Institutions for the Insane, Penal Institutions, Dispensaries, Open Air Schools, Associations, Legislation.

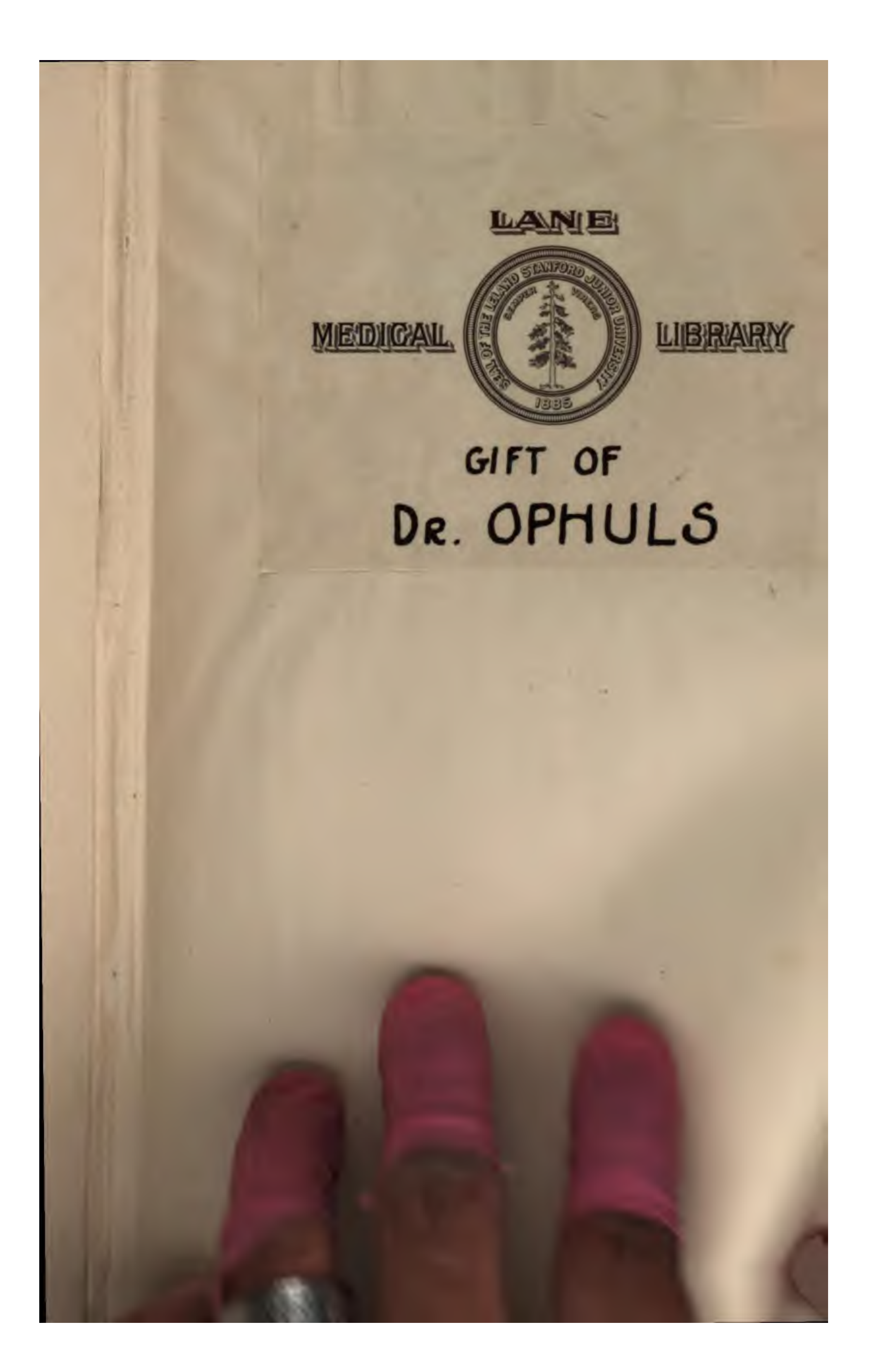
Alphabetical Arrangement. Under each heading, the activities are arranged alphabetically according to geographical location. The only exception to this rule is that **state** sanatoria or associations are listed first under each state subhead.

How to Find Name. The *name* of an institution or association, of which you know the location, can be easily found by turning to the name of the city or town in the Index. For example, the sanatorium at Auburn, N. Y., is listed under Auburn, and the reader is referred to Page 48 where the name is shown as Sunnycrest Sanatorium. Another way to ascertain the name of this institution would be by referring to Table of Contents for the page of the Sanatorium section and then using the guiding heads at the top of the pages to find New York State.

How to Find Location. For the *location* of an activity of which you know the name, turn to the Index to find the number of the page on which detailed information is given. For instance, Fort Recovery Camp (Ind.). The Index refers to Page 24, where the location is given as Huntertown (R. F. D. No. 3).

Index Gives the Number of Activities. The Index will be found especially valuable for ascertaining the number of activities of any state or in any local community. For example, Cleveland, Ohio. By looking under this name in the Index, it will be found that the city has one association, seven dispensaries, an insane hospital making special provision for the tuberculous, five open air schools, five sanatoria, and also that the city regulations and ordinances with reference to tuberculosis are included in the legislative section. By referring to the various pages given, the details of these activities may be noted.

A Request. If you note an error or an omission or you have additional information regarding any of the activities in the Directory, *please write to* The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, 105 East 22nd Street, New York City.


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A TUBERCULOSIS DIRECTORY

CONTAINING

A LIST OF INSTITUTIONS, ASSOCIATIONS AND OTHER AGENCIES DEALING WITH TUBERCULOSIS IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

COMPILED BY

THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE STUDY AND PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS

NEW YORK
105 EAST TWENTY-SECOND STREET
1916

B



VAIL-BALLOU COMPANY
BINGHAMTON AND NEW YORK

Table of Contents

Introduction

This Directory is the fourth one of its kind that has been issued. The mere fact that a Directory of the anti-tuberculosis movement is necessary is an evidence of the wide extent and the importance of this campaign. The first Tuberculosis Directory published was more or less of a handbook on the campaign, prepared by Miss Lilian Brandt for the Tuberculosis Committee of the Charity Organization Society of New York City, in 1904. The second edition was prepared by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis and published by the Russell Sage Foundation as a special memorial volume for the Sixth International Congress on Tuberculosis. The third edition was published in 1911 by the National Association, with a supplement in 1913.

A slight indication as to the development of the anti-tuberculosis campaign may be gained from the number of agencies in the anti-tuberculosis movement as listed in the several editions of the Tuberculosis Directory. Miss Brandt's Directory of 1904 listed less than 200 special agencies dealing with tuberculosis, of which 115 were sanatoria and hospitals. The 1908 edition listed approximately 800 agencies; the 1911 edition about 1,500; while the present edition contains record of more than 3,100 different organizations and institutions engaged to a greater or less extent in anti-tuberculosis work.

Probably the two most significant developments as indicated in the present Directory are those in the Open Air School and Association sections. The first edition of the Tuberculosis Directory made no mention whatever of Open Air Schools. In fact no schools of this character had then been established. The second edition of the Directory contained no special section on schools, but made mention of two or three then in existence in the sanatorium section. The 1911 edition of the Directory mentioned a few open air schools then in existence, scattered around in various parts of the country. The present edition contains mention of more than 300 different institutions, and this section is manifestly incomplete because of the impossibility of collecting information rapidly enough to keep this part of the Directory complete. The open air school has transcended the limits of the anti-tuberculosis campaign, and while its primary development has been due largely to the tuberculosis movement, it is now coming to be more and more a part of the educational movement,

where it rightly belongs. The open air school is both an educational and a health measure.

The second most significant development in the Tuberculosis Directory is the increase in the number of anti-tuberculosis associations and their extent. There is hardly a State in the country which to-day has not some form of anti-tuberculosis effort. There is hardly a city in the country which is not represented by its association. Counties and villages also by the hundreds are listed in the Directory under the association section. The significance of this development is that organization has been recognized as the necessary complement and agent of education. Not only is agitation and the arousing of enthusiasm necessary, but more than that is needed the crystalizing of this enthusiasm into organized, permanent groups for definite community effort.

As at present organized, the anti-tuberculosis campaign in the United States is headed by The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, which through its executive office supplies the leadership, stimulation and suggestions for further organization and increased efficiency. Then come state associations whose main object has been to secure in turn organization of local communities, such as counties, cities, towns, and villages in their respective territories. Then come the local associations. Their object has been to secure visiting nurses, hospitals, dispensaries, and other agencies to fight tuberculosis. Narrowed down, therefore, tuberculosis becomes essentially a local problem, and the control of it is essentially the problem of the small community.

It is gratifying to note also the increase in legislation affecting the anti-tuberculosis movement. A glance at the legislation sections of the previous Directories as compared with this one will show at once a remarkable development in this field. More significant, however, than the laws which have been placed on the statute books regarding community control of tuberculosis in one way or another, is the development of interest on the parts of state boards and departments of health, and through them of local boards and departments of health. More than at any previous time in history tuberculosis is being recognized by boards of health as a serious problem in community control of disease, and officers are asking how they can deal with it.

The Directory also records significant advances in two other important fields. The first of these is the necessity for control of advanced cases of tuberculosis, and the second, the growing recognition of the importance of the child as a factor in the prevention of this disease. The increase of county and municipal hospitals is one indication of the efforts being made to place the advanced cases where they can not continue to be

foci of infection to those around them. The increase in legislation providing for the segregation of dangerous cases of tuberculosis and the recognition of the growing responsibility on the part of state and local boards of health is also of value in this connection.

The development of the open air school movement already alluded to has a vital bearing upon the child in relation to tuberculosis. In addition to this, however, should be noted the rapid increase in the number of special buildings and special divisions in hospitals for tuberculous children, and more recently the development of a new type of institution known as the "preventorium." The success of such an institution established at Farmingdale, New Jersey, for children from New York City, has led to the establishment of similar ones in various parts of the country, and the number of these will probably increase in the near future so that in future editions of the Tuberculosis Directory a separate section of preventoria may be necessary. Another significant development along this same line is the rapid increase of special children's clinics in connection with tuberculosis dispensaries. In New York City practically every clinic of the Department of Health, and many other clinics, have a special children's division and hour. These developments indicate a growing recognition of the fact that, if the child is safeguarded from infection and strengthened in body, his chances of later developing tuberculosis are greatly lessened.

These are just a few of the most significant developments which the Tuberculosis Directory records. He who reads between the lines of dry cataloguing of details here presented will find much more of human interest and much more of throbbing vital effort than the printed page would reveal at first glance. The following table will give a brief summary of the present status of the campaign against tuberculosis in the United States:

TUBERCULOSIS INSTITUTIONS AND ASSOCIATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES *

Sanatoria, Hospitals and Day Camps for the Treatment of Tuberculosis......	557
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Hospitals for the Insane Making Special Provision for Their Tuberculous Patients	90
Penal Institutions Making Special Provision for Their Tuberculous Patients..	35
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Open Air Schools and Classes for Children †..............................	310
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* In addition, the Directory lists the following number of Canadian instit ia-tions: Sanatoria, etc., 35; dispensaries, 14; associations, 109; total, 158.

† As stated in the introduction to the open air school section the list of manifestly incomplete. The Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the lead United States on the subject of open air schools, estimates 800 as a conservati

INTRODUCTION

It is a pleasure to acknowledge the cordial co-operation received on every side in the task of collecting the material for the Directory. Without this co-operation the Directory could not have been prepared. Particularly is the National Association indebted to the secretaries of the various state anti-tuberculosis associations who have given so much of their time to the correction of manuscript, proofs, etc.

The work of compiling the Directory has been largely done under the direction of Philip P. Jacobs, Assistant Secretary, assisted by Frederick D. Hopkins, Field Secretary, and Miss Eleanor B. Conklin, assistant.

CHARLES J. HATFIELD, M. D.,
Executive Secretary.

May 15, 1916.

Sanatoria, Hospitals, and Day Camps

for the

Treatment of Tuberculosis in the United States

Sanatoria, Hospitals, and Day Camps
for the
Treatment of Tuberculosis in the United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

The expansion in the scope of institutional treatment of tuberculosis makes this section more than a catalog of sanatoria. The day camp, the night camp, the temporary hospital, open only part of the year, the general hospital and almshouse, making special provision for tuberculosis — these are all included in this section. Each variety of work is, however, plainly indicated. The dates in parentheses after the names of the sanatoria indicate, as a rule, the date when the institution was opened. Unless otherwise stated, the institution may be considered as solely for the treatment of tuberculosis.

The institutions are arranged alphabetically according to location under their separate States, ***the only exception being that the State Sanatoria are listed first in all cases.***

Hospitals for the insane and penal institutions making special provision for tuberculosis and open-air schools are treated in separate sections.

Institutions not yet in operation are plainly designated in this way.

Canadian sanatoria and hospitals are listed in the last section, which contains all of the Canadian anti-tuberculosis agencies.

ALABAMA

STATE SANATORIUM (Not yet in operation):

An appropriation of $40,000 was made by the legislature in 1907, but thus far no progress can be reported beyond the selection of a site.

BIRMINGHAM

Red Mountain Sanatorium of the Jefferson County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910 — Reconstructed 1914):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases originating in Jefferson County. No negroes. Capacity 41. During winter months 35. *Rates:* — $30.00 per month when able to pay; no charges when indigent. 16 beds supported by county. *Secretary:* — Rev. George Eaves, D.D. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. P. M. Kyser. *Application* should be made to the Secretary.

MOBILE

Overlook Sanatorium:

For tuberculosis and diseases of the lungs. *Rates:* — $14.00 to $35.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson.

MONTGOMERY

Fresh Air Camp of the Anti-Tuberculosis League (September, 1911):
For all classes of cases. (Patients from Montgomery County only.) *Capacity:* — Whites, 13 — (one patient in a cottage); Negroes, 10 (two in a cottage). *Rates:* — There are no charges. Patients subscribe anything they wish. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. E. D. Grimes.

ALASKA

HAINES

The Presbyterian Hospital (December 12, 1907):
A general hospital making provision for all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. H. M. Craig.

ARIZONA

PHOENIX

East Farm Sanatorium, Phoenix Indian School (1909):
For tuberculous Indians only. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — Free for wards of the government. *Superintendent:* — John B. Brown. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Jacob Breid. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Maricopa County Hospital for Tuberculosis (February 1, 1909):
For county residents only. *Capacity:* — 30. *Superintendent:* — A. P. Hill. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Phoenix Sanatorium:
For diseases of the lungs and throat. *Rates:* — $12.00 to $25.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George H. Woodall. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

St. Joseph's Hospital (1893):
A general hospital admitting all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous cases:* — 35. *Rates:* — $16.00 to $20.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mother Vincent de Paul. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

St. Luke's Home for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (December 27, 1907):
For incipient cases preferably, but others are admitted. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week. A limited number can be cared for under the endowment account. *Superintendent:* — Rev. B. R. Cocks. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. J. James. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PRESCOTT

Pamsetgaaf Among the Pines (May 1, 1903):
For cases of pulmonary as well as pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $40.00 per week, for board, medical attendance and medicines. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. John W. Flinn. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Prescott Cottage Sanatorium (May 1, 1913):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Edith Robb Wilson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. D. Wilson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

TUCSON

Hotel Rest (1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — $50.00 to $100.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Miss Mattie J. Cummings. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Mercy Emergency Hospital (January, 1915):
For cases in the last stages, as a rule. *Capacity:* — 7. *Rates:* — There are no

charges; those able to pay anything may do so. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Harriett Beckley. *Board of Physicians:* — Dr. Charles A. Thomas, Dr. George E. Dodge, Dr. Jeremiah Metzger, and Dr. Bascom F. Morris. *Application* should be made to O. E. Comstock, Sr. or to the Superintendent.

St. Mary's Hospital (December, 1900):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 30. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week, not including medical attention. *Superintendent:* — Sister Superior. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Tucson-Arizona Sanatorium (November 1, 1911):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $50.00 per week. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. Jeremiah Metzger and Dr. S. H. Watson. *Application* should be made to the Medical Directors.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 80.

WHITERIVER

Fort Apache Tuberculosis Camp (1910):
For tuberculous Indians only. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 10. *Superintendent:* — William M. Peterson. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Hubert V. Hailman. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ARKANSAS

BOONEVILLE

Arkansas (State) Tuberculosis Sanatorium (August, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 114. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. Indigents are accepted when county pays $5.00 per week per capita. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John Stewart. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CALIFORNIA

ALAMEDA COUNTY (See San Leandro).

Alameda County Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):
A tract of land has been purchased for a site.

ALTA

Alta Sanatorium (August 1, 1909):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $60.00 to $100.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. J. Broome. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Burt F. Howard. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ANTIOCH

The Diggins Sanatorium (August, 1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 6. *Rates:* — $25.00 per week exclusive of medical fees. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Edward A. Diggins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BANNING

Doctor King's Sanatorium (October 15, 1909):
For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $115.00 to $135.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Miss Hannah Seinknecht. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John C. King. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

BELMONT (San Mateo County). (June 15, 1910.)

California Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (June 15, 1910):
For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — $25.00 per week and upwards. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Harry Warren. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Max Rothschild, 350 Post Street, San Francisco. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

COLFAX

Colfax School for the Tuberculous (December, 1908):

For all cases offering hope of arrest. *Capacity:* — 33. *Rates:* — $75.00 to $100.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — J. E. Tade. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert A. Peers. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Colfax Tuberculosis Hospital (1908):

For cases offering hope of arrest. *Capacity:* — 27. *Rates:* — $110.00 to $120.00 per month. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert A. Peers. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DUARTE

Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the Jewish Consumptive Relief Association (January 10, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — B. Cohen. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph B. Fish. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FAIRFAX (Marin County)

Arequipa Sanatorium (September 9, 1911):

For incipient cases in wage-earning women. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Nora Harndon. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Philip King Brown. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FRESNO

Fresno County Sanatorium (September 1, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Clinton Collms. *Visiting Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Georgia Thompson. *Application* should be made to the Board of Supervisors.

GLENDALE (See Page 75).

LOS ANGELES

The Barlow Sanatorium, 1225½ Elysian Park Avenue (September, 1902):

For cases of pulmonary tuberculosis who have been residents of Los Angeles for one year,— without means to go elsewhere, and capable of cure or marked improvement. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week for those able to pay and for societies and associations who wish to keep patients in sanatorium. This price includes everything, including laundry, medicine, etc. Several cases are cared for free of charge. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Walter C. Klotz. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. Jarvis Barlow. *Application* should be made in person at the Sanatorium.

Kaspare Cohn Hospital and Training School, Stephenson Avenue (August, 1910):

A general hospital admitting all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 10. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Kathryn Neitzler. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry H. Lissener. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Los Angeles County Hospital, 1100 Mission Road (1888):

Capacity for tuberculosis patients: — 200. *Rates:* — Moderate charges for those who can pay. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles H. Whitman. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LOS GATOS

The Oaks Sanatorium (March 14, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Mary C. MacInnes. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William C. Voorsanger. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MONROVIA

Pottenger Sanatorium for Diseases of the Lungs and Throat (December, 1903):

For patients that offer an opportunity of cure or of making material improvement. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — $32.50 to $52.50 per week. *Medical Superin-*

tendent: — Dr. F. M. Pottenger. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.
For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 80.

OAKLAND

King's Daughters' Home for Incurables (July 1, 1897):
Receives advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 12. *Rates:* — $35.00 per month. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. A. S. Kelly. *Application* should be made to the Resident Physician.

PACOIMA

Independent Order of Foresters Sanatorium, P. O. Box H (March 4, 1913):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases who are members of the I. O. F. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — Free to members. *Business Manager:* — Frank E. Hand. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. B. Dickson, Los Angeles. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

PASADENA

La Viña Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (August 22, 1909):
For patients in moderate circumstances or indigent who are residents of Pasadena and vicinity. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — Maximum charge: $7.00 per week; patients pay what they can afford. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. John B. Luckie. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry B. Stehman. *Application* should be made to the Resident Physician.

REDLANDS

St. Thomas Aquinas Sanatorium (formerly the Mentone Sanatorium) (1901):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $35.00 per week; there is a charity fund for the care of needy consumptives who have an established residence in Redlands. *Superintendent:* — Sister Mary Benedict. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Gayle G. Mosely. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SAN DIEGO

Tuberculosis Division of the County Hospital (1903):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — W. S. Heller. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. D. Webster. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Open Air Colony of the San Diego Anti-Tuberculosis Society, Lemon Villa Tract, R. F. D. 1 (1912):
For patients in early stages. *Capacity:* — 12 tent houses. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SAN FRANCISCO

City and County Hospital (New buildings opened in 1913):
Special buildings for all classes of indigent consumptives who are residents of San Francisco. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 150. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. R. H. Broderick. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Municipal Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):
An appropriation of $525,000 for a new city sanatorium for ambulant cases has been made, and negotiations for a site are under way.

SAN JOSE

Santa Clara County Hospital (June 1, 1911):
Receives all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 34. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Doxey R. Wilson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SAN LEANDRO

Alameda County Infirmary (1903):

Receives all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. C. A. Wills. *Physician in charge of Tuberculosis Depart-*

ment: — Dr. Edward von Adelung. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY (See San Jose).

SIERRA MADRE

Shepard Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1914):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $35.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. A. Shepard. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SOLDIERS' HOME

Pacific Branch National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers:

For all tuberculous soldiers who have served in any war of the U. S. and who have received an honorable discharge. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Major and Surgeon:* — Dr. O. C. McNavy.

COLORADO

BRUSH

Eben-Ezer Mercy Institute (1904):

For incipient cases, but others are received. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $10.00 per week. Some free beds are maintained, although none are endowed. Entrance examination, $5.00. *Superintendent:* — Rev. J. Madsen. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. A. C. Lusby and Dr. W. E. Turner. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CAÑON CITY

Phœnix Lodge (March, 1911):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 5. *Rates:* — $2.00 per day; $12.00 per week; $40.00 to $45.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Nettie G. Sheldon. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

COLORADO SPRINGS

Cragmor Sanatorium (June 1, 1907):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 56. *Rates:* — $22.00 to $50.00 per week. *Physician-in-Chief:* — Dr. Alexius M. Forster. *Consulting Physicians:* — Dr. Gerald B. Webb and Dr. George Burton Gilbert. *Application* should be made to the Physician-in-Chief.

Glockner Sanatorium (1889):

A general sanatorium, with special provision for tuberculosis patients in any stage of the disease. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 150. *Rates:* — $12.00 to $35.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Sister Rose Alexius. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Idlewold Sanatorium, 311 N. Logan Avenue (December 3, 1912):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Losi L. Shardlow. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Nob Hill Lodge, 319 North Logan Avenue:

Rates: — $12.50 to $20.00 per week. *Manager:* — F. E. Standish, R. N. *Application* should be made to the manager.

Star Ranch in the Pines Sanatorium (January, 1903):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — $75.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Miss Alice L. Witkind, R. N. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Edward Moore and Dr. Charles O. Giese. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Sunnyrest Sanatorium (April, 1911):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — From no charge up to $8.00 per week for residents; $8.00 per week for non-residents. *Superintendent:* — Miss Ida Tobschall. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Union Printers' Home, Box 43 (1892):
For all classes of cases who are members in good standing of a subordinate union of the International Typographical Union. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 210. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — John C. Daley. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Charles O. Giese. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent on form provided for the purpose.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 80.

DENVER

The Agnes Memorial Sanatorium, Montclair Station (September, 1904):
Exclusively for early cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. When accommodations are limited preference will be given to candidates from Western Pennsylvania. *Capacity:* — 151. *Rates:* — $9.00 to $12.00 per week, which includes medical attention and nursing. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. G. Walter Holden. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Bethesda Sanatorium (1914):
For all classes of cases. For Holland people only, members of the Dutch and Christian Reformed Churches. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $6.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Mary R. DeBoer. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George M. McLeod.

The Home — An Episcopal Church Home (1895):
For persons who show a good chance of being benefited by the climate and who present a letter from some clergyman or some one known to the Superintendent. *Capacity:* — 150. *Rates:* — $30.00 a month to $30.00 a week and up, according to service. *Superintendent:* — Rev. Frederick W. Oakes. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Denver City and County Hospital:
For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 45; 40 men and 5 women. *Rates:* — No charges for residents; $1.00 per day for non-residents if able to pay. *Superintendent:* — Dr. William H. Sharpley. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. W. Storey.

The National Jewish Hospital for Pulmonary Consumptives, 3900 East Colfax Avenue (1899):
For indigent consumptives in whose cases the prognosis is fair. *Capacity:* — 150. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Moses Collins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Sunlight Sanatorium, 2727 West 33rd Avenue:
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — $10.00 and up per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Bertha Marvin. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. E. Shepard.

The Swedish National Sanatorium (1908):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 37. *Rates:* — $7.00 and $8.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Gustaf Nywall. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles A. Bundson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 81.

EDGEWATER

Sanatorium of the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society (June, 1904):
For destitute consumptives in any stage of the disease. *Capacity:* — 140. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. M. I. Marshak. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. D. Spivak. *Application* should be made to the Secretary, 337 Jackson Building, Denver.

LA JUNTA

Mennonite Sanatorium (October 28, 1908):
For asthmatics and consumptives. *Capacity:* — 47. *Rates:* — $30.00 and $40.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — J. M. Hershey. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. S. Brunk. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LAS ANIMAS

United States Naval Hospital (May 4, 1907):
For consumptives in all stages of the disease who are connected with the United States Navy and are recommended by the Surgeon-General of the Navy. *Capacity:* — 275. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. Philip Leach, U. S. N.

MANITOU

Mt. Calm Sanatorium (1890):
Capacity: — 50. *Rates:* — From $12.00 to $20.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Sister Mary Clare.

PUEBLO

Minnequa Hospital — The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company Hospital (1891):
For workmen connected with the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. Three tent cottages are especially provided for the care of tuberculous patients.

WHEAT RIDGE

The Evangelical Lutheran Sanatorium (1905):
For all classes of cases with reasonable chance of improvement. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week; $35.00 to $50.00 per month, including medical care and medicines. Some free beds are maintained, the number being fixed by the Board of Directors. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Lorenz W. Frank. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

WOODMEN (El Paso County)

Modern Woodmen of America Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (1908):
For members of the order of M. W. A. suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 180. (To be increased in 1916 to 240.) *Rates:* — Free to beneficiary members of the Modern Woodmen of America. No others are admitted. *Superintendent:* — Dr. James A. Rutledge. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CONNECTICUT *

HARTFORD

Hartford State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (August 10, 1909):
For all classes of cases, both medical and surgical. *Capacity:* — 196. *Rates:* — $4.00 or $10.00 per week according to the means of the patient. Where patients cannot pay anything, the $4.00 per week must be paid by their townships or otherwise. *Superintendent:* — Dr. William M. Stockwell. *Application* should be made to the State Tuberculosis Commission office.

MERIDEN

Meriden State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 1, 1910):
For all classes of cases, both medical and surgical. *Capacity:* — 136. *Rates:* — $4.00 or $10.00 per week according to the means of the patient. Where patients cannot pay anything, the $4.00 per week must be paid by their townships or otherwise. *Superintendent:* — Dr. James B. Dinnan. *Application* should be made to the State Tuberculosis Commission office.

NORWICH

Norwich State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (February 13, 1913):
For all classes of cases, both medical and surgical. *Capacity:* — 90. *Rates:* —

* The four state sanatoria in Connecticut are operated under the State Tuberculosis Commission, of which the following are the members: Dr. Stephen J. Maher, chairman; Dr. David R. Lyman, and Hon. Jonathan Godfrey. The office of the Commission is in the State Capitol at Hartford.

$4.00 or $10.00 per week according to the means of the patient. Where patients cannot pay anything, the $4.00 per week must be paid by their townships or otherwise. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Hugh B. Campbell. *Application* should be made to the State Tuberculosis Commission office.

SHELTON

Shelton State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (August 10, 1909):

For all classes of cases, both medical and surgical. *Capacity:* — 137. *Rates:* — $4.00 or $10.00 per week according to the means of the patient. Where patients cannot pay anything, the $4.00 per week must be paid by their townships or otherwise. *Acting Superintendent:* — Dr. Edward J. Lynch. *Application* should be made to the State Tuberculosis Commission office.

FALLS VILLAGE

Dr. Shannon's Sanatorium (November, 1906):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $35.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Thomas I. Shannon. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

GREENWICH

Nathaniel Wetherell Memorial Tuberculosis Pavilion of the Greenwich Hospital (1912):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 8. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss H. E. Dodge. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HARTFORD

Wildwood Sanatorium (1902):

For early and curable cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $7.00 per week. Six private rooms at $14.00 per week are maintained. *Superintendent:* — Dr. A. W. Smith. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James E. Murphy. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEW CANAAN

Dr. Brooks' Sanatorium (1896):

For early and curable cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $25.00 per week, including everything. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. M. J. Brooks. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEW HAVEN

Tuberculosis Department of the New Haven General Hospital (Not yet in operation):

An institution for 100 beds is now in process of construction. For the purposes of this institution, the New Haven Hospital is in receipt of a bequest of $1,000,000 from an anonymous benefactor. The hospital, which is designed primarily for advanced cases, will be opened in 1916. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Simon F. Cox.

New Haven Tuberculosis Day Camp of the Visiting Nurse Association (May 1, 1910):

For incipient and suspected cases only. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — There are no charges, but carfare is collected if possible. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. F. B. Standish. *Application* should be made to the New Haven Visiting Nurse Association.

STAMFORD

Stamford Tuberculosis Pavilion (June 1, 1910):

For male patients only — both incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — Free to town poor, $1.00 per day for others. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Anna Rabon, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. F. Carroll. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WALLINGFORD

Gaylord Farm Sanatorium (September, 1904):

For cases of pulmonary, surgical or laryngeal tuberculosis in which the prognosis is favorable. *Capacity:* — 105 (adults 85, children 20). *Rates:* — $7.25 per week, no extras. Limited to residents of Connecticut who cannot afford private institutional treatment. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. David R. Lyman. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent. This sanatorium is conducted by the New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

DELAWARE

MARSHALLTON (R. F. D.)

State Sanatorium for Tuberculous Negroes (1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Supported by State under Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission. *Superintendent:* — Miss Elizabeth Tyler. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Conwell Bouton. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Hope Farm (1907; removed to present location March, 1910):

Capacity: — 50. *Rates:* — $8.00 to $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Emily P. Bissell, 1404 Franklin Street, Wilmington. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Albert Robin, 701 Rodney Street, Wilmington. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

Tuberculosis Hospital of the District of Columbia 14th and Upshur Streets, N. W. (July 1, 1908):

For indigent consumptives, residents of the District of Columbia, in all stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 145. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. D. Tewksbury. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Starmont Aid (See Washington Grove, Maryland).

Washington Red Cross Day Camp, 14th and Upshur Streets (1908):

For ambulatory cases only. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Elizabeth G. Fox, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. D. Tewksbury. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FLORIDA

DUVAL COUNTY **(See Jacksonville).**

JACKSONVILLE

Duval County Hospital, Franklin Street (1913):

Tuberculosis pavilion for charity cases of Duval County only. *Capacity:* — 27. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Maude M. Fleming. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MIAMI

Tuberculosis Pavilion, County Farm (Not yet in operation):

A tuberculosis pavilion with a capacity of about 10 beds has been erected at the county farm, but in March, 1916, it was not equipped and could not be used.

PORT ORANGE

Grand View Sanatorium (1906): From November 1 to May 15; from May 15 to November 1, Newport, Tenn.)

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — $23.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. J. M. Masters. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

GEORGIA

ALTO

Georgia State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (March 15, 1911):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 90. *Rates:* — $3.50 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. William V. Paramore.

ATLANTA

Battle Hill Tuberculosis Sanitarium (Municipal Sanatorium): (January 1, 1911):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 250. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph H. Bradfield. A separate division for colored cases is maintained.

COLUMBUS

Muscogee County Tuberculosis Hospital, County Farm (1911):
Capacity: — 8. *Superintendent:* — Ashford Fulton. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. L. Cosby.

MUSCOGEE COUNTY (See Columbus).

HAWAII

HONOLULU

Leahi Home (September, 1902):
Receives all classes of tuberculous patients. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 110. (Another ward, 24 beds, being erected.) *Rates:* — $1.50 and $2.00 per day. There are 76 free beds. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. A. N. Sinclair, P. O. Box 1366. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Paola Day Camp, Banyan Street, Box 514 (April 9, 1910):
Capacity: — 25. *Rates:* — $1.25 per day. *Superintendent:* — Miss Anna Huber. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. N. Sinclair, M. B. and C. M., P. O. Box 1366. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

IDAHO

LAPWAI

Fort Lapwai Indian Sanatorium (1910):
Exclusively for tuberculous Indians. *Capacity:* — 100. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John N. Alley.

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO

Chicago Fresh Air Hospital, Western and Howard Avenues (July 1, 1910):
Primarily for self-supporting patients in all stages. *Capacity:* — 95. *Rates:* — $14.00 per week; private rooms $25.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Ethan Allen Gray. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Home for Incurables, Tuberculosis Department, 5535 Ellis Avenue (1890):

Receives advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 68. *Rates:* — Some patients are treated free; others are charged varying amounts according to circumstances of individual. *President:* — H. N. Higinbotham, 809 Fine Arts Building. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. W. P. Goodsmith. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium of Chicago, North Crawford and Bryn Mawr Avenues (March 1, 1915):

For ambulant and bed cases; 650 ambulant cases and 300 bed cases. *Capacity:* — 950. *Rates:* — Free to the residents of Chicago. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. W. A. Gekler. *Business Director:* — Charles J. Happel. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Tuberculosis Wards of Cook County Hospital, Harrison and Lincoln Streets (September 1, 1909):

For advanced cases only. *Capacity:* — 330. *Rates:* — Free to patients of Cook County. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. H. M. Price. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Sanatorium of the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society of Chicago, Belmont and 50th Avenues. (Not yet in operation):

The foundation is laid and the building will be opened in 1916.

COLLINSVILLE

Harrison Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 4, 1913):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $40.00 to $70.00 per month. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. M. W. Harrison. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DECATUR

Tuberculosis Pavilion of General Hospital (Not yet in operation):

DEERFIELD

Ridge Farm Preventorium for Children, 68 A, Route 1 (June 8, 1912):

A preventorium for children from 6 to 14 years old. No open cases are received. *Capacity:* — 27. *Rates:* — Parents are expected to pay $1.00 per week when able. *Superintendent:* — Miss Beatrice Barter. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James J. Cole. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FOREST BEACH SANATORIUM FOR THE TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS (See New Buffalo, Michigan).

JOLIET

County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

Authorized by the Board of County Supervisors at February meeting, 1916.

KANE COUNTY

Kane County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

A site has been selected for the sanatorium.

NAPERVILLE

The Edward Sanatorium (January 15, 1907):

For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. There are 16 supported beds. *Medical Director:* — Dr. O. W. McMichael. *Superintendent:* — Miss Winnifred Mc Edward. *Application* should be made to the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute, 8 So. Dearborn Street, Chicago.

OAK FOREST

Tuberculosis Hospital (January, 1912):

For ambulatory cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 735. *Rates:* — Free to

citizens of Cook County. *General Superintendent:* — Henry L. Bailey. *Head Physician:* — Dr. Walter H. Watterson. *Application* should be made to the General Superintendent.

OLNEY

Olney Sanatorium (1915):

Capacity: — 20. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. George T. Weber. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. J. Weber. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

OTTAWA

Ottawa Tuberculosis Colony (1904):

For early cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — $18.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — H. V. Pettit. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. W. Pettit. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PEORIA

Peoria Municipal Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

QUINCY

Illinois Soldiers and Sailors Home (1911):

Receives incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 15. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — John E. Andrew. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. E. Ehle. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Woodford Memorial Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

A fund of about $26,000 in the hands of a Board of Trustees, is to be used in the construction of a tuberculosis sanatorium, chiefly for the people of Adams County.

ROCKFORD

Rockford Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 3, 1916):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 22. *Rates:* — Free to residents of Rockford. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Bertha Logan. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. S. Lundholm. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SPRINGFIELD

Springfield Open Air Colony R. R. 6 (May 1, 1913):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $13.00 and $15.00 per week and up. *Superintendent:* — Miss Anne Tillinghast, R.N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George Thomas Palmer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WAUKEGAN

Tuberculosis Department of Lake County General Hospital:

Capacity: — 35. *Rates:* — Free to residents of county. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. A. E. Brown. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WEST CHICAGO

The Country Home for Convalescent Children, R. D. 2 (1911):

For cases of tuberculosis of the bones and joints in children from 4 to 12 years old. *Capacity:* — 70. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss L. A. Hanchett. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. B. Oleson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WINFIELD

Chicago Winfield Tuberculosis Sanatorium (October, 1908):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases only. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — $10.00 to $20.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James LeRoy Anderson. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

INDIANA

ROCKVILLE

Indiana State Tuberculosis Hospital (April 1, 1911):

For incipient pulmonary cases only. *Capacity:* — 140. *Rates:* — Only indigents or partial indigents are accepted. *Medical Director and Superintendent:* — Dr. C. J. Stevens. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ANDERSON

Madison County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

An appropriation has been made for a county hospital.

EVANSVILLE

Boehne Camp (December 1, 1910):

For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — Free for patients of Vanderburg County. Pay patients taken when there is room. Rates for patients from other counties: $15.00 to $20.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Gardner Johnson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Y. Welborn. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FLOYD COUNTY (See New Albany).

FORT WAYNE (See Page 75).

HUNTERTOWN (R. F. D. No 3)

Fort Recovery Camp of the Fort Wayne Anti-Tuberculosis League (May 1, 1915):

For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 18. *Rates:* — Patients are required to pay all or part of their per capita cost according to their ability to pay. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Eric A. Crull, Fort Wayne. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

INDIANAPOLIS

Flower Mission Pavilion, City Hospital (January, 1904):

For advanced indigent cases recommended by Flower Mission Society. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Thomas J. Sullivan. *Application* should be made to the Flower Mission Society.

Marion County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 100 beds. *Rates:* — Patients will be required to pay all or part of their per capita cost, according to their ability to pay. This hospital will be opened in 1916.

KOKOMO

Kokomo Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1913) (Not now in operation):

This sanatorium was discontinued in 1915. The site is still available and will probably be utilized later for tuberculosis sanatorium purposes.

LAFAYETTE

Home Hospital Camp of the Tippecanoe County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1915):

For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 4. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week if able to pay. County pays $5.00 per week for indigent patients. *President:* — Dr. C. B. Kern. *Superintendent:* — Miss Fanny Knecht. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent or the President.

MADISON COUNTY (See Anderson).

MARION COUNTY (See Indianapolis).

NEW ALBANY

Floyd County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
An appropriation has been made and a site bought for the Hospital.

RICHMOND

Wayne County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
An appropriation has been made for the hospital, but no site has been secured.

SOUTH BEND

Healthwin Sanatorium (St. Joseph County Tuberculosis Hospital) (1914):
For incipient and advanced cases of St. Joseph County. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — Patients are required to pay all or part of their per capita cost according to their ability to pay. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. H. Hillman. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Sanatorium of the Order of Owls:
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 14. *Rates:* — Free to members of the Order of Owls. *Superintendent:* — John W. Talbot. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John W. Hill. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WABASH

Open Air Bungalow — Park Hospital Grounds, 770 West Hill Street (April, 1916):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 2. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Rose Thomas. *Application* should be made to the Wabash County Anti-Tuberculosis Association or Charities or Community Council.

WAYNE COUNTY (See Richmond).

IOWA

OAKDALE

State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (February 1, 1908):
For incipient cases or those who offer a fair chance of recovery. *Capacity:* — 126. *Rates:* — $45.00 per month for those able to pay, payable through the county of admission. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. V. Scarborough. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Hospital Department of State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (February, 1915):
For advanced cases and cases acutely ill. *Capacity:* — 62. *Rates:* — $45.00 per month for those who are able to pay, payable through the county of admission. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. V. Scarborough. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DAVENPORT

Scott County Tuberculosis Hospital, Pine Knoll (July 6, 1914):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 46. *Rates:* — $2.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Miss N. C. Scott. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. P. Carney. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DES MOINES

Fresh Air Camp of the Iowa Methodist Hospital (June, 1914):
A summer camp for children. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — There are no charges for indigent children. *Superintendent:* — C. C. Huron. *Medical Director:* — Dr. M. L. Turner.

FORT DODGE

Boulder Lodge Sanatorium (July 1, 1901):
Exclusively for the treatment of all forms of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. W. Kime. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SIOUX CITY

Woodbury County Tubercular Sanatorium (October 1, 1915):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $45.00 per month, for those able to pay. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. G. E. Barr. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SCOTT COUNTY (See Davenport).

TOLEDO

Sac and Fox Sanatorium (1896, remodelled 1913):
For Indians between 6 and 21 years of age in incipient stages. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. R. L. Russell. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WOODBURY COUNTY (See Sioux City).

KANSAS

NORTON

State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (November, 1914):
For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 23. (Another pavilion under construction.) *Rates:* — Cost of maintenance. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. C. S. Kenny. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SHAWNEE COUNTY (See Topeka).

TOPEKA

Topeka Tuberculosis Sanatorium (April 3, 1916):
For moderately advanced and advanced cases of tuberculosis. Residents of Shawnee County only are received. *Capacity:* — 40 to 50. *Rates:* — Patients pay according to their ability. Those unable to pay are received. *Superintendent:* — Miss Lorena A. Shantz, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. M. Mills. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

WICHITA

Sedgwick Home, 223 West Third Street (April, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 6. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. M. W. Woods. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

KENTUCKY

CHRISTIAN COUNTY (See Hopkinsville).

COVINGTON

Kenton County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
$12,000 has been appropriated by the county and a site has been purchased for a Sanatorium.

FAYETTE COUNTY (See Lexington).

HENDERSON

Henderson County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):
The building is practically completed. As soon as there is the formation of a district with the adjoining counties, the sanatorium will be put in operation.

HOPKINSVILLE

Christian County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
The county and city appropriated $2,500, but nothing further has been done.

KENTON COUNTY (See Covington).

LEXINGTON

Fayette County Tuberculosis Sanatorium, Georgetown Pike (Not yet in operation).
An appropriation of over $13,000 was made in 1915, and a site has been secured.

LOUISVILLE (R. F. D. No. 2).

Hazelwood Sanatorium (September 9, 1907):
For all stages of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $12.50 per week, which includes all expenses. *Superintendent:* — F. A. Sampson. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. O. O. Miller. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Ouchterlony Hospital (Not yet in operation):
A bequest made for this hospital in 1910, but nothing in the way of building has yet been done.

Waverly Hill Sanatorium of Board of Tuberculosis Hospital (July 26, 1910):
For all cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 255 — 102 advanced cases in Hospital; 103 up cases in Sanatorium; children's pavilion, 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Dunning S. Wilson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MC CRACKEN COUNTY (See Paducah).

PADUCAH

McCracken County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
A county tuberculosis hospital, replacing a small private institution opened in 1911, is under consideration.

LOUISIANA

STATE SANATORIUM (Not yet in operation):

A state tuberculosis commission was established by act of legislature in 1912, with power to establish a state tuberculosis hospital. Ten thousand dollars was appropriated. A site has been secured but no further progress has been made.

COVINGTON

Durel Sanatorium (December 16, 1904):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $30.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Wallace J. Durel. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

HAMMOND

Doctor McGehee's Cottage Colony (1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $1.00 to $5.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — J. M. Braxton. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. L. McGehee. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

HYGEIA

Camp Hygeia (March 18, 1908):
For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Clair Fromherz. *Medical Director:* — Physicians from Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League visit camp regularly. *Application* should be made to Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League, 1309 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS

John Deibert Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
Two hundred thousand dollars has been given to the city of New Orleans for the erection and endowment of a hospital for advanced cases of tuberculosis, — the city to provide $10,000 annually for maintenance. *Capacity:* — 50.

State Charity Hospital of New Orleans:
A general hospital admitting cases of pulmonary tuberculosis in all stages. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 40. 5 tuberculosis pavilions are being constructed with a capacity of 14 each. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *House Surgeon and Superintendent:* — Dr. C. D. Wilkins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SHREVEPORT

Louisiana Charity Hospital (Tuberculosis department, 1912):
A general hospital receiving moderately advanced and advanced cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous cases:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. S. L. Williams. *Surgeon in Charge:* — Dr. A. P. Crane. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MAINE

FAIRFIELD

Central Maine State Sanatorium (October 12, 1910 — Rebuilt 1913. Became a State Sanatorium September, 1915):
For advanced cases. State patients only. *Capacity:* — 34. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. John F. Shaw. *Application* should be made to Superintendent.

HEBRON

Western Maine State Sanatorium, Greenwood Mountain (November 1, 1904 · Purchased by State October 10, 1915):
Exclusively for incipient cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* Maximum for $5.00 per week. Patients from Maine only. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Olin S. Pettingill. *Application* should be made to Superintendent.

BANGOR

Camp of the Bangor Anti-Tuberculosis Association, Kenduskeag Avenue (November, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week for ambulant patients. Bed patients slightly higher. *Matron:* — Mrs. G. E. Merrill. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ralph N. Knowles. *Application* should be made to Medical Director.

Children's Day Camp (1915):
Open in summer only. *Visiting Nurse:* — Miss M. C. Mosher.

ANDOVER

Glenellis Sanatorium (January 1, 1905):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — $2.00 to $5.00 per day; $12.00 to $25.00 per week; $48.00 to $100.00 per month. *Superintendent:* - Dr. F. E. Leslie. *Application* should be made to Superintendent.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY (See Lewiston).

EAST PARSONFIELD

Maple Crest Sanatorium (June 1, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $8.00 to $21.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Francis J. Welch. *Application* should be made to Medical Director.

LEWISTON

Androscoggin County Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):
A site for sanatorium has been purchased by the Androscoggin County Anti-Tuberculosis Association, and a fund for building is slowly accumulating.

ORONO

Children's Day Camp (1915):
For sub-normal children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. No tuberculosis cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Nurse in charge:* — Miss Margaret Hughes.

MARYLAND

STATE SANATORIUM

Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1908):
For all classes of pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis which are deemed curable. White persons only are admitted. One year's previous residence in state is necessary for admission. *Capacity:* — 430. *Rates:* — $3.50 to $7.00 per week. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Victor F. Cullen. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SALISBURY

Pine Bluff (State) Sanatorium (1913):
For advanced cases, both sexes, on certificate from physician of good standing. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — Free. *Superintendent:* — Dr. George W. Todd. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ALLEGHANY COUNTY (See Cumberland).

BALTIMORE

Children's Hospital School, Green Spring Avenue and 41st Street (1895):
For white children with non-pulmonary tuberculosis, up to fourteen years of age. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 50 (40 free). *Rates:* — There are city, state, endowed and pay beds. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. S. Baer. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Marine Hospital of the United States Public Health Service, Remington Avenue and 31st Street (July 4, 1909):
For any seaman of a registered vessel, on permit of master of vessel, showing person has been employed. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Custodian:* — Dr. H. R. Carter. *Application* should be made to the Custodian.

Municipal Tuberculosis Hospital (1904):
For destitute advanced cases of Baltimore, both sexes. *Capacity:* — 186. (141 for whites; 45 for colored.) *Rates:* — There are no charges. No pay patients are received. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Gordon Wilson. *Resident Physician:* — Charles C. Habliston. *Application* should be made to the Board of Supervisors of City Charities.

CUMBERLAND

Alleghany County Sanatorium (September 4, 1913):
For advanced white cases of both sexes. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week; 4 free beds. *Superintendent:* — Dr. E. H. White. *Application* should be made to Mrs. Robert MacDonald, President.

HILLSDALE

James L. Kernan Hospital and Industrial School for Crippled Children (1895):

Takes children with non-pulmonary tuberculosis up to 18 years of age. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 70 (60 free beds). *Rates:* — There are city (Baltimore), state, endowed and pay beds. *Rates for pay patients:* — $1.00 to $2.00 per day. *Surgeon in Chief:* — Dr. R. Tunstall Taylor. *Application* should be made to the Surgeon in Chief.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (See Rockville).

ORANGE GROVE

Country Home for Children of Baltimore City (1887):

Receives convalescents from James L. Kernan Hospital and Maryland School for Crippled Children, Hillsdale, Md. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 45. *Rates:* — Free. *President:* — Miss Margaret Poe. *Nurse:* — Miss O. I. Doll. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Marshall B. West.

REISTERSTOWN

Jewish Home for Consumptives of Baltimore (Non-Sectarian) (July 1, 1908):

Capacity: — 58 in winter; 75 in summer. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Jacob Cohen. *Secretary:* — Louis H. Levin, 411 W. Fayette Street, Baltimore. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ROCKVILLE

Montgomery County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

An act of Legislature, 1914, provides a State appropriation on condition that the County Tuberculosis Commission raises twice the sum appropriated by the State. The county has not yet met this condition.

TOWSON

Hospital for Consumptives of Maryland (Eudowood Sanatorium) (1896):

For white citizens of Maryland in incipient and advanced stages of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 105, including a sanatorium for incipient cases with 50 beds; a hospital for advanced cases with 34 beds; and a farm colony for convalescents. *Rates:* — $3.50 to $8.00 per week to those able to pay; free to others. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Martin F. Sloan.

WASHINGTON GROVE

The Starmont Aid (formerly the Starmont Sanatorium) (June, 1905):

For all classes of adult white cases. *Capacity:* — 28. *Rates:* — $12.50 per week and up. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. W. H. Bradbury. *Examining Physicians:* — Dr. John L. Lewis, Bethesda, Md.; Dr. Jos. M. White, Barnesville, Md., and Dr. Jesse Ramsburgh, Washington, D. C.

MASSACHUSETTS

RUTLAND

Rutland State Sanatorium (October, 1908):

For early cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 355. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week, fixed by statute; indigent cases treated at town and state expense. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. Elliott Washburn. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 81.

MIDDLEBORO

Lakeville State Sanatorium (January, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 250. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week, fixed by

statute; indigent cases treated at town or state expense. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. Sumner Coolidge. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NORTH WILMINGTON

North Reading State Sanatorium (September 22, 1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 200, including 25 patients in tents. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week, fixed by statute; indigent cases treated at state or town expense. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. Carl C. MacCorison. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WESTFIELD

Westfield State Sanatorium (February, 1910):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 264, 130 of these are children. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week, fixed by statute; indigent cases treated at town or state expense. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. H. D. Chadwick. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

TEWKSBURY

State Infirmary (1900):
Separate buildings for consumptives who are state charges; all classes of cases received. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — Men: 260; women: 80. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John H. Nichols.

ADAMS

Camp Oakhurst of Adams Anti-Tuberculosis Association (August 8, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Elizabeth Collins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ALDENVILLE

Chicopee Isolation Hospital (1914):
For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Elizabeth Gorman. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BOSTON

Boston Consumptives Hospital (Municipal) (October 26, 1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 403 — 60 of these are children. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Arthur J. White. *Chief of Staff:* — Dr. Edward A. Locke. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Robert E. S. Kelley.

Channing Home, Francis and Bellevue Streets (1857):
For white women in all stages of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 22. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. M. E. P. Fennell. *Attending Physicians:* — Dr. William H. Smith and Dr. Frederick T. Lord. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Cullis Consumptives' Home — Grove Hill Station (1864):
For men and women in the last stages of pulmonary tuberculosis who are without means of support. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Rev. Edward D. Mallory. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Herbert C. Clapp. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Free Home for Consumptives in the City of Boston, 428 Quincy Street, Dorchester (Incorporated 1892):
A private home for poor consumptives of every age, stage, nationality, creed and color. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *President:* — Miss Elizabeth A. Power. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent. *Visit-*

ing Staff: — Dr. H. F. R. Watts, Dr. John P. Treanor, Dr. Edward J. Brearton.

The House of the Good Samaritan, Corner of Francis and Binny Streets (1861):

For white women and children; patients are received in all stages of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 17. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Louise Coleman. *Visiting Physicians:* — Dr. Arthur K. Stone and Dr. Roger I. Lee. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Long Island Hospital, Boston Harbor:

A general municipal hospital, admitting all classes of destitute consumptives. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 80. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles E. Donlon. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. George W. Holmes. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

McCreight Sanitarium, 56–58 Bowdoin Avenue, Dorchester (1904):

A private sanatorium, receiving incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 8. *Rates:* — $8.00 to $25.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William B. Keelor. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Prendergast Camp (P. O. Mattapan), Harvard and Ashland Streets (August 6, 1909):

Operated by the Boston Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis. For male patients discharged from State and other sanatoria as arrested and able to work, and for male patients awaiting admission to sanatoria. Suitable surgical cases are taken. *Capacity:* — 14. *Rates:* — $8.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — William H. Nudd. *Application* should be made to the Association.

St. Monica's Home, 125 Highland Street, Roxbury (1888):

Receives colored women and children in all stages of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 12. *Rates:* — $5.00 to $8.00 per week. Most of the patients are supported by the city. *Superintendent:* — Sister Vera Margaret. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. W. Barker. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BROOKLINE

Brookline Tuberculosis Hospital (1916):

For men and women in all stages. *Capacity:* — 14. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week for non-residents; residents free; private wards, $20.00 per week. *Matron and Resident Nurse:* — Miss Martha W. Meek. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. Robert Hastings. *Application* should be made to the Matron.

CAMBRIDGE

Cambridge Tuberculosis Hospital, Concord Avenue (July 23, 1908):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 110. *Rates:* — Free to residents of Cambridge. Those who are able to pay may do so. $10.00 per week for non-residents. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Bradford H. Pierce. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. Felix F. McGirr. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Holy Ghost Hospital for Incurables, 1575 Cambridge Street (1894):

Receives advanced cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 55. *Rates:* — 25 free beds; $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Sister Taffe. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John S. Sommers.

CHELSEA

Soldiers' Home Hospital in Massachusetts (1909):

For Civil or Spanish War veterans. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. H. Maxfield.

CLINTON

Carter Memorial Sanatorium (1915):

A private sanatorium for all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 21. *Rates:* — $9.00 per week in ward. Private rooms from $11.00 to $18.00 per week. Patients outside hospital district are charged $5.00 extra. Free patients are taken. *Superintendent:* — Miss Dibblee. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

EAST BRIDGEWATER

The Millet Sanatorium (May, 1900):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $40.00 per week, a limited number of patients can be received at reduced rates. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles S. Millet, Brockton, Mass. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FALL RIVER

City Hospital and Bay View Hospital, Corner Bay and Woodman Streets (July 1, 1907; new hospital in November, 1910):

For moderately advanced and advanced cases; incipient cases are received only temporarily until they can be moved. *Capacity:* — 52. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. David H. Fuller. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FITCHBURG

Fitchburg Tuberculosis Hospital (Private) (1913):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 29. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss J. E. Thurlow. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. L. Fiske. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HAMPSHIRE COUNTY (See Haydenville).

HAYDENVILLE

Hampshire County Sanatorium (September 15, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $9.00 per week for county patients; $12.00 for others. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles E. Perry. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HAVERHILL

Haverhill Tuberculosis Hospital, Boardman Street (December 23, 1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 22. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss A. C. Marshall. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. J. Clark. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HOLYOKE

Holyoke Sanatorium (February, 1912):

For advanced cases only. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret S. Healy. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. I. H. Farr. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

LAWRENCE

Lawrence Tuberculosis Hospital (October 26, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 88 (44 men — 44 women). *Rates:* — $5.00 per week for city cases; $10.00 per week for non-residents. *Superintendent:* — Miss Anna M. Allen, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LOWELL

Lowell General Hospital Tuberculosis Camp (1906):

Open during summer only. For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 28. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Sara A. Bowen. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LUNENBURG

Hillcroft (October 1, 1909):

A private sanatorium for all classes of cases except those in the last stages. *Capacity:* — 7. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $35.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. George Justice Ewing. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph H. Pratt of Boston. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LYNN

Lynn Tuberculosis Hospital, Holyoke Street (July 8, 1912):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Bertha Lowe. *Medical Director:* — Dr. P. C. Devlin. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MALDEN

Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

This hospital has been authorized but has not yet been built.

NEW BEDFORD (Clifford P. O.)

Sanatorium of the New Bedford Anti-Tuberculosis Association (Jan. 26, 1908; new Sanatorium, 1911. Children's Wards: 1915):

For all classes of needy consumptives; preference to more advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 95, 26 of the patients are children. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. Sumner E. Remick. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PITTSFIELD

Tuberculosis Hospital of the Pittsfield Anti-Tuberculosis Association, Lebanon Avenue (September 20, 1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 22. *Rates:* — $4.00 to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Agnes M. Kelly, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

QUINCY

Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

This hospital has been authorized but is not yet built.

SALEM

Hospital for Contagious Diseases (December, 1907; remodelled 1913):

For advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 30. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss L. Conforth. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William H. Noyce. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Salem Tuberculosis Day Camp (July 1, 1908):

Capacity: — 125. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. E. Janet Sherry. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Walter G. Phippen. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SHARON

The Sharon Sanatorium (February, 1891):

For women of limited means who are in comparatively early stages of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week exclusive of laundry. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Walter A. Griffin. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Vincent Y. Bowditch, Boston. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SOMERVILLE

Hospital for Contagious Diseases, 1323 Broadway (March 8, 1911):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 20. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Edith M. Grant. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Frank L. Morse. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SPRINGFIELD

Health Department Tuberculosis Hospital, 1414 State Street (February 3, 1912):

For advanced cases. Others admitted when capacity permits. *Capacity:* — 26. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Matron:* — Miss Ethel I. Nimbler. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. H. Guild. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

WALTHAM

Tuberculosis Ward of the Waltham Hospital, Hope Avenue (1911):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 18. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Smith. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WELLESLEY HILLS

The Convalescent Home of the Children's Hospital (1903):
Receives children who have been under treatment for tuberculosis of bones, glands, etc., in Children's Hospital of Boston. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 35. *Rates:* — $7.00 per week or whatever the patients can pay. *Superintendent:* — Sister Susanna Margaret. *Resident Director:* — Miss G. J. Davidson. *Application* should be made to the Resident Director.

WORCESTER

Belmont Hospital (1896):
A hospital for contagious diseases. Receives acute infectious and advanced cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 55. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week for non-residents. Private patients are not expected for long stay. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. May Salona Holmes. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent or the Board of Health.

MICHIGAN

HOWELL

Michigan State Sanatorium (September 1, 1907):
For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 132. *Rates:* — $7.00 per week. Those unable to pay are cared for as state and county charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Eugene B. Pierce. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CADILLAC

Cadillac Sanatorium (1915):
For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 9. *Rates:* — County pays charges. *Attending Physician:* — County Physician. *Application* should be made to the County Physician.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY **(See Sault Ste. Marie).**

DETROIT

Detroit Municipal Sanatorium (July, 1908):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 110. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. L. Kiefer. *Attending Physicians:* — Dr. V. C. Vaughan, Jr., Dr. A. M. Wehenkel. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

ELOISE

Wayne County Hospital, Tuberculosis Department (1904):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 75. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. J. J. Marker. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

GRAND RAPIDS

Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium, North Fuller Street (June, 1907):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 68. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week for non-residents. Indigent consumptives of Grand Rapids are treated free. *Superintendent:* — Miss Florence E. Fisher. *Attending Physician:* — Dr. A. H. Edwards. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HIGHLAND PARK

Detroit Tuberculosis Sanatorium, 12th and Elmhurst, Highland Park (January, 1911):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 115. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week for those able to pay; amount decreasing to no charge for charity patients. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. William H. Ross. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HOUGHTON

Houghton County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 1, 1911):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Those who can pay $1.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — M. M. Foley. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Alfred La Bine, County Physician. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

INGHAM COUNTY (See Lansing).

JACKSON

Jackson Tuberculosis Hospital (August, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 18. *Rates:* — From no charges to $1.75 or $2.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Miss M. E. Frost, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. G. Parnall, Health Officer. *Application* should be made to the Health Officer.

KALAMAZOO

Municipal Hospital-Sanatorium (April, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — Private rooms $14.00 per week; wards, $10.50 per week. *Manager:* — R. G. Leland, Health Officer. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. G. Cook, County Physician. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

KALAMAZOO

Pretty Lake Vacation Camp (Not yet in operation):

For tuberculous children from the Open Air School of Kalamazoo. The camp has been provided for by Mr. Edward B. Desenberg. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Application* should be made to Edward B. Desenberg, 304 West Lovell Street, Kalamazoo.

LANSING

Ingham County Sanatorium (1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mae E. Brown. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MANISTIQUE

Schoolcraft County Tuberculosis Hospital (1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 3. *Rates:* — $6.00 per week. *Attending Physician and Medical Director:* — Dr. D. W. Roos. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

MARQUETTE

Morgan Heights Tuberculosis Sanatorium (June 1, 1911):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — From no charges up to $12.00 per week for county patients. $12.00 per week for non-residents of county. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles L. Finch. *Attending Physician:* — Dr. C. N. Bottum. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MUSKEGON

Woodlawn Hospital (1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 6. *Rates:* — From no charges up to $1.25 per day. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. George Le Fevre. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEW BUFFALO

Forest Beach Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis:

Capacity: — 32. *Rates:* — $18.00 to $30.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. N. Barlow. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SAGINAW

Saginaw City Tuberculosis Hospital (May 20, 1915):

For advanced and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — From no charges up to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Gertrude Tarrent. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. J. O'Reilly. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SAULT STE. MARIE

Chippewa County Poor Farm:

Capacity for tuberculous cases: — 4. *Superintendent:* — John Walker. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. J. Dickinson.

SCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY (See Manistique).

WAYNE COUNTY (See Eloise).

MINNESOTA

STATE SANATORIUM (Cass County)

Minnesota State Sanatorium (January 1, 1908):

For persons in the early and moderately advanced stages of pulmonary tuberculosis who have been residents of Minnesota for at least one year. *Capacity:* — 235. *Rates:* — $7.50 per week. No free beds, but county and city officials pay maintenance of patients. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. George William Beach. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

AITKIN COUNTY (See Deerwood).

BATTLE LAKE (Ottertail County)

Ottertail County Sanatorium (November 4, 1913):

For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of county; $10.00 per week for others. *Superintendent:* — Miss Mary C. Beall. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robinson Bosworth. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BECKER COUNTY (See Lake Park).

BELTRAMI COUNTY (See Puposky).

CANNON FALLS

Mineral Springs Sanatorium (Goodhue County Hospital) (November 2, 1915):

For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 34. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of county; $10.00 per week for others. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. J. R. Geraldson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robinson Bosworth. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY (See Granite Falls).

CLAY COUNTY (See Lake Park).

COTTONWOOD COUNTY (See Worthington).

CROOKSTON

Polk and Norman County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1916):
For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 26. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of counties; $10.00 per week for others.

CROW WING COUNTY (See Deerwood).

DEERWOOD

Crow Wing and Aitkin County Sanatorium (Not yet in operation; to be opened in fall of 1916):
For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of Crow Wing and Aitkin Counties; $10.00 per week to others.

DULUTH

For County Tuberculosis Sanatorium, see Nopeming

Thomas Fiegh Children's Hospital, Eighth Avenue (1915):
For crippled and tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 30. *Superintendent:* — Rt. Rev. James McGoldrick.

Tuberculosis Pavilion of the County Farm (January, 1910):
For consumptives resident at the county farm in all stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. C. J. Woolway. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

GLADSTONE

Children's Preventorium of Ramsey County (August 8, 1910):
For exposed children between the ages of 6 and 12 years. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *President:* — Dr. H. Longstreet Taylor. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Eugene T. Warner. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

GLEN LAKE

Glen Lake Sanatorium (Hennepin County Sanatorium) (January 4, 1916):
For all classes of cases resident in Minneapolis and Hennepin County; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 70. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of county; $10.00 per week for others. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. O. Collins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

GOODHUE COUNTY (See Cannon Falls).

GRANITE FALLS

Riverside Sanatorium for Renville, Chippewa, Lac qui parle, and Yellow Medicine Counties (Spring of 1916):
For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 51. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of the four counties; $10.00 per week to others.

HENNEPIN COUNTY (See Glen Lake).

HUBBARD COUNTY (See Puposky).

JACKSON COUNTY (See Worthington).

KOOCHICHING COUNTY (See Puposky).

LAC QUI PARLE COUNTY (See Granite Falls).

LAKE PARK

Tuberculosis Sanatorium for Becker and Clay Counties (Spring, 1916):
For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 31. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents from Becker and Clay Counties; $10.00 per week for others.

LINCOLN COUNTY (See Worthington).

LYON COUNTY (See Worthington).

MARSHALL COUNTY (See Thief River Falls).

MINNEAPOLIS

Hopewell Hospital (Tuberculosis Department of Minneapolis City Hospital) (August 1, 1908):
For indigent advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 110. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Herbert O. Collins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Summer Camp for Children of Visiting Nurse Association (July, 1908):
For incipient cases of children only. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Walter J. Marcley. *Head Nurse:* — Miss Minnie F. Paterson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Thomas Hospital (October 1, 1908):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 48. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week for ward patients; $12.00, $15.00, and $20.00 for private rooms. *Superintendent:* — Miss Emily M. Eggen. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MURRAY COUNTY (See Worthington).

NOBLES COUNTY (See Worthington).

NOPEMING

Nopeming Sanatorium (The St. Louis County Sanatorium) (May 2, 1912):
For incipient and advanced cases resident in Duluth and St. Louis Counties. *Capacity:* — 120. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of county; $7.00 per week for those able to pay; $10.00 per week for patients from other counties. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Arthur T. Laird. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NORMAN COUNTY (See Crookston).

OTTERTAIL COUNTY (See Battle Lake).

PENNINGTON COUNTY (See Thief River Falls).

PIPESTONE COUNTY (See Worthington).

POKEGAMA (Pine County)

Pokegama Sanatorium (1905):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $35.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Frederick W. Wittich. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. Longstreet Taylor. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

POLK COUNTY (See Crookston).

PUPOSKY

Lake Julia Sanatorium (Beltrami, Hubbard and Koochiching County Sanatorium) (Spring of 1916):

For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — Free to indigents of supporting Counties; $10.00 per week for others.

RAMSEY COUNTY (See Gladstone and St. Paul).

RENVILLE COUNTY (See Granite Falls).

ROCK COUNTY (See Worthington).

ROSEAU COUNTY (See Thief River Falls).

ST. LOUIS COUNTY (See Nopeming).

ST. PAUL

Ramsey County Sanatorium (September, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 110. *Rates:* — Free to indigent residents of county; $10.00 per week for others. *Superintendent:* — Dr. A. B. Ancker. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Marshall, Roseau and Pennington County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation) (Fall of 1916):

For all classes of cases; preference to advanced. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — Free to indigent patients of local counties; $10.00 per week to others.

TODD COUNTY (See Wadena).

WABASHA

Wabasha County Sanatorium (Spring, 1916):

For all classes of cases; preference to advanced. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — Free to indigents of Wabasha County; $10.00 per week for others.

WADENA

Todd and Wadena County Sanatorium (Not yet in operation) (Fall of 1916):

For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced. *Capacity:* — 31. *Rates:* — Free to indigent patients from Todd and Wadena Counties; $10.00 per week for others.

WALKER (Cass County)

Walker Hospital and Sanatorium (June, 1911):

For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. F. L. Wilcox. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WORTHINGTON

Sanatorium of Lincoln, Lyon, Pipestone, Murray, Cottonwood, Rock, Nobles and Jackson Counties (Spring, 1916):

For all classes of cases; preference given to advanced. *Capacity:* — 71. *Rates:* — Free to indigents of the eight supporting Counties; $10.00 per week to others.

YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY (See Granite Falls).

MISSISSIPPI

MERIDIAN

Tuberculosis Hospital of the Lauderdale County Association (November 11, 1914):
Capacity: — 20.

MISSOURI

MOUNT VERNON

Missouri State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Incipient Tuberculosis (August 1, 1907):
For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 300. *Rates:* — Pay patients — $50.00 per month. Free patients are sent by their counties which pay $5.00 per week. The State pays deficit which is $6.25 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. C. C. English. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Ralph Davis. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ANGLUM

Jewish Home for Chronic Invalids and Consumptives of St. Louis (June 15, 1914):
Capacity: — 70 beds for pulmonary tuberculosis. *Rates:* — Free. *Superintendent:* — Elizabeth S. Kaplan. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. J. Kilian. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

JASPER COUNTY (See Webb City).

KANSAS CITY

Kansas City Tuberculosis Pavilion, 22nd and Cherry Streets (October 15, 1909):
Capacity: — 16. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Paul Paquin. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. L. Gist. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium (December, 1915):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 124. *Rates:* — Free to indigents of Kansas City. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Paul Paquin. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

QUARANTINE (P. O. Koch)

Robert Koch Hospital (September 21, 1910):
For all classes of consumptives. *Capacity:* — 184. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. M. J. Dwyer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ST. LOUIS

Jewish Home for Convalescent Invalids, Fee Fee Road, St. Louis County (May, 1914):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges, patients may pay according to their ability. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. L. J. Kilian. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Night and Day Camp, 9500 S. Broadway (February 1, 1913):
Conducted by the St. Louis Society for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis. For predisposed, latent and very incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — No charges for patients unable to pay. Maximum charge for pay patients: $5.00. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Rose Ryffel. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Walter Fischel. *Secretary:* — A. W. Jones, Jr., 911 Locust Street. *Application* should be made to the Secretary.

Mount St. Rose Hospital, 9101 S. Broadway (1901):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — $5.00 to $15.00 per week for those able to pay; others admitted free if there is room. *Superintendent:* — Sister Iliocsna. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Louis C. Boisliniere. *Application* should be made at the hospital.

St. Louis Children's Hospital, Kingshighway and Forest Park (April, 1915):
For children suffering with any disease; a large percentage have tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — No stated number of beds; take all cases as they apply. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Resident Superintendent:* —Miss C. Monfort. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Meredith Johnson.

St. Louis Children's Hospital County Convalescent Home, Valley Park, St. Louis County (April, 1915):
For convalescent children; bone cases are received. *Rates:* — Anything that patient can pay; most cases are free. *Superintendent:* — Miss Candice Montford, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WEBB CITY

Jasper County Tuberculosis Hospital:
An appropriation of $100,000 was carried by a referendum vote in the fall of 1915. A site has been selected and the hospital will probably be built in 1916.

MONTANA

DEER LODGE (R. F. D. No. 1)

Montana State Tuberculosis Sanitarium (February 1, 1913):
For all classes of cases. Indigent applicants given preference. *Capacity:* — 32. *Rates:* — $20.00 per week for those able to pay; for others no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. A. D. McDonald. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEBRASKA

KEARNEY

Nebraska State Sanatorium (January 26, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 32 (to be increased to 81). *Rates:* — $30.00 per month. No charges for those unable to pay. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. L. S. B. Robinson.

DOUGLAS COUNTY (See Omaha).

OMAHA

Douglas County Hospital, Tuberculosis Ward (June, 1908):
For consumptive inmates of the County Hospital. *Capacity:* — 14. *Rates:* — There are no charges for the residents of Douglas County. *Superintendent:* — Fred C. Rogers. *Chief of Staff:* — Dr. John E. Summers.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

GLENCLIFF

New Hampshire State Sanatorium (September, 1909):
For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. If applicant is unable to pay $10.00, State Board of Charities and Correction determines rate. Average rate received per week, $1.05. *Majority of cases free. Superintendent:* — Dr. John M. Wise. *Application* should be made to a state sanatorium examiner in the district where the patient resides.

CONCORD

Pembroke Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (1901):
Particularly for advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $14.00 per week

for patients able to pay in full. Practically all cases are charity. ***President:*** — Rev. Thomas Chalmers, D.D., Manchester. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. Robert B. Kerr. ***Application*** should be made to the Physician in Charge.

GRASMERE

Hillsborough County Hospital, Tuberculosis Ward (November 23, 1912):
For all classes of cases. ***Capacity:*** — 40. ***Rates:*** — $1.00 per day; $7.00 per week. ***Superintendent:*** — Dr. C. W. Folsom. ***Application*** should be made to Superintendent.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY (See Grasmere).

NEW JERSEY

GLEN GARDNER

New Jersey Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases (October 25, 1907):
For cases of a curable nature. ***Capacity:*** — 290. ***Rates:*** — From $1.00 to $7.00 per week. Patients are admitted without charge whose inability to pay is determined by a competent court. The court determines the amount a patient is to pay. ***Superintendent:*** — Dr. Samuel B. English. ***Resident Physician:*** — Dr. H. B. Dunham. ***Application*** should be made to the Superintendent or at clinics anywhere in the state.

ANCORA

Sunny Rest Sanatorium (Camden County Sanatorium) (October, 1914):
For all kinds of tuberculosis cases. ***Capacity:*** — 75. ***Rates:*** — There are no charges. ***Superintendent and Medical Director:*** — Dr. Paul M. Markley. ***Resident Physician:*** — Dr. Halsey S. Bramble. ***Application*** should be made to the Superintendent.

ATLANTIC CITY

Children's Seashore House at Atlantic City for Invalid Children (1873):
Receives cases of bone tuberculosis. ***Capacity for tuberculous patients:*** — 72. ***Rates:*** — $2.00 per week for child under 12 years old. ***Superintendent and Medical Director:*** — Dr. William H. Bennett. ***Application*** should be made to the Bureau of Admissions.

ATLANTIC COUNTY (See Pleasantville).

BELLEVILLE

Tuberculosis Department of Essex County Hospital for Contagious Diseases (July 1, 1911):
For advanced cases only. ***Capacity:*** — 96. ***Rates:*** — According to ability of patient or patient's relatives to pay. ***Superintendent:*** — Dr. William J. Douglas. ***Application*** should be made to the Superintendent.

BERGEN COUNTY

Bergen County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
This hospital has been provided for and the freeholders are looking for a site.

BROWN'S MILLS-IN-THE-PINES

Brown's Mills Sanatorium (September, 1912):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. ***Capacity:*** — 13. ***Rates:*** — $20.00 to $25.00 per week. ***Superintendent and Medical Director:*** — Dr. M. W. Newcomb. ***Application*** should be made to the Superintendent.

CAMDEN COUNTY (See Ancora).

CAPE MAY COUNTY

Cape May County Tuberculosis Hospital (In connection with Alms House) (1914):

For advanced and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 15-20.

ESSEX COUNTY (See Belleville).

FARMINGDALE

Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children (July, 1909):

For children, chiefly of New York City, between the ages of 4 and 14 years who have no open disease but who come from tuberculous families and who have a positive tuberculin reaction. Also accommodations for 12 infants. *Capacity:* — 180. *Charges:* — $.80 a day for children outside of New York City. *Chief Visiting Physician:* — Dr. Alfred F. Hess. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Elizabeth Van Duyne. *Superintendent:* — Miss J. Palmer Quinby. *Application* should be made at the Tuberculosis Preventorium Office, 105 E. 22nd Street, New York.

HUDSON COUNTY (See Secaucus).

MIDDLESEX COUNTY

Middlesex County Hospital (Not yet in operation):

Provision has been made for a county hospital and an effort is being made to secure a site.

MONMOUTH COUNTY

Monmouth County Hospital (Not yet in operation):

Provision has been made for a county hospital and an effort is being made to secure a site.

MORRIS COUNTY (See Morris Plains).

MORRIS PLAINS

Morris County Tuberculosis Hospital (February 1, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week, maximum; also free. *Superintendent:* — Miss Helen Butler, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Samuel C. Haven, Morristown. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEWARK

Newark City Hospital:

A general hospital admitting advanced cases of tuberculosis only. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 14. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Charles E. Talbot.

NEWARK CITY TUBERCULOSIS SANATORIUM (See Verona).

ORANGE

Day Camp of the Anti-Tuberculosis League of the Oranges (1910):

For tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret J. Orr. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ralph H. Hunt.

PASSAIC

Passaic Hospital — Tuberculosis Pavilion (1909):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — There are no charges for residents of Passaic. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. John N. Ryan. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PATERSON

Paterson Isolation Hospital — Tuberculosis Pavilion (January, 1910):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges for residents of Paterson. *Superintendent:* — Patrick Croughan. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. Frank E. Agnew.

PLEASANTVILLE (Atlantic County).

Pine Rest, Atlantic County Tuberculosis Hospital (April 1, 1916):
For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 48. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Clyde M. Fish.

SCOTCH PLAINS

Bonnie Burn Sanatorium (Union County Tuberculosis Hospital) (November, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week. No charges for residents of Union County unable to pay. Patients from outside the county may be admitted at the rate of $15.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John E. Runnells. *Application* should be made to Superintendent.

SECAUCUS

Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital and Sanatorium (October, 1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 173 (provision for 150 more in 1916). *Rates:* — Free to county patients. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Berthold S. Pollak. *Application* should be made to Medical Director.

TRENTON

Tuberculosis Hospital of the City of Trenton (August, 1911):
For moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 90. *Rates:* — There are no charges for residents of Trenton. County patients and others are boarded. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret Knorr. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Walter Taylor. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

UNION COUNTY (See Scotch Plains).

VENTNOR

North American Children's Sanatorium for the Treatment of Surgical Tuberculosis (June, 1910):
For cases of bone tuberculosis; primarily for children of Philadelphia. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Anna Van Valkenburg.

VERONA

Newark City Tuberculosis Sanatorium (April, 1908):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 56. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Those able to pay are expected to do so. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Thomas N. Gray. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEW MEXICO

ALAMOGORDO

Alamogordo Sanatorium (1915):
For diseases of the lungs and throat. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $12.50 to $16.00 per week. Bed patients will be charged $2.00 extra per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. E. D. McKinley. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

ALBUQUERQUE

Albuquerque Sanatorium (April 1, 1909):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $90.00 to $135.00 per month; no extras. *Associate Physicians:* — Dr. A. G. Shortle and Dr. Le Roy S. Peters. *Application* should be made to the Physicians.

The Cipes Sanatorium (November 8, 1912):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 26. *Rates:* — $20.00 and $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — M. S. Cipes. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph S. Cipes. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Methodist Deaconess Hospital (September 1, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $45.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Miss Stella Corbin. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

St. Joseph's Sanitarium (May, 1902; special building for tuberculosis patients, October, 1903):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* —(annex) 40. *Rates:* — $80.00 to $100.00 per month. There are no free beds except in general hospital. *Superintendent:* — Sister Superior. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Oliver T. Hyde. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Southwestern Presbyterian Sanatorium (July 1, 1908):
For all classes of cases, except those in the hopeless stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — $45.00 to $75.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Rev. Hugh A. Cooper. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.
For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 82.

DEMING

Deming Cottage Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (October 27, 1914):
For incipient and chronic cases who may be benefited by sanatorium care. *Capacity:* — 9. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $17.00 per week including medical attention. *Medical Director and Superintendent:* — Dr. F. J. Reid. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

EAST LAS VEGAS

St. Anthony's Sanatorium (1896):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $9.00 to $15.00 per week. There is no resident physician. *Application* should be made to the Sister Superior.

FORT BAYARD

United States Army General Hospital (1899):
For tuberculous soldiers of the regular army; for discharged tuberculous soldiers who are beneficiaries of the Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C.; and for officers of the army on the active or retired list who have tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 429. *Rates:* — For officers, $1.00 per day. The expenses of maintenance of the other patients are defrayed from army appropriations and from the funds of the Soldiers' Home. *Commanding Officer and Medical Director:* — Col. G. E. Bushnell. *Application* should be made to the Surgeon-General or Adjutant-General, all admissions being by authority of the War Department. Civilians not connected with the military establishment are not admitted to this hospital.

FORT STANTON (Railway and Express Station — Capitan)

U. S. Public Health Service Sanatorium (1899):
Exclusively for the treatment of tuberculosis. Admission is governed by regulations of the P. H. S. Beneficiaries of the Service are received in any stage of the disease. *Capacity:* — 250. *Rates:* — There are no charges for accepted applicants. *Medical Officer in Charge:* — Passed Assistant Surgeon F. C. Smith.

LAGUNA

Laguna Sanatorium (1910):
For tuberculous Indians. *Capacity:* — 35. *Superintendent:* — P. L. Lonergan, Albuquerque. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William S. Morrow. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LINCOLN

Ranch Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (July 1, 1906):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $12.50 to $15.00 per week, including all expenses except medicines and laundry. *Superintendent and Resident Physician:* — Dr. James W. Laws. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MYNDUS

The Sunkist Sanatorium:

For incipient and ambulant cases. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week and up. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Louis A. Pulley. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SANTA FE

St. Vincent's Sanitarium and Hospital:

Not primarily for tuberculosis, but cases of tuberculosis in all stages are admitted. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 75. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $25.00 per week, general nursing included. *Application* should be made to the Sister Superior.

Sunmount Sanatorium (1907):

For consumptives in the first and second stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $17.00 per week and upward. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Frank E. Mera.

SILVER CITY

New Mexico Cottage Sanatorium (1905):

For pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis in curable or improvable stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 83. *Rates:* — Porch cottages $110.00 to $115.00 per month. Cement cottages and Infirmary, $105.00 per month. Laryngeal treatment, nursing, medicine and laundry, extra. There are two endowed cottages. *Business Manager:* — Wayne Mac V. Wilson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. S. Bullock. *Application* should be made to the Business Manager.

St. Joseph Sanatorium (October, 1901):

For cases of pulmonary tuberculosis promising cure. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $100.00 per month, including all necessary expenses. *Superintendent:* — Sister Superior. *Medical Director:* — Dr. T. J. Cummins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Methodist National Sanatorium (Formerly Sunnyside Sanatorium, 1907. Purchased by Methodists, 1915):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $50.00 to $70.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Rev. M. O. Stockland. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Duncan. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 83.

WATROUS

Valmora Industrial Sanatorium (September 1, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $11.00 to $13.00 per week. Residents of Chicago are given preference. *Superintendent:* — Dr. William T. Brown. *President:* — Dr. E. Fletcher Ingals, Chicago. *Application* should be made to the President.

NEW YORK

RAY BROOK

New York State Hospital for Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis (December, 1911):

For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 300. *Rates:* — Free; patients must be legal residents of N. Y. State. *Superintendent:* — Dr. A. H. Garvin. *Application* should be made through the nearest officer for the Relief of the Poor in the community in which the patient is a legal resident. Details of application supplied on request by the Superintendent.

ALBANY

Albany Hospital Tuberculosis Sanatorium (April 10, 1910):

For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 100. *Rates:* — $8.00 per week; some charitable patients are received. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Harold C. Goodwin. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent at the Hospital.

[illegible] Avenue [illegible]

[illegible] — $[illegible] per [illegible] [illegible]

ALLEGANY

[illegible] County [illegible] 1931

[illegible] Application should be made to the Superintendent.

AUBURN

[illegible] Application should be made to the Superintendent.

BATH

New York State Soldiers' and Sailors' Home [illegible] 1911.

[illegible]

BEDFORD HILLS (Westchester County)

[illegible] Home [illegible] 1907

[illegible] Application should be made to Mr. [illegible] Street, New York City.

BINGHAMTON

[illegible] Broome County Tuberculosis Hospital [illegible] 1914

For all classes of cases. [illegible] — [illegible] to $10.00 per week, according to ability to pay. [illegible] to pay receive free treatment. Superintendent — Dr. [illegible]. Application should be made to the Superintendent.

BROOKLYN. See New York, Borough of Brooklyn.

BROOME COUNTY. See Binghamton.

BUFFALO

Buffalo Municipal Hospital for Incipient Tuberculosis. See Perrysburg.

Buffalo Municipal Hospital, [illegible] East [illegible] Street. September [illegible].

For all classes of cases. Capacity — [illegible] adults, 40 children. Rates — Residents of city of Buffalo or County of Erie pay according to ability up to $[illegible] per week. Patients from outside county pay $[illegible]. Medical Superintendent — Dr. Walter S. [illegible]. Application should be made to the Tuberculosis Division of the Department of Health, Buffalo.

Open Air Camp for Tuberculosis of the Buffalo Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis, [illegible] Street [illegible].

For all classes of ambulant cases. Capacity — [illegible]. Rates — $[illegible] per day; $[illegible] per week; $[illegible] per month. Indigent patients supported by city and county. Superintendent — [illegible]. Medical Director — Dr. Francis J. Lennon. Consultant. — Dr. [illegible]. Application should be made to the Buffalo Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis, [illegible] East Swan Street, Buffalo.

Tuberculosis Department of the Erie County Hospital, 3399 Main Street (March 25, 1902):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 90. *Rates:* — $6.65 per week if able to pay. Free beds for residents of Erie County unable to pay. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. D. Howland. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent of the Poor.

The Preventorium, 388 Le Roy Avenue (October 15, 1914):

For children of tubercular parents. *Capacity:* — 18 in summer; 11 in winter. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Nelson Strohm. *Application* should be made to Mrs. Samuel U. Hippler, President of "The Coterie," 23 Manchester Place, or to the Department of Health.

The Buffalo City Hospital, Grider Street (Not yet in operation):

For advanced cases, principally. *Capacity:* — 275.

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY (See Allegany).

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY

Chautauqua County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

$150,000 bequeathed for construction. County will maintain the institution.

CHEMUNG COUNTY (See Elmira).

CHENANGO COUNTY (See Sherburne).

CORNING

Fresh Air Camp (July 5, 1915):

A temporary summer camp for incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 8. *Rates:* — Only free patients admitted. *Superintendent:* — Dr. F. Swain. City nurse directs care of patients.

CRANESVILLE

Montgomery County Tuberculosis Hospital (September 20, 1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25; 30 in summer. *Rates:* — Montgomery County patients pay according to ability up to $12.00 per week. Those unable to pay admitted free. Patients from other counties: — $12.00 per week. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Edwin J. Kibbe. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DUTCHESS COUNTY (See Poughkeepsie).

EAST BLOOMFIELD

Oak Mount (Ontario County Sanatorium for Tuberculous Invalids) (November 15, 1910):

For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — Ontario County patients pay according to their ability up to $9.50 per week. Those unable to pay are admitted free. Patients from other counties: — $9.50 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. S. R. Wheeler. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

EAST VIEW

Westchester County Hospital (Almshouse) (1904):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 66. *Rates:* — There are no charges. but only residents of Westchester County are accepted. Destitute cases are admitted upon commitment of town overseer of the poor or commissioner of charities of the city in which applicant has legal residence. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Frank E. Russell.

ELMIRA

Chemung County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

City Tuberculosis Hospital, Rapelyea Memorial Hospital (1909), destroyed by fire, June 10, 1915. To be rebuilt as county hospital. *Capacity:* — 30.

ERIE COUNTY (See Buffalo).

FARMINGVILLE

Suffolk County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation.— Almost completed, February, 1915):

Capacity: — 50.

FULTON COUNTY (See Gloversville).

GABRIELS STATION

Sanatorium Gabriels — Conducted by the Sisters of Mercy (1897):

For incipient and selected moderately advanced and advanced cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 70. *Rates:* — $12.00 to $18.00 per week, according to location of rooms. A limited number of free patients are taken up to 20 per cent. of capacity. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. H. J. Blankemeyer. *Superintendent:* — Mother Superior, Sister Mary Patricia Craven. *Application* should be made to the Mother Superior. (Administration building burned February, 1916; to be rebuilt June, 1916.)

GLENS FALLS

Open Air Camp (Not yet in operation):

An effort will be made to open a camp for anæmic children during the summer of 1916.

GLOVERSVILLE

Summit View Sanatorium (Fulton County Tuberculosis Hospital) (August 8, 1912):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 26. *Rates:* — Fulton County patients pay according to their ability up to $10.00 per week; those unable to pay receive free treatment; patients from other counties, $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. E. F. Hagadorn. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HERKIMER COUNTY

Herkimer County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

This hospital has been authorized by referendum vote of the electors. Appropriation $25,000.

ITHACA

Cayuga Preventorium (April 11, 1915):

For children from homes where there have been cases of tuberculosis and for children predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 8. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Matron:* — Mrs. Fredericka Henica. *Application* should be made to Mrs. R. B. Williams, Jr., Cayuga Heights, Ithaca, N. Y.

JEFFERSON COUNTY

Jefferson County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

An appropriation of $40,000 has been made for this hospital, and construction is to begin in June, 1916.

KINGSTON

Ulster County Tuberculosis Hospital, Clifton Avenue (Opened as camp, August 10, 1909 — Hospital, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — Ulster County patients pay according to ability up to $10.00 per week. Those unable to pay are admitted free. Patients from outside county pay $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Aden C. Gates. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LAKE KUSHAQUA

Stony Wold Sanatorium (October, 1903):

For women and girls over six years of age. For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 107. *Rates:* — $9.00 per week and 35 cents or more per week for laundry. There are some free and some partly free beds. *Medical Director:* — Dr. M. F. Lent. *Application* should be made to New York office, 1974 Broadway, New York City. Patients living near the Sanatorium may make application there. Application blanks properly filled out by a local physician must be sent direct to Dr. M. F. Lent, Lake Kushaqua, N. Y.

LIBERTY

Workmen's Circle Sanatorium (February 12, 1909):

For members of Workmen's Circle; all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 88. *Rates:* — Free to members of Circle. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. Schwatt. *Application* should be made to the Secretary of the Branch to which member belongs. Applicant must be a member of Workmen's Circle at least one year before illness.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 83.

LOOMIS (Sullivan County)

Loomis Sanatorium (1896):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 185; children admitted. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $60.00 per week; some free beds. *Physician in Chief:* — Dr. Herbert Maxon King. *Application* must be made through a physician, to whom blank will be sent, and then the decision is entirely within the discretion of the Physician in Chief. The diagnosis of a local physician is accepted tentatively.

Sunny Side Farm, a summer home for tuberculous children (1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *President:* — Miss Nettie I. Miller, 54 Jane Street, N. Y. City. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. Herbert Maxon King. *Application* should be made to the President.

MEDFORD

Medford Sanatorium (August 1, 1913):

Maintained by Labor Unions and the Brooklyn Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of Brooklyn Bureau of Charities. For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — Free except when patients are able to pay. *Superintendent:* — Miss Ruby Truesdale. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. Frank Overton, Dr. L. C. Ager, Dr. Rosensohn. *Secretary:* — James Jenkins, Jr. *Application* should be made to the Secretary, 69 Schermerhorn Street, Brooklyn.

MIDDLE GROVE R. F. D.

Saratoga County Tuberculosis Hospital (1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — Saratoga County patients pay according to ability up to $10.00. Patients unable to pay are admitted without charge. For patients from outside county, $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. P. J. Hirst. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MONROE COUNTY (See Rochester).

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (See Cranesville).

MOUNT McGREGOR (Post Office Wilton):

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company's Sanatorium (November 24, 1913):

For tuberculous employees of Metropolitan Insurance Company. *Capacity:* — 330. *Rates:* — There are no charges for employees of the Company. *Medical Director and Superintendent:* — Dr. Horace John Howk.

NEPONSIT

Neponsit Hospital (Formerly Sea Breeze Hospital, (1904) (Opened as city institution under Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, 1915):

For tuberculosis of the bones and joints in young children. *Capacity:* — 150. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. E. Strain. *Superintendent:* — Miss Josephine T. Brass. *Application* should be made at Bellevue Hospital, foot of East 26th Street.

NEWBURGH

Fresh Air Camp (1914):

A summer camp for anæmic, under-nourished children. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Operated by Newburgh Tuberculosis Committee. *Chairman:* — Mrs. F. D. Hitch.

Estelle and Walter C. Odell Memorial Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (Orange County Tuberculosis Hospital) (Opened July 8, 1910, as tent colony; permanent building, November 28, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 48. *Rates:* — Orange County patients pay according to their ability, up to $8.26 per week; those unable to pay receive free treatment; patients from other counties pay $8.26 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Raymond A. Miller. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEW YORK CITY (Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx)

Ferry Boat Middletown Day Camp, Foot of East 91st Street (May, 1907):

For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 126. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Elizabeth Whitehead, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. B. McKenzie.

Ferry Boat Southfield Day and Night Camp, Foot of East 26th Street (June 1, 1908):

For ambulant cases. *Capacity:* — 110. There is a night camp for 22 cases. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. James Alexander Miller.

Ferry Boat Day Camp, Gouverneur Hospital, Foot of East River and Jackson Street (May 10, 1909):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — There are no charges.

Home for Incurables, Third Avenue between 181st and 184th Streets (Incorporated 1866):

Consumptives are received in single rooms. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* 12. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week and up. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Israel C. Jones. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent, on forms to be had on request.

Home Hospital East River Homes, East 78th Street and John Jay Park (March 19, 1912):

For families in which one or more members are tuberculous. *Capacity:* — 45 families in apartments of from 2 to 4 rooms. *Rates:* — Average $17.50 per week per family, including rental of apartment, food, clothing and medical supervision. *Superintendent:* — Miss Helen Knight Smith. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Linsly R. Williams. *Attending Physician:* — Dr. Edward C. Brenner. *Application* only through New York A. I. C. P., 105 East 22nd Street.

The Hospital and House of Rest for Consumptives, Bolton Road, Inwood (Incorporated, 1869):

For indigent persons in all stages of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — George F. Sauer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Metropolitan Life Insurance Company's Sanatorium (See Mt. McGregor).

Metropolitan Hospital, Tuberculosis Division, Blackwell's Island (January, 1902):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 904. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Walter H. Conley. *Deputy Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Frederick M. Bauer. *Application* should be made through the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue, Manhattan.

Montefiore Home and Hospital for Chronic Diseases, Gun Hill Road (East 201st Street) near Jerome Avenue (1884):

Capacity: — 120. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — M. D. Goodman. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Siegfried Wachsmann. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Neponsit Hospital of the New York City Department of Health (See Neponsit).

Otisville Sanatorium of the New York City Department of Health (See Otisville).

Riverside Hospital, North Brother Island, East River (1903):

For advanced cases of tuberculosis among poor consumptives of New York City. *Capacity:* — 322. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. E. S. Westmoreland. *Application* should be made to the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue.

St. Joseph's Hospital for Consumptives, St. Ann's Avenue and 143rd Street (1882):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 500. *Rates:* — There are 450 free beds; charge in private wards is $5.00 per week; in private rooms, $10.00. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. H. Dillingham, 148 West 85th Street. *Application* should be made to the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue.

Seton Hospital for Men, Spuyten Duyvil Parkway (1895):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 250, in Seton; in Nazareth, 200. *Rates in Seton:* — Nearly all beds are subsidized by Department of Public Charities. There are a limited number of pay beds from $7.00 a week up. *Rates in Nazareth:* — $7.00 per week upward. Those unable to pay may apply to the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue. *Application* should be made to the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue.

Tuberculosis Camp of Bellevue Settlement House, 206 East 30th Street:

For the temporary care of women and girls recommended by the Clinic, pending their entrance to sanatoria. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $3.50 per week, not including washing. If patients are unable to pay, the expense is met by the Auxiliary to the Bellevue Tuberculosis Clinic and other agencies. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Alexander Miller. *Application* should be made through the Tuberculosis Division of the Bellevue Out-Patient Department, 419 East 26th Street.

Tuberculosis Camp of the New York Throat, Nose and Lung Hospital, 229–233 East 57th Street (1909):

For all classes in the day camp. Only moderately advanced cases in the night camp. *Capacity:* — 40 in day camp; 25 in night camp. *Rates:* — No charges in day camp. Maximum charge in night camp, $7.50 per week. *Surgeon in Chief:* — Dr. E. J. Birmingham. *Superintendent:* — Dr. S. E. Pendexter. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. Holbrook Curtis.

Tuberculosis Preventorium for Children (See Farmingdale, N. J.).

Vanderbilt Clinic Day Camp, Corner 60th Street and Vanderbilt Avenue (October 1, 1908):

Furnishes daily treatment, food, nursing, etc., to cases of incipient tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Charles B. Grimshaw. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. Morris Class.

NEW YORK (Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens)

Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, 240 Kingston Avenue (1881):

For all classes of cases who are residents of Brooklyn. *Capacity:* — 120. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Beatrice Wilson Clifford. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. W. H. Lohman and Dr. L. C. Ager. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Ferry Boat "Rutherford" Day Camp (July 16, 1909):

For persons in fair physical condition. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Lucy F. Ryder, R. N. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. R. M. Mills. *Application* should be made to the Secretary, James Jenkins,

Jr., or at the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue, New York.

Medford Sanatorium for Working People (See Medford, L. I.).

St. Anthony's Hospital, Woodhaven (June, 1914):
For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 400. *Rates:* — Free beds; semi-private wards; private rooms. *Superintendent:* — Sister Superior. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Thomas A. McGoldrick. *Application* should be made to the Sister Superior.

Tuberculosis Wards of Kings County Hospital (Conducted by the Department of Public Charities) (1909):
For moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *General Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. John F. Fitzgerald. *Deputy Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. M. F. Polglasi. *Application* should be made to the Kings County Hospital, Clarkson Avenue, Brooklyn, or at the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue, New York.

Tuberculosis Ward of the Long Island College Hospital (1912):
For bone cases only. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Richard E. Shaw. Medical Director: — Dr. J. C. Rushmore. *Application* should be made at the office of the Long Island College Hospital.

NEW YORK (Borough of Richmond)

Sea View Hospital, Staten Island (April 1, 1913):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 1000. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Edward S. McSweeney. *Application* should be made to the Department of Public Charities, City of New York.

WEST NEW BRIGHTON

St. Vincent's Hospital of the Borough of Richmond (March 19, 1905):
For advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 72. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Sister M. Paulus. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles V. Niemeyer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NIAGARA COUNTY (See Niagara Falls).

NIAGARA FALLS

Niagara County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):
$100,000 has been appropriated for this hospital by referendum vote of the electors.

ONEIDA COUNTY (See Rome).

ONONDAGA COUNTY (See Syracuse)

ONTARIO COUNTY (See East Bloomfield).

ORANGE COUNTY (See Newburgh).

ORWELL

Oswego County Tuberculosis Hospital (1914):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 38. *Rates:* — Oswego County patients pay according to ability up to $10.00 per week. Those unable to pay received without charge. Patients from other counties pay $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Alva Garfield Dunbar. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

OSWEGO COUNTY (See Orwell).

OTISVILLE

Otisville Sanatorium of the New York City Department of Health (June [illegible]):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 597. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. L. Rathbun. *Application* should be made through the Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau, 426 First Avenue, New York. Only those who have been residents of New York City for one year or more are eligible to admission to this institution.

PERRYSBURG

J. N. Adam Memorial Hospital (November 25, 1912):
For favorable cases from the City of Buffalo; incipient pulmonary and surgical cases. *Capacity:* — 150 adults; 50 beds for pulmonary cases of tuberculosis of children; 50 surgical tuberculosis cases. *Rates:* — Free for Buffalo patients unable to pay. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Clarence L. Hyde. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

POUGHKEEPSIE

The Samuel W. Bowne Memorial Hospital (Poughkeepsie and Dutchess County Tuberculosis Sanatorium and Hospital) (June 7, 1909):
For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — No charge to city cases; per capita rate to county cases. $10.00 and up per week for patients out of county. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. St. John Williams. *Application* should be made to Dr. Grace N. Kimball, 337 Mill Street, or to the Superintendent.

RAINBOW LAKE

Rainbow Sanatorium (Conducted by the Independent Order of Foresters) (July 1, 1910):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — Free to members of the Order, male or female. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. Seymour Emans. *Application* should be made to Dr. T. Millman, Temple Building, Toronto, Canada.

RAY BROOK

The Mountain View Sanatorium (March 1, 1911):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $3.00 per day; $15.00 per week and up; $50.00 per month and up. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. M. C. MacCausland. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RENSSELAER COUNTY (See Troy)..

ROCHESTER

Iola Sanatorium, Monroe County Tuberculosis Hospital, R. F. D. No. 2, (October 1, 1910):
For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 250. *Rates:* — Monroe County patients pay according to their ability up to $10.00 per week. Those unable to pay receive free treatment. Patients from other counties pay $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Montgomery E. Leary. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ROME

Tuberculosis Division of the Oneida County Hospital for the Care of the Sick (December 22, 1913):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity of tuberculosis division:* — 100. *Rates:* — Oneida County patients pay according to their ability up to $10.00 per week; those unable to pay are received free. Patients from other counties pay $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert L. Bartlett. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SANTA CLARA

Hill Crest and Uplands (June, 1895):

Open from June 1st to October 15th only. Summer vacation houses, not sanatoria, for working girls and women of consumptive tendencies. *Capacity:* — 56. *Rates:* — $5.00 to $7.00 per week, or less if patient is unable to pay. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Marie L. Chard.

SARANAC LAKE

The Reception Hospital for Pulmonary Tuberculosis (1903):

To provide temporary care for tuberculous patients in Saranac Lake and vicinity and who require nursing. To provide nursing and treatment for short period for patients who come with the expectation of admission to the Trudeau Sanatorium but are refused because of acute or advanced disease. *Capacity:* — 18. *Rates:* — $8.00 per week, including board, room, medical care and nursing. *Superintendent:* — Miss Mary R. Prescott. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Edward R. Baldwin. *Application:* — Patients are received only when at Saranac Lake and by applying to Dr. Baldwin or one of the visiting physicians. A waiting list precludes the admission of patients directly from out of town.

St. Mary's of the Lake (June, 1910):

For the treatment and care of non-incipient tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — $12.00 to $25.00 per week; there are a few free patients. *Supervisor:* — Sister Mary Catherine, 94 Ampersand Avenue. *Application* should be made to the Supervisor.

SARANAC LAKE (Post Office Trudeau)

Trudeau Sanatorium (1885):

For persons who cannot afford to pay more than $8.00 per week, and who are in the early stages of pulmonary tuberculosis, or at least favorable types. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — $8.00 to $13.00 per week; there is a free bed fund, the interest of which is applied to prolonging the stay of needy patients. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Frederick H. Heise. *Application* should be made to the Resident Physician or any of the following physicians: Drs. E. R. Baldwin, Lawrason Brown, Charles C. Trembley of Saranac Lake; Dr. James Alexander Miller, Dr. Frederick James Barrett, Dr. Henry James, of New York; Drs. H. M. Thomas, Louis Hamman, Baltimore; Dr. F. H. Williams, Dr. Cleaveland Floyd of Boston.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 84.

SARATOGA COUNTY (See Middle Grove).

SCHENECTADY

Glenridge Sanatorium (July 1, 1908, Red Cross Day Camp; County Tuberculosis Hospital, 1909):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 72. *Rates:* — Schenectady County patients pay according to their ability up to $9.50 per week; those unable to pay are admitted free. Patients from other counties pay $9.50 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Peter McPartlon. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SHERBURNE

Chenango County Anti-Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

A site has been acquired. $20,000 has been appropriated by referendum vote of electors.

STEUBEN COUNTY

Steuben County Hospital (Not yet in operation):

A $30,000 appropriation has been voted for this hospital by referendum vote of electors.

SUFFOLK COUNTY (See Farmingville).

SYRACUSE

Onondaga County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation): This institution with a capacity of 80 will be completed in 1916. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Harry Brayton.

Syracuse Hospital for Women and Children — Tuberculosis Ward (1909): For all forms of tuberculosis, except pulmonary tuberculosis in children. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 20. *Rates:* — $1.00 to $4.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Miss Laura A. Slee.

TAUGHANNOCK FALLS

Edward Meany Sanatorium (Tompkins County Tuberculosis Hospital) (January 9, 1913): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 29. Tompkins County patients pay according to their ability up to $10.50 per week. Those unable to pay are admitted free. Patients from outside the county pay $10.50 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. K. Quackenbush. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

TOMPKINS COUNTY (See Taughannock Falls).

TROY

Lakeview Sanatorium (Rensselaer County Tuberculosis Hospital) (August 9, 1910): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — Rensselaer County patients pay according to their ability up to $10.00 per week; those unable to pay receive free treatment. Patients from other counties pay $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Frank L. S. Reynolds. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ULSTER COUNTY (See Kingston).

UTICA (Post Office New Hartford)

Camp Healthmore — Open from May first to November first (June, 1910): For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 28. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Chairman and Medical Director:* — Dr. Florence I. Staunton. *Visiting Physicians:* — Dr. L. B. Amsbry, Dr. F. T. Owens, Dr. E. R. Evans, Dr. A. Martine, and Dr. F. I. Staunton. *Application* should be made to the Utica Dispensary, Tuberculosis Clinic.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY (See East View).

Westchester County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation): Has been authorized by the Board of County Supervisors, and a site has been selected.

WEST HAVERSTRAW

New York State Hospital for the Care of Crippled and Deformed Children (1900 — treatment of tuberculous cases): Receives children with tuberculosis of bones and joints in special pavilions. *Capacity for tuberculous children:* — 56. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Surgeon in Chief:* — Dr. Joseph Nutt. *Application* should be made to the Surgeon in Chief.

WHITE PLAINS

Country Branch and Industrial School of New York Orthopedic Dispensary and Hospital (July, 1904): For cases of bone tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 130. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — John R. Howard. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Russell A. Hibbs, 130 East 36th Street, New York City. *Application* should be made to the New York Orthopedic Hospital, 420 East 59th Street, New York City.

WOODHAVEN

St. Anthony's Hospital (See New York, Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens).

YONKERS

Yonkers Municipal Tuberculosis Hospital, Nepera Park (October 18, 1912): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — Free to residents of Yonkers unable to pay. *Superintendent:* — Miss Letitia E. Shaughnessy. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Sprain Ridge Hospital (April 6, 1908): For incipient cases only. Residents of Yonkers only. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $2.00 to $7.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Helen Smith. *Attending Physician:* — Dr. William J. Vogeler. *Application* should be made to Dr. William J. Vogeler, 403 Palisade Avenue.

NORTH CAROLINA

SANATORIUM

North Carolina Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (November, 1908):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases only. For residents of State only. *Capacity:* — 150. *Rates:* — $1.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Dr. L. B. McBrayer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ASHEVILLE

St. Joseph's Sanatorium (1910): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week and up. *Superintendent:* — Sister Scholastica. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Winyah Sanatorium (October, 1888): For diseases of the lungs and throat. Advanced and hopelessly exhausted cases of consumption are not admitted. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — $35.00 per week and upwards. *Business Manager:* — Wm. Schoenheit. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Silvio von Ruck. *Consultant:* — Dr. Karl von Ruck. *Application* should be made to the Business Manager.

Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation): At the Southern Sociological Congress in April, 1916, a gift of 700 acres of land for a sanatorium near Asheville was announced. $20,000 was donated toward a building fund. If sufficient funds are secured for building, the sum of $200,000 has been promised for maintenance.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 88.

BLACK MOUNTAIN

Cragmont Sanatorium (1906): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. I. J. Archer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Fellowship Sanatorium of the Royal League (August, 1905): For members of the Royal League in all stages of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $1.00 per day to those who can pay; an arrangement may be perfected with the local lodge so that members unable to pay may be received. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. I. J. Archer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

FORSYTH COUNTY (See Winston-Salem).

HENDERSONVILLE

Dr. Morse's Sanatorium (July, 1908): For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $17.50 per week and up. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Lucius B. Morse. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Edgemont Sanatorium (November, 1911): For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $10.00 per week.

Superintendent and Medical Director: — Dr. William Redin Kirk. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HIGHLANDS

Highlands Camp Sanatorium (July, 1909):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $25.00 per week. *Manager:* — F. D. Coburn. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Mary E. Lapham. *Application* should be made to the Manager.

SOUTHERN PINES

Southern Pines Sanitarium (1898):
For all classes of patients. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week and upward. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Edwin Gladmon. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WILMINGTON

Red Cross Sanatorium (January, 1914):
For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — Free to indigents (white and black) of New Hanover County and the city of Wilmington. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. J. C. Wessell. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WILSON

Wilson Hospital for Consumptive Negroes (September 22, 1914):
A private sanatorium for colored patients. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — According to patient's ability to pay. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. S. Hargrave. *Business Manager:* — J. D. Reid. *Application* should be made to the Business Manager.

WINSTON-SALEM

Tuberculosis Pavilion of the County Home (Not yet in operation):
The county commissioners have decided to establish a home for the indigent tuberculous cases in the county.

NORTH DAKOTA

DUNSEITH

North Dakota State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (December, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — $1.50 per day; $5.00 per week to county. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. G. Lamont. *Application* should be made to Superintendent.

OHIO

MOUNT VERNON

Ohio State Sanatorium (December 1, 1909):
For incipient pulmonary tuberculosis only. *Capacity:* — 170. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week; cases up to ten per cent. of the available capacity may be admitted for a sum less than $5.00, the specified sanatorium fee as determined by Board of Administration. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Stephen A. Douglass. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ALLEN COUNTY (See Lima).

AUGLAIZE COUNTY (See Lima).

BUTLER COUNTY (See Hamilton).

CHAMPAIGN COUNTY (See Springfield).

CINCINNATI

Bamford Hills Camp for Children (1914 — Established as day camp, 1910):
For predisposed or pretuberculous cases, and some latent or quiescent children. *Capacity:* — 85, to be increased to 200. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Sarah B. Helbert, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. L. Tuechter.

Application should be made to Courtenay Dinwiddie, Superintendent of the Anti-Tuberculosis League.

Day Camp of the Cincinnati Anti-Tuberculosis League (July 11, 1910):
For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles S. Rockhill.

Cincinnati Tuberculosis Sanatorium (1896):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 350. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. C. Bachmeyer. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

Rockhill Sanatorium, Station M., R. R. No. 10 (February 15, 1914):
Capacity: — 15. (New building planned — capacity: 50.) *Rates:* — $25.00 per month. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles S. Rockhill. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Cedar Point Sanatorium, Eleanora:
Capacity: — 15. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Alphonse Riggs, 219 West 7th Street, Cincinnati. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CHILLICOTHE

Sanatorium for Fayette, Highland, Jackson, Pike, Ross, and Scioto Counties (Not yet in operation):
This sanatorium is in course of construction.

CLARK COUNTY (See Springfield).

CLEVELAND

Children's Tent Colony (See Warrensville).

Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the City of Cleveland (See Warrensville).

Preventorium of Fresh Air Camp, 11007 Buckeye Road (October, 1912):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Rates:* — From no charge to $4.00 per week. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. S. W. Kelly and Dr. A. B. Snyder. *Application* should be made to the President: Dr. Elroy M. Avery.

Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the Cleveland City Hospital (October, 1900):
For advanced and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 112. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. C. H. McFarland, Jr. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. T. K. Gruber. *Application* should be made through the Hospital Admission Bureau of the Board of Health.

Tuberculosis Day Camp, 8906 Woodland Avenue (June 1, 1914):
For men and women waiting to be placed at the Sanatorium or Hospital. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. H. Bishop, Jr. *Application* should be made through the Hospital Admission Bureau of the City Health Department.

COLUMBIANA COUNTY (See East Akron).

COLUMBUS

St. Anthony's Hospital, Hawthorne and Taylor Avenues (1892):
A general hospital admitting advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 23. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Superior, Sister Aniceta. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. J. McGruder, 111 Cleveland Avenue, Columbus. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Franklin County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 8, 1909):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 120. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Pay patients from within county, $3.00 to $10.00 per week. Pay patients from without county, $9.00 to $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Aloysia Lawin. *Chief of Staff:* — Dr. Robert R. Drury. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DAYTON (R. F. D., No. 13)

District Tuberculosis Hospital of Montgomery and Preble Counties (August 2, 1909):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 27. *Rates:* — $3.50 to $10.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Jost D. Kramer. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Tuberculosis Hospital of the Sisters of the Poor of St. Francis (Not yet in operation):

A site has been purchased for a hospital near Dayton.

EAST AKRON

District Tuberculosis Hospital for Summit, Portage, Mahoning, Stark and Columbiana Counties (known as Springfield Lake Sanatorium) (February 1, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 97. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Hilda Ebbert. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. D. Bowman. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

FAYETTE COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

FRANKLIN COUNTY (See Columbus).

GREENE COUNTY (See Springfield).

HAMILTON

Butler County Tuberculosis Hospital (June 1, 1913):

For all stages. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William Reed. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

HIGHLAND COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

JACKSON COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

LIMA (R. D. No. 4)

District Tuberculosis Hospital of Allen, Auglaize, Shelby, Mercer and Van Wert Counties (April 1, 1911):

For incipient, moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. C. A. Files. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LUCAS COUNTY (See Toledo).

McCONNELSVILLE

Rocky Glen Sanatorium (June 1, 1911):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 52. *Rates:* — $60.00 per month. *Superintendent:* — Miss Florence Ford. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John F. Hill. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

MADISON COUNTY (See Springfield).

MAHONING COUNTY (See East Akron).

MERCER COUNTY (See Lima).

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (See Dayton).

NATIONAL MILITARY HOME (Montgomery County)

National Military Home, Tuberculosis Department (1904):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 32. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Surgeon in Charge:* — Major F. W. Roush, M.D. *Governor of Home:* — Col. W. J. White. *Application* should be made to the Governor of the Home.

PIKE COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

PREBLE COUNTY (See Dayton).

PORTAGE COUNTY (See East Akron).

ROSS COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

SCIOTO COUNTY (See Chillicothe).

SHELBY COUNTY (See Lima).

SPRINGFIELD

District Tuberculosis Hospital of Clark, Madison, Greene and Champaign Counties (October 20, 1910):

For incipient, moderately advanced, and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Henry Baldwin.

STARK COUNTY (See East Akron).

SUMMIT COUNTY (See East Akron).

TOLEDO

Lucas County Tuberculosis Hospital (March 1, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — There are no fixed charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles G. Souder. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

VAN WERT COUNTY (See Lima).

WARRENSVILLE

Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the City of Cleveland (1910):

For cases of tuberculosis in the first and second stages of the disease. *Capacity:* — 225. *Rates:* — Practically all beds are free. A few patients pay a nominal charge. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. L. Rockwood. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert H. Bishop, Jr. *Application* should be made to the Tuberculosis Dispensaries or Hospital Admission Bureau of the City Department of Health.

Municipal Tent Colony for Tuberculous Children (May, 1908):

Capacity: — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert H. Bishop, Jr. *Application* should be made through the Tuberculosis Dispensaries or the Hospital Admission Bureau of the City Department of Health.

OKLAHOMA

OKLAHOMA CITY

Oklahoma City Detention Hospital (February 1, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculosis patients:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George Hunter. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

The Oklahoma City Cottage Sanatorium (August, 1915):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Jessie F. Hammer, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. J. Moorman. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

OREGON

SALEM

Oregon State Tuberculosis Sanatorium, R5, Box 28 (November 21, 1910):
For incipient, moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Residence of one year in Oregon is required. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. G. C. Bellinger. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PORTLAND (Milwaukee Heights)

The Portland Open Air Sanatorium for the Treatment of Pulmonary Diseases (1905):
Preferably for incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. (Rates arranged to cover cost of maintenance.) *Superintendent:* — Miss Mary C. Campbell. *Medical Directors:* — Drs. R. C. and R. W. Matson. *Application* should be made to the Medical Directors, Corbett Building, Portland.

PORTLAND (Troutdale)

Tuberculosis Pavilions of Multnomah County Poor Farm (1908):
For all classes of cases, usually advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 38. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Edward P. Geary, County Physician.

PENNSYLVANIA

MOUNT ALTO (Franklin County)

Pennsylvania State South Mountain Sanatorium No. 1 (June 1, 1907):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 1150. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Fred C. Johnson. *Application* should be made at the State Tuberculosis Dispensary in district where patient resides.

CRESSON

State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis No. 2 (December 26, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 400. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. G. Turnbull. *Application* should be made at the State Tuberculosis Dispensary in district where patient resides.

HAMBURG

Pennsylvania State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis No. 3 (October 24, 1914):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 550. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. T. H. A. Stites. *Application* should be made at the State Tuberculosis Dispensary in the district where the patient resides.

ALLENWOOD

Devitt's Camp (1912):
For incipient cases and their families. *Capacity:* — 52, including members of families of patients; about 30 patients. *Rates:* — Bungalows $8.00 per month. Two patients in bungalow pay $4.50 each. Food expense for man and wife is about $5.00 per week. Single person can get board on grounds for $4.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. M. Howard Fussell. *Superintendent:* — Miss Ella Michaels, R. N. *President:* — Dr. William Devitt, 130 Green Lane, Manayunk, Pa. *Application* should be made to the President.

BELL'S CAMP (McKean County)

Bon Air Sanatorium (May 1, 1908):

For incipient cases and all that seem to have a chance for improvement. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week for residents of Pennsylvania; otherwise $12.00. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. O. F. Kunkel. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BERKS COUNTY (See Reading).

EAGLEVILLE (Montgomery County)

Philadelphia Jewish Sanatorium for Consumptives (September 4, 1909):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 108 adults; 30 children. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. William J. Enders. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. J. Cohen. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

ERIE

Louise Home for the Tuberculous (1913):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — $1.00 per day; $7.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret Oxtoby. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George B. Kalb. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LITITZ

Lititz Springs Sanatorium (1904):

For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 32. *Rates:* — $2.00 per day; $10.00 per week; $35.00 per month. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. James C. Brobst. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MARSHALSEA (Boyce P. O.)

Pittsburgh City Home and Hospital (1906):

For all classes of tuberculous patients, particularly advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 125. *Rates:* — $3.00 to $5.00 per week; most patients are admitted without charge as indigents. *Superintendent:* — M. F. Larkin. *Director of Department of Charities:* — Dr. E. R. Walters. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MORTON (Delaware County)

Dermady Cottage Sanatorium (1903):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $40.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret G. O'Hara. Each patient allowed to choose his own physician from among the leading physicians of Philadelphia. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

OIL CITY

Grand View Sanatorium (1904):

For all cases that seem to have a chance for improvement. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $10.00 for residents of State; otherwise $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. S. A. Slater. *Medical Director:* — Dr. O. F. Kunkel. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

PHILADELPHIA (Chestnut Hill)

Home for Consumptives of the Philadelphia Protestant Episcopal City Mission (1876):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 90; by June, 1916, 110. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Rev. H. Cresson McHenry. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Edward W. Collins. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent, 225 South 3rd Street.

PHILADELPHIA

Hospital of the Henry Phipps Institute of the University of Pennsylvania (1903):

For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss A. K. Sutton. *Clinical Director:* — Dr. H. R. M. Landis. *Director of Laboratory:* — Dr. Paul A. Lewis. *Application* should be made to the Registrar.

Jefferson Hospital, Department for Diseases of the Chest, 238 Pine Street (September 15, 1913):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40; 24 free beds. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Elmer H. Funk. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

Lucien Moss Home for Incurables of Jewish Faith — Jewish Hospital (June, 1900):

For poor consumptives (Jewish) in any stage of the disease. *Capacity:* — 50–53. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent of Hospital:* — B. Hevessy. *Chief Resident Physician:* — Dr. Edwin A. Jarecki. *Application* should be made to William Roffkum.

Philadelphia General Hospital (1898):

For the poor of the city; consumptives are segregated in separate buildings. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 411. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Daniel W. Saltzer. *Chief Resident Physician:* — Dr. Joseph C. Doane. *Application* should be made to the Chief Resident Physician.

PHŒNIXVILLE

River Crest Farm Preventorium of the Kensington Dispensary for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (1903):

For children who have been exposed to the disease. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Augusta R. Ischler. *Physician in Chief:* — Dr. C. F. Doran.

PITTSBURGH

Pittsburgh Municipal Hospital, Highland Park (1915):

For incipient, advanced and far advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Weir Mitchell Hamilton. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. F. Edwards. *Application* should be made to Dr. R. G. Burns.

Tuberculosis League Hospital of Pittsburgh (February, 1907):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — $1.00 to $1.50 per day; $7.00 to $10.00 per week. 35 to 40 free beds. *Superintendent:* — Miss Alice E. Stewart. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William Charles White. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

READING

Berks County Tuberculosis Sanatorium (May 9, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 27. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Patients who can pay are expected to do so. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. A. M. Rothrock. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SCRANTON

West Mountain Sanatorium (August, 1903):

For poor consumptives resident in Scranton; all stages received. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week is maximum charge for Scranton patients; those unable to pay are admitted free; patients from outside Scranton are charged $7.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Teresa De la Plaute. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. M. Wainwright. *Application* should be made to State Tuberculosis Dispensary, Scranton.

WARREN

Homewood Sanatorium (May, 1910):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 14. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. A. L. Sleeman.

WEST PHILADELPHIA

Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases (1892):
For the treatment of pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis. Patients in all stages received. *Capacity:* — 44 in City Hospital, including 8 private rooms; country branch, 40. *Rates:* — $7.00 per week in the wards; $18.00 to $20.00 in private rooms. *Superintendent:* — Miss Leopoldine Guinthers. *Visiting Physicians:* — Dr. S. Solis-Cohen, Dr. T. Mellor Tyson, Dr. John McLean. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WHITE HAVEN

Clair Mont Sanatorium (August 1, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. S. E. Pollock, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Fern Cliff Sanatorium (1904):
For moderately advanced cases only. *Capacity:* — 17. *Rates:* — $16.00 to $20.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Margaret McDonald. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Hill Crest Sanatorium (1908):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — $2.50 per day; $15.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Clarence F. Snowden. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Sunnyrest Sanatorium (November, 1901):
For pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $40.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Elwell Stockdale. *Visiting Physicians:* — Dr. Lawrence F. Flick, Dr. Joseph Walsh, Dr. H. R. M. Landis, Dr. C. J. Hatfield, Dr. Frank A. Craig, Dr. Alexander Armstrong. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

White Haven Sanatorium (Free Hospital for Poor Consumptives, and White Haven Sanatorium Association) (1901):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 220. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Anna L. Morris. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph Walsh. *Secretary:* — Miss Helen C. McDevitt, 204 S. 7th Street, Philadelphia. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent or the Secretary.

For boarding houses, see boarding house section, page 89.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

BAGUIO (Benguet Province)

Baguio Tuberculosis Camp of the Philippine Health Service (September 27, 1910):
For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 15. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. D. Long. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. F. W. Vincent. *Application* should be made to the Philippine Health Service, Manila.

SAN JUAN DEL MONTE (Rizal Province)

San Juan Del Monte Tuberculosis Sanatorium (September 27, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 80. Free for indigents; for others $7.50 to $20.00 per month. *Acting Resident Physician:* — Dr. Antonio Hernandez. *Application* should be made through the Dispensaries of the Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society or at the Sanatorium.

MANILA

San Lazaro Tuberculosis Department of the Philippine Health Service:
For advanced cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. D. Long. *Application* should be made to the Philippine Health Service, Manila.

PORTO RICO

PONCE

Ponce Tuberculosis Sanitarium (June, 1914):

For cases favorable to cure or marked improvement. *Capacity:* — 19. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Isabel Marquez. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Pedro Malaret. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SAN JUAN (Santurce)

Open Air Sanatorium of the Porto Rico Anti-Tuberculosis League (April, 1907):

For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 55. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Pilar Cabrera. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Pedro Gutierrez. Igaravidez. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RHODE ISLAND

WALLUM LAKE

Rhode Island State Sanatorium (1905):

For favorable cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 160. *Children's Ward* (1915). *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. Trustees may admit patients free of charge. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Harry Lee Barnes. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Rhode Island State Hospital for Advanced Cases of Tuberculosis (Not yet in operation):

An appropriation for a State hospital for advanced cases was made in 1915. The hospital is under construction in 1916. *Capacity:* — 153. Will be in charge of trustees of State Sanatorium.

EAST GREENWICH

Crawford Allen Memorial Branch Rhode Island Hospital (May, 1907):

For tuberculosis of the bones and joints in children. *Capacity:* — 43. There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. John M. Peters. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HILLSGROVE

St. Joseph's Hospital Annex (1905):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $7.00 per week. Many patients are admitted free. *Superintendent:* — Sister Mary Fides.

HOWARD

State Almshouse Tuberculosis Wards (1897):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 44. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Fred B. Jewett.

HOXSIE

Lake Side Preventorium of the Providence League for the Suppression of Tuberculosis (1910):

For debilitated children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Director:* — Miss Mary Murray. *Application* should be made to the Director.

PROVIDENCE

Providence City Hospital Tuberculosis Ward (May, 1910):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 56. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. D. L. Richardson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SOUTH CAROLINA

COLUMBIA

South Carolina State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (June, 1915):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — $1.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Ernest Cooper. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

AIKEN

The Aiken Cottages (October, 1896):

For men in reduced circumstances with incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. Four free beds. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

COLUMBIA

Camp of the Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (July, 1914):

For incipient cases; preferably. *Capacity:* — 18. *Rates:* — Most patients free. $1.00 per day. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. E. L. Payne. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Bessie Watson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. B. Heyward. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

GREENVILLE

Sanatorium of the Greenville County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (September, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — Free. *Superintendent:* — Dr. C. E. Smith. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. Q. West. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SOUTH DAKOTA

CUSTER

South Dakota State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (March 1, 1911):

For curable cases only. *Capacity:* — 44. *Rates:* — $11.00 per week payable by county from which patients come. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. R. E. Woodworth. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CUSTER (P. O. Pringle)

The Black Hills Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

To be opened in July, 1916. For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $35.00 per month. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. J. L. Stewart. *Secretary:* — William A. Simonton. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HOT SPRINGS

Tuberculosis Department of the Battle Mountain Sanatorium, National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers (November 1, 1909):

For all classes of cases. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Governor and Surgeon:* — Col. James A. Mattison, M.D. *Application* should be made to the Governor and Surgeon. Only volunteer soldiers who have served in some war of the United States are admitted.

TENNESSEE

State Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

An appropriation of $50,000 was made for a State Sanatorium by the legislature of 1915. A commission to locate a site and erect the sanatorium has been appointed.

KNOXVILLE

East Tennessee Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):

CHATTANOOGA

Pine Breeze Sanatorium (May 1, 1913):
For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 32. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Miss Natalie Plewes, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Leopold Shumacker. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DAVIDSON COUNTY (See Nashville).

MEMPHIS

Memphis Tuberculosis Hospital, 52 Riverside Boulevard (July 1, 1908):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. M. Goltman. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Cummings Harris. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NASHVILLE

Davidson County Tuberculosis Hospital (March 15, 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 125. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. G. F. Aycock. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NATIONAL SOLDIERS' HOME

National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Mountain Branch (1905):
For tuberculous soldiers who have served in any war for the United States and who have received an honorable discharge. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 85. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Superintendent:* — Major James C. Butler. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NEWPORT (From May 15 to November 1.— From November 1 to May 15, Port Orange, Fla.).

Grandview Sanatorium (1887):
For hopeful cases. *Rates:* — $23.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. J. M. Masters. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RIDGETOP

The Watauga Sanatorium (January 1, 1913):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. C. A. Robertson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ROGERSVILLE (P. O. Pressmen's Home)

Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union of North America's Sanatorium (June, 1911):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 80. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *President:* — George L. Berry. *Application* should be made to the President. Only members of the Union are admitted.

TEXAS

CARLSBAD

State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (July, 1912):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 65. *Rates:* — There are no charges for indigent patients; for non-indigents: $5.00 per week. Private patients: $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. B. McKnight. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. E. Thompson. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

GALVESTON

State Hospital for Crippled and Deformed Children — John Sealy Hospital (March, 1913):

For medical and surgical tuberculosis cases; no pulmonary tuberculosis cases received. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $1.50 per day when patients are able to pay. *Superintendent:* — C. L. Shackford, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BEXAR COUNTY (See San Antonio).

BOERNE

St. Mary's Sanitarium (1896):

Capacity: — 30.

CORSICANA

Physicians and Surgeons Hospital (January, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 36. *Rates:* — Patients in wards, $10.00 and $15.00 per week. Private rooms, $25.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — S. H. Hornbeak. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

DALLAS

Woodlawn Hospital,— City and County Tuberculosis Hospital (1912–13):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 62. *Rates:* — Charges for non-indigents, $1.00 per day. Charity patients received. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. S. R. Minif. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. T. Bernard. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

EL PASO

The Hendricks Sanatorium (January, 1915):

For cases with reasonable chance of recovery. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $30.00 to $50.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — R. D. Harvey. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. M. Hendricks. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Homan Sanatorium (1907):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 75. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $35.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert B. Homan. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

El Paso Sanatorium (See Page 75).

FT. WORTH

Tuberculosis Cottage, County Farm:

Capacity for tuberculosis patients: — 17. *Rates:* — There are no charges. Only inmates of county farm are admitted.

KINGSVILLE

Kleberg County Hospital (January 1, 1915):

A general hospital with one cottage of three rooms for tuberculous patients. *Rates:* — $10.50 to $20.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Lena C. Shenners, R. N. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

KLEBERG COUNTY (See Kingsville).

SAN ANGELO

San Angelo Heights Sanatorium (1906):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $80.00 to $100.00 per month. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. F. B. Magruder. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

The Sunnycrest Bungalows, Box 267 (August 3, 1908):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases only. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $70.00 per month and upwards. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James D. Brooks. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SAN ANTONIO

Grace Lutheran Sanatorium (Founded 1907 as San Antonio Tent Colony. Main building erected 1912):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 36. *Rates:* — Cottages $17.50 and up per week; rooms, $25.00 and up per week. *Superintendent:* — Rev. Paul F. Hein. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Theodore Y. Hull. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Bexar County Tent Colony (1907):
For cases in the third stage. *Capacity:* — 54 (27 bungalows accommodating 2 each). *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. D. Berrey, County Health Officer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

VON ORMY

Von Ormy Cottage Sanitarium:
For all except hopeless last stage cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $15.00 and $18.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. S. Kahn. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director, 521 Moore Building, San Antonio.

VERMONT

PITTSFORD

Vermont Sanatorium (1906):
A private sanatorium, which serves as a state sanatorium. For incipient cases primarily. Moderately advanced cases admitted. *Capacity:* — 43. *Rates:* — $7.50 per week, including board and laundry. For patients from outside the State, $15.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Edward J. Rogers.

VIRGINIA

CATAWBA SANATORIUM (Roanoke County)

Catawba Sanatorium (Virginia State Sanatorium) (July 15, 1909):
For incipient cases only. *Capacity:* — 169. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. *Business Manager:* — A. Lambert Martin. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. John J. Lloyd. Application should be made to the Resident Physician.

IVOR

Negro State Sanatorium (Not yet in operation):
An appropriation of $40,000 was made in March, 1916, for a Negro State Sanatorium to be erected probably during 1916.

CAPE HENRY

Summer Camp of the Norfolk Anti-Tuberculosis League (June, 1910):
For children from families in which there is tuberculosis. *Capacity:* —15. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles R. Grandy. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

CHARLOTTESVILLE

Charlottesville Tuberculosis Camp (1907):
For moderately advanced and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. W. Garnett. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

DANVILLE

Hill-top Sanatorium (October, 1915):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — Free to indigent patients. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. C. Hudson. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

LYNCHBURG

Lynchburg Tuberculosis Hospital (May, 1912):

For incipient and advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $3.00 per week for those able to pay. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. D. M. Thomasson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. Barksdale. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

NORFOLK

Tuberculosis Pavilion of the City Home (1909):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 40, white and colored. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — J. E. Parr. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RICHMOND (Brook Hill)

Pine Camp (November 30, 1910):

For moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Giles B. Cook. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RICHMOND

City Home (1915):

Pavilion for colored tuberculosis patients. *Capacity:* — 24. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. R. G. Cabell, Jr. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Leslie G. Wiggs.

ROANOKE

Roanoke City Tuberculosis Hospital (August 10, 1910):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 16. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Medical Director:* — Dr. T. D. Armistead.

SALEM

Mt. Regis Sanatorium (May 18, 1914):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $15.00 per week and upwards. *Business Manager:* — E. W. Page. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Everett E. Watson. *Application* should be made to the Business Manager.

WASHINGTON

LAKEVIEW

Mountain View Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Erected by Pierce County) (January 4, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 81. *Rates:* — Patients able to pay are charged actual per capita cost of maintenance. The State assists the county with a subsidy of $3.00 per week in cases not paying full maintenance. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. R. J. Cary. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

SEATTLE

Firland — Municipal Tuberculosis Hospital of Seattle (1911, taken over by city, June 1, 1912):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 160. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. S. McBride, Commissioner of Health. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. M. Stith. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

Pulmonary Hospital of the City of Seattle (R. F. D. No. 3) (February 1, 1910):

For curable cases only. *Capacity:* — 43. *Rates:* — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Frederick Slyfield. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

SKAGIT COUNTY

Skagit County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

The Skagit County Anti-Tuberculosis League is seeking a suitable site for the Skagit County Tuberculosis Hospital, definite provision for which has been made.

SNOHOMISH

Snohomish County Tuberculosis Hospital (Not yet in operation):

The site has been purchased for this hospital, which will probably be ready for occupancy by October, 1916. For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — Actual per capita cost of maintenance for patients able to pay. The State assists the county with a subsidy of $3.00 per week in cases not paying full maintenance.

SPOKANE

Edgecliff Tuberculosis Sanatorium (Erected by Spokane County) (October 9, 1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — Actual per capita cost of maintenance for patients able to pay. The State assists the County with a subsidy of $3.00 per week in cases not paying full maintenance. *Superintendent:* — Miss L. Grace Holmes. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. E. Stuth. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

WEST VIRGINIA

TERRA ALTA (Hopemont Station P. O.)

State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January, 1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 120. *Rates:* — $3.00 and $6.00 per week for residents of the State only. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. E. E. Clovis. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

CHARLESTON

Hill Crest Camp (July, 1912):

A summer camp for incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 12. *Rates:* — $1.00 per day for those able to pay. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. G. H. Barksdale and B. S. Preston.

ELM GROVE

View Point Tuberculosis Sanatorium (May, 1912):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 32. *Rates:* — From nothing up to $12.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Florence E. Pace. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WISCONSIN

STATESAN (Waukesha County) (R. R. Station, Wales, Wis.)

Wisconsin State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (November 7, 1907):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 196. *Rates:* — $5.00 to $10.00 per week for those able to pay; others are admitted free. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. Frank Brockway. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

TOMAHAWK LAKE

State Forest Reserve Tuberculosis Camp (1915):

For convalescent consumptives discharged from state, county or other sanatoria. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — Not to exceed $3.50 per week for board which can be paid in labor. *Superintendent:* — R. A. Reich. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

BROWN COUNTY (See Little Rapids).

EAU CLAIRE

Mt. Washington Sanatorium (Eau Claire County Sanatorium) (December 15, 1913):

For secondary and advanced cases; children treated. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. Mildred H. Lucia. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Fred Farr. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

KENOSHA

Willow Brook (Kenosha County Sanatorium) (1916):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Superintendent:* — Miss J. Hayes. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. Windesheim. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LITTLE CHUTE

Riverview Sanatorium (Outagamie County Sanatorium) (January, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 34. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Ella F. McGovern, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. D. Boyd. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

LITTLE RAPIDS

Hickory Grove Sanatorium (Brown County Sanatorium) (February 15, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 36. *Rates:* — $8.00 per week for patients from Brown County; for others: $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Helen Scheller, R. N. *Visiting Physician:* — Dr. W. E. Leaper, Green Bay. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MANITOWOC COUNTY (See Whitelaw).

MILWAUKEE COUNTY (See Wauwautosa).

MILWAUKEE

Blue Mound Sanatorium:

For all non-bed cases with a probably good prognosis. *Capacity:* — 35. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent and Medical Director:* — Dr. G. R. Ernst. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Social Workers' Tuberculosis Sanatorium (October 6, 1911):

For incipient and convalescent cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. E. G. Lindeman. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. H. Washburn. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

Tuberculosis Ward of the Milwaukee Children's Free Hospital (1907):

For cases of tuberculosis of the bones. *Capacity of the tuberculous ward:* — 12. *Rates:* — Free to indigent cases; $1.00 per day for others. *Superintendent:* — Miss Gertrude McKee. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

OUTAGAMIE COUNTY (See Little Chute).

RACINE

Sunny Rest Sanatorium (Racine County Sanatorium) (1913):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 37. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Elizabeth Carpenter. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John H. Hogan. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

STEVENS POINT

River Pines Sanatorium for Tuberculosis (1906):

For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 42. *Rates:* — $25.00 to $50.00 per week, including all medical and nursing attention. *Superintendent:* — Miss M. B. Hart. *Surgical Director:* — Dr. F. E. Walbridge. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Thomas H. Hay. *Pathologist:* — Dr. Paul A. Ferrier. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

WAUWAUTOSA

Muirdale Sanatorium (Milwaukee County Sanatorium) (1914–15):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 275. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week; $5.00 per week, and county charge. *Superintendent:* — Dr. G. L. Bellis. *Associate Director:* — Dr. Harry Cohn. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WHITELAW

Maple Crest Sanatorium (Manitowoc County Sanatorium) (March 1, 1912 — Addition, 1914):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — Miss Katherine E. Hurley, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John M. Kelley. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

WINNEBAGO

Sunny View Sanatorium (Winnebago County Sanatorium) (1915):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 46. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week to resident patients; $12.00 per week to non-resident. *Superintendent:* — Hilma A. Anderson. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. E. Schein. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

ADDENDA

Information regarding the following sanatoria was received too late for insertion in its proper place:

GLENDALE, CALIFORNIA

Thornycroft Farm:

For diseases of the lungs and throat. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $20.00 to $25.00 per week; medical attention extra. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William C. Mabry. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA

St. Rochus Hospital:

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 10. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Superintendent:* — Sister Superior.

EL PASO, TEXAS

El Paso Sanatorium:

Capacity: — 25. *Rates:* — $12.50 to $22.50 per week, not including medical attention. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. P. Z. Langlet.

Boarding Houses for Consumptives in Health Resorts in the United States

Boarding Houses for Consumptives in Health Resorts
in the United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

In addition to bona fide sanatoria, there are a considerable number of special boarding houses for tuberculous cases located particularly in such health resorts as Saranac Lake, Asheville and in the Southwestern States. Heretofore the National Association has listed such information as it has been able to collect about boarding houses, in the sanatorium section. It has been thought advisable, both for purposes of distinction and for purposes of convenience, to add a separate section on boarding houses. It has been deemed unwise and found impossible to secure a complete list of boarding houses in all parts of the United States, and consequently the inquiry for desirable boarding houses has been limited to the well-known health resorts for consumptives.

In securing information relative to the boarding houses listed in this section, the National Association asked that only those houses which came up to the following minimum standards be included in the lists submitted:

1. Provision for outdoor sleeping, either on sleeping porches or otherwise.
2. Sputum cups or similar devices must be used by patients and proper disposal of such sputum containers and sputum made.
3. The building or buildings must be clean, sanitary and in good repair; they must also have running water and suitable means of sewage disposal; they must be adequately protected against fire.
4. Each room must be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected at regular intervals and before being used by another patient. The bedding must also be disinfected and aired before being used by a new patient.
5. Food must be of good quality, and the diet must include fresh milk and eggs.
6. Provision must be made for regular monthly visits of inspection by a physician. All patients must be under the care of a physician.
7. Provision must be made for nursing supervision of all patients, and for nursing care of patients who are bedfast.

It was found, however, that except possibly for Asheville, North Carolina, there was no community in the entire United States which even approximated these minimum standards. There are a large number of boarding houses, for example, in the states of Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, Texas, and Southern California, where tuberculous

patients are taken, but owing to the prevalent fear of the consumptive it has been impossible to secure any complete list of these houses. Very few boarding houses in this section of the country will admit that they take tuberculous patients, although most of them do so under some subterfuge or other. The contrast between this attitude and that of the boarding houses in Asheville, Saranac Lake, or Rutland, Massachusetts, is striking.

It has also been found extremely difficult to distinguish, in certain instances, between boarding houses and sanatoria, and it is highly probable that some institutions have been included in the sanatorium section which should be listed under the heading of boarding houses, and *vice versa*. In compiling the Directory, the National Association has had to classify in cases of this character according to the information which it had in its possession, and its general knowledge of the situation. In order, however, to correct any possible injustice, under each locality where boarding houses are listed a cross reference is given under the heading of Sanatoria, and a similar cross reference is given under the heading Boarding Houses to the sanatorium section.

In general, however, the list of boarding houses here given may be considered reliable. It is hoped that those who use the Directory will co-operate with the National Association by sending information concerning other boarding houses, so that in future editions of the book this section may be more complete.

ARIZONA

TUCSON

Mrs. Jones' House, 721 East 3rd Street:
Rates: — $75.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. James L. Jones.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 12.

CALIFORNIA

MONROVIA

Miss Bickford's House, 137 West Lemon Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 and $16.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Miss Mary P. Bickford, R.N.

Mrs. Larvarnway's House, 534 West Lime Street:
Rates: — $15.00 per week and up. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. F. R. Larvarnway, R.N.

Monrovia Sanatorium, 225 East Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 per week and up. *Proprietors:* — Miss K. Decker, R.N., and Mrs. Mary Shaw.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 14.

SAN GABRIEL

Miss Summers's House:
Rates: — $15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6. *Proprietor:* — Miss Maude Summers.

COLORADO

COLORADO SPRINGS

Cañon View, 1800 Cheyenne Boulevard:

Rates:—$15 00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Belle Bass.

Miss Clinton's House, 1414 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14. *Proprietor:* — Miss Mary Clinton.

Mrs. Ellis's House, 2227 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. M. L. Ellis.

Mrs. Gillespie's House, 1702 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Marietta Gillespie.

Miss Maynard's House, 1214 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 18. *Proprietor:* — Miss Ida A. Maynard.

Mrs. McClure's House, 530 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $35.00 to $50.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. D. McClure.

Miss Prichard's House, 1327 North Nevada Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 18. *Proprietor:* — Miss M. I. Prichard.

Mrs. Schanz's House, 2003 North Tejon Street:
Rates: — $35.00 to $50.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 9. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Helene Schanz.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 16.

DENVER

L. L. Dobble House, 2430 South Race Street:
Rates: — $9.25 to $11.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — L. L. Dobble.

Mrs. L. H. Flanders' House, 1060 Gaylord Street:
Rates: — $50.00 and $55.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 5. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. H. Flanders.

Jerome Lodge, 2831–2839 East Colfax:
Rates: — $10.00 to $50.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 50. *Proprietor:* — B. J. Symonds.

Mrs. Hoage's House, 3755 Boulevard:
Rates: — $10.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 20. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. E. R. Hoage.

Miss Powell's House, 1232 Niagara Street:
Rates: — $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 7. *Proprietor:* — Miss A. O. Powell.

Sunlight Sanitarium, 2727 West 33rd Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 35. *Proprietor:* — A. E. Shepherd.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 17.

MASSACHUSETTS

RUTLAND

The Crane Sanatorium:
Rates: — $17.50 to $40.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 22. *Proprietor:* — Dr. Bayard T. Crane.

Central Elm Sanatorium:
Rates: — $10.00 to $17.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14. *Proprietor:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Miss Garnsey's House:
Rates: — $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Miss Garnsey.

Mrs. Hilton's House:
Rates: — $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 5. *Proprietor:* — Miss Inez Hilton.

Huntress Home:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14. *Proprietor:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Maple Lodge Sanatorium:
Rates: — $15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 10. *Proprietor:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Marshall Cottage:
Rates: — $15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6. *Proprietor:* — Dr. Bayard T. Crane.

McBride Cottage:
Rates: — $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Mrs. Pierce's House:
Rates: — $15.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Pierce.

Mrs. Spaulding's House:
Rates: — $12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. Q. Spaulding.

Summit Cottage:
Rates: — $12.00 to $19.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 10. *Proprietor:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Wachusett Cottage:
Rates: — $12.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 15. *Attending Physician:* — Dr. George N. Lapham.

Mrs. White's House:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. William White.

NEW MEXICO

ALBUQUERQUE

Mrs. Allen's House, 523 East Central Street:
Rates: — Rooms $12.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 4. Sleeping porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. W. H. Allen.

Mrs. Ball's House, 626 South Walter Street:
Proprietor: — Mrs. B. E. Ball.

Miss Britsch's House, 210 South Walter Street:
Rates: — Board, $1.00 per day. Rooms, $8.00 to $18.00 per month. *Proprietor:* — Miss Virginia C. Britsch.

Mrs. Brown's House, 112 North Walter Street:
Rates: — Board, $1.00 per day. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. J. F. Brown.

Casa De Oro, 613 West Gold Street.

Mrs. Chess's House, 124 South Edith Street:
Rates: — Board, $5.00 per week. Room, $2.50 per week and up. *Proprietor:* Mrs. Chess.

Mrs. Garcia's House, 725 South Edith Street:
Capacity: — 3 rooms; 1 apartment; sleeping porch. *Rates:* — $25.00. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. J. B. Garcia.

Mrs. King's House, 204 South Edith Street:
Rates: — $35.00 to $40.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 10. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. R. L. King.

The Lodge, 615 East Central Street:
Rates: — Rooms, $16.00 to $25.00 per month. Sleeping porches.

Mrs. Moore's House, 1117 South Walter Street:
Rates: — $35.00 per month. Sleeping porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. R. L. Moore.

Mrs. Morris's House, 723 South Edith Street:
Rates: — $35.00 per month. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. M. Morris.

Mr. Patchin's House, 207 North High Street:
Sleeping porch. *Proprietor:* — Mr. Patchin.

Mrs. Rodgers' House, 600 North Second Street:
Proprietor: — Mrs. W. W. Rodgers.

Mrs. Rummell's House, 222 West Silver Street:
Rates: — Board, $27.50. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. J. Rummell.

Mrs. Schultz's House, 101 South Walter Street:
Rates: — Rooms, sleeping porch, $15.00 to $20.00 per month. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. M. C. Schultz.

Mrs. Schuyler's House, 511 South Broadway:
Rates: — $1.00 per day. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. H. D. Schuyler.

Mr. Staples' House, 702 North 15th Street:
Rates: — $35.00 per month. Sleeping porch. *Proprietor:* — H. A. Staples.

Mr. Thom's House, 526½ East Central Street:
Rates: — Rooms with sleeping porches, $9.00 to $11.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 11. *Proprietor:* — H. A. Thom.

Mrs. Zirhut's House, 602 South Arno Street:
Rates: — $40.00 and $45.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 6. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. W. J. Zirhut.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 45.

SILVER CITY

Woodhull's Ranch:
Rates: — $45.00 per month. *Capacity:* — 7. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Anna Meier.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 47.

NEW YORK

LIBERTY

The Buckley House:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 35. *Proprietor:* — Miss Mary Buckley.

Grand View Heights:
Rates: — $9.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 33. *Proprietor:* — Isaac Amber.

The Halliday Cottage:
Rates: — $8.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Kate Halliday.

The Lawson House:
Rates: — $10.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietors:* — The Misses Lawson.

McCloskey Cottage:
Rates: — $10.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 18. *Proprietors:* — Miss Bessie A. McCloskey, R. N., and Miss Helen M. Hubrich.

The Metropolitan Cottage:
Rates: — $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14. *Proprietor:* — S. Rappoport.

Molitor Cottage:
Rates: — $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 15. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Dora Molitor.

Richter Cottage:
Rates: — $9.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 20. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Anna Richter.

The Schneider Cottage:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Anna Schneider.

Sunnyside:
Rates: — $8.00 per week and up. *Capacity:* — 25. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. M. Ryan.

Tobin Cottage:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8.

Wilkinson House and Cottage:
Rates: — $10.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 25. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. E. W. Ford.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 51.

MONTICELLO

Rosemary Farm:
Rates: — $9.00 per week and up. *Proprietor:* — Miss Addie Ackland.

SARANAC LAKE

Bailey Cottage, 8 Church Street:
Rates: — $16.00 to $26.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 10, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss Caroline Bailey.

Baker Cottage, Stevenson Lane:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 5. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Andrew Baker.

Calhoun Cottage, 30 Virginia Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $12.50 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. Calhoun.

Cane Cottage, 78 Lake Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Cane.

Carr Cottage, 38 Park Avenue:
Rates — $11.00 to $17.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8, — 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Keith Carr.

Carter Cottage, 1 Riverside Drive:
Rates: — $7.00 to $9.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 9. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. James Carter.

Chapman Cottage, 5 Shepard Avenue:
Rates: — $12.50 to $26.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 20, — 6 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. Chapman.

Coleman Cottage, 54 Park Avenue:
Rates: — $12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 11, — 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss J. Coleman.

Collins Cottage, 76 Park Avenue:
Rates: — $18.00 to $35.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12, — 5 porches. *Proprietor:* Miss R. M. Collins.

Conklin Cottage, 108 Main Street:
Rates: — $16.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 9, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Jane Conklin.

Cook Cottage, 31 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $18.00 to $35.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 7, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. F. E. Cook.

Corey Cottage, 10 Helen Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 5, — 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. J. Corey.

Crawford Cottage, 38 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $25.00 to $35.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 11, — 5 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss Mollie Crawford.

Daigneau Cottage, 24 Helen Street:
Rates: — $13.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 7, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss Daigneau.

Daley Cottage, 15 South Street:
Rates: — $12.50 to $16.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. T. E. Daley.

Devereaux Cottage, 8 Marshall Street:
Rates: — $8.00 to $13.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 13,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. E. M. Devereaux.

Dewey Cottage, 193 Broadway:
Rates: — $9.00 to $13.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 17,— 7 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Cornelius Dewey.

Dolan Cottage, 49 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 9,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. N. A. Dolan.

Drake Cottage, 14 Forest Hill Avenue:
Rates: — $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Drake.

Edelberg Cottage, 32 Park Avenue:
Rates: — $12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 15,— 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. S. Edelberg.

Evergreen Lodge, 70 Bloomingdale Avenue:
Rates: — $17.00 to $40.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 20,— 9 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss Mahan.

Elliott Cottage, 120 River Street:
Rates: — $11.00 and $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. M. E. Elliott.

Farrell Cottage, 20 River Street:
Rates: — $15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Dr. John A. Farrell.

Finnigan Cottage, 1 Dorsey Terrace:
Rates: — $8.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14,— 5 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Charles Finnigan.

Finnegan Cottage, Harrietstown Road:
Rates: — $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. R. N. Finnegan.

Finnegan Cottage, 69 Lake Street:
Rates: — $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 1. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. William Finnegan.

Fitzgerald Cottage, Harrietstown Road:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 30. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. J. J. Fitzgerald.

Fletcher's Farm, Bloomingdale, N. Y.:
Rates: — $11.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 13 in winter, 42 in summer. *Proprietor:* — J. M. Fletcher.

Flint Cottage, 18 Helen Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. C. Flint.

Gutshaw Cottage, 51 Dorsey Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 20,— 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. G. A. Gutshaw.

Hale Cottage, 11 Winona Avenue:
Rates: — $10.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. J. A. Hale.

Hatch Cottage, 57 Dorsey Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $14.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6,— 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Hatch.

Hensle Cottage, 70 Lake Street:
Rates: — $9.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Hensle.

Hoepfner Cottage, 10 Baker Street:
Rates: — $9.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 17,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Frank Hoepfner.

Hulpritt Cottage, 11 Park Avenue:
Rates: —$10.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* —7,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Hulpritt.

Johnston Cottage, 9 Church Street:
Rates: —$15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —9,—3 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Johnston.

Jordan Cottage, 48 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: —$18.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* —11,—3 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. William L. Jordan.

Juby Cottage, 40 Park Avenue:
Rates: —$16.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* —4,—2 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mr. Juby.

Kannary Cottage, 45 Riverside Drive:
Rates: —$10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* —6. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Daniel Kannary.

Keegan Cottage, 51 Lake Street:
Rates: —$15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —16.—8 porches. *Proprietor:* —Miss Keegan.

Kennedy Cottage, 26 Shepard Avenue:
Rates: —$12.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —10,—2 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. A. G. Kennedy.

Knabe Cottage, 67 Park Avenue:
Rates: —$12.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —7,—2 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Otto Knabe.

Knight Cottage, 9 Front Street:
Rates: —$10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* —9,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Knight.

Langley Cottage, Bloomingdale Road (For colored patients):
Rates: —$7.00 and $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* —8. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Langley.

Leis Cottage, Algonquin Avenue:
Rates: —$10.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* —19,—5 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. George Leis.

Leonard Cottage, 56 Park Avenue:
Rates: —$12.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —9,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* —Miss Mary E. Leonard.

Marden Cottage, 24 Lake Street:
Rates: —$9.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* —12. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Marden.

Merrill Cottage, 8 St. Bernard Street:
Rates: —$8.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* —5,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Merrill.

Moody Cottage, 60 Lake Flower Avenue:
Rates: —$12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* —6. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. Cleveland Moody.

McCafferty Cottage, 45 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: —$15.00 to $30.00 per week. *Capacity:* —9,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Miss McCafferty.

McCormick Cottage, 11 Hope Street:
Rates: —$10.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* —5,—1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. McCormick.

McDoniel Cottage, 54 Shepard Avenue:
Rates: —$12.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* —11,—4 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. McDoniel.

Neill Cottage, 28 Church Street:
Rates: —$15.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* —12,—2 porches. *Proprietor:* —Miss F. Neill.

Noyes Cottage, 16 Helen Street:
Rates: — $15.00 to $35.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 9,— 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. M. M. Noyes.

O'Brien Cottage, 93 Riverside Drive:
Rates: — $10.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. O'Brien.

Pearson Cottage, 42 Baker Street:
Rates: — $25.00 to $40.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 11,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. W. Pearson.

Picasco Cottage, 20 Front Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $17.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 21,— 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Miss M. Picasco.

Pomeroy Cottage, Bloomingdale Road:
Rates: — $9.00 to $13.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 13. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Pomeroy.

Riddle Cottage, 68 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $23.00 to $75.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 18,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* —Mrs. W. D. Riddle.

Riley Cottage, 33 Helen Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $18.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 10,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Riley.

Robinson Cottage, 47 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 11,— 5 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. B. Robinson.

Rosemont Villa:
Rates: — $9.50 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. F. M. Fischer.

Rumenapp Cottage, 9 Forest Avenue:
Rates: — $10.00 to $14.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 14 in winter, 22 in summer. *Proprietor:* — Miss Edith Rumenapp.

Salzgeber Cottage, 11 William Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12,— 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Salzgeber.

Schwartz Cottage, 4 McCarthy Terrace:
Rates: — $12.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 21,— 6 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Schwartz.

Seeley Cottage, 27 Olive Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 11,— four porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Margaret Seeley.

Smith Cottage, 45 Margaret Street:
Rates: — $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Smith.

Smith Cottage, 54 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $16.00 to $25.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 7,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Smith.

Smithwick Cottage, 8 Helen Street:
Rates: — $9.00 to $13.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 5. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Smithwick.

Smith and Stuart Cottage, 46 Franklin Avenue:
Rates: — $11.00 to $17.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8,— 1 porch. *Proprietors:* — Smith and Stuart.

Steele Cottage, 50 Lake Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $16.50 per week. *Capacity:* — 11,— 6 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mr. William Steele.

Swanson Cottage, 40 Shepard Avenue:
Rates: — $15.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12,— 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. R. M. Swanson.

Scott Cottage, 11 Park Place:
Rates: — $25.00 to $35.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 10, — 4 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Scott.

Tuffy Cottage, 164 Broadway:
Rates: — $9.00. Table Board $6.00. *Capacity:* — 1. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Tuffy.

Von Ottenfeld Cottage, 3 Forest Avenue:
Rates: — $12.00 and $13.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. K. Von Ottenfeld.

Vosburgh Cottage, 10 Terrace Street:
Rates: — $8.00 to $10.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4, — 1 porch. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Jason Vosburgh.

Walker Cottage, 6 Baker Street:
Rates: — $12.00 to $16.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12, — 3 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. A. H. Walker.

Way Cottage, 3 Virginia Street:
Rates: — $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 3. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Arthur Way.

Williams Cottage, 50 Baker Street:
Rates: — $20.00 to $50.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 7, — all porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. H. B. Williams.

Wilson Cottage, 8 William Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8, — 2 porches. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. L. C. Wilson.

Yorkey Cottage, 5 Virginia Street:
Rates: — $10.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 4. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. C. Yorkey.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 56.

NORTH CAROLINA

ASHEVILLE

Mrs. Blatter's House, 156 Broadway Demarion:
Rates: — $10.00 per week and up. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. R. Blatter.

Broadway Terrace, 153–159 Broadway:
Rates: — $10.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 25. Private sleeping porches. *Proprietor:* — Charles Farris.

Miss Colyer's House, 143 Broadway:
Capacity: — 10. *Proprietor:* — Miss Julia Colyer.

The Cottages, 41 Victoria Road:
Rates: — From $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Miss A. E. Moore.

Dortchester Sanitarium, 40 Dortch Avenue:
Rates: — $9.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 25. *Proprietor:* — Henry F. [illegible]

The Elhemar, Victoria Road:
Rates: — $10.00 to $20.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 30. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. C. F. White.

Mrs. Hall's House, 88 Penland Street:
Rates: — $7.00 and $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. G. L. Hall.

Intervale, Livingstone Street:
Rates: — From $7.00 to $9.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 8. *Proprietor:* — Miss E. M. [illegible]

Mrs. Israel's House, 62 Broadway:
Rates: — From $8.00 to $12.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 15. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. Frank Israel.

Mrs. Perkins' Sanitarium, Sunset Drive
Rates: — From $10.00 to $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 80. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. F. M. Perkins.

For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 58.

PENNSYLVANIA

BLUE RIDGE SUMMIT

Woodmont Sanatorium:
Rates: — $10.00 and $15.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 12. *Proprietor:* — Mrs. O. M. Miller.

WHITE HAVEN

Bush's Farm:
Rates: — $8.00 per week. *Capacity:* — 6. *Proprietor:* — Miss Celinda Bush.
For sanatoria, see sanatorium section, page 66.

Hospitals for the Insane Making Special Provision for their Tuberculous Patients in the United States

Hospitals for the Insane Making Special Provision for their Tuberculous Patients in the United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

In this section and the one on Penal Institutions an effort has been made to list every State hospital and prison which provides for its tuberculous patients or inmates in special wards, tents, pavilions, or isolates them in some particular manner. The marked benefits derived from the outdoor treatment of the insane and criminals have led to a large increase in this class of special institutions. The dates given in parentheses are those of the establishment of the tuberculosis departments of the several institutions.

A few epileptic colonies and other institutions for the treatment of defectives have been included in this section.

ALABAMA

MOUNT VERNON

Mount Vernon Hospital for the Insane Negroes (1910):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. T. Searcy, Tuscaloosa. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. E. L. McCafferty, Mt. Vernon.

TUSCALOOSA

Bryce Hospital for the Insane (1903):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 75. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. T. Searcy. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. W. D. Partlow.

CALIFORNIA

PATTON

Southern California State Hospital (Tuberculosis Department established July 1, 1907):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 58. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John A. Reily.

TALMAGE

Mendocino State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100. *Superintendent:* — Dr. E. W. King.

CONNECTICUT

MIDDLETOWN

Connecticut Hospital for the Insane (1900):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 80. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. F. Floyd Haviland.

DELAWARE

FARNHURST

Delaware State Hospital (Tuberculosis Department established 1903):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 20. *Superintendent:* — Dr. William R. Hancker.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

Government Hospital for the Insane (Tuberculosis Department established 1901):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. William A. White.

FLORIDA

CHATTAHOOCHEE

Florida Hospital for the Insane (December 1, 1915):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 24. *Superintendent:* — Mr. Worth W. Trammell. *Assistant Physicians:* — Dr. A. E. Conter and Dr. H. Mason Smith.

GEORGIA

MILLEDGEVILLE

Georgia State Sanitarium for the Insane (1909):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 250. *Superintendent:* — Dr. L. M. Jones. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. M. Green.

ILLINOIS

EAST MOLINE

Watertown State Hospital (March 1, 1906):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 72. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. A. Campbell.

ELGIN

Elgin State Hospital (1895):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 48. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. H. J. Gahagan.

JACKSONVILLE

Jacksonville State Hospital (April, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 24. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. E. L. Hill.

KANKAKEE

Kankakee State Hospital (1915):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 36. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. P. M. Kelly.

PEORIA

Peoria State Hospital (September, 1905):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 124. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Ralph T. Hinton.

INDIANA

LOGANSPORT

Northern Hospital for the Insane (1900):
Capacity for tuberculous paticnts: — 47. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Frederick W. Terflinger.

IOWA

CHEROKEE

Cherokee State Hospital (October, 1914):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 72 (36 women, 36 men). *Superintendent:* — Dr. George Donohoe.

CLARINDA

Clarinda State Hospital (Not yet in operation):
The legislature has made partial appropriations for a tuberculosis hospital at the Hospital. Tuberculous patients are housed in separate dormitories at present. *Superintendent:* — Max E. Witte.

MT. PLEASANT

Mt. Pleasant State Hospital for the Insane (1904):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 40. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. C. F. Applegate.

KANSAS

OSAWATOMIE

Osawatomie State Hospital (March 1, 1911):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. F. A. Carmichael.

TOPEKA

Topeka State Hospital (May, 1908):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 25. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. T. C. Biddle.

KENTUCKY

HOPKINSVILLE

Sunny Side Colony of the Western State Asylum for the Insane (November 1, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 56. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. P. Sight.

LAKELAND

Central State Hospital (March 9, 1912):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 30. *Superintendent:* — Dr. F. L. Peddicord.

LEXINGTON

Eastern State Hospital (October, 1913):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 24. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Joseph A. Goodson.

LOUISIANA

JACKSON

East Louisiana Hospital for the Insane (1909):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 60. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Clarence Pierson.

MAINE

BANGOR

Bangor State Hospital (Tuberculous Department, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Frederick L. Hills.

MARYLAND

CATONSVILLE

Spring Grove State Hospital (1914):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 12 white female patients in a detached cottage. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. Percy Wade.

CROWNSVILLE

Crownsville State Hospital (1915):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 12 (colored), both sexes. Quarters at present available in summer only because of lack of heating facilities. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert P. Winterode.

SYKESVILLE

Springfield State Hospital (1903):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 80 (40 men, 40 women). *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. I. Clement Clark.

MASSACHUSETTS

STATE FARM

Bridgewater State Hospital for Criminal Insane (1895):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Alfred Elliott.

HARDING

Medfield State Hospital (January, 1907):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 42. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Edward French.

HATHORNE

Danvers State Hospital (1906):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 38. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. H. W. Mitchell.

TAUNTON

Taunton State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Arthur V. Goss.

WESTBOROUGH

Westborough State Hospital (1907):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Physician in Charge Tuberculosis Department:* — Dr. W. A. Jilson. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. W. H. O. Spalding.

WORCESTER

Worcester State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 28. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. E. B. Scribner.

MICHIGAN

KALAMAZOO

Kalamazoo State Hospital (1900):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 90. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Herman Ostrander.

LAPEER

Michigan Home and Training School (For the Feeble-minded) (February, 1916):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 30. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. H. A. Haynes.

NEWBERRY

Newberry State Hospital (1914):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. E. H. Campbell.

PONTIAC

Pontiac State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 35. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. E. A. Christian.

TRAVERSE CITY

Traverse City State Hospital (1900):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 80. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. James D. Munson.

MINNESOTA

FARIBAULT

Minnesota School for Feeble-minded (November 14, 1907):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 28. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. A. C. Rogers.

ST. PETER

St. Peter State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 60. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. A. Tomlinson.

MISSISSIPPI

ASYLUM (Hinds County)

Mississippi State Insane Hospital (November 1, 1907):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. R. M. Butler.

MERIDIAN

East Mississippi Insane Hospital (September, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 24. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. M. Buchanan.

MISSOURI

FULTON (Callaway County)

State Hospital No. 1, Tuberculosis Building (1911):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 90. *Superintendent:* — Dr. M. O. Biggs.

NEVADA

State Hospital No. 3, Tuberculosis Building (January, 1911):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 40. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Will P. Bradley.

NEBRASKA

INGLESIDE

Ingleside Hospital for the Insane (Not yet in operation):
An effort will be made within the year to have a special hospital building in connection with this institution in which there will be a tuberculosis ward. At present tuberculosis patients have no special accommodations. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. S. Fast.

LINCOLN

State of Nebraska Hospital for the Insane:
Sun porches for the use of tuberculous patients. No separate buildings at present. *Superintendent:* — Dr. B. F. Williams.

NEW JERSEY

CEDAR GROVE

Essex County Hospital for the Insane (1915):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 120. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Guy Payne. *Physicians in Charge of Tuberculosis Department:* — Drs. George W. Davies and Henry Smith.

ESSEX COUNTY (See Cedar Grove).

GREYSTONE PARK

New Jersey State Hospital at Morris Plains (1915):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 16. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Britton D. Evans.

TRENTON

New Jersey State Hospital (1908):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 60. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Henry A. Cotton.

NEW YORK

BINGHAMTON

Binghamton State Hospital (June 1, 1905):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100 — 50 men, 50 women. *Physician in Charge of Tuberculosis Department:* — Dr. Clarence L. Bellinger. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles G. Wagner.

BUFFALO

Buffalo State Hospital (December 11, 1909):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 40 — 20 men, 20 women. *Physician in Charge of women:* — Dr. Helene J. Kuhlmann. *Physician in Charge of men:* — Dr. Cyrus E. Pringle. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Arthur W. Hurd.

CENTRAL ISLIP

Central Islip State Hospital (January 20, 1909):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100 — 50 men, 50 women. *Physician in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. H. G. Gibson, Jr. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. G. A. Smith.

GOWANDA (Post Office — Collins)

Gowanda State Homeopathic Hospital (December 4, 1909):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 38 — 18 men, 20 women. *Physician in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. P. M. Champlin. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. C. A. Potter.

KINGS PARK (Long Island)

Kings Park State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 238 — 55 men, 183 women. *Physician in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. Calvin B. West. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. William Austin Macy.

NEW YORK (See Ward's Island).

OGDENSBURG

St. Lawrence State Hospital (January 9, 1906):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 119 — 55 men, 64 women. *Physician in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. C. Ross Miller. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. R. H. Hutchings.

POUGHKEEPSIE

Hudson River State Hospital (1899):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 120 — 55 men, 65 women. *Physician in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. William C. Porter. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles W. Pilgrim.

ROME

Rome State Custodial Asylum for the Feeble-Minded:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Charles Bernstein.

SONYEA

Craig Colony for Epileptics (November 1, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 82. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. William T. Shanahan.

WARD'S ISLAND (New York City)

Manhattan State Hospital (1901):
Capacity for tuberculosis patients: — 140. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Arthur M. Phillips and Dr. LeRoy C. Grau. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. William Mabon.

WILLARD (Seneca County)

Willard State Hospital (1903):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 68 — 28 men, 40 women. *Physicians in Charge of tuberculous patients:* — Dr. Ralph S. Pettibone and Dr. Wirt C. Groom. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert M. Elliott.

NORTH CAROLINA

GOLDSBORO

State Hospital for Insane (Colored) (November, 1909):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 64. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. W. Faison.

MORGANTON

State Hospital for the Insane (White) (1908):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 24. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John C. McCampbell.

RALEIGH

State Hospital for the Insane (White) (1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Albert Anderson.

OHIO

ATHENS

Athens State Hospital for the Insane (Special pavilion opened June 8, 1911):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 90. *Superintendent:* — Dr. O. O. Fordyce.

CINCINNATI

Longview Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 28 beds in use; no special provision at present. *Superintendent:* — Dr. F. W. Harmon.

CLEVELAND

Cleveland State Hospital (1902):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 60. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Arthur G. Hyde.

COLUMBUS

Columbus State Hospital (1902):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 25 (have an appropriation of $10,000 for building shacks). *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. M. Brundage. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. C. F. Gilliam.

Institution for Feeble-minded:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 25. *Superintendent:* — Dr. E. J. Emerick.

DAYTON

Dayton State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 64. *Superintendent:* — Dr. E. A. Baber.

GALLIPOLIS

Hospital for Epileptics:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 23. *Superintendent:* — Dr. G. G. Kineon.

MASSILLON

Massillon State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 61 beds in use; no special provision. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. C. Eyman.

TOLEDO

Toledo State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 54. *Superintendent:* — Dr. G. R. Love.

PENNSYLVANIA

DIXMONT

Dixmont Hospital for the Insane (1912):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100. There are two cottages of 50 beds each — one for men and one for women. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. A. Hutchinson.

HANOVER TOWNSHIP (Lehigh County)

Tuberculosis Hospital of the Homeopathic State Hospital for the Insane (October 3, 1912):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 10 beds. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Henry I. Klopp.

HARRISBURG

Pennsylvania State Lunatic Hospital (1901):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 26. *Superintendent:* — Dr. H. L. Orth.

NORRISTOWN

State Hospital for the Southeastern District of Pennsylvania (May, 1909):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100 beds for men. New building for women is in course of construction and will accommodate 57. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. S. M. Miller, Dr. Jessie M. Peterson.

PHILADELPHIA

City Farms, Byberry:

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 100. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Wilmer Krusen. *Chief Resident Physician:* — Dr. J. A. Jackson.

WARREN

State Hospital for the Insane (April 6, 1907):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. W. Hawke.

WERNERSVILLE

State Hospital for the Chronic Insane:

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — One small bungalow for women. Tents for a few men. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Samuel S. Hill.

TEXAS

AUSTIN

Texas State Lunatic Asylum (May 1, 1910):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 80 (2 cottages, accommodating 40 each). *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. John Preston.

SAN ANTONIO

Southwestern Insane Asylum (June 7, 1910):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 45. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. B. T. Young.

VERMONT

WATERBURY

State Hospital for the Insane (1905):

Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 25. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Don C. Grout.

VIRGINIA

MARION

Southwestern State Hospital:
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 50. *Superintendent:* — Dr. J. C. King.

PETERSBURG

Central State Hospital (1904):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 75. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. William F. Drewry.

STAUNTON

Western State Hospital (1907):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 55. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. S. DeJarnette. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Garlick and Dr. J. W. Freed.

WILLIAMSBURG

Eastern State Hospital (Tuberculosis department for men established 1909; for women, 1914):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 80. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. G. W. Brown.

WEST VIRGINIA

WESTON

West Virginia Hospital for the Insane (April 30, 1910):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 12 females. *Superintendent:* — Dr. S. M. Steele. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. M. Pettit.

WISCONSIN

ITASCA

Parkland Sanatorium (Douglas County Sanatorium for Tuberculosis Insane) (July 1, 1913):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Rates:* — $10.00 per week. *Superintendent:* — W. J. Canness. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. H. Wzickey.

MILWAUKEE (Wauwautosa P. O.)

Milwaukee Hospital for Insane (1906):
Capacity for tuberculous patients: — 20. *Superintendent:* — Dr. A. F. Young.

Penal Institutions Making Special Provision for Their Tuberculous Inmates in the United States

Penal Institutions Making Special Provision for Their Tuberculous Inmates in the United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

In this section and the one on Hospitals for the Insane an effort has been made to list every prison and State hospital which provides for its tuberculous inmates or patients in special wards, tents, pavilions, or isolates them in some particular manner. The marked benefits derived from the outdoor treatment of the criminals and insane have led to a large increase in this class of special institutions. The dates given are those of the establishment of the tuberculosis departments.

ALABAMA

WETUMPKA

State Convict Tuberculosis Hospital (July 4, 1912):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 125. *Warden:* — R. L. Johnston. *Physician:* — Dr. J. M. Austin.

ARIZONA

FLORENCE

Arizona Prison (1909):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 20. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George M. Brockway.

CALIFORNIA

SAN QUENTIN (Marin County)

California State Prison (Tuberculosis Department established: March, 1906):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 14. *Warden:* — J. A. Johnston. *Physician:* — Dr. Ward J. Stone.

COLORADO

CAÑON CITY

Colorado State Penitentiary (1910):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 10. *Warden:* — Thomas J. Tynan. *Physician:* — Dr. Hart Goodloe.

CONNECTICUT

WETHERSFIELD

Connecticut State Prison (1898):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 15. *Warden:* — Ward G. Garner. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Edward G. Fox.

DELAWARE

GREENBANK

New Castle County Workhouse (Tuberculosis Department established November, 1904):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 10. *Warden:* — Richard Croff. *Physician:* — Dr. Samuel C. Rumford.

GEORGIA

ATLANTA

United States Penitentiary Hospital (1905):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — unlimited. *Warden:* — Fred Zerbst. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. C. Weaver.

MILLEDGEVILLE

Georgia Prison Farm (1910):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 50. *Warden:* — J. E. Smith. *Physician:* — Dr. Guy D. Compton.

ILLINOIS

JOLIET

Illinois State Penitentiary (1896):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 40. *Warden:* — E. J. Murphy. *Physician:* — Dr. W. R. Fletcher.

PONTIAC

Illinois State Reformatory (1900):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 8. *General Superintendent:* — W. C. Graves. *Physician:* — Dr. John Ross.

INDIANA

JEFFERSONVILLE

Indiana Reformatory (1905):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 12. *Physician:* — Dr. D. C. Peyton.

IOWA

ANAMOSA

The State Reformatory (December, 1910):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 15. *Warden:* — C. C. McCloughey. *Physician:* — Dr. John Dale Paul.

KENTUCKY

EDDYVILLE

Kentucky Branch Penitentiary (July 1, 1912):

Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 20. *Warden:* — John B. Chilton. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. M. Travis.

LOUISIANA

ANGOLA

Louisiana Penitentiary Tuberculosis Hospital, West Feliciana Parish (1902): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 40. *Physician:* — Dr. E. C. McKowen. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. E. Ehlert.

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE

Tuberculous Department, Maryland Penitentiary (January, 1915): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 20. *Warden:* — John F. Leonard. *Physician:* — Dr. William F. Schwartz.

MASSACHUSETTS

BOSTON HARBOR

Deer Island Hospital, Suffolk County House of Correction (June, 1900): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 18. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. Bernard F. McGaffigan.

WEST RUTLAND

Prison Camp and Hospital (September, 1907): For male tuberculous prisoners of the state. *Capacity:* — 100. *Superintendent:* — George C. Erskine. *Physician:* — Dr. W. E. Chamberlain.

MICHIGAN

IONIA

Michigan Reformatory (September 1, 1908): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 6. *Warden:* — Otis Fuller. *Physician:* — Dr. G. F. Washburne.

JACKSON

Michigan State Prison (Tuberculosis department partially isolated): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 8. *Warden:* — N. H. Simpson. *Physician:* — Dr. Morley N. Vaughan.

MINNESOTA

ST. CLOUD

Minnesota State Reformatory (July 1, 1911): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 8. *Superintendent:* — Frank L. Randall. *Physician:* — Dr. M. J. Kern.

STILLWATER

Minnesota State Reformatory (July, 1912): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 12. *Physician:* — Dr. G. A. Newman.

MISSOURI

JEFFERSON CITY

Missouri State Penitentiary (1910): *Capacity for tuberculous inmates:* — 10. *Warden:* — D. C. McClung. *Physician:* — Dr. G. L. McCutcheon.

NEW JERSEY

RAHWAY

New Jersey Reformatory (1911):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 20. *Superintendent:* — Frank Moore. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. L. Orton.

TRENTON

State Prison:
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 14. *Physician:* — Dr. M. W. Reddan.

NEW MEXICO

SANTA FÉ

New Mexico Penitentiary (1904):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 10. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. David Knapp.

NEW YORK

DANNEMORA

Clinton Prison — Tuberculosis Annex (1893):
Tuberculous prisoners from all other state prisons are transferred to this institution. *Capacity for tuberculous prisoners:* — 150. (To be increased to 300 when new hospital is completed in the fall of 1916). *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. B. Ransom.

OHIO

COLUMBUS

Ohio State Penitentiary:
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 25. *Warden:* — Preston E. Thomas. *Chief Physician:* — Dr. O. M. Kramer.

MANSFIELD

Ohio State Reformatory:
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 12 beds in separate building. *Superintendent:* — J. A. Leonard.

SOUTH CAROLINA

COLUMBIA

The Griffith Hospital of South Carolina Penitentiary (1905):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 40 (males). *Penitentiary Physician:* — Dr. Thomas Jennings.

TENNESSEE

NASHVILLE

Tennessee State Prison (December 6, 1915):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 125 (white and colored). *Warden:* — C. C. Shaw. *Physician:* — Dr. L. W. Edwards.

TEXAS

HUNTSVILLE

Wynne Farm for Consumptive Convicts (1898):
A special farm colony for all tuberculous convicts of the state. *Capacity:* — 60. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. Benjamin F. Gibson.

WASHINGTON

WALLA WALLA

Washington State Penitentiary (August 1, 1908):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 8. *Warden:* — Henry Drum. ***Physician:*** — Dr. B. L. Jones.

VIRGINIA

LASSITER (Goochland County)

State Farm Sanatorium (November 20, 1908):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 45. *Warden:* — Edmund Ruffin. ***Physician:*** — Dr. E. K. Bowles.

WISCONSIN

GREEN BAY

Wisconsin State Reformatory (1914):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 6. *Warden:* — C. W. Bowron. ***Physician:*** — Dr. C. O. Latham.

WAUPUN

Wisconsin State Prison Hospital (1906):
Capacity for tuberculous inmates: — 6. *Warden:* — Henry Town. ***Physician:*** — Dr. N. P. Smith.

Dispensaries, Clinics and Classes for the Special Treatment of Tuberculosis in the United States

Dispensaries, Clinics and Classes for the Special Treatment of Tuberculosis in the United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

In this section information is given not only concerning dispensaries especially conducted for tuberculosis, but also concerning clinics or departments of general dispensaries in which special medical staffs and separate hours are set apart for tuberculosis patients. Tuberculosis classes are also included in this section.

The dispensaries are arranged alphabetically, according to location, under their separate states, the figures in parentheses denoting the date of opening.

ALABAMA

BIRMINGHAM

Anti-Tuberculosis Dispensary of Jefferson County, 311½ South 20th Street (January 23, 1911):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 1.30 to 3.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Medical Staff of Association. *Secretary:* — Rev. George Eaves, D.D.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (See Birmingham).

MOBILE

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Mobile Medical College (1914):

Hours: — 2 to 4 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. L. W. Rowe and Dr. J. H. Agnew.

MONTGOMERY

Free Dispensary of the Montgomery Department of Health (March, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. E. Centerfit.

ARKANSAS

LITTLE ROCK

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Arkansas Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 1, 1914):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10.30 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. E. Harris.

CALIFORNIA

BERKELEY

Tuberculosis Department, Berkeley Dispensary, 954 University Avenue (August 1, 1910):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Fridays at 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. McCracken.

FRESNO

Fresno Tuberculosis Dispensary (April 15, 1916):

Hours: — Saturdays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Kenneth J. Staniford and Dr. C. D. Sweet.

LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles Municipal Clinic, Temple Block (August, 1906):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays and Thursdays from 7 to 10 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. H. Faye.

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Los Angeles Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, Wilson Avenue and 9th Street (February, 1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 9 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Fred Barnet.

OAKLAND

Dispensary of the Alameda Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, 2909 Broadway (1910):

Hours: — 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. except Sunday. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Edward von Adelung.

PASADENA

Tuberculosis Dispensary (February, 1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 9 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Joseph Condit.

SACRAMENTO

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Sacramento Settlement Association (November, 1915):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays 10 A. M. to 12 M. Daily from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. F. Gundrum.

SAN DIEGO

San Diego Tuberculosis Clinic, Associated Charities Building, N. W. Corner 8th and B Streets (June 23, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 12 M. to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. A. Parks.

SAN FRANCISCO

Tuberculosis Clinic of the San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (January 18, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 8.30 A. M. to 9.30 A. M. Mondays from 7 to 8 P. M. *General Secretary:* — Dixon Van Blarcom.

Branch Tuberculosis Clinic of the San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis, 3173 24th Street (1916).

SAN JOSÉ

Dispensary of the Santa Clara County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 1, 1911):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles Richards.

STOCKTON

Tuberculosis Dispensary:
Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Minerva Goodman.

COLORADO

DENVER

Denver Municipal Free Tuberculosis Dispensary (February 1, 1913):
Hours: — Open one hour each week day and one hour on one evening each week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. O. D. Wescott.

PUEBLO

Minnequa Hospital Dispensary (1910):
Physician in Charge: — Dr. R. W. Corwin. Tuberculosis is handled as part of the general medical clinic.

CONNECTICUT

BRISTOL

Tuberculosis Clinic — Memorial Hospital, Garfield Avenue (March 1, 1916):
Hours: — Daily from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Harry M. Lee.

HARTFORD

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Hartford Dispensary (amalgamated with the Hartford Medical Disp.):
The clinic was temporarily discontinued in 1915, but it is planned to re-open it probably in 1916. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. F. Stoll.

NEW HAVEN

New Haven Dispensary Tuberculosis Clinic, Congress Avenue and Cedar Street (March, 1907):
Hours: — Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays at 1 P. M. Wednesdays at 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. R. Standish.

SOUTH NORWALK

South Norwalk Tuberculosis Dispensary, 6 Pine Street (November 4, 1909):
Hours: — Week days from 12 M. to 1 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. William J. Tracey, Norwalk, and Dr. J. M. Colburn, South Norwalk.

WATERBURY

Waterbury Anti-Tuberculosis League Dispensary (April, 1908):
Hours: — 8 to 9 A. M., 4 to 5 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — 10 to 12 Saturdays. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Dudley B. Deming for adults and Dr. J. E. Farrel, Secretary of the Board of Health, for children.

DELAWARE

DOVER

Dispensary of Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (January 1, 1910):
Hours: — Fridays: from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. R. Steele.

GEORGETOWN

Georgetown Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (March 2, 1910):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 2.30 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Paynter.

HARRINGTON

Harrington Dispensary of Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (June 1, 1910):

Hours: — Thursdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. T. G. Riley.

LEWES

Lewes Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (August 1, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 3.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. James M. Martin and Dr. James Beebe.

MIDDLETOWN

Middletown Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission, Transcript Building (January, 1914):

Hours: — Tuesdays, 2.30 P. M. for white patients. Tuesdays, 12 M. for colored patients. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. D. W. Lewis, E. W. Vaughn, N. L. Beale, and E. G. Clark for white patients; Dr. H. A. Cuff for colored patients.

MILFORD

Milford Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (June 1, 1909):

Hours: — Thursdays from 11 A. M. to 1.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William Marshall, Jr.

NEW CASTLE (See Wilmington).

SEAFORD

Seaford Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (February 17, 1910):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2 to 3.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Stacy R. Collins.

SMYRNA

Smyrna Dispensary of the Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (May 1, 1910):

Hours: — Fridays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. S. Dwight.

WILMINGTON

New Castle County Dispensary of the State Tuberculosis Commission, 602 West Street (October, 1906):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 3 to 5 P. M. and 8 to 10 P M.; Thursdays and Saturdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Albert Robin, Dr. Conwell Bouton, Dr. Victor Nab and Dr. Samuel Zron.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

Throat and Chest Clinic of the Central Dispensary, 17th and N. Y. Avenue, N. W. (1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays at 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. D. Thomas, 1716 M Street, N. W.

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Association for Prevention of Tuberculosis, 923 H Street, N. W. (June 5, 1905):

Hours: — Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays from 2 to 3 P. M. Fridays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. D. Tewksbury.

Children's Hospital Tuberculosis Clinic, 13th and W Streets, N. W. (January, 1910):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays at 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles A. Pfender.

Freedmen's Hospital Tuberculosis Clinic, 4th and College Streets, N. W. (February, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 12 to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. F. Blue.

FLORIDA

TAMPA

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Corner Polk and Florida Avenues (Not yet in operation):

Physician in Charge: — Dr. John Halliday. This dispensary will be opened in 1916.

GEORGIA

ATLANTA

Atlanta Anti-Tuberculosis and Visiting Nurse Association Dispensary, 23 E. Cain Street (April 15, 1907):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 3 P. M. *Chairman of Medical Staff:* — Dr. J. E. Sommerfield.

Dispensary No. 2 for Colored People, 23 East Cain Street (August 3, 1909):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. O. O. Fanning.

MACON

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Macon Chapter of the American Red Cross (July 1, 1914):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2.30 to 5.30 P. M. for white patients; Thursdays from 2.30 to 5.30 P. M. for colored patients. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. D. D. Walker, Chief of Staff, for white patients; Dr. J. B. Ward for colored patients.

ILLINOIS

CHAMPAIGN

Champaign County Anti-Tuberculosis Health League Dispensary, Imperial Building (August 1, 1913):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Dallenbach and Dr. W. E. Schowengerdt.

CHICAGO

Dispensary Department of the Chicago Municipal Tuberculosis Sanatorium:

Superintendent of Nurses: — Miss Rosalind Mackay. *Chief Dispensary Physician:* — Dr. Thomas A. Hogan.

Central Free Dispensary, 1744 West Harrison Street (1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Chicago Polyclinic, 221 West Chicago Avenue (1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays, 9 A. M. to 12 M.

Post-Graduate Hospital Dispensary, 2400 Dearborn Street (1909):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. James Cole, Dr. Patrick Mills, and Dr. Walter Rittenhouse.

Provident Hospital Dispensary, 57 West 36th Street (May 6, 1912):

For colored patients. *Hours:* — Mondays and Thursdays from 3.30 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. G. A. Gardner and Dr. A. Wilberforce Williams.

North West Dispensary, Blackhawk Street and North Ashland Avenue (April 1, 1911):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M.

South West Dispensary, 2406 West Twenty-second Street (1909):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 1 to 4 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 3 P. M. Thursdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

Stock Yards Free Dispensary, 738 West Forty-seventh Street (1908):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M.

West Side Dispensary (Jewish Aid Society), Corner Maxwell and Miller Streets:
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 1 to 4 P. M. Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1 to 3 P. M. Thursdays from 7 to 9 P. M.

Grand Crossing Dispensary, 942 East Seventy-fifth Street:
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 2 to 5 P. M.

South Side Dispensary, 2950 Calumet Avenue:
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 2 to 5 P. M.

DE KALB

Tuberculosis Clinic of the De Kalb County Anti-Tuberculosis League (November, 1913):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

EAST ST. LOUIS

East St. Louis Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall (May, 1913):
Hours: — Daily except Sundays at 11 A. M.

JACKSONVILLE

Jacksonville Anti-Tuberculosis Clinic (May, 1912):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. T. O. Hurdesty, Dr. C. E. Cole, Dr. Josephine Milligan.

PEORIA

Bacon Memorial Mission Dispensary (October 18, 1910):
Hours: — Tuesdays at 1 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Fred Meixner and Dr. A. E. Hubbard.

SPRINGFIELD

Springfield Tuberculosis Dispensary, 628 East Capitol Avenue (January 15, 1911):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 3.30 to 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George Thomas Palmer.

INDIANA

EVANSVILLE

Evansville Anti-Tuberculosis Society Clinic (May 12, 1908):
Hours: — Week days from 2.30 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. James Y. Welborn.

FORT WAYNE

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Allen County Anti-Tuberculosis Society, No. 309 Schmitz Block (1913):
Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Eric A. Crull.

INDIANAPOLIS

Indianapolis Tuberculosis Clinic, Corner Senate Avenue and Market Street (November 13, 1908):
Hours: — Week days from 8 to 11 A. M. Thursdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Alfred Henry.

NEW ALBANY

New Albany Free Tuberculosis Clinic of the Floyd County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (February, 1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 8 to 9 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Members of the Floyd County Medical Association take turns in serving for three months each.

SOUTH BEND

South Bend Tuberculosis Dispensary, Court House:
Physician in Charge: — Dr. R. L. Sensenich.

IOWA

DES MOINES

Tuberculosis Dispensary of Methodist Hospital, 12th and Pleasant Streets (April 1, 1911):

Hours: — Every week day from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John H. Peck.

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Visiting Nurses' Association (November 18, 1915):

Hours: —Thursdays and Saturdays from 12.30 to 1.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John H. Peck.

KANSAS

TOPEKA

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Topeka Public Health Nursing Association:
Hours: — Tuesdays and Saturdays at 1.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. L. V. Sams, Dr. Merrill Mills, Dr. C. B. Van Horn.

KENTUCKY

ASHLAND

Dispensary of Boyd County Health League (April 1, 1914):
Hours: — 2 hours each week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. M. De Bord.

COVINGTON

Dispensary of the Kenton County Anti-Tuberculosis League, 910 Madison Avenue (August, 1912):

Hours: — Daily except Sundays and holidays from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. R. Meek.

GEORGETOWN

Dispensary of the Scott County Health and Welfare Association (March 17, 1915):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. L. E. Donus and Dr. E. C. Barlow.

HENDERSON

Henderson Anti-Tuberculosis Association Free Dispensary, City Building (February 10, 1911):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Mosely.

LOUISVILLE

Board of Tuberculosis Hospital Dispensary, 121 West Chestnut Street (June, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 5 to 6 P. M. Other days from 9 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Dunning S. Wilson.

MAYSVILLE

Dispensary of Mason County Public Health League (1914):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays from 3.30 to 6.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — City physicians.

OWENSBORO

Dispensary of the Daviess County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (August 3, 1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10 to 12 M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. J. T. Dixon and Dr. V. Harl.

LOUISIANA

NEW ORLEANS

Dispensary of the Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League, 1309 Tulane Avenue (November 2, 1908):

Hours: — Week days from 9 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. A. Robin.

SHREVEPORT

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Shreveport Branch League (1914):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frank H. Walke.

MAINE

AUBURN — (See Lewiston)

AUGUSTA

Augusta Tuberculosis Dispensary, 172 Water Street (February 25, 1913):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. and Fridays from 7 P. M. to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. L. McKay. (*Discontinued February* 1, 1916.)

BANGOR

Tuberculosis Clinic of Bangor Anti-Tuberculosis Association, York Street (1909):

Hours: — Mondays: 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. C. Peters.

DEXTER

Dispensary of the Dexter-Piscataquis Association (October, 1915):

Hours: — One hour each Wednesday. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Murphy.

GARDINER

Dispensary of the Gardiner Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 20, 1913):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. S. Cole. (*Temporarily discontinued for lack of funds.*)

LEWISTON

Clinic of the Androscoggin Anti-Tuberculosis Association, 215 Lisbon Street (1914):

For Lewiston and Auburn patients. *Hours:* — Sundays 11 to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. W. Parmalee.

OLD TOWN

Old Town Anti-Tuberculosis Dispensary (January 17, 1913):

Hours: — Fridays from 2.30 to 6 P. M.; other days from 5 to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. E. Landry.

ORONO

Orono Tuberculosis Dispensary (March 27, 1913):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Doctors serve two months each.

PORTLAND

Portland Charitable Dispensary Tuberculosis Clinic, 55 India Street (March 10, 1910):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. J. Welch.

Portland Tuberculosis Class, Emanuel Chapel (February 21, 1908):
Hours: — Once a week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. J. Welch.

WATERVILLE

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Central Maine Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis, Corner Common and Front Streets (August 2, 1910):
Temporarily suspended.

MARYLAND

ANNAPOLIS

Annapolis Tuberculosis Dispensary, Emergency Hospital (November 17, 1913):
Hours: — Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, 12 M. to 12.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. Oliver Purvis.

BALTIMORE

Department of Diseases of the Lungs of the University of Maryland Dispensary, Lombard and Green Streets (1906):
Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, 12 M to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John E. O'Neill.

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Hospital for Crippled Children, 2000 N. Charles Street (1895):
Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. H. Daniels.

Phipps Dispensary, Johns Hopkins Hospital, Broadway and Monument Street (March 1, 1905):
Hours: — Week days 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles R. Austrian.

Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary, 602 S. Bond Street (1907, Christ Church Dispensary of Maryland Tuberculosis Association; taken over by Health Department of Baltimore, May 1, 1912):
Hours: — Wednesdays and Fridays 3 P. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John E. O'Neill. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert Blake.

Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary, 1418 Light Street (June 1, 1912):
Hours: — Tuesdays 3 P. M.; Saturdays 10 A. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John E. O'Neill. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert Blake.

Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary, 1220 McCulloh Street (April 14, 1913):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays at 3 P. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John E. O'Neill. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert Blake.

Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary, 2030 Maryland Avenue (April, 1916):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays at 10 A. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. John E. O'Neill. *Assistant Superintendent:* — Dr. Robert Blake.

CUMBERLAND

Tuberculosis Dispensary, *City Hall* (January 24, 1913):
Hours: — Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M.

FREDERICK

Frederick County Tuberculosis Dispensary, 133 S. Market Street (September 1, 1911):

No regular dispensary. Patients are taken to Dr. Conley's office by Miss Florence E. Garner, Visiting Nurse, for examination and diagnosis. *Hours:* — Daily except Sundays. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles H. Conley.

HAGERSTOWN

Washington County Tuberculosis Clinic, 105 South Potomac Street (May 1, 1913):

Hours: — Tuesdays — open from one to three hours. *Physicians in Charge:* — Committee of 3 physicians from Washington County Medical Society.

WASHINGTON COUNTY (See Hagerstown).

MASSACHUSETTS

ADAMS

Adams Tuberculosis Dispensary, Adams Realty Building, Park Street (July 1, 1915):

Hours: — Mondays from 1 to 2 P. M. Tuesdays from 7.30 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. B. Holmes.

ARLINGTON

Tuberculosis Dispensary:

Hours: — Tuesdays from 7 to 8 P. M. Fridays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ezekeal Pratt.

ATTLEBORO

Attleboro Dispensary, Room 205, Bronson Building (March 17, 1915):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ralph P. Kent.

BEVERLY

Beverly Public Health Dispensary, 122 Cabot Street (1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays at 3 P. M. Thursdays at 7.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ralph E. Stone.

BOSTON

Arlington Street Church Tuberculosis Class (May 1, 1906):

Hours: — Once a week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Nathaniel K. Wood.

Emmanuel Church Tuberculosis Class (July 1, 1905):

Hours: — Thursdays at 9 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Joseph H. Pratt.

Out-Patient Department of the Boston Consumptives Hospital, 13 Dillaway Street (September 11, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M. Monday evenings from 7 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Cleaveland Floyd.

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Massachusetts Charitable Eye and Ear Infirmary — For tuberculosis of the eye (January, 1909):

Hours: — Tuesdays at 9 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. George S. Derby, and Dr. Theodore Eastman.

Tuberculosis Department of the Massachusetts General Hospital (1905):

Hours: — Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays at 9 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John B. Hawes, 2nd.

Tuberculosis Division, Boston Dispensary, 25 Bennet Street (February 8, 1899):

Hours: — Week days from 8.45 to 10.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Edward O. Otis. *Director:* — Michael M. Davis, Jr.

Massachusetts Homeopathic Hospital, Tuberculosis Clinic, 750 Harrison Avenue:

Hours: — Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 9 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William O. Mann.

Mount Sinai Tuberculosis Clinic, Mt. Sinai Hospital, 17 Stamford Street (April, 1907):

Hours: — Once a week. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. H. Linenthal and Dr. L. Mendelsohn.

Social Service and Tuberculosis Class of Carney Hospital, South Boston (December 1, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John M. Kelly.

BROCKTON

Free Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall (June 21, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays from 8.30 to 9.30 A. M. Thursdays from 4 to 6 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. James H. Drohan and Dr. Fred J. Ripley.

BROOKLINE

Board of Health Tuberculosis Dispensary, Town Hall, Room 9 (July 1, 1912):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. and Fridays 7 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles H. Lawrence, Jr.

CAMBRIDGE

Cambridge Tuberculosis Dispensary, 631 Massachusetts Avenue (January 1, 1916):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. and Thursdays from 7.30 to 9 P. M. *Children's clinic:* — Saturday from 10 to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Patrick J. Fleming.

CHELSEA

Board of Health Clinic, Frost Hospital, 100 Bellingham Street (October, 1910):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George B. Fenwick.

CHICOPEE

Chicopee Board of Health Dispensary, 149 Exchange Street (July 1, 1915):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles H. Prindle.

CLINTON

Clinton Board of Health Dispensary, Municipal Building (1916):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. Fridays from 7.30 to 8.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. P. A. S. Grady.

EVERETT

Public Health Dispensary, 591 Broadway (September 1, 1915):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 7 to 9 P. M. Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John A. Brewin.

FALL RIVER

Fall River Tuberculosis Dispensary, 205 Globe Building (November 1, 1913):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 7 to 9 P. M. Saturdays 10 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. A. A. Keely and Dr. D. H. Fuller.

FITCHBURG

Board of Health Dispensary, 336 Main Street (March 3, 1909):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 7 to 8.30 P. M. Saturdays from 3.30 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert A. Rice.

FRAMINGHAM

Tuberculosis Dispensary, 12A Kendall Street (October 26, 1915):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 and from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. L. M. Palmer.

GARDNER

Gardner Tuberculosis Dispensary, Municipal Building (September 5, 1909):
Hours: — Daily except Sunday from 2 to 3 P. M. and two evenings a week.

GLOUCESTER

Gloucester Public Health Dispensary, Bergengren Building, Corner of Main and Hancock Streets (July, 1915):
Hours: — Wednesdays 3 P. M. Mondays 7.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles H. Morrow.

GREAT BARRINGTON

Anti-Tuberculosis Clinic, Mahaiwe Block (1912):

GREENFIELD

Tuberculosis Clinic, 473 Main Street:
Hours: — Wednesdays from 1 to 2 P. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. G. Best.

HAVERHILL

Haverhill Dispensary, City Hall (March, 1908):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. Friday evenings. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. I. J. Clarke.

HOLYOKE

Board of Health Dispensary, City Hall Annex (August 1, 1915):
Hours: — Tuesdays 4.30 to 6.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert E. Cleary.

LAWRENCE

Anti-Tuberculosis League Dispensary, 31 Jackson Street (April 1, 1910):
Hours: — Daily except Wednesdays from 2 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays from 9 to 10 A. M. Thursdays from 6.30 to 7.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George B. Sargent.

LEOMINSTER

Public Health Dispensary, Municipal Building (July 1, 1915):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 3 to 4 and 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frederick C. Shoultis, "The Richardson."

LOWELL

City of Lowell Dispensary, City Hall (1915):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. Thursdays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Francis A. Finnegan.

LYNN

Lynn Tuberculosis Dispensary — Lynn Hospital (1907):
Hours: — Thursdays at 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. J. White.

MALDEN

Public Health Dispensary (June 1, 1915):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays from 7 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles E. Prior.

MARLBOROUGH

Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall:
Hours: — Mondays 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 6 to 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. J. Kelly.

MEDFORD

Medford Tuberculosis League Dispensary, 14 Salem Street (June 30, 1915):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. and from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. E. R. Fleming.

MELROSE

Melrose Public Health Dispensary, Melrose Hospital (November, 1915):
Hours: — Daily from 8 to 9 A. M. (A general clinic to which tuberculosis patients are admitted.) *Tuberculosis class:* — Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. P. Holden.

MILFORD

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Park Terrace:
Hours: — Daily from 3 to 4 P. M. and in the evening. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. H. Lally.

MIDDLEBORO

Out Patient Department of the Lakeville State Sanatorium:
Open all the time.

NEW BEDFORD

New Bedford Free Clinic, 598 Pleasant Street, Rooms 4 and 5:
Hours: — Saturdays from 9 to 10 A. M. Wednesdays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. John C. Hathaway and Dr. Sumner C. Remick.

NEWBURYPORT

Newburyport Anti-Tuberculosis Association Tuberculosis Clinic, 3 State Street, Room 3 (March, 1909):
Hours: — Wednesdays 9.30 A. M. and as long as necessary throughout the morning. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Arthur C. Nason and Dr. Randolph C. Hurd.

NEWTON

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Newton Hospital:
Hours: — Tuesdays from 5 to 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Francis G. Curtis, City Hall.

NORTH ADAMS

North Adams Dispensary, Board of Health, City Hall (July 1, 1914):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert J. Carpenter.

NORTHAMPTON

City Tuberculosis Dispensary, 90 Main Street (July 1, 1915):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William J. Collins.

NORTH WILMINGTON

Out Patient Department of the North Reading State Sanatorium:
Open all the time.

NORWOOD

Norwood Tuberculosis Dispensary, Corner House:
Physician in Charge: — Dr. Griffin.

PEABODY

Board of Health Dispensary, 47 Lowell Street:
Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ralph E. Foss.

PITTSFIELD

Dispensary of Pittsfield Anti-Tuberculosis Association, House of Mercy Hospital (October, 1908):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 7 to 8 P. M. Thursdays from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. H. Howard.

PLYMOUTH

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Governor Bradford Building:
Physician in Charge: — Dr. J. Holbrook Shaw.

QUINCY

Tuberculosis Dispensary, 123 Franklin Street:
Hours: — Tuesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. Fridays from 6 to 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William J. McCausland.

REVERE

Public Health Dispensary, City Hall:
Hours: — Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. Tuesdays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. I. P. Park.

RUTLAND

Out Patient Department of the Rutland State Sanatorium:
Open all the time.

SALEM

Salem Tuberculosis Dispensary, 5 St. Peter Street (January 8, 1908):
Hours: — Daily from 1.30 to 5 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Walter G. Phippen and Dr. W. V. McDermott.

SOMERVILLE

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Broadway (March, 1911):
Hours: — Open all the time; maintained in connection with Tuberculosis Hospital. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frank L. Morse.

SOUTHBRIDGE

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Town Hall:
Hours: — Mondays from 5 to 7 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. S. Conway and Dr. J. E. Donais.

SPRINGFIELD

Dispensary of the Springfield Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, 15 Edwards Street (January, 1907):
Hours: — Open from 8.30 A. M. to 5 P. M. Fridays at 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. L. Schadt.

TAUNTON

City Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall (September 1, 1915): *Hours:* — Tuesdays from 10.30 to 12 M. Thursdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Thomas F. Clark.

WAKEFIELD

Public Health Dispensary, Main Street: *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Joseph Heath.

WALTHAM

Waltham Tuberculosis Dispensary, 826 Main Street (1911): *Hours:* — Thursdays from 2 to 3 P. M. and 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. B. Fuller.

WEBSTER

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Tracy Block, Main Street: *Hours:* — Wednesdays from 3 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 6.30 to 7.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. A. Paquin.

WESTFIELD

Out Patient Department of the Westfield State Sanatorium: Open all the time.

WEYMOUTH

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Jackson Square, East Weymouth: *Hours:* — Tuesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. and from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Frederick L. Doucett, East Weymouth and Dr. George E. Emerson, South Weymouth.

WINCHESTER

Winchester Tuberculosis Dispensary, Waterfield Building (1911): *Hours:* — Wednesdays at 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. C. J. Allen and Dr. Frederika Moore.

WINTHROP

Tuberculosis Dispensary (1915): *Hours:* — Tuesdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Raymond B. Parker.

WOBURN

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Board of Health Rooms: *Hours:* — Mondays from 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ada H. Tedford.

WORCESTER

Putnam Ward — Belmont Hospital (December 7, 1914): *Hours:* — Wednesdays and Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* Dr. A. C. Getchell.

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Worcester City Hospital (January, 1904): *Hours:* — Wednesdays and Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George Emory.

MICHIGAN

BATTLE CREEK

Battle Creek Dispensary, Sanitarium College Building (1908): *Hours:* — Daily from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. E. Cooper.

Calhoun County Free Dispensary, City Hall (March, 1916):
Hours: — Thursday afternoons. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. A. S. Kimball and Dr. F. W. Phillips.

BAY CITY

Civic League Free Dispensary, 609 Fifth Avenue (1908):
Hours: — Daily from 4.30 to 5.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. E. Ruggles, Chairman of Medical Staff.

CALUMET

Calumet City Dispensary (July 15, 1910):
Hours: — Saturdays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ryan. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. R. Dickens.

DETROIT

Board of Health Tuberculosis Dispensary (Station No. 1), 33 Mullet Street (April, 1906):
Hours: — Week days from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Wednesdays from 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. V. C. Vaughan, Jr., A. M. Wehenkel, C. H. Merrill.

Board of Health Tuberculosis Dispensary (Station No. 2), 578 Wesson Avenue (1913):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 10 to 12 M. Mondays from 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. A. M. Wehenkel, V. C. Vaughan, Jr., and C. H. Merrill.

Board of Health Tuberculosis Dispensary (Station No. 3), 1257 DuBois Street (1914):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 3 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. V. C. Vaughan, Jr., A. M. Wehenkel, C. H. Merrill.

Board of Health Tuberculosis Dispensary (Station No. 4), 11 Vanderbilt Street (1916):
Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Fridays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. V. C. Vaughan, Jr., C. H. Merrill.

Delray Tuberculosis Clinic, 2335 W. Jefferson Street (May, 1911):
Hours: — Open Tuesdays and Saturdays from 9 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frederick C. Clippert.

Hamtramck Dispensary (September, 1914):
Hours: — Daily from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. C. G. Morris, and Dr. X. A. Jones, Health Officer of Hamtramck Township.

GRAND RAPIDS

Free Dispensary of the Grand Rapids Anti-Tuberculosis Society (July 1, 1908):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William M. Northrup.

HANCOCK

Hancock City Dispensary (October 1, 1910):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. R. Dickens. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. F. Fischer.

JACKSON

Jackson Free Dispensary, Jackson and Main Streets (April, 1916):
Physicians in Charge: — Dr. G. R. Pray, Dr. W. L. Finton, and Dr. W. H. Enders.

KALAMAZOO

Kalamazoo Tuberculosis Dispensary, 114 East Lovell Street (November 20, 1912):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4.30 to 6 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. R. G. Leland and Staff.

LANSING

Lansing Free Clinic (1914):

Hours: — Fridays from 8 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. W. Bartholomew, City Physician. Other physicians volunteer for six months' term.

Lansing Free Tuberculosis Dispensary, Pruden Building (February 26, 1916):

Hours: — Saturdays from 8 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. W. Bartholomew, City Physician. Other physicians assist.

SAGINAW

Saginaw Anti-Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall (December, 1909):

Hours: — Open every day except Sunday from 10 to 12 M. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Lillian I. Nichols.

MINNESOTA

DULUTH

Free Tuberculosis Clinic (June 1, 1910):

Conducted by the County Sanatorium Commission and the Duluth Health Department. *Hours:* — Tuesdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Medical Directors:* — Dr. A. T. Laird, Dr. R. Graham and Dr. L. M. Manley.

MINNEAPOLIS

Minneapolis City Hospital Tuberculosis Dispensary (May, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 5 to 6 P. M. *Superintendent:* — Dr. Herbert O. Collins.

University Free Dispensary (1898):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Jennings C. Litzenberg.

ST. PAUL

New Central Dispensary of the St. Paul Anti-Tuberculosis Committee, 204 W. 9th Street (December 12, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays at 10 A. M. Other week days at 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. L. Taylor.

MISSOURI

KANSAS CITY

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the City Health Department of Kansas City (September 27, 1909):

Hours: — Daily from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. L. Gist.

ST. JOSEPH

Dispensary of the Buchanan County Society for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (August 1, 1911):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. O. C. Gebhart.

ST. LOUIS

Alexian Brothers' Hospital Dispensary, 3933 S. Broadway (1912):

Hours: — Week days from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. David R. Lamb.

Washington University Dispensary, Tuberculosis Clinic, **Kingshighway and** Forest Park:
Hours: — Week days from 10 A. M. to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. Canby Robinson.

St. Louis Jewish Hospital Dispensary, Tuberculosis Clinic, **9th and Carr** Streets:
Hours: — Week days from 9 A. M. to 12.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Kopelowitz.

Mullanphy Hospital Dispensary (1861):
Hours: — Week days from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Edward Sheehan.

Physicians' and Surgeons' Dispensary, Jefferson and Gamble Streets (1879):
Hours: — Week days from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. A. Glascock.

St. John's Dispensary, 2228 Locust Street:
Hours: — Week days from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. P. Buddy.

St. Louis Municipal Tuberculosis Clinic, 11th and Market Streets:
Hours: — Week days from 8 to 11 A. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Paul F. Kistner.

St. Louis University Clinic, Grand Avenue and Caroline Street (1890):
Hours: — Daily from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Hanan W. Loeb.

National University Dispensary, Garrison and Ewing Streets (1911):
Hours: — Week days from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. S. Rehfield.

Central Tuberculosis Clinic, 1112 Chestnut Street (1910):
Hours: — Daily from 8 to 11 A. M. and from 4 to 6 P. M.

Branch Dispensary No. 1, 3745 North Broadway (January, 1916):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 10 A. M. to 11 A. M.

Branch Dispensary No. 4, 907 S. Vandeventer Avenue (January, 1916):
Hours: — Wednesdays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 11 A. M.

NEBRASKA

OMAHA

Creighton Tuberculosis Dispensary, 14th and Davenport Streets (April, 1914):
Hours: — Two hours in the morning and two hours in the afternoon. *Physician in Charge of Tuberculosis Department:* — Dr. A. K. Detwiler.

Free Dispensary of the State University Medical College, 1716 Dodge Street (July 24, 1912):
Hours: — Open daily except Sundays from 1 to 5.30 P. M. *Chairman Dispensary Committee:* — Dr. E. L. Bridges. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Bessie Randall.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

MANCHESTER

Tuberculosis Clinic, Manchester District Nursing Association (February 1, 1916):
Hours: — Saturdays at 2.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert B. Kerr.

NEW JERSEY

BAYONNE

Bayonne Clinic of the Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, 5 East 21st Street (November 21, 1912):

Hours: — Daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5 P. M. Tuesdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. W. Brooke, Dr. W. W. Riha.

BOUND BROOK

General Dispensary of the Department of Public Health Service of the Woman's Literary Club (1912):

Hours: — Daily from 8 to 10 A. M.

ELIZABETH

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Elizabeth General Hospital (July 15, 1909):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2.30 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John E. Runnells.

HOBOKEN

Hoboken Clinic of the Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, 213 Clinton Street (September 23, 1912):

Hours: — Daily, except Sundays and holidays, from 3 to 5 P. M. Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. S. Branner, Dr. Hugo Alexander.

HUDSON COUNTY

Hudson County Tuberculosis Clinics:

The Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital and Sanatorium maintains five tuberculosis clinics in various parts of Hudson County. *Medical Director:* — Dr. B. S. Pollak. *Attending Surgeon:* — Dr. Harold W. Brown. *Dental Surgeon:* — F. W. Ziebell. The five clinics are located in Jersey City, Hoboken, Kearny, Union Hill and Bayonne, and are listed under these several cities.

JERSEY CITY

Jersey City Clinic of the Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, 201 Montgomery Street (December 10, 1910):

Hours: — Daily except Sundays and holidays from 9 to 5 P. M. Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. A. E. Jaffin, Dr. F. J. Short, Dr. H. W. Brown.

KEARNY

West Hudson Clinic of the Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, 41 Kearny Avenue (October 24, 1914):

Hours: — Daily except Sundays and holidays from 3 to 5 P. M. Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. A. A. Mutter, Dr. R. H. Ballinger.

MONTCLAIR

Dispensary of the Mountainside Hospital (November 30, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Walter B. Mount.

NEWARK

Glen Gardner Clinic, Board of Health Building, Broad and Plane Streets (March 18, 1908):

Examining Clinic for admission to the State Sanatorium from Newark and vicinity. *Hours:* — Wednesdays from 9.30 to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Henry B. Dunham.

Newark Clinic (for Newark Patients), Board of Health Building, Broad and Plane Streets:

Hours: — Mondays at 10 A. M. Week days from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Thomas N. Gray.

ORANGE

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Memorial Hospital (April 1, 1904):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 12 M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ralph H. Hunt.

PASSAIC

Free Tuberculosis Clinic (1915):
Hours: — Saturdays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. J. Van Schott.

PATERSON

Paterson Tuberculosis Clinic (August 23, 1909):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. O. R. Hagan.

PHILLIPSBURG

Dispensary of Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 5, 1911):
Hours: — Thursdays from 3 to 4 P. M.

PLAINFIELD

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Anti-Tuberculosis League of Plainfield and North Plainfield, 109 Madison Avenue (August 21, 1913):
Hours: — Wednesdays from 8 to 9 A. M. Saturdays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. J. Hughes.

TRENTON

City Dispensary (July 1, 1912):
Hours: — Mondays from 12 M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. A. Taylor.

UNION HILL

North Hudson Clinic of the Hudson County Tuberculosis Hospital, 181 Park Avenue (October 5, 1912):
Hours: — Daily except Sunday and holidays from 3 to 5 P. M. Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 6.30 to 8 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. A. Brady, Dr. H. J. Spalding.

NEW YORK

ALBANY

South End Dispensary, Clinic for Pulmonary Diseases, 2 Ash Grove Place (July 1, 1908):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 5.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Clinton B. Hawn and Dr. C. A. Rissberger.

AMSTERDAM

City Tuberculosis Dispensary, Market Street (September 13, 1910):
Hours: — Week days from 9 to 10 A. M. Tuesdays and Fridays from 3.30 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. H. M. Hicks and Dr. William H. Seward.

BUFFALO

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Buffalo Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis, 175 East Swan Street (July 1, 1908):
Hours: — Week days from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 7 to 9 P. M. Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. for children. Open for information, etc., every week day from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and on Tuesday evenings during clinics. *Physian in Charge:* — Dr. Francis J. Lennon.

COHOES

Cohoes Free Dispensary for Tuberculosis, City Hall, Room 25 (June 2, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Charles White, Dr. Matthew J. Keough, and Dr. Harry Gillen.

CORNING

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the City of Corning (September 1, 1912):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frank S. Swain, Health Officer. All city physicians in charge in turn. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Rebecca Hartranft, City Nurse.

DUNKIRK

Dunkirk Free Tuberculosis Dispensary, 324 Central Avenue (March 22, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. H. Vosburg. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Helen Brooks.

GLENS FALLS

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Glens Falls Committee on Tuberculosis (November, 1913):

Hours: — Thursday afternoons from 1 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Fred Fielding (Chief), Dr. A. W. Chapman, Dr. Floyd Palmer, Dr. B. Singleton, Dr. V. Selleck. *Clinic Nurse:* — Miss Lennie B. Arthur.

GLOVERSVILLE

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Gloversville Tuberculosis Committee, Sayre Building, 21 West Fulton Street (July, 1915):

Hours: — Fridays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. L. Johnson. *Staff of Physicians:* — Dr. Woodard Shaw and Dr. Homer H. Oaksford.

HORNELL

Hornell Tuberculosis Dispensary (1912):

Hours: — Open daily except Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M. and Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. L. M. Kysor, Dr. George Mitchel, and Dr. Fred Robbins. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Theo Hoel.

ITHACA

Free Dispensary for Lung Diseases, East Seneca Street (October 11, 1911):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. E. Merriam. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Florence L. Brown. *Nurse's Office Hours:* — Daily from 9 to 10 A. M. and from 4 to 5 P. M.

JAMESTOWN

Jamestown Tuberculosis Clinic, 232 South Main Street (January 15, 1910):

Physician in Charge: — Dr. J. J. Mahoney. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss E. M. Anderson.

JOHNSTOWN

Tuberculosis Dispensary (April, 1915):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Fridays from 3 to 6 P. M. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Hedwig Brockman.

LOCKPORT

Lockport Tuberculosis Dispensary, Ashley Building, Pine Street (June 10, 1913):

Hours: — Daily from 9 to 10 A. M. Tuesdays and Thursdays from 5 to 7 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. N. Palmer.

MIDDLETOWN

Tuberculosis Dispensary of Middletown, 66 East Main Street (January 25, 1911):

Hours: — Week days from 8.30 to 9.30 A. M. and from 1 to 2 P. M. Tuesdays from 3 to 5 P. M. Saturdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Donovan. *Staff of Physicians:* — Dr. T. D. Mills, Dr. M. A. Stivers, Dr. D. B. Hardenbergh, Dr. A. B. Chappell, Dr. J. Hanmer, and Dr. R. Kearns.

NEWBURGH

Clinic of Newburgh Anti-Tuberculosis Society, 21 Grand Street (March 15, 1912):

Hours: — Mondays and Wednesdays from 3 to 5 P. M. Wednesdays from 8 to 9 P. M. Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. E. Barth and Dr. A. J. Benedict.

NEW YORK CITY (Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx)

The Association of Tuberculosis Clinics, 105 East 22nd Street (1908):

President: — Dr. James Alexander Miller. *Secretary:* — Lawrence Veiller. *Assistant Secretary:* — Frank H. Mann. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss F. Elisabeth Crowell.

Bellevue Hospital Dispensary, Foot of East 26th Street (1903):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 3 P. M. Wednesdays from 7 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Tuesdays from 1.30 to 3 P. M. Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

German Hospital Dispensary, 76th Street and Park Avenue (1908):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays from 11 A. M. to 12 A. M. *Children's Clinics:* — Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M.

Gouverneur Hospital Dispensary, Gouverneur Slip (1903):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 4 to 6 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M.

Harlem Hospital Dispensary, 136th Street and Lenox Avenue (1904):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 7.30 to 9.30 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Tuesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. and Saturdays from 9.30 to 11.30 A. M.

Health Department — Chelsea Clinic, 307 West 33rd Street (1904):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Corlears, 331 Broome Street (1909):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Harlem Italian Clinic, 341 Pleasant Avenue (1910):

Hours: — Week days from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 4 P. M. Tuesdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Mott Haven Clinic, 493 East 139th Street (1910):

Hours: — Daily from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Tuesdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Stuyvesant Clinic, 111 East 10th Street (1910):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Tremont Clinic, Third Avenue and St. Paul's Place (1906):

Hours: — Daily from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Riverside Clinic, 481 West 145th Street:

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Washington Clinic, 22 Vandam Street (1912): *Hours:* — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Yorkville Clinic, 231 East 57th Street (1894): *Hours:* — Daily from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M.

Mt. Sinai Hospital Dispensary, Madison Avenue and 100th Street (1908): *Hours:* — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M.

New York Dispensary, 34 Spring Street (1907): *Hours:* — Week days from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M.

New York Hospital Dispensary, 8 West 16th Street (1907): *Hours:* — Mondays and Fridays from 2 to 3 P. M. Tuesdays and Thursdays from 7.30 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M.

Presbyterian Hospital Dispensary, Madison Avenue and 70th Street (1895): *Hours:* — Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays from 1.30 to 2.30 P. M. Tuesdays and Fridays from 7.30 to 8 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1.30 to 2.30 P. M.

St. Luke's Hospital Dispensary, Amsterdam Avenue and 113th Street (1906): *Hours:* — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 9 to 11 A. M.

Vanderbilt Clinic, Amsterdam Avenue and 60th Street (1902): *Hours:* — Week days from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 9 to 10.30 A. M. *Children's Clinics:* — Saturdays, 2 P. M.

NEW YORK (Borough of Brooklyn)

Health Department — Bay Ridge Clinic, Second Avenue and 60th Street (March 8, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 3 P. M.

Health Department — Brownsville Clinic, 64 Pennsylvania Avenue (1910): *Hours:* — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Eastern District Clinic, 306 South Fifth Street (July 1, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. *Children's Clinic,* Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Germantown Clinic, 55 Summer Avenue (April 15, 1911):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Prospect Clinic, Fleet and Willoughby Streets (1906): *Hours:* — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Parkville Clinic, 974 West Street (April, 1914): *Hours:* — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

NEW YORK (Borough of Queens)

Health Department — Flushing Clinic, 110 Broadway, Flushing, L. I. (February 9, 1914):

Hours: — Daily from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

Health Department — Jamaica Clinic, 10 Union Avenue (1910): *Hours:* — Daily from 2 to 4 P. M. Thursdays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Children's Clinic:* — Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M.

NEW YORK (Borough of Richmond)

Health Department — Richmond Clinic, Bay and Elizabeth Streets, Stapleton, S. I. (1912):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 4 P. M.

NIAGARA FALLS

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Niagara Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis, 44 Falls Street (February 17, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays from 2 to 4 P. M. for men. Thursdays from 2 to 4 P. M. for women. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George D. Stilson.

OLEAN

Olean Tuberculosis Dispensary, City Hall (September 1, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M.

OTISVILLE

Dispensary of the Otisville Sanatorium of the New York City Department of Health (July 24, 1911):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays from 5 to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. L. Rathbun.

PEEKSKILL

Tuberculosis Dispensary of Peekskill Tuberculosis Committee (September 22, 1914):

Physician in Charge: — Dr. Loewy. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Elizabeth Platt.

POUGHKEEPSIE

Relief Station for Diseases of the Lungs, Eastman Park (November, 1911):

Hours: — Thursdays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John S. Wilson.

ROCHESTER

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the Rochester Public Health Association (1898):

Hours: — Week days from 9 A. M. to 5.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. G. Whipple. There are 20 other physicians in attendance.

ROME

Rome Dispensary for Pulmonary Diseases, City Hall (April 30, 1908):

Temporarily discontinued.

SCHENECTADY

Schenectady Dispensary for Tuberculosis, City Hall Annex (June 23, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. J. Brewster and Dr. J. P. Faber.

SYRACUSE

Tuberculosis Clinic of the City of Syracuse, 610 East Fayette Street (April, 1908):

Hours: — Sundays from 3 to 4.30 P. M. Mondays and Thursdays from 2.30 to 4.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. H. B. Doust and Dr. F. H. Knoff.

TROY

Tuberculosis Relief Station, 2 Hill Street (May 20, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 5 P. M. *Nurse's Consulting Hours:* — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 9 to 10 A. M. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Catherine Corcoran. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Warren St. John, Dr. Irwin Johnston, Dr. A. J. Hambrook, Dr. George Reynolds, Dr. William J. Walsh, Dr. R. J. Irish.

UTICA

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Utica Free Dispensary, 224 Mary Street (November 1, 1909):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 8.30 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Florence I. Staunton.

WATERTOWN

Watertown Free Tuberculosis Dispensary, 162 Stone Street (February 1, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Chairman of Pathological Work:* — Dr. J. D. Olin. *Physicians:* — Dr. Lee Smith, Dr. W. J. Flint, Dr. Page E. Thornhill, Dr. L. G. Corrigan, Dr. J. R. Pawling, Dr. M. M. Gardner.

YONKERS

Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary, 291 Nepperhan Avenue (December 29, 1906):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 8 to 9 P. M. Tuesdays and Thursdays from 3.30 to 4.30 P. M. Saturdays from 12 to 1 P. M. *Attending Physicians:* — Dr. A. N. Benedict, Dr. R. B. Scofield, Dr. J. P. Trotter, Dr. B. H. Belches, Dr. C. A. Sweet, and Dr. A. Murphy.

NORTH CAROLINA

CHARLOTTE

Tuberculosis Dispensary of Mecklenburg County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):

Hours: — Week days from 12 to 1.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. John Q. Myers.

WINSTON-SALEM

Free Tuberculosis Dispensary (December 15, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Saturdays from 4 to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. M. Johnson.

OHIO

BRIDGEPORT

Dispensary of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Belmont County (January 1, 1913):

Nurse in Charge: — Miss Stella Tappan.

CHILLICOTHE

Dispensary of the Ross County Welfare League, 121 W. Main Street (April 1, 1911):

Hours: — Daily except Sundays from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

CINCINNATI

Cincinnati Tuberculosis Dispensary, 209 West 12th Street (September 1, 1907):

Hours: — Week days from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Mondays from 7 to 8 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. L. Teuchter.

CIRCLEVILLE

Dispensary of the Circleville Benevolent Association, 311½ East Main Street (1913):

Nurse in Charge: — Miss L. E. Phelps.

CLEVELAND

Tuberculosis Bureau of the City Health Department (1910):

Hours: — 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. H. Bishop, Jr.

No. 1 Dispensary, Lakeside Hospital Dispensary, 1122 Lakeside Avenue (October 6, 1904):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. Saturdays for children only. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. W. Morehouse.

No. 2 Dispensary, 502 Central Avenue (August 28, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. Saturday clinic especially for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Placak.

No. 3 Dispensary, 2165 Gehring Avenue (September 15, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. Saturday clinic especially for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. P. McNamee.

No. 4 Dispensary, 8906 Woodland Avenue (July 28, 1913):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. Saturday clinic especially for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Grossman.

No. 5 Dispensary, 1114 East 79th Street (October 1, 1914):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. Saturday clinic especially for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. J. Keeley.

No. 6 Dispensary, 6028 Pear Avenue (November, 1915):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 1 to 2.30 P. M. Thursdays from 6 to 7 P. M. chiefly for people who work. Saturday clinic especially for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. O. Wister.

COLUMBUS

Columbus Free Dispensary, 222 East Long Street (January 29, 1906):

Hours: — Daily except Sundays from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Examining days Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 3 to 5 P. M. Tuberculin clinic Mondays 3.30 to 5 P. M. *Examining Physician:* — Dr. E. A. Harper. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. O. Probst.

DAYTON

The Tuberculosis Clinic (March, 1914):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Saturdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Sidney D. Smith.

HAMILTON

Hamilton Anti-Tuberculosis League Dispensary, 327 South 2nd Street (September 19, 1912):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. M. F. Vereker and Dr. W. E. Griffith.

PORTSMOUTH

Tuberculosis Dispensary (September, 1914):

Physician in Charge: — Dr. C. W. Wendelken.

SPRINGFIELD

Dispensary of the City Board of Health (1915):

Physician in Charge: — Dr. E. B. Starr.

TOLEDO

Thalian Dispensary, 501 North Erie Street (1905):

Hours: — Thursday and Saturday mornings. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles G. Souder.

WARREN

Tuberculosis Dispensary, 29½ Market Street (February, 1914):

Hours: — Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Helen Derby.

YOUNGSTOWN

Out-Patient Department of the Youngstown Hospital Association (January 20, 1914):

Hours: — Every day but Sundays and holidays. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. E. Welch.

OREGON

PORTLAND

Portland Free Tuberculosis Dispensary, No. 286 Burnside Street (March 11, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. Ray W. Matson and Ralph C. Matson.

PENNSYLVANIA

ALLENTOWN (Lehigh County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 51, 118 North 5th Street (February 28, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. During July and August from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. D. Kline.

ALTOONA (Blair County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 14, 1214 Twelfth Street (December 10, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Joseph D. Findley.

ARDMORE (Montgomery County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 117, 12 Cricket Avenue (June 4, 1914):

Hours: — Thursdays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. H. Davisson.

BANGOR (Northampton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 87, 20 Market Street (December 4, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. A. Seem.

BEAVER FALLS (Beaver County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 103, 1625 Seventh Avenue (December 18, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Bruce Snodgrass.

BELLEFONTE (Center County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 7, 5 East High Street (November 5, 1907):

Hours: — 10.30 to 11.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. M. Huff.

BERWICK (Columbia County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 16, 108 West Second Street (November 5, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 7.45 to 11.45 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. B. Arment.

BRADDOCK (Allegheny County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 101, 812 Braddock Avenue (March 27, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. K. Whitfield.

BRADFORD (McKean County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 38, 21 Main Street (February 14, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. C. Hogan.

BRISTOL (Bucks County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 82, 114 Mill Street (November 24, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. de B. Abbott.

BROOKVILLE (Jefferson County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 102, 72 Pickering Street (December 4, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. A. Haven.

BROWNSVILLE (Fayette County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 114, High and Bridge Streets (May 5, 1910):

Hours: — Thursdays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. S. Hoover.

BUTLER (Butler County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 15, 129 E. Diamond Street (November 15, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10 to 12 M. and from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. D. Hockenberry.

CARBONDALE (Lackawanna County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 84, 35 N. Church Street (December 3, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. J. Lowery.

CARLISLE (Cumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 4, 51 W. High Street (October 25, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 12 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. B. Bashore.

CHAMBERSBURG (Franklin County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 11, Chambersburg Trust Company Building (November 10, 1907):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Kinter.

CHESTER (Delaware County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 12, 310 Edgemont Avenue (November 12, 1907):

Hours: — Daily except Fridays and Saturdays from 2 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. W. Wood.

CLARION (Clarion County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 43, Office of Dr. F. P. Phillips (January 21, 1908):

Hours: — By appointment.

CLEARFIELD (Clearfield County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 62, 302 Market Street (May 7, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 10.30 A. M. to 12.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. C. Stewart.

COATESVILLE (Chester County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 75, Main Street and P. & R. Railroad (November 17, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. A. Graves.

COLUMBIA (Lancaster County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 74, 407 Locust Street (November 26, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Richard Reeser.

CONNELLSVILLE (Fayette County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 70, 2nd National Bank Building (November 23, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. T. B. Echard.

CORRY (Erie County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 99, 45 N. Center Street (December 4, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. B. Kibler.

COUDERSPORT (Potter County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 27, Office of Dr. E. H. Aschraft (February 24, 1908):

Hours: — By appointment.

CRESSON (Cambria County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 116, Cresson Sanatorium (February 1, 1913):

Hours: — Week days from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. G. Turnbull.

DANVILLE (Montour County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 280, 110 Bloom Street (December 14, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Cameron Shultz.

DOYLESTOWN (Bucks County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 23, 114 N. Main Street (May 30, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. I. S. Plymire.

DU BOIS (Clearfield County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 95, 2 S. Main Street (December 5, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Wednesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. R. Jordan.

DUSHORE (Sullivan County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 59, Kline's Opera House (April 8, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. P. G. Biddle.

EASTON (Northampton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 52, 222 Ferry Street (April 28, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. E. M. Green, Dr. T. C. Zulick.

EMPORIUM (Cameron County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 8, Office of Dr. H. S. Falk (October 5, 1907):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M.

ERIE (Erie County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 3, 510 State Street (December 10, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Saturdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. W. Wright.

EVERETT (Bedford County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 61, 8 East Main Street (April 14, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. de la M. Hill.

FRANKLIN (Venango County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 72, 1115 Elk Street (November 11, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Thursdays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. F. McDowell.

GETTYSBURG (Adams County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 60, 135 Baltimore Street (May 19, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. R. Dickson.

GREENSBURG (Westmoreland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 57, Coulter Building:

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. I. M. Portser.

HAMBURG (Berks County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 118, Hamburg Sanatorium (October 24, 1914):

Hours: — Daily from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Thomas H. A. Stites.

HANOVER (York County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 86, 388 Franklin Street (December 4, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — J. H. Bittinger.

HARRISBURG (Dauphin County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 13, 106 N. Second Street (March 28, 1908):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. R. Phillips.

HASTINGS (Cambria County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 69, 4th Avenue between Beaver and Spangler Streets (November 24, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. S. Rice.

HAZELTON (Luzerne County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 68, 17 S. Wyoming Avenue (November 3, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Wednesdays from 1 to 3.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. L. Hutchison.

HOMESTEAD (Allegheny County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 100, 318 Eighth Avenue (December 12, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. P. Fogleman.

HONESDALE (Wayne County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 13, 907 Main Street (January 3, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. L. B. Nielsen.

HUNTINGDON (Huntingdon County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 47, 516 Penn Street (April 3, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 1.30 to 3.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. C. Frontz.

INDIANA (Indiana County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 48, 640 Philadelphia Street (February 26, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. A. Simpson.

JENKINTOWN (Montgomery County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 73, 30 Leedom Street (November 14, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. Jameson.

JOHNSTOWN (Cambria County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 9, 440 Lincoln Street (November 26, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. E. Matthews.

KANE (McKean County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 115, Eckel's Block, 40 Fraley Street (June 15, 1910):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. L. W. Dana.

KITTANNING (Armstrong County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 24, 186 N. McKean Street (November 5, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. T. N. McKee.

LANCASTER (Lancaster County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 30, 14 S. Prince Street (January 3, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. First and third Fridays from 8.30 to 9.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. L. Mowery.

LANSFORD (Carbon County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 38, 18 Tunnell Street (December 2, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Wednesdays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. P. Hill.

LEBANON (Lebanon County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 5, 110 N. Ninth Street (December 21, 1907):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 9 A. M. to 12 M. Saturdays from 2 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. J. Riegel.

LEWISTOWN (Mifflin County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 10, 49 West Market Street (February 18, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* Dr. C. H. Brisbin.

LOCK HAVEN (Clinton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 48, 209 East Water Street (May 14. 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. B. Watson.

LYKENS (Dauphin County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 78, 252 Main Street (November 25, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. M. D. Lehr.

McCONNELLSBURG (Fulton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 17, Office of Dr. J. W. Mosser (December 10, 1907):

Hours: — By appointment.

McKEESPORT (Allegheny County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 81, 728 Market Street (December 2, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. P. Blose.

MAUCH CHUNK (Carbon County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 45, National Bank Building (March 20, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. G. Bray.

MEADVILLE (Crawford County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 41, 271 Arch Street (February 13, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. K. Roberts.

MEYERSDALE (Somerset County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 30, Office of Dr. C. P. Large (December 4, 1907):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 1 to 3 P. M.

MIFFLINBURG (Union County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 29, Office of Dr. C. H. Dimm (January 4, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 12 M. to 1 P. M.

MIFFLINTOWN (Juniata County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 26, Main and Orange Streets (December 17, 1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. H. Banks.

MILFORD (Pike County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 19, Office of Dr. W. B. Kenworthy (December 6, 1907):

Hours: — By appointment.

MILTON (Northumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 92, 1 Bound Avenue (December 1, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. B. Tule.

MONESSEN (Westmoreland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 88, Venneri Building (December 7, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays and Saturdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. M. J. Cramer.

MONONGAHELA CITY (Washington County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 55, 433 Main Street (February 20, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. B. Wood.

MONTROSE (Susquehanna County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 49, 26 Chestnut Street (March 27, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 7 to 8 P. M. Fridays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. G. Wilson.

MT. CARMEL (Northumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 71, First National Bank Building (December 2, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays, Fridays, Saturdays, from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. T. Williams.

MT. PLEASANT (Westmoreland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 77, Braddock Building, Main and Church Streets (November 20, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. M. V. Horner.

NANTICOKE (Luzerne County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 113, 156 East Green Street (January 21, 1910):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. E. Bennett.

NEW BLOOMFIELD (Perry County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 325, Office of Dr. A. R. Johnston (January 9, 1908):

Hours: — 2 P. M. by appointment.

NEW CASTLE (Lawrence County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 35, 112 N. Mill Street (January 24, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 1 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. D. Moore.

NORRISTOWN (Montgomery County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 31, 415 Swede Street (Bean Building):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 2.30 to 4.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. H. Whitcomb.

OIL CITY (Venango County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 32, 12 East First Street (December 13, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 12.30 to 2.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. P. Strayer.

PHILADELPHIA

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 21, 1630 Poplar Street (January 7, 1908):

Hours: — Week days from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. New patients must apply at 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. P. Francine.

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 107, 1731 Orthodox Street (April 26, 1909):

Hours: — Week days except Saturdays from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. New patients must apply at 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. J. Murphy.

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 31, 1400 South 24th Street (November 10, 1912):

Hours: — Week days from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. New patients must apply at 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. J. Repplier assisted by others.

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Jefferson Hospital Department for Diseases of the Chest (October 1, 1913):

Hours: — Open daily from 11 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. Thomas McCrae and Dr. E. H. Funk.

Jewish Consumptives Institute of Philadelphia for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 11, 1910):

Hours: — Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays from 12 M. to 2 P. M. Thursdays at 12 M. for nose and throat. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Max Sholler.

Kensington Dispensary for the Treatment of Tuberculosis, Hancock Street and Susquehanna Avenue (March 29, 1906. Incorporated October 15, 1907):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 3 P. M. *Children's Clinics:* — Wednesdays at 4 P. M., and Saturdays at 11 A. M. *Evening Clinics:* — Thursdays 8 P. M. *Deaconess in Charge:* — Sister Maria Roeck. Staff of 24 physicians, a visiting physician, a dentist, a pharmacist, and a visiting nurse are connected with the institution.

Tuberculosis Dispensary, Lebanon Hospital, 459 West Street (January 15, 1909):

Hours: — Week days from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. Reiss.

The Matilda H. Loeb Dispensary of the Jewish Hospital of Philadelphia, Diseases of the Lung (July, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays at 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. Fetterman, Jr.

Dispensary of the Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment, and Prevention of Tuberculosis, 7th and Lombard Streets:

Hours: — Week days from 9 to 10 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. R. M. Landis.

Presbyterian Hospital, Tuberculosis Dispensary (November 11, 1907):

Hours: — Wednesdays at 10.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Frank A. Craig.

Dispensary of the Rush Hospital for the Treatment of Consumption and Allied Diseases:

Hours: — Week days from 2.30 to 3.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. T. M. Tyson, J. D. McLean, Ross Skillern, Henry P. Jump, S. L. Wingrade, L. P. Vattier.

PHILLIPSBURG (Centre County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 80, Potter Arcade, Front Street (December 1, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 2 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. E. McGirk.

PHOENIXVILLE (Chester County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 76, 215½ Church Street (December 2, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 2.30 to 4.30 P. M. and Mondays from 2.30 to 3.30 P. M. and 8 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. A. Rulon.

PITTSBURGH

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 20, 12 Tunnel Street (January 21, 1908):

Hours: — Week days from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. M. Rinehart.

South Side Babies' Dispensary of the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh, 93 South 15th Street (February 10, 1912):

Hours: — Daily from 9 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William Charles White.

Dispensary of the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh, 2851 Bedford Avenue (February, 1907):

Hours: — Week days from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. William Charles White.

PITTSTON (Luzerne County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 94, 80 N. Main Street (December 10, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. L. Underwood.

POTTSTOWN (Montgomery County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 106, 354 High Street (December 18, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. T. E. Wills.

POTTSVILLE (Schuylkill County):

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 66, 121 Mahantonga Street (April 28, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. L. T. Kennedy.

PUNXSUTAWNEY (Jefferson County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 64, Walnut and Mulberry Streets (May 11, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays from 1 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. S. M. Beyer.

READING (Berks County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 37, 537 Buttonwood Street (January 15, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Israel Cleaver.

RENOVO (Clinton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 112, 7th Street near Erie Avenue (December 20, 1909):

Hours: — Tuesdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. L. Fullmer.

RIDGWAY (Elk County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 42, 352 East Main Street (January 21, 1908):

Hours: — Fridays from 11 to 12 M. and 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. G. Flynn.

ROCHESTER (Beaver County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 22, 361 Brighton Avenue (January 24, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. B. B. Snodgrass.

SCRANTON (Lackawanna County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 40, 333 Adams Avenue (February 25, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. C. Reifsnyder.

SELINGSGROVE (Snyder County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 50, 106 South Market Street (February 4, 1911):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. F. Wagenseller.

SHAMOKIN (Northumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 53, 543 Market Street (March 10, 1908):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10 to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — R. H. Simmons.

SHARON (Mercer County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 36, 7 Dock Street:
Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. P. P. Fisher.

SHENANDOAH (Schuylkill County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 85, Line and Jardin Streets (December 2, 1908):
Hours: — Week days except Mondays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. M. Wasley.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM (Northampton County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 98, 126 W. Fourth Street (December 3, 1908):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. D. Chase.

STROUDSBURG (Monroe County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 65, 229 South Courtland Street (April 16, 1908):
Hours: — Fridays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. L. Angle.

SUNBURY (Northumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 110, 26 N. Fourth Street (July 2, 1909):
Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. B. Cressinger.

SUSQUEHANNA (Susquehanna County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 97, 16 East Main Street:
Hours: — Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. J. Peck.

TAMAQUA (Schuylkill County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 91, 8 Hunter Street (December 4, 1908):
Hours: — Tuesdays from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. B. Harding.

TARENTUM (Allegheny County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 111, National Bank Building (August 12, 1909):
Hours: — Tuesdays and Thursdays from 2 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. A. Arnold.

TIONESTA (Forest County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 34, Office of Dr. J. C. Bovard (December 20, 1907):
Hours: — By appointment.

TITUSVILLE (Crawford County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 90, Washington Street and Spruce Place (December 4, 1908):
Hours: — Thursdays from 11 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. E. Spicer.

TOWANDA (Bradford County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 44, Office of Dr. T. B. Johnson, Jr. (January 20, 1908):
Hours: — Thursdays from 1 to 3 P. M.

TUNKHANNOCK (Wyoming County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 56, Tioga and Bridge Streets (January 24, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays from 10 to 12 A. M. and from 1 to 2 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. H. L. McKown.

TYRONE (Blair County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 79, 1048 Logan Avenue (December 2, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 10 to 11 A. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. W. S. Musser.

UNIONTOWN (Fayette County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 67, 57 West Main Street (May 30, 1908):

Hours: —Tuesdays from 12.30 to 2.30 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. O. R. Altman.

WARREN (Warren County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 54, City Hall, Third and Hickory Streets (March 14, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 4 to 5 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. C. W. Schmehl.

WASHINGTON (Washington County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 105, 127 South Main Street (April 6, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 1 to 3 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. E. M. Hazlett.

WAYNESBORO (Franklin County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 106, Main and Potomac Streets (April 30, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays and Thursdays from 1 to 4 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. W. C. Schultz.

WAYNESBURG (Greene County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 63, Office of Dr. S. H. Iams (March 12, 1908):

Hours: — Thursdays from 1 to 2 P. M.

WEST CHESTER (Chester County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 6, 122 West Market Street (December 5, 1907):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 2 to 3 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. Joseph Scattergood.

WEST FAIRVIEW (Cumberland County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 98, Office of Dr. H. B. Bashore (September 30, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 1 to 2 P. M.

WILKES-BARRE (Luzerne County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 1, 184 South Washington Street:

Hours: — Week days from 3 to 5 P. M. ***Physician in Charge:*** — Dr. Charles W. Miner.

WILKINSBURG (Allegheny County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 109, 1001 Penn Avenue (July 15, 1909):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. M. McNall.

WILLIAMSPORT (Lycoming County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 33, 164 Pine Street (February 22, 1908):

Hours: — Wednesdays from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 12 M. and from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. C. W. Youngman.

YORK (York County)

State Department of Health Dispensary No. 2, 25 N. Duke Street (November 12, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays from 3 to 4.30 P. M. Tuesdays from 7 to 8.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. S. Miller.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

BATANGAS (Province of Batangas)

Batangas Tuberculosis Free Dispensary of the Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society:

Hours: — Daily from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Exequiel Castillo.

ILOILO (Province of Iloilo)

Iloilo Tuberculosis Free Dispensary of the Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society:

Hours: — Daily from 8 A. M. to 12 M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. José Soriano.

MANILA

Philippine General Hospital Free Dispensary, Tuberculosis Clinic:

Hours: — Daily from 7.30 to 10.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Ricardo Léynes.

Rizal Avenue Tuberculosis Free Dispensary of the Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society:

Hours: — Daily from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 3 to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Fortunato Pinedo.

RHODE ISLAND

NEWPORT

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Newport Hospital (1904):

Hours: — By appointment. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Norman M. MacLeod.

PAWTUCKET

Tubercluosis Clinic of the Memorial Hospital (December, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays from 4 to 5 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. William J. Graham and Dr. Peter L. Keough.

PROVIDENCE

North End Dispensary, 49 Orms Street (March 2, 1908):

Conducted by Providence Section of Council of Jewish Women. *Hours:* — Mondays and Fridays 9 to 10 A. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. William H. Peters and Dr. Jacob Kelley.

Evening Clinic — Providence City Hospital (January 20, 1911):
Hours: — Friday evenings from 8 to 9 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. D. L. Richardson and Dr. H. B. Jordan.

Out-Patient Department of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Rhode Island Hospital (July 1, 1900):
Hours: — Four days a week at 9 A. M. Saturdays for children.

Delaine Street Clinic (January, 1915):
Hours: — Saturdays 4 to 6 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. L. Richardson.

Tuberculosis Clinic, Homeopathic Hospital, 13 Green Street (January 3, 1916):
Hours: — Mondays from 9 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. R. Mc Nally.

RIVERPOINT

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Visiting Nurse and Anti-Tuberculosis Association of the Pawtuxet Valley (January 1, 1910):
Hours: — Saturdays from 3.30 to 4.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. Morton Smith. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Francis E. Strout.

WOONSOCKET

Clinic at Woonsocket Hospital (1915):
Hours: — Thursdays 10 to 12 A. M.

SOUTH CAROLINA

CHARLESTON

South Carolina Anti-Tuberculosis League's Dispensary for the Treatment of Consumption, Shirras Dispensary (January 25, 1909):
Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 4.30 to 5.30 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. John L. Dawson, Dr. F. B. Johnson, Dr. J. C. Sosowski, Dr. R. M. Pollitzer.

COLUMBIA

Dispensary of the Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (November, 1913):
Hours: — Mondays and Fridays from 4 to 5 P. M. Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 1 to 2 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. N. B. Heyward.

TENNESSEE

MEMPHIS

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Associated Charities (September 15, 1912):
Hours: — Open Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 2.30 to 4 P. M., and Tuesdays and Fridays at 7.30 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Cummings Harris.

NASHVILLE

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the City Board of Health (January 1, 1912):
Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 10 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. K. Alexander.

TEXAS

EL PASO

El Paso County Dispensary, South Campbell Street. (Established by El Paso Health League, July 1909; taken over by county, September, 1910):

Hours: — Week days from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. G. M. Thomas.

GALVESTON

Tuberculosis Clinic of the General Dispensary of the John Sealy Hospital:

Hours: — 12 to 1 P. M. Daily except Sundays. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Allen G. Heard.

HOUSTON

Tuberculosis Clinic of the Anti-Tuberculosis League, 608 Bagby Street January, 1912):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 3 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. M. B. Stokes and four other physicians.

WASHINGTON

BALLARD

Out-Patient Department of the Seattle Municipal Tuberculosis Hospital, Ballard City Hall:

Hours: — Mondays at 9 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert M. Stith.

SEATTLE

Out-Patient Department of the Municipal Tuberculosis Hospital, Seattle City Hall (August 16, 1910):

Hours: — Daily except Mondays and Wednesdays at 9 A. M. Wednesdays from 7 to 9 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert M. Stith.

VIRGINIA

CHARLOTTESVILLE

Tuberculosis Dispensary of the University of Virginia (1911):

Hours: — Thursdays from 3 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. R. W. Garnett.

NORFOLK

Clinic for Consumptives, 204 E. Charlotte Street (April, 1906):

Hours: — Four days a week from 2.30 to 4 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Charles R. Grandy.

RICHMOND

Tuberculosis Dispensary for White Patients of the Board of Health, 1412 East Franklin Street (1907):

Hours: — Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays from 12 M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Giles B. Cook. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. C. Levy, Chief Health Officer.

Tuberculosis Dispensary for Colored Patients of the Board of Health (November, 1907):

Hours: — Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays from 12 M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. P. D. Lipscomb. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. C. Levy, Chief Health Officer.

ROANOKE

Roanoke Free Medical Dispensary, 110 Randolph Street (1908):
Hours: — Two tuberculosis clinics each week. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. L. G. Pedigo and Dr. J. D. Willis.

WEST VIRGINIA

CHARLESTON

Dispensary of Anti-Tuberculosis League of Kanawha County (September 1, 1909):
Hours: — Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 2 to 4 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. B. S. Preston and Dr. G. H. Barksdale.

WISCONSIN

MILWAUKEE

Mount Sinai Hospital, 12th and Cedar Streets (November 15, 1914):
Hours: — Daily except Sundays from 8 to 9 A. M. and from 10 to 12 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Barnstein.

North Side Dispensary for Tuberculosis (January 1, 1910):
Hours: — Wednesdays 7 P. M. Saturdays from 9 to 12 M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. Ford and Dr. W. G. Weideman.

South Side Dispensary for Tuberculosis (April 27, 1908):
Hours: — Mondays from 3 to 4 P. M. Fridays from 7 to 9 P. M. Saturdays from 10 to 11 A. M. for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Robert C. Brown.

St. Mary's Hospital Dispensary (1912):
Hours: — Daily except Sundays from 8.30 to 11 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Bach.

Trinity Dispensary for Tuberculosis (March, 1910):
Hours: — Mondays from 8.30 to 10.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. A. Thompson.

WAUSAU

St. John's Infirmary Tuberculosis Dispensary (January 11, 1911):
Superintendent: — Rev. William E. Johnson. *Nurse in Charge:* — Miss Winifred E. Lott.

WEST ALLIS

Free Dispensary for Diseases of the Lungs (September, 1912):
Hours: — Mondays from 3 to 5 P. M. and Fridays from 7 to 9 P. M. for adults. Saturdays from 10 to 12 M. for children. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. T. Willett.

Open Air Schools and Classes for Children
in the
United States

Open Air Schools and Classes for Children
in the
United States

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

The open air school in America had its beginning as part of the anti-tuberculosis movement and has received its chief impetus from tuberculosis workers. While the open air school and fresh air class idea has long since grown beyond the limits of the anti-tuberculosis campaign, there seems to be no other movement which retains a closer relation to it than its parent movement. The inclusion of a list of open air schools in this Directory does not mean that all schools of this character are connected with the tuberculosis movement. There are hundreds of fresh air classes or " open air rooms " for normal children which are not included in this section. As near as can be estimated on March 1, 1916, there were at least 1,000 open air schools, open air rooms and fresh air classes of all kinds. This section of the Directory can only include a small portion of that number, and more particularly those that are closely related to the anti-tuberculosis movement.

ALABAMA

BIRMINGHAM

Open Air School at Red Mountain Sanatorium (1916):
A school has been opened at Red Mountain Sanatorium.

CALIFORNIA *

LONG BEACH

Open Air Study Hall, Long Beach High School (1914):
Capacity for open air classes: — 200.

*** Because of the favorable climate most of the modern schools, especially of Southern California, are entirely open, or readily convertible into open air schools. No accurate list of all such schools and rooms has been available for this Directory.**

OAKLAND

Hawthorne (Fruitvale School No. 2), Fruitvale Avenue and Tallant (August, 1910):

Capacity for open air classes: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. K. Foster. *Supported* by City School Department.

SAN DIEGO

Francis W. Parker School of San Diego (December, 1912):

For normal children only. *Capacity:* — 20 to a room; whole school open air. *Supported* by tuition fees and by Mr. William Templeton Johnson.

SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco Open Air School (February 25, 1916):

For children predisposed to tuberculosis. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Esther Rosencrantz. *Supported* by the San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The Board of Education supplies the teacher.

Fresh Air Class of Buenta Vista School, Bryant Street, between 18th and 19th Streets (November 30, 1914):

For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 30. *Supported* by the Associated Charities.

SANTA BARBARA

Open Air School:

Supported by the Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Santa Barbara.

COLORADO

DENVER

Steele Open Air School (1911):

Capacity: — 42. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John Chase, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education.

McKinley Open Air School, Louisiana and South Logan Streets (September 1, 1912):

Capacity: — 126. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John Chase, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Park Hill Open Air School, 19th and Elm Streets:

Capacity: — 84. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John Chase, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education.

CONNECTICUT

HARTFORD

Hartford Outdoor School (July 6, 1909):

Capacity: — 100. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry F. Stoll. *Supported* by Board of Education, Hartford Society for Prevention of Tuberculosis and Social Workers.

Open Air School of Hartford State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (October, 1914):

Capacity: — 26. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. S. Wagner. *Supported* by State of Connecticut.

NEW BRITAIN

Open Air School (September, 1911):

For anæmic and nervous children. *Capacity:* — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Waterman Lyon. *Supported* by Taxation.

NEW HAVEN

Open Air School, Edwards Street (April 1, 1911):

For normal children. *Capacity:* — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Z. A. Bonoff. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Room, Prince Street School (November, 1915):
For incipient tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Z. A. Bonoff. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air School, Worthington Hooker School (September, 1915):
For normal children. *Capacity:* — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Z. A. Bonoff. *Supported* by Board of Education.

SOUTH MANCHESTER

South Manchester Open Air School (January 25, 1911):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Thomas Sloan. *Supported* by School Board and private subscriptions.

WALLINGFORD

Open Air School of Gaylord Farm Sanatorium (1910):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. David R. Lyman. *Supported* by New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

WATERBURY

Waterbury Open Air School (1912):
Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. E. Farrell. *Supported* by the city.

DELAWARE

MARSHALLTON

Hope Farm Open Air School (November, 1910):
Capacity: — 6. *Supported* by Hope Farm Sanatorium.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

Fresh Air Class, Blake School, North Capitol, between K and L Streets (5th Grade, November, 1910; 6th Grade, November, 1912; 7th Grade, September, 1913):
Capacity for open air classes: — 124. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. C. Macatee. *Supported* by Board of Education and Associated Charities' Special School Fund.

Thaddeus Stevens Fresh Air Class, 21st Street, between K and L Streets, N. W. (October 16, 1912):
For Pre-Tuberculous and anæmic colored children. *Capacity for open air classes:* — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry W. Freeman. *Supported* by Board of Education and Associated Charities' Special School Fund.

GEORGIA

ATLANTA

Open Air School, Battle Hill Sanatorium (October 1, 1912):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Joseph H. Bradfield. *Supported* by Sanatorium and Board of Education.

Open Air School of the Lee Street Practice School (1914):
Capacity: — 180. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. N. Adkins. Opened as a result of funds raised by the Atlanta Anti-Tuberculosis and Visiting Nurse Association, but now under public school management.

Open Air School of the Tenth Street School (1915):
Capacity: — 180. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. N. Adkins.

DECATUR

Open Air School (Not yet in operation):
Funds are being accumulated for the school by city Superintendent of Schools.

ILLINOIS

CHICAGO

Armstrong School Open Air Room, Greenleaf and Ridge Avenues (April, 1913):
Supported by parents.

Burr Open Window Room, Wabansia and Ashland Avenues:
Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Rudolph Meyer. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium, and the Board of Education.

Elizabeth Mc Cormick Open Air School No. 1 and No. 2, 818 Gilpin Place (October, 1909, and October, 1911):
Capacity: — 2 rooms, 50 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. James A. Britton. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Foster Open Window Room, Union and O'Brien Streets (1912):
Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. B. I. Wyatt. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Franklin Open Window Room, Goethe Street, near Wells Street (1910):
Capacity: — 5 rooms, 150 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. O. W. Mc Michael. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Graham Open Window Room, 45th and Union Streets (October, 1911):
Capacity: — 3 rooms, 90 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. George A. Gardner. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Hamline School — Hamline Open Window Room, 48th and Bishop Streets (October, 1911):
Capacity: — 1 room, 25 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. C. Kluetgen. *Supported* jointly by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Holden Open Window Room, 31st and Loomis Streets:
Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. M. McEachern. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Haines Open Window Room, 231 23rd Place:
Capacity: — 1 room, 25 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. H. Finn. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Jewish Training School — Open Air Room, 12th Place and Clinton Street (January, 1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. H. Hershfield. *Supported* by Associated Jewish Charities of Chicago.

L. A. Budlong Open Window Room, West Foster Avenue, near Lincoln:
Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Madison Open Window Room, 75th and Dorchester Streets:
Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. H. C. Miller. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Moseley Open Window Room, 24th Street and Michigan Avenue (October, 1911):
Capacity: — 2 rooms; 60 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. J. Cole. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Phil Sheridan Branch No. 1 Open Window Room, 93rd Street and Houston Avenue:

Capacity: — 1 room; 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. F. H. Stevenson. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

Seward Open Window Room, 46th Street and Hermitage Avenue:

Capacity: — 1 room, 30 pupils. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. A. W. Anderson. *Supported* by the Elizabeth McCormick Memorial Fund, the Municipal Tuberculosis Sanitarium and the Board of Education.

HAWAII

HONOLULU

School for Tuberculous Children — Paola Day Camp:

Capacity: — 28.

INDIANA

FT. WAYNE

Open Air School for Tuberculous Children (1916):

Capacity: — 25. *Supported* by The Ft. Wayne Anti-Tuberculosis League in co-operation with the City School Board.

INDIANAPOLIS

Open Air School, Lucretia Mott School, Rural Street (February 1, 1913):

Capacity: — 50. *Supported* by School Board. Lunches and suits paid for by parents.

Open Air School for Tuberculous Children (September, 1914):

Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Alfred Henry. *Supported* by The Marion County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis and the City School Board.

Open Window Rooms, Irvington School No. 57 (1916):

Two rooms; *capacity:* — 84. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. W. Rubush.

SOUTH BEND

Open Air School:

Capacity: — 25. *Supported* by South Bend Anti-Tuberculosis League in co-operation with the City School Board.

Healthwin Open Air School (In connection with St. Joseph County Tuberculosis Hospital) (January, 1916):

Capacity: — 10. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James A. Duggan. *Supported* by voluntary contributions.

IOWA

DES MOINES

Open Air Class — North High School (November, 1914):

Enrolled: — 36. *Supported* by City.

DUBUQUE

Open Air Class of Public School (September, 1914):

Enrolled: — 15. *Supported* by City.

OAKDALE

Oakdale Open Air School (January, 1913):

Capacity: — 15. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. V. Scarborough. *Supported* by State.

Open Air School of Boston Consumptives' Hospital, Mattapan (1915):
Capacity: — Part of children's ward, with capacity for 60. *Medical Director:* — Under hospital staff.

BROOKLINE

Parsons School — Fresh Air Room, Walter Avenue (September, 1911):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Robert W. Hastings. *Supported* by regular school appropriation.

CAMBRIDGE

Felton Open Air Class (1910):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 15. *Medical Director.* — Dr. William E. Fleet. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Reed Open Air School:
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 15. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William H. Clancy. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Thorndike Open Air Class:
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 15. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John P. Nelligan. *Supported* by Board of Education.

CHELSEA

Fresh Air Class, Shurtleff School (September, 1912):
For children predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George B. Fenwick. *Supported* by Anti-Tuberculosis Association, private contributions and public schools funds.

Fresh Air Class, Williams School (September, 1912):
For children predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George B. Fenwick. *Supported* by Anti-Tuberculosis Association, private contributions and public school funds.

LANCASTER

Private Open Air School:
Principal: — Miss E. Louise Chickering.

PITTSFIELD

Dawes Open Air School, Elm Street:
Capacity: — 30. *Teacher:* — Mrs. Charles Corson.

SPRINGFIELD

Springfield Open Air School, Chestnut Street (November, 1911):
Capacity: — 42. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. R. Ober. *Supported* by Springfield Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis and the City.

WESTFIELD

Open Air School, Westfield State Sanatorium (March, 1912):
Capacity: — 110. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry D. Chadwick. *Supported* by general State maintenance appropriation.

WEST NEWTON

Pierce School, Chestnut Street:
Second and Third Grades, open air rooms. *Principal:* — Mr. Freeman.

WINCHESTER

Screened Room, Highland School (September, 1915):
For non tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 40. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ralph Putnam. *Supported* by School Department.

Open Air Room, Prince School (September, 1914):
For non tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 40. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ralph Putnam. *Supported* by School Department.

Screened Room, Wadleigh School (September, 1915):
For non-tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 40. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ralph Putnam. *Supported* by School Department.

WORCESTER

Open Window Class, Lamartine Street School (November, 1914):
For children predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. G. F. O'Day. *Supported* by City. Money for lunches furnished by Worcester Tuberculosis Relief Association.

MICHIGAN

BATTLE CREEK

No. 1 School, Champion Street (September, 1914):
Capacity: — 24. *Supported* by school funds; private contributions help to provide food.

No. 6 School, Maple Street (September, 1915):
Capacity: — 24. *Supported* by school funds; private contributions help to provide food.

No. 10 School, West Van Buren Street (September, 1915):
Capacity: — 24. *Supported* by school funds; private contributions help to provide food.

DETROIT

Herman Kiefer Open Air School, Blaine Street and Hamilton Boulevard (October, 1913):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. V. C. Vaughan, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education and Board of Health.

Marr Open Air School, Grand River and Boulevard (September, 1915):
Capacity: — 60. *Medical Director:* — Dr. V. C. Vaughan, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education and Board of Health.

Russell Open Air School (September, 1914):
Capacity: — 60. *Medical Director:* — Dr. V. C. Vaughan, Jr. *Supported* by Board of Education and Board of Health.

FLINT

Open Air School (Not yet in operation):
The school is under construction and will be opened in 1916.

GRAND RAPIDS

Open Air School, Franklin Street School (March, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Room, Lexington Street School (March, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Room, Sheldon Street School (Under construction):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Room, Sigsbee Street School (September, 1913):
Capacity: — 60. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education. Children supply their own luncheons and provide their own extra clothing.

West Leonard Open Air School (September, 1912):
Capacity: — 55. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education and the Thursday Fortnightly Club.

Open Window School, Walker Street (January, 1913):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John A. McColl. *Supported* by Board of Education with some volunteer help.

Open Air School of the Sigsbee School (September, 1911):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John E. McColl. *Supported* by the Board of Education. Each child pays for its own food.

JACKSON

Open Air School, Courtland Street (September, 1914):
For anemic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. J. Clarke. *Supported* by School Board and St. Katherine's Circle.

KALAMAZOO

Camp for Tuberculous Children of the Kalamazoo Open Air School (See Sanatorium Section).

Open Air Class (3 Classes) (1913):
Capacity. — [illegible] — 40 in each class. *Medical Inspector:* — Miss F. Elizabeth Barrett. *Supported* by School Board.

Open Air School, [illegible] Pine Street (April 21, 1913):
Capacity — 26. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. R. G. Leland. *Supported* by School Board.

LANSING

Open Air School (April 3, 1916):
Capacity: — 40. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. S. Bartholomew, City Physician. *Supported* by Board of Education.

MENOMINEE

Open Air School (1915):

PORT HURON

Open Air School (Not yet in operation):
School will be built during the year.

YPSILANTI

Normal School Open Air Class for Anemic Children (April, 1913):
Capacity. — 23. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. G. Westphal. *Supported* by State.

MINNESOTA

DULUTH

Open Air School, Fifty-seventh Avenue, West and Nicollet Street (October, 1913):
Capacity — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. H. Andres. *Supported* by School Board and Red Cross Seals.

GLADSTONE

Open Air School of the Children's Preventorium of Ramsey County (July, 1913):
Capacity — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. Longstreet Taylor. *Supported* by Tag Day contributions.

MINNEAPOLIS

Open Air Classes, Peabody School (March, 1912):
Capacity — 24. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles H. Keene. *Supported* by Board of Education and Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities.

Open Air Class, Thomas Arnold School (1913):
Capacity — 19. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles H. Keene. *Supported* by Board of Education and Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities.

NOPEMING

Open Air School of Nopeming Sanatorium:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. A. T. Laird.

MISSOURI

KANSAS CITY

Open Air School (Karnes School), Pacific and Holmes Streets (September, 1914):
Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. W. Schauffler. *Supported* by Jackson County Anti-Tuberculosis Society.

MT. VERNON

Open Air School of Missouri State Sanatorium (March 1, 1911):
Capacity for open air classes: — 40. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. C. English. *Supported* by regular maintenance fund appropriated by the State of Missouri.

ST. LOUIS

Open Air School, 1540 South Grand Avenue (May, 1915):
Capacity: — 150. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Stewart. *Supported* by Board of Education. Meals furnished by Tuberculosis Society to children unable to pay.

Open Air School, 5400 Natural Bridge (August 24, 1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Stewart. *Supported* by Board of Education. Meals furnished by Tuberculosis Society to children unable to pay.

NEW JERSEY

BAYONNE

Open Air School (Not yet in operation):
Provision has been made for an open air school to be opened probably in 1916.

CAMDEN

Bergen School Open Air Classes (September, 1913):
Capacity: — 70. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. Henry H. Davis. *Supported* by Board of Education.

HACKENSACK

Open Air Classes in Broadway School (February, 1914):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 48. *Medical Director:* — Dr. John H. D. Finke. *Supported* by taxation. Food furnished by private organization.

JERSEY CITY

Open Air Classes — School No. 32 (Two Classes) (November, 1914 and 1915):
Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Henry H. Brinkerhoff. *Supported* by Board of Education in co-operation with Jersey City Committee on Tuberculosis of the Woman's Club.

MONTCLAIR

Open Air Class, Cedar Avenue (October 10, 1910):
Capacity: — 21. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Stella S. Bradford. *Supported* by Board of Education in co-operation with the Montclair Tuberculosis Prevention and Relief Association.

NEWARK

Open Window Class, Camden Street School (March 10, 1913):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Garfield School (November, 1916):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Lafayette Street School (February, 1915):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Lawrence Street School (January, 1915):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, McKinley Street School (January, 1916):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Morton Street School (December 5, 1911):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Montgomery School (November 1, 1911):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Prospect Avenue School for Tuberculous Children (September, 1911):
Capacity: — 48. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George J. Holmes. *Supported* by Board of Education.

PLAINFIELD

Open Air School, Muhlenberg Place (April 29, 1913):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Edward S. Krans. *Supported* by Board of Education (paying for teacher) and Anti-Tuberculosis League.

TRENTON

Open Air Classes of Columbus School, Brunswick Avenue and Mulberry Street (February 2, 1914; September 12, 1915):
Capacity: — 32. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Clarence T. Slack. *Supported* by Board of Education. Mercer County Tuberculosis League supplies milk.

NEW YORK

ALBANY

Open Air Class, School No. 6, 105 Second Street (September 8, 1914):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Clinton P. McCord. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Albany Preventorium, Roof of School No. 14, Trinity Place (September 5, 1915):
Capacity: — 55. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Clinton P. McCord. *Supported* by Board of Education.

BROOKLYN (See New York, Borough of Brooklyn).

BUFFALO

Open Air Class, School 18 (February 24, 1913):
Capacity: — 150. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. W. Barrows. *Supported* by Department of Education.

Open Air Class, School 23, Delavan and Wyoming Streets (November 9, 1910):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Health Department and Medical School Inspectors. *Supported* by public funds through the Department of Education.

Open Air Class, School 34, Hamburg Street (October 19, 1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Health Department and Medical School Inspectors. *Supported* by Department of Education.

South Side Fresh Air School (July, 1912):
Capacity: — 82. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Lucy Kenner. *Supported* by Department of Education.

Vacation Open Air School (1912):
Capacity: — 30 to 50. *Medical Director:* — Health Department and Medical School Inspectors. *Supported* by Department of Education.

FULTON

Fulton Open Air School (February 1, 1915):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 16. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Gladman. *Supported* by the Board of Education.

LAKE KUSHAQUA

Stony Wold Open Air School
For tuberculous children at the Stony Wold Sanatorium.

MEDFORD

Open Air Class of the Medford Sanatorium (October 1, 1914):
For tuberculous children. *Capacity:* — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Frank Overton. *Supported* by the Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis and Brooklyn Labor Unions.

NEW YORK (Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx)

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 4, Third Avenue and Fulton Street (September, 1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 12, Madison and Jackson Streets (September, 1909):
Capacity: — 12. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 14, 225 East 27th Street:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 17, 47th Street west of 8th Avenue (January, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 20, Rivington and Forsyth Streets:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 21, Mott and Elizabeth Streets (April, 1910):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 22, Stanton and Sheriff Streets.
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children — Boys, P. S. No. 33, 418 West 28th Street (March, 1911)

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children — Girls, P. S. No. 33, 418 West 28th Street (March, 1911):

Capacity 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 35, 160 Chrystie Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 45, 189th Street and Hoffman Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 46, 196th Street and Bainbridge Avenue (September, 1912):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 50, Bryant and Vyse Avenues:

Capacity 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 51, 519 West 44th Street (April, 1912):

Capacity: — 2 classes; 25 each. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 52, Kelly Street near Avenue St. John (December, 1910):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 53, 168th Street and Finlay Avenue:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 61, 12th Street east of Avenue B:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 64, 9th Street east of Avenue B:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 65, Eldridge and Forsythe Streets:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 74, 220 East 63rd Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 75, 25 Norfolk Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by

Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 34, 430 West 50th Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 88, Rivington and Lewis Streets:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 89, Lenox Avenue and 134th Street (September, 1911):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 90, 147th Street west of 7th Avenue:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 91, Stanton and Forsythe Streets:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 92, Broome and Ridge Streets (September, 1912):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 95, West Houston and Clarkson Streets (September, 1911):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 97, Mangin Street north of Stanton Street:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 102, 113th Street east of Second Avenue:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 107, 272 East 10th Street (March, 1911):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. 110, Broome and Cannon Streets:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 115, 176th Street between St. Nicholas and Audubon Avenues

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 122, 9th Street and First Avenue:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. 135, First Avenue and 51st Street:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 141, 462 West 58th Street:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 159, 119th Street west of 2nd Avenue:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 177, Market and Monroe Streets:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 179, 101st Street and Amsterdam Avenue (September, 1912):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Class for Anæmic Children P. S. No. 188, Manhattan and East Houston Streets:
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and the Committee on Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society.

Day Camp Middletown Open Air School (November 1, 1909):
Capacity: — 74. *Medical Director:* — Dr. B. H. Waters. *Supported* by Department of Health, the Women's Auxiliary of the Department of Health and the Department of Education.

Day Camp Southfield Open Air Class for Crippled Children, Bellevue Hospital Day Camp (November 22, 1909):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Alexander Miller. *Supported* by the Miss Spence School Society, Bellevue Hospital, and the Department of Education.

Day Camp Southfield Open Air Classes, *Bellevue Hospital.* (First class, December, 1908):
For children with pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 65. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James Alexander Miller. *Supported* by Bellevue Hospital and the Department of Education.

Day Camp Special Open Air Class, Vanderbilt Clinic (June, 1909):
Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. F. Morris Class. *Supported* by Vanderbilt Day Camp and the Department of Education.

Day Camp Westfield Open Air School, Annex to P. S. No. 12, Foot of Jackson Street, East River (September, 1909):
Capacity: — 45. *Supported* by Department of Education and Gouverneur Hospital.

Home Hospital, Open Air School, 522 East 78th Street. (First class, September, 1912. Other classes, May, 1914):
For children from families in the Home Hospital. *Capacity:* — 75. There are three classes — two grammar grades and a kindergarten class for children from 4 to 6 years old. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. C. Brenner. *Supported* by Department of Education and private funds.

Horace Mann Elementary School, Open Air Class (September, 1911):
For anæmic children and those below par for any reason. *Capacity:* — 42.

Medical Directors: — Dr. H. B. Keyes and Dr. T. B. Wood. *Supported* by tuition fees.

NEW YORK (Borough of Richmond)

Open Air Class, P. S. No. 13, Pennsylvania Avenue, Rosebank, S. I. (1914): For anæmic children. *Capacity:* — 24. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. Ogden Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and private funds.

NEW YORK (Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens)

Open Air Class, Public School No. 5, Bridge and Tillery Streets (March 1, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 7, VanAlst and Flushing Avenue (February 1, 1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 8, Hicks and Middagh Streets (November 1, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 14, Fairview Avenue (1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 30, Conover and Sullivan Streets (March 1, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 31, Dupont and Manhattan Streets (October 1, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 34, Bedford and Ross Streets (March 1, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 44, Ocean View Hospital, Rockaway Avenue (1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 48, 18th Avenue and 60th Street (1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 71, Forest Avenue, East Williamsburg (September 1, 1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 77, Covert and Ridgewood Avenues (September, 1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 85, Evergreen, Eldert and Covert Streets (February 1, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 90, Washington Street and Jamaica Avenue (May 1, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 91, Albany and Maple Streets (September, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air School, Public School No. 91, Fordick Avenue (1915):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 92, Hayes Avenue and 42nd Street, North Corona (September 1, 1914):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Board of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 113, Evergreen Avenue and Moffett Street (1915):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 150, Christopher and Sackman Streets (October, 1912):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 162, St. Nicholas and Willoughby Avenue (April 1, 1911):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 165, Lott and Hopkinson Streets (May 1, 1914):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 168, Throop and Bartlett Streets (February 1, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 173, Penn. and Glenmore Streets (October 3, 1913):

Two classes. *Capacity:* 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 174, Dumont and William Streets (December 1, 1914):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 175, Blake and Hopkinson Streets (May 1, 1914):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by

Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 176, 12th Street and Bay Ridge Avenue (1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class, Public School No. 179, Avenues C and E, 2nd Street (1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. I. O. Woodruff. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Classes, Brooklyn Heights Seminary, 18 Pierrepont Street (November, 1912):
Medical Director: — Dr. J. M. Van Cott. *Supported* by tuition fees.

Open Air Class of the Brooklyn Home for Consumptives, Kingston Avenue: For tuberculous children of the hospital.

Open Air Classes, Friends' School, 112 Schermerhorn Street (September, 1911):
Capacity: — 150. *Supported* by tuition fees.

Open Air School, Long Island College Hospital (1912):
Capacity: — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. C. Rushmore. *Supported* by Department of Education and Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Open Air Class of the Packer Collegiate Seminary:
Supported by tuition fees.

Open Air School, Ferry Boat, Rutherford (September, 1909):
Capacity: — 100. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Richard Mills. *Supported* by Brooklyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis, the Department of Education and the Department of Health.

OSWEGO

Training School Fresh Air Class, State Normal and Training School (September, 1914):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. No active cases admitted. *Capacity:* — 15. *Advising Physician:* — Dr. Harvey S. Albertson. *Supported* by State.

POUGHKEEPSIE

Open Air School — Bowne Memorial Hospital:
For predisposed and incipient and more advanced cases that have improved sufficiently. *Capacity:* — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. St. John Williams. *Supported* by regular maintenance fund.

PERRYSBURG

Open Air School of J. M. Adam Memorial Hospital (1914):
Capacity: — 30 to 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Clarence L. Hyde. *Supported* by Hospital appropriation.

ROCHESTER

Edward Mott Moore Open Air School, Cobbs Hill (October 4, 1909):
Capacity: — 75. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. G. Whipple. *Supported* by Rochester Public Health Association and Board of Education.

Iola Sanatorium Open Air School (July 1, 1912):
Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Montgomery E. Leary. *Supported* by Iola Sanatorium, Rochester Public Health Association, and Board of Education.

SCHENECTADY

Open Air Class, McKinley School, Willett and Maplewood Streets (September, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William J. Books. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Van Corlaer School, Guilderland Avenue and William Street (February, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William J. Books. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Washington Irving School, Mumford and Van Voast Streets (September, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William J. Books. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Yates School, Salina Street (February, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William J. Books. *Supported* by Board of Education.

SARANAC LAKE

Fresh Air Room, Main Street School (September 3, 1912):
Capacity: — 15. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. W. Outwater. *Supported* by public tax.

SYRACUSE

Open Air School (September, 1911):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. C. Palmer. *Supported* by the Board of Education.

Clinton School, Fresh Air Class, Lodi Street (September, 1915):
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. C. Palmer. *Supported* by the Board of Education.

UTICA

Open Air Class, Faxton School (November 6, 1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Directors:* — Physician in Charge of Tuberculosis Clinic Utica Free Dispensary, and School Physician Dr. J. W. Dimon. *Supported* by School Board and Camp Healthmore Tuberculosis Committee.

Open Air Class, Mary Street School (January 27, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — School Physician, Dr. J. W. Dimon. *Supported* by School Board and Camp Healthmore Tuberculosis Committee.

Open Air Class, Potter School (February 24, 1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — School Physician, Dr. J. W. Fleming. *Supported* by School Board and Camp Healthmore Tuberculosis Committee.

YONKERS

Open Air School, Ashburton Avenue, opposite St. Joseph's Avenue (October 13, 1914):
Capacity: — 40 children in 2 classes. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles Albert Sweet. *Supported* by Yonkers Tuberculosis commission in cooperation with the Board of Education.

NORTH DAKOTA

BISMARCK

Open Air School (November, 1914):
Capacity: — 6. *Supported* by parents.

DUNSEITH

Open Air School of the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium (January 1, 1916):
Capacity: — 18. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. G. Lamont. *Supported* by Anti-ulosis Association from Red Cross Seal fund.

OHIO

CINCINNATI

Little Red School House, Cincinnati Tuberculosis Sanatorium (October 31, 1911):

Capacity for open air classes: — 22. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Harry Freudenberger. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Dyer School, Gest and Baymiller Streets (January 5, 1912):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. L. Heizer. *Supported* by Board of Education and Board of Health.

Open Air Class, New Guilford School, 4th and Lawrence Streets (September 8, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. A. Gardner. *Supported* by Board of Education and Board of Health.

CLEVELAND

Open Air Class, Roof of Eagle School (February 1, 1913):

Capacity: — 120. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Warren School (1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Roof of Murray Hill School (May, 1911):

Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Mound Open Air School (1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson.

Open Air Class, St. Clair School (January 10, 1912):

Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. E. A. Peterson. *Supported* by Board of Education.

COLUMBUS

Columbus Open Air School, Hudson Street and Neil Avenue (October 21, 1913):

Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. O. Probst. *Supported* from flag sale and public solicitation. Equipped by School Board and Anti-Tuberculosis Society jointly.

TOLEDO

Cherry Street Open Air School (1911):

Capacity: — 60. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. G. Souder. *Supported* by Board of Education and Thalian Tuberculosis Society.

OREGON

PORTLAND

Irvington School (1913):

For children whose parents wish them to attend. *Capacity:* — 90 — 3 rooms. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Holladay School (1913):

For children whose parents wish them to attend. *Capacity:* — 30. *Supported* by Board of Education.

PENNSYLVANIA

ALLENTOWN

Pioneer Air School, Gordon Street and Albright Avenue:

For nervous children, those predisposed to tuberculosis and incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 61. *Medical Director:* — Dr. T. H. Weaber. *Supported* by Board of Education and by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the School.

CYNWYD

Miss Norris's Open Air School (September, 1914):
A private school with provision for outdoor classes. *Capacity:* — 30.

ERIE

Lowell Fresh Air School, 16th and Sassafras Streets:
For anæmic children and those predisposed to tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 2 classes of 20 each. *Medical Director:* — Dr. T. P. Tredway. *Supported* by the Board of Education.

HARRISBURG

Open Air School, Lochiel (October, 1912):
Capacity: — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles S. Rebuck. *Supported* by public school funds.

Open Air School, Susquehanna (September, 1914):
Capacity: — 35. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Charles S. Rebuck. *Supported* by public school funds.

HAZELTON

Hazelton Open Air School (February 27, 1911):
Capacity: — 43. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. C. Gayley. *Supported* by School authorities, the Anti-Tuberculosis Society and the State Dispensary.

MERION

Open Air School (October, 1915):
A private school with provision for open air classes. *Capacity:* — 30.

PHILADELPHIA (Mt. Airy)

Miss Mills' School at Mount Airy, 302 Gowen Avenue (Founded 1906 — Incorporated 1914):
A private school for well children. All classes are conducted out of doors.

PHILADELPHIA

Alexander Dallas Bache School, 22nd and Brown Streets (September, 1912):
Capacity: — 100; classes of not more than 20 pupils each. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. Newmyer. *Supported* by Board of Education.

Jackson School, 12th and Federal Streets (March, 1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James McG. Hencken. *Supported* by Henry Phipps Institute and Board of Education.

Open Air Class, Potter School (February, 1912):
Capacity: — 30–40. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. J. J. Schoening. *Medical Supervisor:* — Dr. A. F. Moxey. *Supported* by Board of Education and private subscriptions. Building is donated by the Lighthouse.

Open Window Classes, Muhlenberg School, 17th and Master Streets (September, 1912):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. Newmyer. *Supported* by Board of Education.

George A. McCall School, 7th and De Lancey Streets (March, 1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. S. Newmyer. *Supported* by Henry Phipps Institute and Board of Education.

Open Window Class, Durham School, 16th and Lombard Streets (1913):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James McG. Hencken.

Open Window Class, Rodney School, 35th and Crawford Streets (October, 1915):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. C. Parrish.

Open Window Class, Stowe School, 70th Street and Woodland Avenue March, 1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. R. C. Parrish.

Open Air Classes, Girard School, 18th Street and Snyder Avenue (January, 1915):

Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. James McG. Hencken. *Supported* by Board of Education; milk is received from dispensary and food is furnished by scoool children.

PITTSBURGH

Open Air School, Roof of the Irene Kaufman Settlement House, 1835 Center Avenue (September, 1911):

Capacity: — 30. *Medical Director:* — Dr. H. B. Burns. *Supported* by general school funds of Pittsburgh.

Open Air School of the Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh (May, 1908):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William Charles White. *Supported* by Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh.

Protestant Orphanage Open Air School, Perrysville Avenue, Glenshaw (January, 1910):

Capacity: — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William Charles White. *Supported* by the Protestant Orphanage in co-operation with the Pittsburgh Tuberculosis League.

WILLIAMSPORT

Fresh Air School, Corner Penn and Hughes Streets:

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. F. Kunkle. *Supported* by School Board and Anti-Tuberculosis Society.

Stevens Fresh Air School, 1115 Erie Avenue (October, 1913):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. W. F. Kunkle. *Supported* by School Board and Lycoming County Tuberculosis Society.

RHODE ISLAND

HOXSIE

Hoxsie Fresh Air School (January 1, 1914):

Capacity: — 25. *Director:* — Miss Mary Murray. *Supported* by Providence League for the Suppression of Tuberculosis.

PAWTUCKET

Summit Street Open Air School (May 1, 1910):

Capacity: — 21. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Byron U. Richards. *Supported* by Board of Education.

PROVIDENCE

Open Air School, 405 Angell Street (October 1, 1910):

Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Helen W. Cooke. A private school supported by tuition fees.

Providence Fresh Air School, Meeting Street (January, 1908):

Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ellen A. Stone. *Supported* by School Board.

Public Street Fresh Air School (February, 1912):

Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Ellen A. Stone. *Supported* by School Board.

VIRGINIA

DANVILLE

Open Air School (1915):

Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. C. Hudson. *Supported* by Tuberculosis Association and Gypsy Smith Band of Young Women.

Open Air School (1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. C. Hudson. *Supported* by School Board.

RICHMOND

Baindbridge Junior High School (1915):
Capacity for open air classes: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Baker Colored School Open Air Class (1914):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Bellevue School Open Air Class (1912):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Dunbar Colored School Open Air Class (1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Elba School Open Air Class (1915):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board and private associations.

Franklin School Open Air Class (1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

John B. Cary School Open Air Class (1915):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Jefferson School Open Air Class (1915):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Madison School Open Air Class (1911):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

Naval Hill Colored School Open Air Class (1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by Richmond Educational Association.

Springfield School Open Air Class (1913):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. N. Thomas Ennett. *Supported* by School Board, Educational Associations and Mothers' Clubs.

NORFOLK

Berkeley Colored Public School (1912):
Capacity: — 100. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. J. Miller. *Supported* by city.

WISCONSIN

GREEN BAY

Green Bay Open Air School, East Side School (1911):
Capacity: — 25. *Supported* by City.

Green Bay Open Air School, West Side School (1914):
Capacity: — 25. *Supported* by City.

KENOSHA

Kenosha Open Air School (March 1, 1911):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. J. J. McShane. *Supported* by Board of Education.

MADISON

Open Air Schools (Not yet in operation):
Two new school buildings have been completed with two open air rooms. *Capacity of each:* — 50. *Medical Director:* — Dr. L. H. Prince. *Supported* by Board of Education.

MILWAUKEE

Open Air Class, Prairie Street School Annex (October 1, 1912):
Capacity: — 25. *Medical Director:* — Dr. George P. Barth. *Supported* by School Board.

RACINE

Open Air School No. 1 (May 1, 1914):
Capacity: — 20. *Supported* by Public School Fund.
Open Air School No. 2 (January, 1916):
Capacity: — 20. *Supported* by Public School Fund.

WALES

Wisconsin State Tuberculosis Sanatorium Open Air School (September 21, 1914):
Capacity: — 20. *Medical Director:* — Dr. Frank Brockway. *Supported* by State.

Associations and Committees for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis

in the United States

Associations and Committees for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis in the United States

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (March, 1904):

Executive Office: — 105 East 22nd Street, New York City. *President:* — Dr. Edward R. Baldwin, Saranac Lake. *Honorary Vice-Presidents:* — Theodore Roosevelt, New York; Sir William Osler, Oxford, England. *Vice-Presidents:* — Dr. W. S. Rankin, Raleigh, N. C.; Dr. James Alexander Miller, New York. *Secretary:* — Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs, Baltimore. *Treasurer:* — William H. Baldwin, Washington. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. Charles J. Hatfield. *Assistant Secretary:* — Philip P. Jacobs, Ph.D. *Field Secretaries:* — Charles M. De Forest, Frederick D. Hopkins.

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

The aim of this section has been to give a list of all associations and committees for the study and prevention of tuberculosis. The term "committee" indicates that the agency named is a part of some charitable, social or civic organization, or of a state or county anti-tuberculosis society. A few associations, whose sphere is in the more general fields of health or social work, but who give special attention to tuberculosis, have been included. To make the list complete, organizations have been included without regard to their present activity in anti-tuberculosis work. Wherever a record of an anti-tuberculosis association or committee could be obtained with one or more officers, it has been listed.

The associations are grouped alphabetically, according to location, under their respective states, *the only exception being in the case of the State associations, which are uniformly given first.* The figures in parentheses after the name of the association indicate the date of founding the organization. The Canadian associations are listed in the last section of the Directory.

ALABAMA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Alabama Anti-Tuberculosis League (May, 1914):

Executive Office: — 311½ South 20th Street, Birmingham. *President:* — Dr. B. L. Wyman. *Secretary:* — Rev. George Eaves, D.D.

ANNISTON

Calhoun County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — Prof. George Lang.

BIRMINGHAM

Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Jefferson County (June 21, 1910):
Executive Office: — 311½ South 20th Street. *President:* — Solon Jacobs, Woodward Building. *Secretary:* — Rev. George Eaves, D.D.

BUTLER COUNTY (See Greenville).

CALHOUN COUNTY (See Anniston).

DALLAS COUNTY (See Selma).

ETOWAH COUNTY (See Gadsden).

GADSDEN

Etowah County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — Mrs. E. T. Schuler. *Secretary:* — Miss DuBose.

GREENVILLE

Butler County Anti-Tuberculosis Committee:
President: — Gen. J. B. Stonby. *Secretary:* — Dr. L. V. Stabler.

JASPER

Walker County Tuberculosis Association (November, 1914):
Executive Office: — Chamber of Commerce, Jasper. *President:* — W. B. Bankhead. *Secretary:* — Sheriff Lacy.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (See Birmingham).

MOBILE

Mobile County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Dr. D. T. McCall. *Secretary:* — J. D. Andrews.

MONTGOMERY

Montgomery Anti-Tuberculosis League (May 26, 1908):
Executive Office: — 408 Bell Building. *President:* — Simon Gassenheimer. *Secretary:* — Miss Lucy Dowe.

Young Ladies' Auxiliary (March, 1910):
President: — Miss Annie Laurie. *Secretary:* — Miss Jeanette Haas.

MORGAN COUNTY (See New Decatur).

NEW DECATUR

Morgan County Anti-Tuberculosis Movement (November, 1914):
President: — Dr. Frank P. Pettey. *Secretary:* — H. L. Turner.

SELMA

Dallas County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1916):
Secretary: — Dr. B. B. Rogan.

TALLADEGA

Talladega County Tuberculosis Committee (1914):
Chairman: — W. B. Harrison. *Secretary:* — E. L. C. Ward.

TUSCALOOSA

Tuscaloosa County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1911):
Executive Office: — 525 Queen City Avenue. *President:* — Prof. John Y. Graham. *Secretary:* — R. E. Rhodes.

WALKER COUNTY (See Jasper).

ARIZONA

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Arizona Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (May 20, 1909):
Executive Office: — O'Neill Building, Phoenix. *President:* — Dr. W. Warner Watkins. *Secretary:* — Dr. Allen Hamilton Williams.

PHOENIX

Maricopa County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February, 1910):
President: — Dr. J. M. Sligh. *Secretary:* — Howard S. Reed.

PRESCOTT

Yavapai County Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1909):
President: — W. D. Baker. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. E. Yount.

ARKANSAS

STATE ASSOCIATION

Arkansas Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 22, 1908):
Executive Office: — City Hall, Little Rock. *President:* — Rabbi Louis Witt. *Secretary:* — Murray A. Auerbach. *Field Secretary:* — Dr. T. B. Bradford. The work of the State association includes that of Little Rock.

COTTON PLANT

Cotton Plant Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1915):
Executive Office: — First National Bank Building. *President:* — Mrs. I. T. Andrews. *Secretary:* — Dr. T. B. Bradford.

EL DORADO

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (October, 1915):
President: — Dr. H. H. Niehuss. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. T. Turner.

FORT SMITH

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (1912):
Executive Office: — 407 First National Bank. *President:* — Judge James T. Read. *Secretary:* — Homer L. Hoisington.

HELENA

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the United Charities (February, 1915):
Executive Office: — Court House. *President:* — Joseph L. Solomon. *Secretary:* — Miss Harriet Snelling.

HOT SPRINGS

Tuberculosis Department of the Associated Charities (February 1, 1915):
Executive Office: — County Court House. *President:* — Rev. C. E. Hickok. *Secretary:* — Miss Jane Gray.

PINE BLUFF

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (December, 1910):
Executive Office: — County Court House. *President:* — H. I. Holderness. *Secretary:* — Miss Julia Houston.

SILOAM SPRINGS

Siloam Springs Association for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — Dr. J. Z. Sexton.

TEXARKANA (See Texarkana, Texas).

CALIFORNIA

STATE ASSOCIATION

California Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (1907): *Executive Office:* — 209 Post Street, Los Angeles. *President:* — Dr. Charles C. Browning. *Secretary:* — Miss Edythe L. M. Tate.

ALAMEDA COUNTY (See Oakland).

EUREKA

Tuberculosis Committee of the Women's Civic Club (March 2, 1911):
President: — Mrs. J. N. Chain. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. W. Hunter.

LONG BEACH

Long Beach Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 25, 1909):
President: — Dr. R. H. Shippey, First National Bank Building. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Dr. F. L. Rogers.

LOS ANGELES

Los Angeles Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (1908): *Executive Office:* — 111 Normal Hill Center. *President:* — Dr. Norman Bridge. *Secretary:* — Dr. Leon Shulman.

MARIN COUNTY (See Sausalito).

MONROVIA

Visiting Nurse Association of Monrovia (May 1, 1908):
Executive Office: — 136 Lemon Avenue. *President:* — Mrs. J. H. Bartle, Mayflower Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. N. Haines.

MONTEREY (See Pacific Grove).

OAKLAND

Alameda County Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 25, 1909):
Executive Office: — 2909 Broadway. *President:* — H. S. Robinson. *Executive Secretary:* — T. C. Cuvellier. *Secretary:* — Miss Annie Florence Brown.

PACIFIC GROVE

Tuberculosis Committee of Monterey and Pacific Grove Red Cross Chapter (1912):
President: — Mrs. Addie C. Pell, 311 Forest Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Wallace C. Brown, 549 Hillcrest Avenue.

PASADENA

Pasadena Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 22, 1909):
President: — Dr. J. D. Condit. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. H. McMillan, First National Bank Building.

REDLANDS

Redlands Anti-Tuberculosis League (1908):
President: — O. H. Hicks. *Secretary:* — Dr. Gayle G. Mosely.

SACRAMENTO

Tuberculosis Committee of Sacramento Settlement Association (May 26, 1915):
Executive Office: — 1610 2nd Street. *President:* — John S. Blair. *Secretary:* — Miss Alma DuFour.

SAN DIEGO

San Diego Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (1908. Incorporated: May 9, 1910):
Executive Office: — 8th and B Streets. *President:* — Dr. J. A. Parks. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. G. Oliver, 2417 Union Street.

SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (June 25, 1908):
Executive Office: — 1547 Jackson Street. *President:* — Jesse W. Lillienthal. *General Secretary:* — Dixon Van Blarcom.

SAN JOSÉ

Santa Clara County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1909. Reorganized March, 1911):
Executive Office: — 19 South Third Street. *President:* — Charles M. Richards, M.D. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Miss Cora M. Bethell.

SANTA ANA

Santa Ana Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 3, 1909):
President: — Hon. John N. Anderson. *Secretary:* — Dr. John Wehrly.

SANTA BARBARA

Santa Barbara Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 10, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Howland Russell. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Cole.

SANTA CLARA COUNTY (See San José).

SAUSALITO

Tuberculosis Committee of the Marin County Chapter (October 6, 1912):
President: — D. F. Tillinghast. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Martha M. Hanify.

SIERRA MADRE

Sierra Madre Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 12, 1909):
President: — E. W. Camp. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. M. Mackerras, 146 Central Avenue.

STOCKTON

Stockton Chapter of the American Red Cross (1912):
Executive Office: — Elks' Building. *Chairman:* — Mrs. W. C. Neumiller. *Secretary:* — Dr. Minerva Goodman.

COLORADO

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Rocky Mountain Public Health Association (December 31, 1909):
Executive Office: — Room 29 State Capitol Building, Denver. *President:* — J. Foster Symes. *Executive Secretary:* — S. Poulterer Morris. The work of the State association includes that of Denver.

COLORADO SPRINGS

Colorado Springs Association for the Prevention and Control of Tuberculosis (1910):
Executive Office: — Hagerman Building. *President:* — Dr. P. O. Hanford. *Secretary:* — Rev. I. A. Humberd.

CONNECTICUT

STATE ASSOCIATION

Connecticut State Tuberculosis Commission (1909):
Executive Office: — State Capitol, Hartford. *Commissioners:* — Dr. Stephen J. Maher, New Haven, Chairman; Jonathan Godfrey, Bridgeport; Dr. David R. Lyman, Wallingford. *Secretary:* — George I. Allen.

BRIDGEPORT

Employees' Tuberculosis Relief Association of Bridgeport (1914):
President: — Vincent S. Whitney. *Secretary:* — Thomas Hallen, c/o Warner Brothers.

FAIRFIELD COUNTY (See Norwalk).

HARTFORD

Hartford Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1905):
President: — Dr. Edward B. Hooker. *Secretary:* — Dr. Henry F. Stoll, 75 Pratt Street.

Executive Committee of the Hartford Free Bed Fund (April 14, 1908):
Chairman: — George L. Vannais. *Secretary:* — Charles B. Whittesley, 164 Beacon Street.

MERIDEN

Public Health Association of Meriden (November 15, 1907):
President: — Hugh F. Hagarty. *Secretary:* — John T. Rule, 17½ West Main Street.

MIDDLETOWN

Middlesex Anti-Tuberculosis Society (June 25, 1909):
President: — Hon. Justin B. Holman, Old Saybrook. *Secretary:* — Miss Ethel Bates, 22 Lawn Avenue, Middletown.

NEW BRITAIN

Tuberculosis Relief Society of New Britain (May, 1908):
President: — Hon. Abraham L. Buol. *Secretary:* — P. F. King, City Hall.

NEW HAVEN

Employees' Tuberculosis Relief Association of New Haven (June 28, 1912):
President: — Charles E. Currie, 123 Temple Street. *Secretary:* — Egbert W. Simmons. *Field Secretary:* — George L. Bradley, 39 Church Street.

NEW HAVEN COUNTY

New Haven County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October 17, 1902):
Executive Office: — Gaylord Farm Sanatorium, Wallingford. *President:* — Charles F. Brooker, Ansonia. *Secretary:* — Albert P. Dossin, 34 North 4th Street, Meriden.

NEW LONDON

New London Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 20, 1912):
Executive Office: — New London Vocational School, Box 202. *President:* — Frederick S. Hitchcock. *Secretary:* — William C. Fox.

NORWALK

Norwalk Committee of the Fairfield County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Legrand Betts. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William J. Tracey. *Corresponding Secretary:* — Mrs. E. Betts, Norwalk.

NORWICH

Norwich Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1912):
President: — Nelson Ayling. *Secretary:* — Herman Alofsin.

ROCKVILLE

Rockville Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June 1, 1913):
President: — P. B. Leonard. *Secretary:* — H. C. Smith.

SOUTH MANCHESTER

Tuberculosis Free Bed Fund Association of Cheney Brothers (March 6, 1908):
President: — William J. Remig. *Secretary:* — Samuel Richmond.

STAMFORD

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities of Stamford (February 9, 1910):
Executive Office: — Richmond House, Worth Street. *Chairman:* — Dr. Samuel Pierson. *Secretary:* — Miss Mildred P. Carpenter.

WATERBURY

Waterbury Anti-Tuberculosis League (February, 1908):
Executive Office: — 48 State Street. *President:* — A. R. Kimball. *Secretary:* — Dr. T. D. Kilmartin. *Executive Secretary:* — Eugene Kerner.

DELAWARE

STATE COMMISSION

Delaware State Tuberculosis Commission (May, 1909):
Executive Office: — 1031 Washington Street, Wilmington. *President:* — John Bancroft. *Secretary:* — Dr. Harold L. Springer.

STATE ASSOCIATION

Delaware Anti-Tuberculosis Society (June 17, 1906):
Executive Office: — 1503 Broome Street, Wilmington. *President:* — Miss Emily P. Bissell, 1404 Franklin Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Edith Danforth. The work of the State association includes that of Wilmington.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

WASHINGTON

Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the District of Columbia (1903, organized as Committee on Prevention of Consumption of the Associated Charities. 1908, organized as independent society):
Executive Office: — 923 H Street, N. W. *President:* — Rev. John Van Schaick, Jr. *Secretary:* — Walter S. Ufford.

FLORIDA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Florida Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March 29, 1916) (Formerly Red Cross Seal Commission):
President: — Dr. Louis A. Bize, Tampa. *Secretary:* — Dr. Carroll H. Frink, P. O. Box 465, Jacksonville.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY (See Tampa).

JACKSONVILLE

Woman's Club, Health Department:

Executive Office: — Woman's Club Building, 18 E. Duval Street. *President:* — Mrs. Frank E. Jennings. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. S. Dobbins.

TAMPA

Hillsborough County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 17, 1915):

Executive Office: — 218 American National Bank. *President:* — Dr. L. A. Bize. *Secretary:* — Dr. John D. MacRae.

GEORGIA

STATE ASSOCIATION

W. G. Raoul Foundation — Crusade Against Tuberculosis in Georgia (1913):

Executive Office: — 303 Candler Building, Atlanta. *President:* — Mrs. F. G. Hodgson, Clifton Road, Atlanta. *Secretary:* — Major R. J. Guinn. *Executive Secretary:* — James P. Faulkner. The Raoul Foundation is supported by the interest of a $50,000 bequest from the late Capt. W. G. Raoul and by Red Cross Seals.

ALBANY

Committee of the Raoul Foundation (1915):

President: — H. T. Quillian. *Secretary:* — H. T. McIntosh.

AMERICUS

Americus and Sumpter County Hospital Association (1906):

President: — Mrs. C. C. Hawkins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. L. Caswell.

ATLANTA

Atlanta Anti-Tuberculosis and Visiting Nurse Association (1909):

Executive Office: — 23 East Cain Street. *President:* — Hugh M. Willett. *Secretary:* — Miss Rosa Lowe.

Negro Anti-Tuberculosis Association:

Executive Office: — 23 East Cain Street. *President:* — Harry H. Pace. *Secretary:* — Miss Rosa Lowe.

AUGUSTA

Associated Charities, Tuberculosis Committee (1913):

Chairman: — Mrs. E. S. Hollingsworth.

BRUNSWICK

Brunswick Committee of Raoul Foundation (1915):

President: — J. B. Adams. *Secretary:* — Dr. T. F. Abercrombie.

COLUMBUS

District Nurses' Association (1911):

Executive Office: — 1430 Second Avenue. *President:* — Mrs. J. T. Fletcher. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Henry Banks.

DALTON

Tuberculosis Committee of Lesche Club (1915):

Chairman: — Mrs. W. O. Martin.

MACON

Macon Chapter of the American Red Cross Tuberculosis Committee (December 16, 1909):

Executive Office: — Room 25 Washington Block Building. *Chairman:* — Dr. Thomas H. Hall. *Secretary:* — Miss Alene Guthman. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. Eva S. Tupman.

MILLEDGEVILLE

Milledgeville Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1912):
President: — Dr. Thomas M. Hall. *Secretary:* — R. W. Hatcher.

ROME

Rome Committee of the Raoul Foundation (1915):
President: — Dr. R. O. Simmons. *Secretary:* — H. J. Arnold.

SAVANNAH

Savannah Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
Executive Office: — City Hall. *President:* — Dr. V. H. Bassett, City Hall. *Secretary:* — Miss Jane Van De Vrede.

Margaret Bottome Circle, King's Daughters (1910):
President: — Mrs. Fred Penniman, 303 Gaston Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Nora Edmonston.

SUMPTER COUNTY (See Americus).

THOMASVILLE

Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (1911):
Secretary: — Mrs. Hansell Watt.

HAWAII

STATE ASSOCIATION

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Hawaii, Palama Settlement (1909):
Executive Office: — King and Liliha Streets, Honolulu. *President:* — J. R. Galt. *Secretary:* — James A. Rath.

IDAHO

STATE ASSOCIATION

Idaho Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1915):
Executive Office: — Boise. *President:* — Henry L. Falk. *Secretary:* — Mr. John Regan.

IDAHO FALLS

Health Committee of the Village Improvement Society (1912):
President: — Mrs. A. L. Campbell.

ILLINOIS

STATE ASSOCIATION

Illinois State Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1905; reorganized June 15, 1910):
Executive Office: — 8 South Dearborn Street, Chicago. *President:* — Dr. George Thomas Palmer, Springfield. *Acting Secretary:* — Walter D. Thurber.

ADAMS COUNTY (See Quincy).

ALTON

Alton Public Health Council (March 1, 1916):
President: — Harry B. Herb. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Henry Kranz.

AURORA

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Aurora (November, 1911):
Executive Office: — Room 14, City Hall. *President:* — Edward Ellis. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. H. Bliss. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. Louise Lowe Baker.

Kane County Anti-Tuberculosis League (March, 1914):
President: — Edward A. Ellis. *Secretary:* — Mrs. D. D. Culver.

BEARDSTOWN

Beardstown Anti-Tuberculosis League (November 27, 1911):
President: — Jesse Lowe. *Secretary:* — Mrs. T. W. Gladhill.

BLOOMINGTON

McLean County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October 17, 1911):
President: — Col. D. C. Smith. *Secretary:* — Henry Behr.

BROWN COUNTY (See Mt. Sterling).

CALHOUN COUNTY (See Hardin).

CARMI

White County Public Health Council:
President: — Millage Miller, Enfield. *Secretary:* — Dr. Mary B. Meade.

CHAMPAIGN

Champaign County Anti-Tuberculosis Health League (November 1, 1911):
President: — Dr. C. B. Johnson. *Secretary:* — W. W. Earnest, Box 176.

CHICAGO

The Chicago Tuberculosis Institute (January 26, 1906):
Executive Office: — 8 South Dearborn Street. *President:* — Dr. Robert H. Babcock. *Secretary:* — Sherman C. Kingsley. *Superintendent:* — James Minnick.

The Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society:
Executive Office: — 704 West 12th Street. *President:* — Mrs. I. J. Robins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. C. Barnett, 3708 Douglas Boulevard.

CHICAGO HEIGHTS

Visiting Nurse Society (July 11, 1912):
Executive Office: — 8 Illinois Street. *President:* — B. Allyn Copp, Jr. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Grace M. Grable.

DE KALB

De Kalb County Anti-Tuberculosis League (September 5, 1913):
President: — Dr. J. M. Everett. *Secretary:* — Dr. Mareva Dickerman Brown.

EAST ST. LOUIS

St. Clair County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November, 1911):
President: — J. B. Maguire. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. W. Lillie.

ELGIN

Elgin Anti-Tuberculosis Society (December 7, 1911):
President: — Dr. A. L. Mann. *Secretary:* — R. Waite Joslyn.

EVANSTON

Evanston Tuberculosis Institute (1910):
President: — Dr. H. P. Harder, 910 Hinman Avenue. *Secretary:* — Dr. Albert H. Roler, University Building, 1604 Chicago Avenue.

FREEPORT

The Stephenson County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Dr. A. E. Smith, 126 Stephenson Street. *Secretary:* — Dr. Mary Rosenstiel.

GALESBURG

Knox County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October 23, 1911):
President: — Mrs. William Masters. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. C. Smith.

GRANITE CITY

The Madison County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):
President: — Dr. R. D. Luster. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. W. Fiegenbaum, Edwardsville.

GREENE COUNTY (See Carrollton).

GREENFIELD

Greene County Anti-Tubercuolsis Association (August 1, 1913):
President: — Dr. H. W. Smith, Roodhouse. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. C. Piper.

HARDIN

Calhoun County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Rev. Father Edward D. Hickey. *Secretary:* — Miss Lizzie Greathouse.

JACKSONVILLE

Morgan County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Mrs. A. L. Adams. *Secretary:* — Carl Weber.

JOLIET

Joliet Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 23, 1911):
President: — Dr. Frank D. Rich. *Secretary:* — Miss Edna Keith.

KANE COUNTY (See Aurora).

KEWANEE

Civic Nurse Board of the Kewanee Woman's Club:
President: — Mrs. John E. Kemp. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Forest L. Hallin.

KNOX COUNTY (See Galesburg).

LA SALLE

La Salle Anti-Tuberculosis Society (February 13, 1913):
President: — William T. Bedford. *Secretary:* — Miss Effie E. Doan, 528 Fourth Street.

La Salle County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — W. T. Bedford. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. J. Roberts.

LITCHFIELD

Tuberculosis Committee of the Litchfield Woman's Club (1912):
Chairman: — Mrs. P. G. Keese. *Secretary:* — Miss Merle Stansifer.

LIVINGSTON COUNTY (See Pontiac).

McLEAN COUNTY (See Bloomington).

MADISON COUNTY (See Granite City).

MENARD COUNTY (See Petersburg).

MINONK

Woodford County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Dr. H. A. Millard. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Milashoski.

MOLINE

Tuberculosis Department of the Moline King's Daughters Visiting Nurse Work:
President: — Miss Susanne McShane, 817 Eleventh Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Josephine Barnhardt, 153½ Third Avenue.

MORGAN COUNTY (See Jacksonville).

MT. CARMEL

Tuberculosis Committee of the Mt. Carmel Woman's Club (1912):
President: — Mrs. Edgar Foster. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Grover C. Johnson.

MT. STERLING

Brown County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Mrs. Eugenia R. Curry. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. C. Allworth.

MT. VERNON

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Mt. Vernon:
President: — Mrs. W. H. Gilmore. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Grant T. Ham.

OLNEY

Richland County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Mrs. R. N. McCauley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank M. Haskell, 216 North Elliott Street.

OTTAWA

Ottawa Public Health Nursing Organization:
President: — Mrs. E. H. Butterfield. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. F. Carr.

PAXTON

Paxton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 19, 1911):
Chairman: — W. H. Hunter. *Secretary:* — Harold Stevens.

PEKIN

Pekin Union Mission Department for Prevention of Tubercuolsis (November 16, 1911):
President: — L. B. Watson. *Secretary:* — Herbert Matthews.

PEORIA

Peoria Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (January 3, 1905):
President: — Dr. Sumner M. Miller. *Secretary:* — Dr. Jeannette C. Wallace.

PETERSBURG

Menard County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Mrs. Gaines Greene.

PIKE COUNTY (See Pittsfield).

PITTSFIELD

Pike County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — Sam B. Peacock. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Vinnie G. Johnson.

PONTIAC

Livingston County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 23, 1911):
President: — Dr. P. A. Pyper. *Secretary:* — Cyril A. Burns.

QUINCY

Adams County Anti-Tuberculosis League:
President: — W. A. Homan. *Secretary:* — Miss Olive Hoxsey.

RICHLAND COUNTY (See Olney).

ROCKFORD

Winnebago County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 19, 1911):
President: — Dr. E. Loefgren. *Secretary:* — Miss Sadie Strand.

ROCK ISLAND

Rock Island County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1910):
President: — Dr. E. M. Sala. *Secretary:* — Dr. Estelle Norman.

ROCKLAND COUNTY (See Moline).

ST. CLAIR COUNTY (See East St. Louis).

SCOTT COUNTY (See Winchester).

SPRINGFIELD

Springfield Tuberculosis Association (September 26, 1910):
President: — Dr. L. C. Taylor, Illinois National Bank Building. *Secretary:* — Louis G. Coleman. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Maude Humphrey.

STEPHENSON COUNTY (See Freeport).

WHITE COUNTY (See Carmi).

WINCHESTER

Scott County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
President: — E. J. Frost. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. Walton Dace.

WINNEBAGO COUNTY (See Rockford).

WOODFORD COUNTY (See Minonk).

INDIANA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Indiana Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 4, 1907):
Executive Office: — 147 East Market Street, Indianapolis. *President:* — Prof. Severance Burrage. *Secretary:* — Miss V. C. Harrison, South Bend. *Executive Secretary:* — Arthur J. Strawson.

ADAMS COUNTY (See Decatur).

ANDERSON

Madison County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October 7, 1912):
President: — Mr. J. J. Netterville. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Ella B. Kehrer.

ATTICA

Fountain County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (April, 1912):
President: — Harvey Ross. *Secretary:* — B. S. Orr.

BENTON COUNTY (See Fowler).

BLACKFORD

Blackford County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 11, 1912):
President: — Clifford Townsend, Hartford City. *Secretary:* — Dr. James A. Taylor, Montpelier.

BLOOMFIELD

Greene County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. B. A. Rose, Linton, Ind. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Bruce Fleetwood, Linton, Ind.

BLOOMINGTON

Monroe County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1912):
President: — Prof. D. A. Rothrock. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Sam M. Kerr.

BLUFFTON

Wells County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 15, 1912):
President: — Dr. A. W. Brown. *Secretary:* — Mrs. D. A. Walmer.

BOONE COUNTY (See Lebanon).

BOSWELL

Boswell Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Charles W. Atkinson. *Secretary:* — Dr. Henley Harvey Hubbard.

BRAZIL

Clay County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (April 24, 1912):
Executive Office: — 321 Citizens Bank Building. *President:* — W. E. Akers. *Secretary:* — Mrs. O. E. Adams.

BROOKVILLE

Franklin County Tuberculosis Committee:
Chairman: — T. J. McCarty.

BROWNE COUNTY (See Nashville).

BROWNSTOWN

Jackson County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March, 1912):
President: — Dr. D. J. Cummings. *Secretary:* — Allan L. Lucas.

CASS COUNTY (See Logansport).

CLARK COUNTY (See Jeffersonville).

CLAY COUNTY (See Brazil).

CLINTON COUNTY (See Frankfort).

COLUMBIA CITY

Whitley County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 5, 1912):
President: — Dr. O. V. Schuman. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. Strouse.

CONNERSVILLE

Fayette County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1912):
President: — Dr. R. H. Elliott. *Secretary:* — Prof. E. L. Rickert.

CORYDON

Harrison County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (July 17, 1912):
President: — T. S. Jones. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Laura Miller.

CRAWFORD COUNTY (See English).

CRAWFORDSVILLE

Montgomery County Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 18, 1912):
Executive Office: — Knights of Pythias Building. *President:* — Dr. F. A. Dennis. *Secretary:* — Miss Josephine McMains.

CROWN POINT

Lake County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (September, 1913):
President: — Dr. T. W. Oberlin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. L. Wheaton.

DAVIESS COUNTY (See Washington).

DEARBORN COUNTY (Lee Lawrenceburg).

DECATUR COUNTY (See Greensburg).

DECATUR

Adams County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1915):
President: — Mrs. C. V. Connell. *Secretary:* — Miss Helen Niblick.

DELAWARE COUNTY (See Muncie).

DUBOIS COUNTY (See Jasper).

ELKHART

Elkhart County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1912):
President: — Dr. D. L. Miller, Goshen, Ind. *Secretary:* — Miss Margaret S. Wilson.

ENGLISH

Crawford County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (July 17, 1912):
President: — Dr. F. Gobbel. *Secretary:* — Miss Lucy Thornbury.

EVANSVILLE

Vanderburgh County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1907):
President: — Dr. James Y. Welbourn. *Secretary:* — Miss Laura Hostetter.

FAYETTE COUNTY (See Connersville).

FOUNTAIN COUNTY (See Attica).

FLOYD COUNTY (See New Albany).

FORT WAYNE

Fort Wayne Anti-Tuberculosis League (June 27, 1910):
Executive Office: — 309 Schmitz Building. *President:* — Prof. Louis Dorn. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Irene Byron, R. N.

FOWLER

Benton County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 7, 1912):
President: — Dr. J. M. Rodman. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Pelton.

FRANKFORT

Clinton County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1915):
President: — Al Irwin. *Secretary:* — Earl Stroup.

FRANKLIN COUNTY (See Brookville).

FRANKLIN

Johnson County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
Secretary: — Miss Rose Alexander.

GEORGETOWN

Georgetown Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. A. Kelly. *Secretary:* — J. A. Wright.

GIBSON COUNTY (See Princeton).

GRANT COUNTY (See Marion).

GREENE COUNTY (See Bloomfield).

GREENCASTLE

Putnam County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1915):
President: — Rev. Demetrius Tillotson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. L. Randall.

GREENFIELD

Red Cross Association of Hancock County (December, 1912):
President: — Dr. Joseph L. Allen. *Secretary:* — Miss Tillie New.

GREENSBURG

Decatur County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1912):
President: — Mr. W. C. Ehrhardt. *Secretary:* — Miss Anna Link.

HANCOCK COUNTY (See Greenfield).

HARRISON COUNTY (See Corydon).

HENDRICKS COUNTY (See Plainfield).

HENRY COUNTY (See New Castle).

HOWARD COUNTY (See Kokomo).

HUNTINGTON

Huntington County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 24, 1912):

President: — Mrs. W. W. Hawley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Thaddeus Clark.

INDIANAPOLIS

Marion County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):

Executive Office: — 213 Public Savings Building. *President:* — Dr. Alfred Henry. *Secretary:* — H. Thomas Head. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Mary A. Meyers.

JACKSON COUNTY (See Brownstown).

JASPER

Dubois County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (August, 1912):

President: — William Melchior. *Secretary:* — Miss Margaret A. Wilson.

JAY COUNTY (See Portland).

JEFFERSON COUNTY (See Madison).

JEFFERSONVILLE

Clark County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October 29, 1914):

President: — Rev. William Wylie. *Secretary:* — Miss Date Pawson.

JENNINGS COUNTY (See North Vernon).

JOHNSON COUNTY (See Franklin).

KENDALLVILLE

Noble County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Rev. M. Kretzmann. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. W. Kimmel.

KENTLAND

Newton County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (July, 1912):

President: — John Ade. *Secretary:* — Miss Ada E. Bush.

KNOX COUNTY (See Vincennes).

KNOX

Starke County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 11, 1912):

President: — Dr. S. J. Brown. *Secretary:* — Miss Agnes Laramore.

KOKOMO

Howard County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1912):

Executive Office: — 111 East Mulberry Street. *President:* — Dr. Will J. Martin. *Secretary:* — Miss Julia Stern.

KOSCIUSKO COUNTY (See Warsaw).

LAFAYETTE

Tippecanoe County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1908):

President: — Dr. C. B. Kern. *Secretary:* — Miss Lillian M. Mahin, Court House, Lafayette.

LAGRANGE
Lagrange County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. C. Rozelle. *Secretary:* — Miss Mildred Gilhams.

LAKE COUNTY (See Crown Point).

LA PORTE
La Porte County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1914):
President: — Dr. F. T. Wilcox. *Secretary:* — W. W. Byers.

LAWRENCE COUNTY (See Mitchell).

LAWRENCEBURG
Dearborn County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1914):
President: — Dr. F. M. Mueller. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Kennedy, R. N.

LEBANON
Boone County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1912):
President: — Dr. A. B. Jones. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. A. Beck.

LIBERTY
Union County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1912):
President: — Prof. C. C. Abernethy. *Secretary:* — Ernest T. Maze.

LOGANSPORT
Cass County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1912):
President: — Dr. J. A. Little. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Ida J. McCaslin.

MADISON COUNTY (See Anderson).

MADISON
Jefferson County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1912):
President: — Dr. George E. Denny. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. O. McLelland.

MARION COUNTY (See Indianapolis).

MARION
Grant County Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 10, 1911):
President: — Dr. W. A. Fankbouer. *Secretary:* — Dr. Earle Daniels, 203 Glass Building.

MARSHALL COUNTY (See Plymouth).

MARTIN COUNTY (See Shoals).

MARTINSVILLE
Morgan County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1912):
President: — Dr. Sandy. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. M. Eslinger.

MITCHELL
Lawrence County Anti-Tuberculosis Committee:
Chairman: — Noble L. Moore.

MIAMI COUNTY (See Peru).

MONROE COUNTY (See Bloomington).

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (See Crawfordsville).

MONTICELLO

White County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Grant Goodwin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. W. Davis.

MORGAN COUNTY (See Martinsville).

MT. VERNON

Posey County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (July, 1912):
President: — Dr. D. C. Ramsey. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Philip Suddoth.

MUNCIE

Delaware County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 23, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Elmer J. Whiteley. *Secretary:* — Miss Luella Anderson, 314 Johnson Block.

NASHVILLE

Brown County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March, 1912):
President: — William L. Coffey. *Secretary:* — Miss Olive Kelp.

NEW ALBANY

Floyd County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October, 1912):
Executive Office: — 1109 East Spring Street. *President:* — Dr. Henry B. Shacklett. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Fred Kurfess.

NEW CASTLE

Henry County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 18, 1912):
President: — Dr. D. S. Wiggins. *Secretary:* — J. W. Bell.

NEWPORT

Vermillion County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. H. Valentine. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Margaret Conley.

NEWTON COUNTY (See Kentland).

NOBLE COUNTY (See Kendallville).

NORTH VERNON

Jennings County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. F. Stemm. *Secretary:* — Miss Isabel Overmeyer.

OHIO COUNTY (See Rising Sun).

ORANGE COUNTY (See Paoli).

OTTERBEIN

Otterbein Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mr. Henry Bolt.

OWEN COUNTY (See Spencer).

OXFORD

Oxford Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Lily Petre. *Secretary:* — Mr. Orear.

PAOLI

Orange County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. S. F. Teaford. *Secretary:* — Miss Edith Stout.

PARKE COUNTY (See Rockville).

PERRY COUNTY (See Tell City).

PERU

Miami County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1912):
Executive Office: — 74 Broadway. *President:* — Mrs. Mary K. Shirk. *Secretary:* — Miss Ruth M. Burton. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Charlotte M. Straszer.

PETERSBURG

Pike County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1912):
President: — Andrew Jewell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Alice P. Stoops.

PIKE COUNTY (See Petersburg).

PLAINFIELD

Hendricks County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1912):
Treasurer: — Dr. Amos Carter.

PLYMOUTH

Marshall County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. L. D. Eley.

PORTER COUNTY (See Valparaiso).

PORTLAND

Jay County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
President: — Dr. W. D. Schwartz. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary E. Boltin.

POSEY COUNTY (See Mt. Vernon).

PRINCETON

Gibson County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (June, 1912):
President: — Dr. A. L. Ziliak. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. G. Taylor.

PULASKI COUNTY (See Winamac).

PUTNAM COUNTY (See Greencastle).

RANDOLPH COUNTY (See Winchester).

RICHMOND

Wayne County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1907):
Executive Office: — Masonic Temple. *President:* — Dr. D. W. Dennis. *Secretary:* — John Melpolder.

RIPLEY COUNTY (See Versailles).

RISING SUN

Ohio County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (August, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Thomas Cooper. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Will Burns.

ROCKPORT

Spencer County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August, 1912):
President: — Dr. H. G. Weiss. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. Mayhall.

ROCKVILLE

Parke County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August, 1912):
Executive Office: — Court House. *President:* — R. E. Moore. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary L. Ellett.

RUSH COUNTY (See Rushville).

RUSHVILLE

Rush County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 6, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. S. Coleman. *Secretary:* — Miss Norma Smith.

SCOTT COUNTY (See Scottsburg).

SCOTTSBURG

Scott County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. James L. Wolff. *Secretary:* — W. L. Morrison.

SHELBY COUNTY (See Shelbyville).

SHELBYVILLE

Shelby County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 6, 1915):
President: — H. C. Morrison. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. K. Montgomery, 233 Franklin Street.

SHOALS

Martin County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):
President: — Charles O. Williams. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles E. Stone.

SOUTH BEND

St. Joseph County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (June 26, 1908):
Executive Office: — Room 5, Court House. *President:* — George L. O'Brien. *Secretary:* — Miss Irma Collmer, 1131 Woodward Avenue.

SPENCER COUNTY (See Rockport).

SPENCER

Owen County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
Secretary: — Miss Dova Mitchell.

STARKE COUNTY (See Knox).

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY (See South Bend).

SULLIVAN

Sullivan County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1912):
President: — Mrs. O. B. Harris. *Secretary:* — John S. Taylor.

SWITZERLAND COUNTY (See Vevay).

TELL CITY

Perry County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June, 1912):
President: — Emil H. Mangel. *Secretary:* — Clifford Kreisle.

TERRE HAUTE

Vigo County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909; reorganized as a County Assn., January, 1912):
Executive Office: — 14 Beach Block. *President:* — Lewis J. Cox. *Secretary:* Mrs. E. Leora Foor.

TIPPECANOE COUNTY (See Lafayette).

TIPTON

Tipton County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. E. Grishaw. *Secretary:* — Miss Lulu Hardy.

UNION COUNTY (See Liberty).

VALPARAISO

Porter County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August 20, 1912):
President: — Dr. Otis B. Nesbit. *Secretary:* — Mrs. P. J. Horn.

VANDERBURGH COUNTY (See Evansville).

VERMILLION COUNTY (See Newport).

VERSAILLES

Ripley County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (September 10, 1912):
President: — Dr. T. E. Hunter. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Minnie Wycoff, Batesville.

VEVAY

Switzerland County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (July, 1912):
President: — Dr. John P. Ward. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. M. Copeland.

VIGO COUNTY (See Terre Haute).

VINCENNES

Knox County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June, 1912):
President: — Dr. P. H. Caney. *Secretary:* — Katherine McIlvaine.

WABASH

Wabash County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Isaac Beitman. *Secretary:* — Mrs. John Kaiser.

WARREN COUNTY (See Williamsport).

WARSAW

Kosciusko County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
Secretary: — Mrs. W. W. Reed.

WASHINGTON

Daviess County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (June, 1915):
President: — Dr. Maude Arthur. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. A. Rang.

WAYNE COUNTY **(See Richmond).**

WELLS COUNTY **(See Bluffton).**

WHITE COUNTY **(See Monitcello).**

WHITLEY COUNTY **(See Columbia City).**

WILLIAMSPORT

Warren County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (June, 1912):
President: — Dr. F. H. Pugh. *Secretary:* — Miss Louise Held.

WINAMAC

Pulaski County Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (July, 1912):
President: — Prof. H. L. Rogers. *Secretary:* — Miss Maude Messerly.

WINCHESTER

Randolph County Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
Secretary: — Mrs. Winifred Milligan.

IOWA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Iowa Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October 4, 1915):
Executive Office: — Century Building, Des Moines. *President:* — Dr. William Wilson Pearson. *Secretary:* — Dr. John H. Peck. *Executive Secretary:* — Walter F. Clowes.

BLOOMFIELD

Red Cross Seal Committee (January, 1916):
President: — John W. Teed. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. C. Young.

BURLINGTON

Tuberculosis Committee of the Burlington Chapter of the National Red Cross (January 16, 1912):
President: — Dr. E. J. Wehman. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Loui Weinstein.

CLINTON

Associate Benevolent Society (1886):
Executive Office: — 408 Seventh Avenue. *President:* — Mrs. C. C. Coan. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Eugene V. Worth.

COUNCIL BLUFFS

Council Bluffs Woman's Club (1897):
President: — Mrs. Sydney H. Smith. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Paul Kodweiss.
Pottawattamie County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March, 1916):
President: — J. P. Davis.

CRESTON

Red Cross Seal Committee (October, 1914):
President: — Mrs. E. N. Dougherty. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. S. Beatty, 307 Sycamore Street.

DAVENPORT

Scott County Union King's Daughters:
President: — Mrs. George B. Drummond, 1064 Arlington Avenue.

DUBUQUE

Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurse Association (March 1, 1910):
Executive Office: — Room 308 B. and I. Building. *Chairman:* — Mrs. Marie Stotz Michel, 1009 Iowa Street. *Secretary of Association:* — Miss Stella Sheridan, Davis Avenue.

FORT DODGE

Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurse Association of Fort Dodge (June, 1907):
Chairman: — Mrs. Maude C. Hallock, 915 Seventh Avenue, North. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. W. Wheeler, 1021 Seventh Avenue, North.

FORT MADISON

Ida Mansfield Circle King's Daughters:
Secretary: — Miss Frances Eitman, 1717 Second Street.

GRINNELL

Social Service League (1891):
President: — W. B. Wilson. *Secretary:* — Miss Ada M. Palmer, 909 Main Street.

KEOKUK

Visiting Nurse Association (January 1, 1913):
President: — Mrs. C. M. Rich. *Secretary:* — Miss Agnes Trimble, 401 High Street.

KNOXVILLE

Daughters American Revolution — Mary Marion Chapter (July 18, 1911):
President: — Miss Edna Black. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. H. Elliott.

MARSHALL COUNTY (See Marshalltown).

MARSHALLTOWN

Marshall County Society for the Prevention, Alleviation and Cure of Tuberculosis (1912):
President: — Dr. W. S. Devine. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. W. Johnson.

POTTAWATTAMIE COUNTY (See Council Bluffs).

SCOTT COUNTY (See Davenport).

SHENANDOAH

Shenandoah Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 1, 1910):
President: — Earl Sheets. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. F. Aldrich.

SIOUX CITY

Sioux City and Woodbury County Association for the Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1915):
President: — Rev. R. D. Van Tassel. *Secretary:* — O. S. Dean.

WOODBURY COUNTY (See Sioux City).

KANSAS

STATE ASSOCIATION

Kansas Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 3, 1908):
President: — Dr. Charles Lerrigo. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. J. L. Everhardy, Leavenworth, Kansas.

COFFEYVILLE

Social Service League:
President: — Mrs. George F. Boswell, 520 Elm Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Jennie Hyde, 201 Union Street.

KANSAS CITY

Visiting Nurse Association:
President: — Mrs. L. W. Keplinger, 936 State Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. W. Prater, 1154 Quindaro Boulevard.

LAWRENCE

Social Service League (1911):
President: — Dr. E. E. Stauffer. *Secretary:* — E. B. Backus, 1125 Vermont Street.

TOPEKA

Tuberculosis Committee of the Topeka Public Health Nursing Association (April 20, 1914):
Chairman: — Mrs. Charles B. Thomas.

WATERLOO

Social Welfare League:
Secretary: — Mrs. E. L. Johnson, 104 Leland Avenue.

WICHITA

Associated Charities:
Secretary: — Merrick W. Woods, 223 West 3rd Street.

KENTUCKY

STATE COMMISSION

Kentucky Board of Tuberculosis Commissioners (1912):
Executive Office: — State Capitol, Frankfort. *Chairman:* — Gov. A. O. Stanley. *Secretary:* — Col. L. M. Maus, M.D.

STATE ASSOCIATION

Kentucky Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
President: — C. L. Adler, Louisville.

ASHLAND

Boyd County Health League (April, 1914):
President: — John W. Woods. *Secretary:* — W. H. Gelder.

BOURBON COUNTY (See Paris).

BOYD COUNTY (See Ashland).

BOYLE COUNTY (See Danville).

CALDWELL COUNTY (See Princeton).

CARLISLE

Nicholas County Public Health League (Reorganized November, 1915):
President: — Miss Jane B. Tilton. *Secretary:* — Miss Lida Gardner.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY (See Hopkinsville).

CLOVERPORT (Breckenridge County)

Public Health League (February, 1914):
President: — Prof. Rufus McCoy.

COVINGTON

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Kenton County (April, 1912):
President: — Alexander H. Klein, 422 Wallace Avenue. *Executive Secretary:* — William S. Groom, 910 Madison Avenue.

CYNTHIANA

Cynthiana Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1909):
President: — Chester M. Jewett. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. B. Moore.

DANVILLE

Boyle County Health League (June, 1914):
President: — W. W. Johnson. *Secretary:* — Chenault Huguely.

DAVIESS COUNTY (See Owensboro).

FRANKFORT

Emergency Committee of the Civic League (June 10, 1912):
President: — Miss Fannie Crittenden. *Secretary:* — Miss Christine McEwan.

FULTON

Fulton Health and Welfare League (December, 1914):
President: — Edwin C. Rice. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Jennie K. Hill.

GEORGETOWN

Scott County Health and Welfare Association (July 14, 1910):
President: — John A. Herring. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. C. Barlow.

GREENVILLE

Muhlenberg County Public Health League (September 12, 1915):
President: — C. W. Taylor. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. H. Gray.

HENDERSON

Henderson Anti-Tuberculosis Association (Incorporated, March, 1909):
President: — H. James E. Rankin. *Secretary:* — Miss Cornelia Lyne.

HOPKINS COUNTY (See Madisonville).

HOPKINSVILLE

Christian County Tuberculosis Committee (October, 1915):
President: — Dr. J. E. Stone. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank Yost.

KENTON COUNTY (See Covington).

LEXINGTON

Public Health Nursing Association (November 27, 1905):
Executive Office: — 618 West Main Street. *President:* — Dr. Ernest Bradley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Minor Simpson.

LINCOLN COUNTY (See Stanford).

LOUISVILLE

Louisville Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June, 1905):
Executive Office: — 121 W. Chestnut Street. *President:* — Byron Hilliard. *Secretary:* — F. A. Sampson.

MADISONVILLE

Hopkins County Public Health League (1915):
President: — Paul M. Moore. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. W. Parker.

MARION

Health and Welfare League (March 7, 1916):
President: — Frank Dodge. *Secretary:* — Frank Harpieding.

MASON COUNTY (See Maysville).

MAYFIELD

Civic and Health Committee of the Woman's Club (January, 1916):
President: — Mrs. W. C. Warren. *Secretary:* — Miss Katie May Cresson.

MAYSVILLE

Mason County Public Health League (1913):
President: — Miss J. O. Yancey. *Secretary:* — W. W. Ball, Jr.

MORGANFIELD (Union County)

Civic League (May, 1915):
President: — Mrs. George A. Prentice.

MUHLENBURG COUNTY (See Greenville).

NICHOLAS COUNTY (See Carlisle).

OWENSBORO

Daviess County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (June, 1909):
President: — Mrs. J. D. Hayes.

PADUCAH

Paducah Association for the Study, Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis (March 15, 1910):
President: — A. R. Meyers. *Secretary:* — C. W. Craig.

PARIS

Bourbon County Health and Welfare League (February, 1914):
President: — Mrs. C. O. Hinton. *Secretary:* — Mrs. P. A. Thompson.

PRINCETON

Caldwell County Tuberculosis Committee (February, 1916):
President: — Dr. William T. Baker. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. E. Eflen.

SCOTT COUNTY (See Georgetown).

STANFORD

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Lincoln County (October 23, 1910):
President: — Dr. W. B. O'Bannon. *Secretary:* — J. W. Ireland.

VERSAILLES (Woodford County)

Versailles Civic League (May, 1915):
President: — Miss Edith M. Marshall. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Florence Hauswald.

LOUISIANA

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League (December 4, 1906):
Executive Office: — 1309 Tulane Avenue, New Orleans. *President:* — Dr. J. George Dempsey. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. Farrar Patton. *Assistant Secretary:* — Mrs. L. P. Geissert. The work of the State association includes that of New Orleans.

ALEXANDRIA

Rapides Branch of Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League (June, 1908):
President: — Dr. G. M. G. Stafford. *Secretary:* — Miss A. Lehman.

AMITE CITY

Amite City Anti-Tuberculosis League (December 22, 1908):
Secretary: — Mrs. T. M. Bankston.

BATON ROUGE

Baton Rouge Tuberculosis Association (May 10, 1909):
Secretary: — Dr. Charles McVea.

BOGALUSA

Bogalusa Anti-Tuberculosis League (June, 1909):
Secretary: — Mrs. W. H. Sullivan.

FRANKLINTON

Franklinton Anti-Tuberculosis League (January, 1909):
Secretary: — J. W. Bateman.

GREENSBURG

Greensburg Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 19, 1910):
Secretary: — R. E. Cole.

HOMER

Homer Anti-Tuberculosis League (April 15, 1908):
Secretary: — Dr. W. L. Stone.

HOUMA

Terrebonne Anti-Tuberculosis League (September, 1913):
Secretary: — Miss Louise C. Winder.

LAFAYETTE

Lafayette Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 12, 1910):
Secretary: — Hon. F. V. Moulin.

ST. JOSEPH

St. Joseph Anti-Tuberculosis League (June, 1909):
Secretary: — Dr. Louis Murdock.

SHREVEPORT

Shreveport Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Meyer Benson, Colonial Apartments. *Secretary:* — Mrs. T. J. Fitzpatrick.

TALLULAH

Tallulah Anti-Tuberculosis League (February, 1909):
Secretary: — Dr. George W. Gains.

MAINE

STATE ASSOCIATION

Maine Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1901):
Executive Office: — 27 State Street, Bangor. *President:* — Dr. William C. Peters. *Secretary:* — A. J. Torsleff.

AROOSTOOK COUNTY **(See Presque Isle).**

AUGUSTA

Augusta Anti-Tuberculosis League (April, 1912):
Executive Office: — 51 Green Street. *President:* — George E. Macomber.

AUBURN

Androscoggin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January, 1910):
President: — Hon. Henry W. Oakes. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. R. Thornton, 10 Laurel Avenue.

BANGOR

Bangor Anti-Tuberculosis Association (July, 1909):
President: — Rev. Alvah R. Scott. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. F. Atwood.

BAR HARBOR

Mt. Desert Island Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March, 1913):
President: — J. Alden Morse. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Arno W. Cleaves.

BIDDEFORD

Biddeford and Saco Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 30, 1912):
President: — George B. Goodwin. *Secretary:* — Miss Jennie S. Meserve.

BRUNSWICK

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1912):
Chairman: — Prof. Marshall P. Cram. *Secretary:* — Robert K. Eaton.

CALAIS

Washington County Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (May 9, 1912):
President: — Dr. H. B. Mason. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. A. Murchie.

DEXTER

Dexter Branch of the Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — Mrs. W. E. Brewster. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Mary E. Sawyer.

DOVER

Dover-Foxcroft Branch of the Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — Dr. W. G. Buswell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Lyman K. Lee.

FOXCROFT

Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1914):
Executive Office: — Foxcroft. *President:* — Lyman K. Lee (Foxcroft). *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. E. Cole (Dover).

GARDINER

Gardiner Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 23, 1912):
President: — Henry Richards. *Secretary:* — Dr. Charles J. Bragdon, 18 Vine Street.

GUILFORD

Guilford Branch of the Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1915):
President: — Mrs. E. A. Campbell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. S. Douglass.

HALLOWELL

Hallowell Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March 27, 1916):
President: — Rev. E. W. Webber. *Secretary:* — Rev. W. H. Brokenshire.

MILO

Milo Branch of the Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1915):
President: — E. M. Hamlin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Anne S. Mills.

OLD TOWN

Old Town Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 3, 1912):
President: — Edgar B. Weeks. *Secretary:* — William H. Waterhouse.

ORONO

Orono Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 27, 1912):
President: — Rev. J. B. Lyman. *Secretary:* — Prof. J. S. Stevens.

PRESQUE ISLE

Aroostook County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1913):
President: — Hon. T. H. Phair. *Secretary:* — Hon. C. C. Harvey (Fort Fairfield).

SACO (See Biddeford).

SANGERVILLE

Sangerville Branch of the Dexter and Piscataquis Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1915):
President: — Mrs. A. O. Campbell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. A. Barrett.

WASHINGTON COUNTY (See Calais).

WATERVILLE

Central Maine Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (April 18, 1910):
President: — J. Howard Welch. *Secretary:* — Ralph J. Patterson.

MARYLAND

STATE ASSOCIATION

Maryland Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (December 13, 1904):
Executive Office: — 1301 N. Charles Street, Baltimore. *President:* — Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs. *Executive Secretary:* — Robert Carlisle Powell. *Assistant Executive Secretary:* — Alden Anderson. The work of the State association includes that of Baltimore.

ANNAPOLIS

Anne Arundel County Branch of Maryland Association for Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (1906; reorganized 1912):
Executive Office: — 124 Prince George Street. *President:* — Dr. Thomas Fell. *General Secretary:* — J. Oliver Purvis.

ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY (See Annapolis).

CAMBRIDGE

Dorchester County Branch of the Maryland Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (1906):
Secretary: — Dr. Guy Steele.

CUMBERLAND

Tuberculosis Committee of the Cumberland Civic Club (January, 1909):
President: — Mrs. W. W. Hanly. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Walter Shryer.

DORCHESTER COUNTY (See Cambridge).

EASTON

Sanitation Committee, Civic League of Talbot County (January, 1908):
Chairman: — Miss M. B. Dixon.

FREDERICK

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of the Federated Charities (December 7, 1907):
Executive Office: — 133 South Market Street. *President:* — Dr. Thomas Dixon. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Maulsby.

HAGERSTOWN

Washington County Branch of the Maryland Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis ([illegible]):
Executive Office: — [illegible] South Potomac Street. *President:* — Mrs. Edgar S. Ziegler. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. E. [illegible], [illegible] East North Street.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY (See Rockville).

ROCKVILLE

Tuberculosis Committee of the Social Service League of Montgomery County (November [illegible], [illegible]):
Executive Office: — Court House. *President:* — Rev. [illegible]. *Chairman of Tuberculosis Committee:* — Mrs. [illegible]. *Secretary:* — Miss Ida S. Dove.

TALBOT COUNTY (See Easton).

WASHINGTON COUNTY (See Hagerstown).

MASSACHUSETTS

STATE COMMISSION

Trustees of Massachusetts Hospitals for Consumptives (Organized as a Commission by Act of Legislature in June, 1907; changed into a Board of Trustees upon the completion of the Westfield Sanatorium, February, 1910):
Executive Office: — State House, Boston. *Chairman:* — Dr. Arthur K. Stone. *Secretary:* — Dr. John B. Hawes, 2nd.

STATE ASSOCIATION

Massachusetts Anti-Tuberculosis League (January, 1914):
Executive Office: — 3 Joy Street, Boston. *President:* — Dr. Vincent Y. Bowditch. *Secretary:* — Seymour H. Stone.

ADAMS

Adams Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 4, 1908):
President: — Henry L. Harrington. *Secretary:* — Miss Jessie B. Kerr.

AMESBURY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Amesbury Branch of American Red Cross (June, 1911):
Executive Office: — 6 Pleasant Street. *President:* — Mrs. Emily B. Smith. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles E. Fish.

ANDOVER

Andover Public Health Association (1916) (As successor to the Andover Tuberculosis Committee, 1907):
President: — Markham W. Stackpole. *Secretary:* — Bernard M. Allen.

ATTLEBORO

Attleboro Anti-Tuberculosis and District Nursing Society (March 10, 1911):
Executive Office: — 137 South Main Street. *President:* — Granville W. Meader. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank C. Rounseville.

BERKSHIRE COUNTY (See Pittsfield).

BEVERLY

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Beverly (January 10, 1915):
Executive Office: — 122 Cabot Street. *President:* — Miss Laura G. Woodberry. *Secretary:* — Miss Helen Wales, 23 Washington Street.

BOSTON

Boston Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (April 21, 1903):

Executive Office: — 3 Joy Street. *President:* — Dr. Arthur K. Stone. *Secretary:* — Seymour H. Stone.

BROOKLINE

Brookline Anti-Tuberculosis Society (May 22, 1907):

Executive Office: — Union Building, High Street. *President:* — Moses Williams. *Secretary:* — Miss Annie R. Townsend.

CAMBRIDGE

The Cambridge Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October 30, 1903):

Executive Office: — 689 Massachusetts Avenue. *President:* — Dr. Eugene A. Darling. *General Secretary:* — Mrs. Mabel Greeley Smith.

CANTON

The Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Canton (December 18, 1910):

Chairman: — Edward H. R. Revere. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. B. Luce.

CHELSEA

Chelsea Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June, 1907):

President: — Thomas B. Frost. *Secretary:* — Dr. George B. Fenwick.

CLINTON

Clinton Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (June 26, 1908):

Executive Office: — 205 Church Street. *President:* — Dr. Walter P. Bowers. *Secretary:* — Miss Ellen K. Stevens.

CONCORD

Tuberculosis Committee of the Concord Woman's Club (1910):

Chairman: — Miss Ellen T. Emerson.

FALL RIVER

Fall River Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 27, 1908; incorporated, December 2, 1908):

President: — Dr. Charles A. Howland. *Secretary:* — Dr. William W. Marvel, 151 Rock Street.

FITCHBURG

Fitchburg Society for the Control and Cure of Tuberculosis (October, 1914):

Chairman: — Mrs. Charles E. Ware.

FRAMINGHAM

Framingham Nursing, Relief and Anti-Tuberculosis Association:

President: — Dr. Lewis M. Palmer. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Fred L. Oaks, Eastern Avenue.

GARDNER

Gardner Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (November 24, 1908):

President: — Dr. George B. Underwood. *Secretary:* — Miss Alice W. Heywood, 60 Central Street.

GLOUCESTER

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Gloucester Visiting Nursing Association (1914):
Chairman: — Mrs. Thomas Conant. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George D. Winchester.

GREAT BARRINGTON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Visiting Nurse Association (July 12, 1909):
Executive Office: — Room 62 Mahaiwe Block. *Chairman:* — Miss Clara Russell.

HAVERHILL

Haverhill Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (May 7, 1907):
President: — Dr. I. J. Clarke. *Secretary:* — Dr. Thomas N. Stone, 28 White Street.

HOLYOKE

Holyoke Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (February 22, 1907):
Executive Office: — 98 Race Street. *President:* — Dr. C. A. Allen. *Visiting Secretary:* — Mrs. Carrie S. Peck.

HUDSON

Hudson Anti-Tuberculosis Association (May 12, 1909):
Chairman: — Mrs. E. Lester Larkin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles M. Houghton.

LAWRENCE

Lawrence Anti-Tuberculosis League (October 30, 1907):
Executive Office: — 31 Jackson Street. *President:* — Dr. C. G. Carleton. *Secretary:* — Miss Kathryn A. Haselton.

LEE

Anti-Tuberculosis Society:
Secretary: — Clarence N. Durant.

LOWELL

Lowell Anti-Tuberculosis Council:
Chairman: — Rev. James Bancroft. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Robert F. Marden, 68 Clark Road.

LYNN

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (January, 1916):
Executive Office: — 10 City Square. *Chairman:* — Dr. Edward S. O'Keefe.

MALDEN

Malden Anti-Tuberculosis Society (Incorporated, 1907):
Executive Office: — 390 Salem Street. *President:* — Dr. Charles E. Prior. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. Gy. Green.

MEDFORD

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Medford Visiting Nurse Association (May 7, 1907):
Executive Office: — 14 Salem Street. *Chairman:* — Mrs. George H. Folger. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. N. Baker.

MELROSE

Melrose Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 5, 1909):
President: — Dr. Willis M. Townsend. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank M. Hoyt.

NEW BEDFORD

New Bedford Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October 6, 1906):
President: — Rev. William B. Geoghegan. *Secretary:* — Edwin P. Seaver.

NEWBURYPORT

Newburyport Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 8, 1909):
President: — Mrs. George T. Howard. *Secretary:* — Miss Edith M. Howe, 238 Howe Street.

NORTHAMPTON

Northampton Association for the Prevention and Control of Tuberculosis (November 2, 1907):
President: — Dr. William J. Collins, 90 Main Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Margaret Dale Lee, 262 Bridge Street.

PITTSFIELD

Berkshire County Red Cross Chapter:
Secretary: — Dr. Alfreda B. Withington, 17 Clinton Avenue.
Pittsfield Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June 1, 1908):
President: — Dr. Henry Colt. *Secretary:* — Miss Julia W. Redfield, 290 South Street.

QUINCY

Quincy Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 24, 1908):
President: — Dr. N. F. Hunting. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Wilson Marsh.

RUTLAND

The Rutland Private Sanatorium Association (Incorporated, 1913):
President: — Dr. Bayard T. Crane.

SALEM

Salem Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1907; reorganized, 1914):
Executive Office: — 5 St. Peter Street. *President:* — Josiah H. Gifford. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. E. Janet Sherry.

SOMERVILLE

Tuberculosis Department of the Visiting Nurse Association (1906):
President: — Mrs. Sanford Hanscom, 1 Webster Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Eden C. Hall.

SPRINGFIELD

The Springfield Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 21, 1904):
Executive Office: — 15 Edwards Street. *President:* — Dr. George L. Schadt. *Clerk:* — Silvio Martinelli.

TAUNTON

Taunton Association for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1909):
Executive Office: — 28 Broadway. *President:* — Dr. A. R. Crandall. *Secretary:* — Miss Bertha J. Southwick.

WILLIAMSTOWN

Williamstown Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1911):
President: — Harry A. Garfield. *Secretary:* — Dr. Vanderpoel Adriance.

WORCESTER

Worcester Tuberculosis Relief Association (Incorporated, November 14, 1907, as successor to the Worcester Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis, founded, January 14, 1904):

Executive Office: — 831 Main Street. *President:* — Dr. Albert C. Getchell. *Secretary:* — Dr. Myrtle Smith.

MICHIGAN

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Michigan Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 21, 1908):

Executive Office: — Medical Building, Ann Arbor, Michigan. *President:* — Dr. A. F. Fischer, Hancock, Michigan. *Secretary:* — Miss Carol F. Walton.

ADRIAN

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee, Associated Charities (May 14, 1911):

President: — Miss Alice B. Angell. *Secretary:* — Miss Olga M. Bowen.

ALLEGAN

Hospital Committee of Woman's History Club (Affiliated, 1914):

Chairman: — Miss A. I. Engle. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Vere Swartout.

ALPENA

Woman's Civic League (Affiliated, 1913):

President: — Miss Harriet J. Comstock. *Secretary:* — Miss Ruth Cobb.

ALMA

Gratiot County Good Health Society (August 2, 1915):

President: — Dr. C. B. Gardner. *Secretary:* — Mrs. V. H. Shepard, 318 Allen Avenue.

ALPHA (See Crystal Falls).

AMASA (See Crystal Falls).

ANN ARBOR

Ann Arbor Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 29, 1909):

Executive Office: — Medical Building. *President:* — Dr. F. R. Waldron. *Secretary:* — Dr. Jeanne C. Solis.

BAD AXE

Bad Axe Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1913):

President: — Mrs. P. N. Sawyer. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Katherine Bartley. *Chairman of Tuberculosis Committee:* — Mrs. W. J. Herrington.

BATTLE CREEK

Battle Creek Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 16, 1909):

President: — Fred W. Gage. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. W. Harvey.

BAY CITY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic Improvement League (Affiliated, 1913):

President: — Mrs. G. B. Jennison. *Secretary:* — Miss Emily Collins.

BERRIEN COUNTY (See Coloma)

BIG RAPIDS

Civic Department of the Union Library Club (Affiliated, 1914):
Chairman: — Mrs. A. Roy. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. B. Ashley.

BOYNE CITY

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Federation of Woman's Clubs (Affiliated, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. H. W. McIntosh. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Bess Wenzel.

BRANCH COUNTY (See Coldwater).

CADILLAC

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Cadillac (February 16, 1910):
President: — Mrs. F. E. Cornwell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. D. Burritt.

CARO

Caro Anti-Tuberculosis Association (May 28, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Ida M. Ryan. *Secretary:* — Dr. Frederick P. Bender.

CASSOPOLIS

Cassopolis Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1913):
President: — Mrs. Margaret Bonine. *Chairman:* — Mrs. M. H. Criswell.

CHARLOTTE

Charlotte Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Viola Turo. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Don Clement.

CHEBOYGAN

Cheboygan Visiting Nurse Association (Affiliated, 1913):
President: — Mrs. E. F. Newell.

CHIPPEWA COUNTY (See Sault Ste. Marie).

COLDWATER

The Public Health Society of Branch County (Organized, December, 1909. Reorganized, March 18, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Walter Kennard. *Secretary:* — Rev. H. P. Collin.

COLOMA

Berrien County Federation of Women's Clubs (Affiliated, December, 1914):
President: — Mrs. G. C. Scherer, Watervliet. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Alice M. Baker, Coloma.

CONSTANTINE

Constantine Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Charles Barnard. *Chairman:* — Mrs. R. E. Zimmerman.

CRYSTAL FALLS

Crystal Falls, Alpha, Amasa Branch of the Iron River Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March 27, 1916):
Vice-President: — Mrs. F. W. Scadden. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William H. Rezin.

DETROIT

Detroit Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 21, 1905):
Executive Office: — 512 Kresge Building. *President:* — Mrs. Clara B. Arthur. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. Ogden Ellis. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Maude Van Syckle.

DOWAGIAC

Tuberculosis Committee of Tourists' Club (1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. George W. Moore. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Morris Claypool.

DURAND

Tuberculosis Committee of Durand King's Daughters (Affiliated, 1913):
President: — Miss Matie Jones. *Secretary:* — Miss Irma Healy. *Chairman:* — Miss Nellie Kline.

EATON RAPIDS

Tuberculosis Committee of Ladies' History Club (October, 1910):
Chairman: — Mrs. Rufus Hyde.

ELK RAPIDS

Elk Rapids Benevolent Association (August, 1913):
President: — Mrs. M. E. Duckles.

ELSIE

Woman's Literary Club (Affiliated, 1913):
President: — Mrs. W. S. Bell.

ESCANABA

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Woman's Club (March 18, 1909):
President: — Mrs. C. E. Andrews. *Secretary:* — Miss Isabel M. Blake.

FLINT

Opportunity Circle of the King's Daughters (1910):
President: — Mrs. A. Paterson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Guy Briggs.

FRANKFORT

Tuberculosis Committee of Lakeside Literary Society (December, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. G. E. Simmons. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. C. Woodward.

GLADWIN

Gladwin Woman's Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. C. A. Mark. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Fred Powell.

GRAND HAVEN

Grand Haven Welfare Board (Affiliated, December, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. Charles E. Misner. *Secretary:* — Mrs. R. M. Neale.

GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids Anti-Tuberculosis Society (March 3, 1905):
Executive Office: — 55 Barclay Avenue, N. E. *President:* — M. R. Bissell, Jr. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. Ethel McCormick Hendriksen.

GRATIOT COUNTY (See Alma).

GRAYLING

Boy Scouts (Affiliated, 1913):
Scout Master: — L. C. Bundgaardt.

GREENVILLE

Tuberculosis Committee of the Greenville Federation of Clubs (1912):
President: — Mrs. E. A. Kemp. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Roy Ranney.

HASTINGS

Hastings Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June, 1908):
President: — Mrs. Frances Wheeler Smith. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Edward A. Burton.

HILLSDALE

Woman's Improvement Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. H. C. Miller. *Secretary:* — Mrs. T. J. Coslett.

HOLLAND

Civic Health Committee of the Woman's Literary Club (Affiliated, 1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. G. J. Van Buren. *Secretary:* — Mrs. R. N. Demerell.

HOUGHTON

Houghton County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (March 2, 1908):
President: — Dr. L. L. Hubbard. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. R. Dickens.

HOWELL

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Howell Women's Club (December, 1909):
Chairman: — Mrs. Thomas Gordon.

IRON MOUNTAIN

Iron Mountain Woman's Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Miss Mary R. M. Beers. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. F. Morrissey.

IRON RIVER

Iron River, Stambaugh, Palatka Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January, 1916):
President: — Mrs. G. L. Woodworth, Iron River. *Secretary:* — Miss Ebba M. Djupe, Palatka.

IRONWOOD

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee — Woman's Monday Evening Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. J. A. Melrose. *Secretary:* — Miss Miriam Wells.

JACKSON

Tuberculosis Committee of Organized Charities (1913):
Executive Office: — City Building, Jackson. *Chairman:* — Mrs. A. S. Thompson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. W. McKee.

KALAMAZOO

Kalamazoo Anti-Tuberculosis Society (December, 1904):
Executive Office: — Public Library. *President:* — Dr. S. R. Light. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Lucy Sullivan.

L'ANSE (Baraga County)

Tuberculosis Committee of Seward Pomona Grange (1914):
Master: — Hokan Lundin, Baraga. *Lecturer:* — Mrs. C. H. Anderson.

LANSING

Women's Auxiliary Ingham County Sanatorium (August, 1913):
President: — Mrs. R. H. Persons. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. W. Toles.

LAPEER

Camp Fire Girls (Affiliated, December, 1913):
Guardian: — Mrs. H. S. Evans.

LUDINGTON

Civic Federation of Woman's Clubs (Affiliated, 1914):
President: — Mrs. W. H. Force. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Arthur Johnson.

MANISTEE

Manistee Anti-Tuberculosis Society (March 8, 1911):
President: — Mrs. William Lloyd. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William Woodhead.

MANISTIQUE

Schoolcraft County Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (November 16, 1910):
President: — W. L. Middlebrook. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. M. LeRoy.

MARLETTE

Sanilac County Federation of Woman's Clubs (Affiliated, November, 1914):
President: — Mrs. H. C. Morris, Marlette. *Chairman:* — Mrs. Kenneth McKenzie, Sandusky.

MARQUETTE

Tuberculosis Committee of Visiting Nurses' Association (Affiliated, 1909):
President: — Mrs. H. J. Hornbogen. *Secretary:* — Rose H. Wallace.

MIDLAND

Health Committee of the Monday Club (1912):
Chairman: — Mrs. B. B. Ball. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Neil McKay.

MONROE

Monroe Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 12, 1913):
President: — Rev. W. C. Burns. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. Van Miller.

MT. CLEMENS

City Union of King's Daughters and Sons (1910):
President: — Mrs. M. C. Cronin. *Chairman:* — Mrs. Thomas Forman, 69 Macomb Street.

MT. PLEASANT

Woman's Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. R. D. Calkins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Eva H. Morrison.

MUSKEGON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Bureau of Social Service (February 16, 1893. Affiliated, 1911):
Executive Office: — 85 Lyman Block. *President:* — Judge E. D. Prescott. *Secretary:* — Miss Mabel E. Davis.

NILES

Progressive League (Affiliated, November, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Martha Hunter. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. F. Harrah.

NORTHPORT

Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1913):
President: — Mrs. D. H. Scott. *Secretary:* — Miss Irene Norton.

OCEANA COUNTY **(See Pentwater).**

ONTONAGON

Ontonagon Study Club (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Mary A. Corbin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Louise B. Brown.

OWOSSO

County Federation of King's Daughters (Affiliated, December, 1915):
President: — Mrs. C. S. Watson. *Chairman:* — Mrs. H. E. Payne. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. F. Conn.

PALATKA (See Iron River).

PAW PAW

Van Buren County Double Red Cross Association (Organized, May, 1910 — Reorganized November, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Elnora Chamberlin, Hartford, Mich. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. F. Hoyt, Paw Paw.

PENTWATER

Oceana County Federation of Woman's Clubs (1902. Affiliated, November, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Elizabeth S. Verbeck. *Secretary:* — Miss Winnie M. Jenson.

ST. JOSEPH

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities of St. Joseph (November, 1911):
President: — Rev. A. H. Stoneman. *Secretary:* — Mrs. May Graham Hull, 909 Main Street.

SANILAC COUNTY (See Marlette).

SARANAC

Ladies' Literary Club (Affiliated, January, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Nellie Otis. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Winnifred Ettinger.

SAULT STE. MARIE

Chippewa County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (February 12, 1914):
President: — Roberts P. Hudson. *Secretary:* — Chase S. Osborne, Jr.

SCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY (See Manistique).

STAMBAUGH (See Iron River).

STANDISH

Boy Scouts (Affiliated, 1914):
Scout Master: — H. W. Pomeroy.

STURGIS

Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1911):
President: — Mrs. E. C. Wright. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. A. Cavin.

TRAVERSE CITY

Grand Traverse Association for Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 22, 1913):
Executive Office: — 407 Traverse City State Bank Building. *President:* — Mrs. H. J. Curtiss. *Secretary:* — Dr. Sara T. Chase.

VAN BUREN COUNTY (See Paw Paw).

WEST BRANCH

Civic League Committee of the Woman's Club (Affiliated, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. J. T. Sargent. *Secretary:* — Mrs. James B. Ross.

YPSILANTI

Ypsilanti Health League (Organized, 1909 — Reorganized, 1916):
President: — Wilbur Bowen, 1020 Upper Ellis Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Emma R. Cross, Health Cottage.

MINNESOTA *

STATE ASSOCIATION

Minnesota Public Health Association (February 25, 1908; Reorganized, July 1, 1914):
Executive Office: — Old Capitol, St. Paul. *President:* — Dr. H. W. Cook. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. L. Beebe. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. I. J. Murphy.

ALBERT LEA

Freeborn County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Miss Alma Wretling. *Secretary:* — Harold Dahlen.

AITKIN

Aitkin County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. C. H. Warner. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. S. Young.

AUSTIN

Mower County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. E. L. Rice. *Secretary:* — Miss R. N. Schoonor.

BELTRAMI COUNTY (See Bemidji).

BEMIDJI

Beltrami County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. C. A. Jacobson. *Secretary:* — W. B. Stewart.

BRAINERD

Crow Wing County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — E. A. Lamb, Ironton. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. A. Thabes.

Public Health Committee of the Associated Charities of Brainerd (1910):
President: — B. J. Broady. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. A. Thabes.

CARLTON COUNTY (See Cloquet).

CHIPPEWA COUNTY (See Clara City).

CLARA CITY

Chippewa County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
Presdient: — J. J. Bohlander, Montivideo. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. T. Foshager.

CLARKFIELD

Yellow Medicine County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Lue A. Olds, Granite Falls. *Secretary:* — H. N. Bergh.

CLOQUET

Carlton County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Miss Nora A. Nilson, Moose Lake. *Secretary:* — Dr. Henrietta Miller.

COTTONWOOD COUNTY (See Windom).

CROW WING COUNTY (See Brainerd).

* Women's clubs and other organizations that have permanent public health and anti-tuberculosis committees will be found in the following towns, most of them of less than 3,000 population: Ada, Akeley, Alexandria, Anoka, Austin, Barnesville, Belle Plaine, Blooming Prairie, Breckenbridge, Canon Falls, Chatfield, Clinton, Deer River, Detroit, Dodge Center, Ely, Excelsior, Fairment, Fertile, Fulda, Glencoe, Grand Meadow, Groveland, Henderson, Heron Lake, Hill City, Howard Lake, Jackson, Kasson, Lake Crystal, Le Suenr Center, Litchfield, Mankato, Marietta, Minneota, Monticello, Montivideo, Nicollet, North St. Paul, Ortonville, Paynesville, Pine Island, Pine River, Pipestone, Preston, St. Paul Park, Sauk Center, Sherburn, Springfield, Tracy, Taylors Falls, Wadena, Wells, Winnebago, Worthington.

DAKOTA COUNTY (See Hastings).

DULUTH

St. Louis County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Dr. A. T. Laird, Nopeming. *Secretary:* — N. A. Young.

ENGLUND

Englund Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March 29, 1912):
President: — Victor Sjoblom, Stephen. *Secretary:* — Miss Annie Benson, Stephen, Minn.

FARIBAULT

Rice County Public Health Association (December, 1915):
Chairman: — Dr. L. Arlene Lane. *Secretary:* — Miss Stella Cole.

FERGUS FALLS

Park Region Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (June, 19[illegible]):
President: — Dr. W. W. Drought. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. Wheelock.

FREEBORN COUNTY (See Albert Lea).

GRAND RAPIDS

Itasca County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. A. L. Blix, Deer River. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Estelle Whipple.

HASTINGS

Dakota County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — J. P. Karpen. *Secretary:* — Lillian Enright.

INTERNATIONAL FALLS

Koochiching County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — E. E. McIntire. *Secretary:* — E. B. Jewel.

ITASCA COUNTY (See Grand Rapids).

JACKSON COUNTY (See Lakefield).

JANESVILLE

Waseca County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. M. M. Davidson, Waseca. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. W. Swenson.

KANDIYOHI COUNTY (See Willmar).

KOOCHICHING COUNTY (See International Falls).

LAKE CITY

Wabasha County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — L. C. Towle, Wabasha. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. H. Baylet.

LAKE COUNTY (See Two Harbors).

LAKEFIELD

Jackson County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — J. B. Arp, Jackson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. J. Leigh.

LAKE PARK

Lake Park Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 20, 1912):
President: — Dr. O. K. Winberg. *Secretary:* — J. Adolph Danielson.

LONG PRAIRIE

Todd County Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1910):
President: — Dr. B. F. Van Valkenburg. *Secretary:* — August Loegering.

LYON COUNTY (See Marshall).

MARSHALL

Lyon County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Mrs. M. E. Matthews. *Secretary:* — H. R. Painter.

MARSHALL COUNTY (See Warren).

MINNEAPOLIS

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (1903):
Executive Office: — 25 Old Chamber of Commerce Building. *Chairman:* — J. R. Kingman. *Secretary:* — Paul L. Benjamin.

MOORHEAD

Moorhead Benevolent and Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1915):
President: — Mrs. W. J. Awty. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. E. Sharp.

MOWER COUNTY (See Austin).

NICOLLET COUNTY (See St. Peter)

NOBLES COUNTY (See Worthington).

OLIVIA

Renville County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — O. M. Keiser, Hector. *Secretary:* — Miss Amalia M. Bengtson.

OWATONNA

Steele County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — James A. Mork. *Secretary:* — Miss Alda Garrison.

PENNINGTON COUNTY (See Thief River Falls).

PINE COUNTY (See Sandstone).

RED WING

Red Wing Visiting Nursing Association (January, 1912):
President: — Mrs. J. Henry Cross. *Secretary:* — Miss Helen Friedrick.

RENVILLE COUNTY (See Olivia).

RICE COUNTY (See Faribault).

ROCHESTER

Rochester Civic League (October, 1910):
President: — Mrs. George J. Allen. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. O. Holland.

SANDSTONE

Pine County Public Health Association (1916):
President: — Mrs. Colliver. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Maloney.

SCHOOLCRAFT COUNTY (See Manistique).

SOUTH ST. PAUL

South St. Paul Anti-Tuberculosis and Visiting Nurse Society (November, 1910):
Secretary: — Mrs. P. H. O'Keefe.

STEARNS COUNTY (See St. Cloud).

STEELE COUNTY (See Owatonna).

ST. CLOUD

Stearns County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — William A. Boerger. *Secretary:* — Miss Inez Smith.

Health and Hygiene Committee of St. Cloud Reading Room Society (January, 1880):
President: — Mrs. Alois Tschumperlin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. H. Beaty.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY (See Duluth).

ST. PAUL

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the United Charities (1908):
Executive Office: — Wilder Building. *Secretary:* — C. C. Stillman.

ST. PETER

Nicollet County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — B. M. Cosgrove. *Secretary:* — Miss Bea.

STILLWATER

Washington County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Dr. W. R. Humphrey. *Secretary:* — E. N. Swanson.

STRANDQUIST

Strandquist Anti-Tuberculosis Association (March, 1912):
President: — C. M. Carlson. *Secretary:* — Miss Ottine Rokke.

STRIP

New Solum Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January, 1911):
President: — E. A. Silverness. *Secretary:* — Olaf Ospeth, Rosewood.

THIEF RIVER FALLS

Pennington County Public Health Association (February 11, 1916):
President: — Mrs. J. M. Bishop. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. E. Douglass.

TODD COUNTY (See Long Prairie).

TWO HARBORS

Lake County Public Health Association (March, 1916):
President: — Dr. M. K. Knauff. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. W. Lawrence.

WABASHA COUNTY (See Lake City).

WARREN

Marshall County Public Health Association (1911):
President: — E. Torgeson. *Secretary:* — Miss Elizabeth Rankin.

WASECA COUNTY (See Janesville).

WASHINGTON COUNTY (See Stillwater).

WILLMAR

Kandiyohi County Public Health Association (November, 1914): *President:* — Mrs. P. H. Haley. *Secretary:* — Miss Olive M. Crosby.

WINDOM

Cottonwood County Public Health Association (March, 1916): *President:* — Alfred R. Iverson. *Secretary:* — Miss Alma Johnson.

WINONA

Tuberculosis Committee of the Margaret Simpson Home (May, 1910): *President:* — Dr. H. F. McGaughey. *Secretary:* — Miss Jennie V. Doud, 114 East Wabasha Street.

Winona County Public Health Association (March, 1916): *President:* — J. V. Voorhees. *Secretary:* — W. F. Whittle.

WORTHINGTON

Nobles County Public Health Association (March, 1916): *President:* — Mrs. Frank G. Dean. *Secretary:* — E. K. Sampson.

YELLOW MEDICINE COUNTY (See Clarkfield).

MISSISSIPPI

STATE ASSOCIATION

Mississippi Anti-Tuberculosis Campaign Committee (1913): *Executive Office:* — Seutter Building, Jackson. *Chairman:* — Dr. W. S. Leathers. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Robert S. Phifer, Jr.

COLDWATER (See Senatobia).

GREENVILLE

Greenville Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1915): *Chairman:* — Mrs. Edmund Taylor. *Secretary:* — Leon Fletcher.

LAUDERDALE COUNTY (See Meridian).

MERIDIAN

Lauderdale County Tuberculosis Camp Association (February, 1913): *President:* — Mrs. George Hodges. *Secretary:* — O. C. Morgon, Care of "Star."

Meridian Anti-Tuberculosis League (Colored) (June 1, 1909): *President:* — Dr. D. W. Sherrod, 407½ 25th Avenue. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. C. Olden.

NATCHEZ

Natchez Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (July, 1914): *President:* — Mrs. H. C. Turley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. S. Ullman.

SENATOBIA AND COLDWATER

Tate County Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 6, 1916):
President: — Mrs. J. B. Snider, Senatobia. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. D. Smith, Senatobia.

TATE COUNTY (See Senatobia).

VICKSBURG

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic League:
Chairman: — Mrs. Eva C. Rigby.

MISSOURI

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Missouri Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (May 15, 1907):
Executive Office: — 800 Broadway, Columbia. *President:* — Hon. A. A. Speer, Chamois, Mo. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. McN. Miller.

BUCHANAN COUNTY (See St. Joseph).

CARTERVILLE

Jasper County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (April 10, 1913):
Chairman: — W. B. Shackleford. *Secretary:* — Miss Bess Hackett.

COLE COUNTY (See Jefferson City).

COLUMBIA

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Charity Organization Society (December, 1909):
Chairman: — Mrs. A. H. Shepherd.

FLAT RIVER

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Mothers' Club (1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. F. L. Keith.

GREENE COUNTY (See Springfield).

HANNIBAL

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee — Home Economics Club (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. A. R. Smith. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. J. Onstott.

JASPER COUNTY (See Carterville).

JEFFERSON CITY

Cole County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (March 14, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. A. Clark. *Secretary:* — Howard A. Gass.

KANSAS CITY

Kansas City Anti-Tuberculosis Society (September 26, 1907):
Executive Office: — 317 Argyle Building. *President:* — Dr. Edward W. Schauffler. *Secretary:* — Mr. F. E. Wilcox.

LACLEDE COUNTY (See Lebanon).

LEBANON

Laclede County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1913):
President: — Dr. J. M. Billings. *Secretary:* — W. I. Diffenderfer.

PETTIS COUNTY (See Sedalia).

ST. JOSEPH

Buchanan County Society for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 22, 1910):

Executive Office: — King Hill Building. *President:* — James H. McCord. *Secretary:* — Dr. Oliver C. Gebhart.

ST. LOUIS

St. Louis Society for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1904):

Executive Office: — 911 Locust Street. *President:* — Hugh McK. Jones. *Secretary:* — A. W. Jones, Jr.

SEDALIA

Pettis County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1913):

President: — Dr. Minerva Knott, 109 West 6th Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Shultz, 812 West 4th Street.

SPRINGFIELD

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Green County (February 1, 1916):

Executive Office: — 523 Woodruff Building. *President:* — Dr. F. B. Fuson. *Secretary:* — Dr. M. C. Stone.

Springfield Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurses' Association (1913):

Secretary: — Miss Nellie Ross.

MONTANA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Montana Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (January 22, 1908):

President: — Dr. W. F. Cogswell, Helena. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. T. Pigot, Butte.

BILLINGS

Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (October, 1911):

Chairman: — Mrs. J. G. Sherman. *Secretary:* — Dr. William A. Walters, Power Building, Billings.

BUTTE

Butte Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June 12, 1912):

President: — J. E. McNally.

LEWISTOWN

Tuberculosis and Public Health Committee of the Lewistown Women's Club (1911):

Chairman: — Mrs. F. R. Cunningham.

NEBRASKA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Nebraska Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1907):

Executive Office: — Omaha. *President:* — Dr. S. R. Towne. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. K. R. J. Edholm.

OMAHA

Visiting Nurse Association (1897):
Executive Office: — 408 City Hall. *President:* — Mrs. Barton Millard. *Secretary:* — Miss Clara Thomas.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

STATE ASSOCIATION*

New Hampshire Branch of the American National Red Cross:
Vice-Chairman: — George B. Leighton, Monadnock, N. H. *Secretary:* — W. F. Thayer, Concord, N. H.

CONCORD

Tuberculosis Committee of the Charity Organization Society (1908):
President: — Rev. W. Stanley Emery. *Secretary:* — Dr. Robert B. Kerr. *General Secretary:* — Miss Elizabeth G. Lincoln, Room 5, City Hall.

NEW JERSEY

STATE ASSOCIATION

New Jersey Anti-Tuberculosis League (May 1, 1906; reorganized, May, 1913):
Executive Office Address: — 45 Clinton Street, Newark, N. J. *President:* — Dr. Charles W. Crankshaw. *Executive Secretary:* — Ernest D. Easton.

ATLANTIC CITY

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Organized Charities of Atlantic City (November, 1912):
Executive Office: — 223 Guarantee Trust Building. *President:* — Henry W. Leeds. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Jennie Lois Ellis.

BAYONNE

Bayonne Public Welfare League (November, 1913):
President: — Dr. C. M. Corwin, 696 Avenue C. *Vice-President for Tuberculosis Work:* — Dr. G. H. Sexsmith.

City Betterment Club (April, 1912):
President: — Mrs. H. C. Colville, 16 West 33d Street. *Corresponding Secretary:* — Mrs. George H. Sexsmith, 719 Avenue C.

BEVERLY

Beverly Tuberculosis Committee (1907):
President: — Dr. George T. Tracy. *Secretary:* — Herman A. Stees.

BLOOMFIELD AND GLEN RIDGE (October, 1913):

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the League for Friendly Service of Bloomfield and Glen Ridge:
Executive Office: — 36 Broad Street, Bloomfield. *Chairman:* — Miss Laura P. Ward, 41 Park Place, Bloomfield. *Secretary:* — Miss Edith Merry.

BOUND BROOK

Committee for Nursing Service of Woman's Literary Club (Sub-Committee on Tuberculosis, 1909):
Chairman of Committee: — Mrs. A. S. Phelps, 211 West 2nd Street.

*** An effort will be made in 1916 to effect a joint association for the States of New Hampshire and Vermont, with an executive office and a full-time secretary.**

BRIDGETON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Bridgeton Civic Club (December 6, 1906):
Chairman: — Mrs. J. Ogden Burt, North Giles Street.

BURLINGTON

Burlington Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1907):
Secretary: — Mrs. C. H. Haines, 230 High Street.

CAMDEN

Camden Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 1, 1908):
President: — Dr. Henry H. Davis.

EGG HARBOR CITY

Egg Harbor City Tuberculosis Committee (May 4, 1908):
Executive Office: — 506 Bartlett Building, Atlantic City. *President:* — Henry M. Cressman. *Secretary:* — Albert C. Stephany.

ELIZABETH

Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Elizabeth (November, 1906):
Executive Office: — Room 26, Union County Court House. *President:* — Dr. Otto Wagner. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Edith L. Brooks.

ENGLEWOOD

Tuberculosis Bureau of the Civic Association of Englewood (1911):
President: — Dwight W. Morrow. *Secretary:* — John L. Vanderbuilt. *Director:* — Miss Katherine Gardner.

FRANKLIN

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Franklin Neighborhood House:
Nurse in Charge: — Miss Elsie Newpher.

GARFIELD

Garfield Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1913):
President: — Miles C. Whitehead. *Secretary:* — Louis Heinzmann.

GLASSBORO

Glassboro Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1907):
President: — A. M. Seabrook. *Secretary:* — Dr. Charles S. Heritage.

GLEN RIDGE **(See Bloomfield).**

HACKENSACK

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Hackensack (February, 1911):
President: — Hon. William M. Johnson. *Secretary:* — E. B. Walden.

HOBOKEN

Hoboken Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (October, 1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. Charles Campbell, 838 Bloomfield Street.

IRVINGTON

Tuberculosis Committee of the Home and School League (November, 1915):
Secretary: — Mrs. F. S. Smith.

JERSEY CITY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (October, 1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. Thomas Lewis, 47 Kensington Avenue.

LAKEWOOD

Tuberculosis Committee of the District Nursing Association (1907):
Chairman: — Mrs. C. S. Pack. *Secretary:* — Miss Eva Bell Glover.

LONG BRANCH

Long Branch Visiting Nurse Association (Tuberculosis Committee):
Executive Office: — City Hall. *President:* — Mrs. James W. Cunningham. *Secretary:* — Miss Janet Slocum.

MADISON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Madison (January, 1910):
President: — E. D. Conklin. *Secretary:* — Miss Louise Kopper.

MERCER COUNTY (See Trenton).

MILLVILLE

Millville Society for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (February, 1907):
President: — Dr. S. D. Bennett.

MONMOUTH COUNTY (See Red Bank).

MONTCLAIR

Montclair Tuberculosis Prevention and Relief Association (November 30, 1907):
President: — Mrs. Starr K. Pugh. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Roy E. Tomlinson.

MOORESTOWN

Moorestown Tuberculosis Committee (February 14, 1910):
President: — Dr. Nathan Thorne. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. G. Stroud.

MORRISTOWN

Tuberculosis Committee of the Central Bureau of Social Service (January, 1909; reorganized, November, 1914):
Executive Office: — 27 South Street. *President:* — Mrs. G. H. Lathrope. *Secretary:* — Miss Edith Waller.

MOUNT HOLLY

Tuberculosis Committee of Woman's League (March, 1908):
President: — Mrs. Richard Holman. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George Durand.

NEWARK

Newark Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1909):
Executive Office: — 45 Clinton Street. *President:* — Francis J. Swayze. *Secretary:* — Ernest D. Easton.

The Trades Union Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
President: — Henry J. Lohse. *Secretary:* — Jacob C. Taylor, 208 South Grove Street, East Orange.

NEW BRUNSWICK

Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurse Society (Reorganized, 1913):
Chairman: — Miss L. W. Swift, 92 Carroll Place.

NEWTON

Tuberculosis Committee of the Y. W. C. A. (1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. E. H. Bell, 26 Church Street.

NORTH PLAINFIELD (See Plainfield).

ORANGE

Anti-Tuberculosis League of the Oranges (March, 1904):
Executive Office Address: — 124 Essex Avenue. *President:* — Charles A. Lindsley. *Secretary:* — Dr. Thomas W. Harvey, Jr. *Nurse in Charge:* — Margaret J. Orr, R. N.

PASSAIC

Passaic Anti-Tuberculosis League (1913):
Executive Office: — Daily News Building. *Chairman:* — F. J. Bryant. *Secretary:* — George Young, Jr.

PATERSON

Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society (1908):
Executive Office: — Room 1, City Hall. *Chairman:* — W. L. Kinkead. *Secretary:* — Mrs. James R. Archer.

PERTH AMBOY

Perth Amboy Tuberculosis Committee (December, 1910):
President: — Dr. William E. Ramsey. *Chairman:* — Mrs. C. C. Baldwin, 241 Water Street.

PHILLIPSBURG

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Phillipsburg (January 24, 1910):
President: — Dr. J. M. Reese. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Jacob J. Henderson.

PLAINFIELD

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Plainfield and North Plainfield (March 1, 1907):
Executive Office: — Babcock Building. *President:* — George M. Holstein. *Secretary:* — James Boyd Potter. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Mabelle C. Phillips.

PRINCETON

Princeton Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):
President: — Mrs. Isaac S. Wheaton. *Secretary:* — Dr. Joseph E. Raycroft, Princeton University.

RAHWAY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurse Association of Rahway Civic Club (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. K. Heisenberg, St. George Avenue. *Secretary:* — Dr. Frederick W. Sell.

RED BANK

Tuberculosis Committee of the Monmouth County Branch of the State Charities Aid Association (August 17, 1912):
Executive Office: — Second National Bank Building, Red Bank. *President:* — Mrs. Thatcher M. Brown. *Secretary:* — Dr. B. H. Obert, Asbury Park. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss G. L. Button.

RIDGEWOOD

Tuberculosis Committee of Social Service Association (1912):
President: — Mrs. DeL. Berier, 171 Monte Vista Avenue. *Chairman:* — Mrs. Daniel A. Garber, 380 W. Franklin Avenue.

SOMERSET COUNTY (See Somerville).

SOMERVILLE

Somerset County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 5, 1909):
President: — Dr. W. H. Merrell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. L. Stillwell, 30 North Bridge Street.

SUMMIT

Tuberculosis Committee of the Overlook Hospital Association (May, 1914):
President: — Rev. Minot C. Morgan. *Secretary:* — Thomas B. Adams, Hillcrest Avenue, Summit.

TENAFLY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic Association (1913):
Chairman: — Mrs. A. J. Donally. *Secretary:* — L. Williams.

TRENTON

Mercer County Tuberculosis and Sanitation League (August 26, 1912):
President: — Mayor Frederick W. Donelly, Room 222, City Hall. *Chairman:* — Mrs. F. V. Cantwell, 78 North Clinton Avenue. *Secretary:* — David S. South.

VINELAND

Vineland Anti-Tuberculosis Association (May 17, 1907):
President: — E. R. Johnstone.

WASHINGTON

Washington Tuberculosis Committee (November, 1908):
Chairman: — Dr. C. B. Smith. *Secretary:* — D. V. Wyckoff.

WOODBURY

Woodbury Visiting Nurse Association (June, 1908):
Secretary: — Miss Elizabeth C. Saunders.

NEW MEXICO

STATE ASSOCIATION

New Mexico Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
President: — Dr. A. G. Shortle. *Secretary:* — Dr. LeRoy S. Peters, Albuquerque Sanatorium, Albuquerque.

ALBUQUERQUE

Albuquerque Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November, 1911):
President: — Rabbi Mendel Silber. *Secretary:* — Andrew B. Stroup.

NEW YORK

STATE ASSOCIATION

Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the New York State Charities Aid Association (July, 1907):
Executive Office: — 105 East 22nd Street, New York City, Room 714. *Secre-y:* — Homer Folks. *Executive Secretary:* — George J. Nelbach.

ADAMS

Adams Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. E. Deuel. *Secretary:* — E. W. Clark.

ADAMS CENTER

Adams Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — F. S. Jones.

ADDISON

Addison Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. M. Goff. *Secretary:* — Walter Strait.

AFTON

Afton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. P. A. Hayes. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Mary Rose.

ALBANY

Albany Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (January, 1908):
President: — Charles Gibson. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. L. K. Shaw, 361 State Street.

ALBION

Orleans County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 21, 1909):
President: — Sanford T. Church. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. E. Brodie, 89 Main Street.

ALEXANDRIA BAY

Alexandria Bay Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Annon H. Houghton. *Secretary:* — Mrs. S. J. Vroman.

ALLEGANY

Allegany Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. G. H. Orvis. *Secretary:* — J. Roy McAuliffe.

ALTAMONT

Altamont Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August, 1909):
Secretary: — Wheeler D. Wright.

AMITYVILLE

Amityville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. George A. Brown. *Secretary:* — J. H. Squires.

AMSTERDAM

Amsterdam Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 16, 1910):
President: — Dr. Charles Stover. *Secretary:* — Miss Charlotte Keyes, 58 Division Street.

ANCRAM

Ancram Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. J. Edelman. *Secretary:* — Dr. Elwood Oliver.

ANTWERP

Antwerp Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — J. G. W. Wiggins.

APALACHIN

Apalachin Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. G. Miller. *Secretary:* — J. J. Knapp.

ARKPORT

Arkport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John D. Taylor. *Secretary:* — Mrs. S. F. McMaster.

ATLANTA

Atlanta Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. M. Stewart.

AURORA

Aurora Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John Hickey. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. I. Lowe.

AUSABLE FORKS

Ausable Forks Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — James Rogers. *Secretary:* — Frank A. Long.

AVON

Avon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. C. Preston. *Secretary:* — Howard R. Gibson.

BABYLON

Babylon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Wilbur C. Abbott. *Secretary:* — Rev. R. D. Merrill.

BAINBRIDGE

Bainbridge Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. Danforth. *Secretary:* — J. V. Jacobs.

BALLSTON SPA

Ballston Spa Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August 27, 1909):
President: — C. S. Medbury. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. T. Sweetman, Jr., 43 Front Street.

BARKER

Barker Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. L. J. McAdam. *Secretary:* — Miss M. A. Balderston.

BARTON

Barton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. L. Vincent. *Secretary:* — C. V. Kinney.

BATAVIA

Batavia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
Secretary: — Ira Carmichael.

BATH

Bath Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Augustus De Peyster. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Henry C. Fay, 8 East Washington Avenue.

BAY SHORE

Bay Shore Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. H. A. Pearce. *Secretary:* — Prof. J. W. Alexander.

BEEKMANTOWN CORNERS

Beekmantown Corners Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — William P. Walker. *Secretary:* — George Rea.

BELLEVILLE

Belleville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. S. C. Hollis. *Secretary:* — W. S. Martin.

BEMUS POINT

Bemus Point Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. H. Kellogg. *Secretary:* — T. P. Mathison.

BENSON MINES

Benson Mines Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. Letherland.

BERGEN

Bergen Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. J. Whalen. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. M. Andrews.

BERKSHIRE

Berkshire Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. D. P. Witter. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. A. Buffington.

BINGHAMTON

Binghamton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. J. J. Lawrence. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Le Roy D. Farnham, 42 Main Street.

BLACK RIVER

Black River Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. W. Higby. *Secretary:* — M. V. Scofield.

BLAUVELT

Blauvelt Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. J. McC. Leiper.

BLOOMINGTON

Bloomington Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. C. La Fever. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Du Bois.

BOMBAY

Bombay Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. E. G. Reynolds. *Secretary:* — F. R. Sweet.

BOONVILLE

Boonville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909):
President: — Dr. W. C. Roser.

BRASHER FALLS

Brasher Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. E. Heffernan. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. F. Prairie.

BRIARCLIFF MANOR

Briarcliff Manor Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. H. Coleman. *Secretary:* — Prof. Hunt.

BRIDGEHAMTON

Bridgehamton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Edwin Gilbert. *Secretary:* — William Aldrich.

BROCKPORT

Brockport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Gifford Morgan. *Secretary:* — L. B. Shaw.

BROCTON

Brocton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. B. S. Sweetland. *Secretary:* — C. A. Burton.

BROOKLYN

(See New York, Borough of Brooklyn.)

BROOKTON

Brookton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George R. Peck. *Secretary:* — F. B. Lounsbery.

BROWNVILLE

Brownville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Miss Eva Earl.

BRUSHTON

Brushton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. L. Rust. *Secretary:* — Miss Martha McCullough.

BUFFALO

Buffalo Association for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis (December 10, 1908):
Executive Office: — 181 Franklin Street. *President:* — Irving S. Underhill.

BURKE

Burke Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. F. Finney. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. C. Finney.

BURLINGTON FLATS

Burlington Flats Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. Mayne. *Secretary:* — De Forest Arnold.

BUSTI

Busti Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. J. Bennett. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Fred Simmons.

BYRON

Byron Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Seth J. Dibble.

CADYVILLE

Cadyville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. M. Murray. *Secretary:* — L. E. Dickenson.

CALEDONIA

Caledonia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. P. J. McPherson. *Secretary:* — Dr. P. J. McPherson.

CAMBRIDGE

Cambridge Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. John H. Kingsley. *Secretary:* — F. Richardson.

CAMERON

Cameron Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Dr. W. G. Benedict.

CANDOR

Candor Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. S. K. Marsh. *Secretary:* — Miss F. Sackett.

CANAJOHARIE

Canajoharie Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. V. Brownell.

CANANDAIGUA

Canandaigua Public Health Association (April 20, 1908):
President: — Rev. J. T. Dougherty. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. W. Armstrong, 117 North Main Street.

CANASTOTA

Canastota Tuberculosis Committee (1909):
President: — Dr. R. H. Ash. *Secretary:* — E. H. Rider.

CANISTEO

Canisteo Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. N. Bertrom. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. L. Preston.

CANTON

Canton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. I. M. Atwood, D.D. *Secretary:* — Miss Eva C. Spaulding.

CAPE VINCENT

Cape Vincent Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Francis Sackett. *Secretary:* — Dr. N. P. Bentley.

CARMEL

Carmel Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August 30, 1909):
President: — Rev. George P. Noble. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Stephen Ryder.

CARTHAGE

Carthage Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Willard B. Van Allen. *Secretary:* — C. A. Meeker.

CASSADAGA

Cassadaga Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. O. C. Shaw.

CATO

Cato Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Charles R. Lang. *Secretary:* — N. E. Bussey.

CATSKILL

Greene County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank S. Decker. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. M. Rapp.

CAYUGA

Cayuga Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Roe Stevenson. *Secretary:* — George Steenburg.

CAZENOVIA

Cazenovia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — Miss Margaret D. Stebbins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George A. Spear.

CEDARVILLE

Cedarville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):
President: — C. J. Wheeler. *Secretary:* — Dr. Merton W. Brown.

CENTRAL SQUARE

Central Square Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — O. E. West.

CHAMPLAIN

Champlain Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. M. Hackett. *Secretary:* — James Burroughs.

CHATEAUGAY

Chateaugay Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — G. W. Foster.

CHATHAM

Chatham Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. A. Braman. *Secretary:* — C. W. Daggett.

CHAUMONT

Chaumont Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. L. Evans. *Secretary:* — M. Schermerhorn.

CHAUTAUQUA COUNTY (See Jamestown).

CHAUTAUQUA

Chautauqua Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. R. Haskin. *Secretary:* — G. W. Rowland.

CHAZY

Chazy Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Sax. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. W. Fairbanks.

CHENANGO COUNTY (See Norwich).

CHERRY CREEK

Cherry Creek Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. A. Benjamin.

CHERRY VALLEY

Cherry Valley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Harrison Cossart. *Secretary:* — F. L. Armstrong.

CHESTER

Chester Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. S. Hall. *Secretary:* — Fred Vollmer.

CHITTENANGO

Chittenango Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. R. Eaton. *Secretary:* — J. W. Spencer.

CINCINNATUS

Cincinnatus Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — D. J. Bolster. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. R. Grant.

CLARENDON

Clarendon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Paddleford. *Secretary:* — Justin W. Kelly.

CLAVERACK

Claverack Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Harmon Boucher. *Secretary:* — Ray Delamater.

CLAYTON

Clayton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — L. H. Ford. *Secretary:* — A. L. Williams.

CLEVELAND

Cleveland Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. G. W. Wood. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. G. Babcock.

CLIFTON SPRINGS

Clifton Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Vice-president: — Dr. Lawrence P. Conley.

CLYDE

Clyde Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. D. Barrett. *Secretary:* — Dr. T. H. Hallett.

CLYMER

Clymer Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. M. A. Keys.

COHOCTON

Cohocton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. L. Spaulding. *Secretary:* — Prof. E. E. Champ.

COHOES

Cohoes Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 9, 1909):
President: — George H. McDowell. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. B. Gillen.

COLD BROOK

Cold Brook Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Charles Baker. *Secretary:* — Mrs. S. Kellar.

COLTON

Colton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. G. Libby. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Mary McDonald.

COLUMBIA COUNTY (See Hudson).

COLUMBUS

Columbus Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Della Larchar. *Secretary:* — Miss Dora Champlin.

CONESUS

Conesus Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. K. McGowan. *Secretary:* — John McVicar.

CONGERS

Congers Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John Dickerman, Jr.

CONSTABLE

Constable Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Stickney. *Secretary:* — Miss Mable Hunt.

COOPERSTOWN

Cooperstown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Samuel L. Warren. *Secretary:* — Adrian Pierson.

COPAKE

Copake Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Sherman. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. R. Skinner.

CORFU

Corfu Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. C. Smith. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. W. Bates.

CORNING

Corning Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 22, 1909):
President: — Rev. J. M. Bustin.
Steuben County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. R. M. Prangen, Hornell. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. M. Bustin, Corning.

CORTLAND

Cortland Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1908):
Chairman: — Mrs. L. E. Edgecomb. *Secretary:* — Mrs. D. B. Baker.

CUBA

Cuba Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 10, 1909):
President: — C. A. Ackerly. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. C. Young.

CUYLER

Cuyler Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Soule. *Secretary:* — Harry Snell.

DALTON

Dalton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. A. Haskins.

DANSVILLE

Dansville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. B. P. Andrews.

DELEVAN

Delevan Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. E. Preston. *Secretary:* — F. L. Cutting.

DEXTER

Dexter Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. A. Foot. *Secretary:* — W. E. Gilmore.

DICKINSON CENTER

Dickinson Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. L. L. Samson. *Secretary:* — Walter Lindsay.

DOBBS FERRY

Dobbs Ferry Tuberculosis Committee (1909):
Secretary: — J. L. Travis.

DOLGEVILLE

Dolgeville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. H. Faville. *Secretary:* — E. A. Stone.

DRYDEN

Dryden Tuberculosis Association (September 10, 1909):
President: — Web. Corbin. *Secretary:* — F. B. Fulkerson.

DUNKIRK

Dunkirk Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1909):
President: — Dr. V. D. Bozovsky. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. T. Badgley.

EASTHAMPTON

Easthampton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. Edwards. *Secretary:* — S. E. Hedges.

EAST PEMBROKE

East Pembroke Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — S. D. Wilkinson. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. J. Gilhoolly.

EDWARDS

Edwards Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Charles T. Adams. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Freeman.

ELBA

Elba Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. R. J. Staub. *Secretary:* — A. A. Farnsworth.

ELLENBURG CENTER

Ellenburg Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John Moore. *Secretary:* — James Higgins.

ELLENBURG DEPOT

Ellenburg Depot Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. C. E. Cheesman.

ELLENVILLE

Ellenville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Miss Elizabeth Cox.

ELLICOTTVILLE

Ellicottville Commitee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. M. Walrath. *Secretary:* — Rev. A. T. Hartigan.

ELLINGTON

Ellington Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Levi Luce. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Luella Conet.

ELLLISBURG

Ellisburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — B. A. Walton. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Gardner.

ELMIRA

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Elmira Federation for Social Service:
Executive Office: — 251 Baldwin Street. *President:* — Mrs. J. Sloat Fassett. *Secretary:* — Miss Stella M. Brown, R.N.

ELIZAVILLE

Elizaville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. James Brimelow. *Secretary:* — W. G. Wright.

ETNA

Etna Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — G. E. Hanford. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. Davenport.

EVANS MILLS

Evans Mills Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Lawton. *Secretary:* — C. M. Hawn.

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — C. A. Barnes.

FAIR HAVEN

Fair Haven Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — L. I. Mendel.

FALCONER

Falconer Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. G. H. Raynor.

FARMINGDALE

Farmingdale Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. J. Michel. *Secretary:* — Clarence Dond.

FAYETTEVILLE

Fayetteville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October 29, 1909):
President: — A. C. Houghton. *Secretary:* — Miss H. E. Wilkin.

FELTS MILLS

Felts Mills Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. W. Nunez. *Secretary:* — Miss Cora Hart.

FLY CREEK

Fly Creek Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Bailey. *Secretary:* — J. Taylor House.

FONDA

Fonda Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
President: — Dr. E. J. Abbott. *Secretary:* — Prof. W. H. Edwards.

FORT COVINGTON

Fort Covington Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. N. MacArtney. *Secretary:* — James Farquhar.

FORT HUNTER

Fort Hunter Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. De La Mater.

FORT JOHNSON

Montgomery County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. Walter A. Gage, Canajoharie. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Sanford Kline, Fort Johnson.

FOWLER

Fowler Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Herbert Huddleston. *Secretary:* — Miss Helen Scott.

FOWLERVILLE

Fowlerville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. George H. Jones.

FRANKFORT

Frankfort Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. H. Ingham. *Secretary:* — B. C. Van Ingen.

FRANKLIN

Franklin Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. N. Winans.

FRANKLINVILLE

Franklinville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Spring. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. F. Reusch.

FREDONIA

Fredonia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. W. Dods. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. B. Palmer.

FREEPORT

Freeport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Fred E. Story. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. H. Cutler, 210 Merrick Road.

FREEVILLE

Freeville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Homer Genung. *Secretary:* — F. R. Willey.

FREWSBURG

Frewsburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — P. E. Miller.

FULTON

Fulton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1910):
President: — H. L. Paddock. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. A. Gladman.

GARDINER

Gardiner Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. E. Madison.

GARRATTSVILLE

Garrattsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. B. F. Bishop. *Secretary:* — William I. Smith.

GASPORT

Gasport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Ernest. *Secretary:* — William J. Roberts.

GENESEO

Geneseo Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. E. Lauderdale. *Secretary:* — John Hotchkiss.

GEORGETOWN

Georgetown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. J. Brown. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. F. Lamb.

GERMANTOWN

Germantown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Henry Lawrence. *Secretary:* — Miss Lillian DuBois Rockefeller.

GERRY

Gerry Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Floyd Rider. *Secretary:* — D. V. Fisher.

GILBERTSVILLE

Gilbertsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — William Dietz. *Secretary:* — Hon. W. J. Woodland.

GLASCO

Glasco Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — David Plotnick. *Secretary:* — Miss May Segler.

GLENCOVE

Glencove Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. I. Frothingham.

GLEN PARK

Glen Park Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — T. B. Hubbard. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Solomon McAdams.

GLENS FALLS

Glens Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — George F. Bayle. *Secretary:* — W. H. Adamson.

GLOVERSVILLE

Gloversville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):
President: — Frank S. Houck. *Secretary:* — Fred L. Comstock.

GOSHEN

Goshen Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. G. Parker.

GOUVERNEUR

Gouverneur Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. V. P. Abbott. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. B. Markwick.

GOWANDA

Gowanda Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. W. Johnson. *Secretary:* — Miss Jane Connelly.

GREAT BEND

Great Bend Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — O. F. Dodge. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. S. Olmstead.

GREAT NECK

Great Neck Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Dickerson. *Secretary:* — Miss Elsie Gignoux.

GREENE COUNTY (See Catskill).

GREENE

Greene Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. L. Page. *Secretary:* — Dr. Carl D. Meacham.

GREENPORT

Greenport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. B. D. Skinner. *Secretary:* — E. A. Potter.

GREENWOOD

Greenwood Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. S. H. Bennett. *Secretary:* — F. C. Wilcox.

GRIEGSVILLE

Griegsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Charles Weller. *Secretary:* — Thomas Mairs.

GROTON

Groton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. R. C. Tarbell. *Secretary:* — C. O. Rhodes.

GUILFORD

Guilford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — William N. Nash.

HAMBURG

Hamburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — A. H. Downey. *Secretary:* — Miss L. M. Robbins.

HAMILTON

Hamilton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. H. O. Whitnall. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. B. Anderson.

HAMMOND

Hammond Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. T. A. Lewis. *Secretary:* — W. T. Stiles.

HAMMONDSPORT

Hammondsport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. H. Smellie. *Secretary:* — W. C. Plough.

HARTFIELD

Hartfield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. F. Putnam. *Secretary:* — Will A. Miles.

HARTWICK

Hartwick Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Roy Adams. *Secretary:* — G. Milton Auger.

HASTINGS

Hastings Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. G. Zinsser. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. R. Lyman.

HEMPSTEAD

Hempstead Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. M. Warner. *Secretary:* — J. Eugene Geer.

HENDERSON

Henderson Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Orvis Forward.

HERKIMER

Herkimer County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. D. Frederiksen, Little Falls. *Secretary:* — John G. Fenner, Herkimer.

HEUVELTON

Heuvelton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. R. Mayne. *Secretary:* — Miss Gilberta Hastings.

HIGH FALLS

High Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. W. J. C. Agnew. *Secretary:* — LeRoy Krom.

HIGHLAND FALLS

Highland Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. T. Kurtz. *Secretary:* — E. J. Lee.

HIGHLANDS

Highlands Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. W. G. Cruikshank.

HILLBURN

Hillburn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. Rufus B. Marks.

HILLSDALE

Hillsdale Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. C. S. Oakley. *Secretary:* — F. W. Bonawitz.

HINSDALE

Hinsdale Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — S. M. Wood.

HOGANSBURG

Hogansburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. M. Connell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Jesse Lantry.

HOMER

Homer Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Benjamin Starr. *Secretary:* — C. H. Stevens.

HOOSICK FALLS

Hoosick Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Chairman: — W. C. Jones. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. P. Blackinton.

HORNELL

Hornell Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 10, 1909):
President: — Hon. R. M. Prangen. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. C. Grantier.

HUBBARDSVILLE

Hubbardsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — James Kelley.

HUDSON

Columbia County Branch of the State Charities Aid Association, Sub-Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Chairman: — Mrs. John W. Gillette, Hudson.

HUDSON FALLS

Hudson Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August, 1909):
President: — Dr. R. A. Heenan. *Secretary:* — Major John Dwyer.

HUNTINGTON

Huntington Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — David B. Young. *Secretary:* — Prof. R. K. Toaz.

HURLEY

Hurley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. Nash.

IRA

Ira Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Annie Underhill. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Jennie Senverly.

IRVING

Irving Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. H. E. Goodell. *Secretary:* — B. Goodell.

ITHACA

Ithaca Tuberculosis Committee (1911):
President: — Dr. H. E. Merriam. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Virgil D. Morse.

JAMESTOWN

Chautauqua County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Welch, Westfield. *Secretary:* — Royal M. Bates, Jamestown.

Jamestown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 10, 1909):
President: — Royal M. Bates. *Secretary:* — E. George Lindstrom.

JASPER

Jasper Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. L. Goodsell.

JEFFERSON COUNTY (See Watertown).

JOHNSONS CREEK

Johnsons Creek Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. A. Skew. *Secretary:* — H. J. Silsby.

JOHNSTOWN

Johnstown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Richard M. Evans. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Martin Kennedy.

KEESEVILLE

Keeseville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. Charbonneau. *Secretary:* — Dr. George Robarge.

KELLOGGSVILLE

Kelloggsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. A. Strohmenger. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. W. Devendorf.

KENDALL

Kendall Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — Dr. A. J. Clark. *Secretary:* — H. J. Merrill.

KERHONKSON

Kerhonkson Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. Van Etten. *Secretary:* — Mrs. G. F. Hanker.

KINDERHOOK

Kinderhook Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — L. L. Morrell. *Secretary:* — Bertram Hull.

KINGSTON

Ulster County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1909):
President: — Hon. Joseph M. Fowler. *Secretary:* — Dr. Mary Gage-Day.

LA FARGEVILLE

La Fargeville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. J. Bretsch. *Secretary:* — C. J. Wetterhahn.

LAKE GEORGE

Lake George Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. P. Livingston. *Secretary:* — Jerome Hubbell.

LAKEWOOD

Lakewood Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Miss M. E. Wicks.

LARCHMONT

Larchmont Public Health Association:
President: — Mrs. I. S. Holbrook. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William H. Shaw.

LA SALLE

La Salle Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. C. Kinsey.

LAURENS

Laurens Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. J. Irish. *Secretary:* — C. W. Peasly.

LAWRENCE

Lawrence Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Merrall. *Secretary:* — J. A. Ruth.

LEONARDSVILLE

Leonardsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — Dr. O. W. Burhyte. *Secretary:* — A. M. Coon.

LE ROY

Le Roy Anti-Tuberculosis League (February 11, 1908):
President: — Mrs. A. A. Olmstead.

LESTERSHIRE

Lestershire Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. F. W. Smith. *Secretary:* — Arthur W. Beilby.

LEWISTON

Lewiston Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Josephine H. Eddy. *Secretary:* — Miss Mildred Kerr.

LIMA

Lima Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. B. Marvin. *Secretary:* — H. H. Thompson.

LINCKLAEN

Lincklaen Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Lee Saunders.

LINDENHURST

Lindenhurst Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. G. W. Irmish. *Secretary:* — William Rall.

LISBON

Lisbon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. C. B. Wright. *Secretary:* — Mrs. O. E. Meservey.

LITTLE VALLEY

Little Valley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March, 1910):
President: — Tint Champlin. *Secretary:* — W. C. Parker.

LIVINGSTON

Livingston Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. G. Patrie. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. T. Curtis.

LOCKE

Locke Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — R. D. Lurg.

LOCKPORT

Lockport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (February, 1910):
Executive Office: — 9 Ashley Building. *President:* — George C. Lewis. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. A. Watters.

LODI

Lodi Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. S. Carman.

LORRAINE

Lorraine Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Eli Caulkins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Winona Fowdrey.

LOWVILLE

Lowville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909):
President: — Mrs. Charles D. Moore. *Secretary:* — A. G. Steinbrenner.

LUDLOWVILLE

Ludlowville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — C. D. Howell.

LUZERNE

Luzerne Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Dr. G. R. Thompson.

LYNBROOK

Lynbrook Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John Giganti. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. F. Cook, Sr.

LYONS

Lyons Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. M. A. Veeder. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. M. Finigan.

McDONOUGH

McDonough Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. S. Weaver. *Secretary:* — E. A. Lamb.

McGRAW

McGraw Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. D. E. Ensign. *Secretary:* — I. J. Walker.

McLEAN

McLean Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. A. Boyce. *Secretary:* — G. B. Sickman.

MACEDON

Macedon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. M. Rodenberger. *Secretary:* — Miss G. A. Brundage.

MACHIAS

Machias Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. E. McConnell.

MADRID

Madrid Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — O. C. Babcock. *Secretary:* — Dr. B. P. Quain.

MALONE

Malone Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Nov., 1910):
President: — Hon. Frederick G. Paddock. *Secretary:* — Miss Florence Mallon.

MARATHON

Marathon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Henry Field.

MARION

Marion Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Arthur Besemer. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Arthur Besemer.

MARTINVILLE

Martinville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. E. Helwig. *Secretary:* — Miss Elsie Nabel.

MARYLAND

Maryland Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — M. Van Duzen.

MASSENA

Massena Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Nov. 4, 1910):
President: — Dr. F. A. Anderson. *Secretary:* — Dr. M. J. Stearns.

MECHANICVILLE

Mechanicville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. W. Fisher. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. B. Hutchins.

MERIDIAN

Meridian Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dwight Bowen. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Herman Sleight.

MEXICO

Mexico Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Dr. C. W. Radway.

MIDDLEFIELD

Middlefield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Charles Hearn. *Secretary:* — Ben Hicks.

MIDDLEPORT

Middleport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. D. MacFadden. *Secretary:* — Wm. Bathrich.

MIDDLETOWN

Middletown Anti-Tuberculosis League (Apr., 1909):
President: — David W. Corbett. *Secretary:* — E. C. Faulkner, 47 North Street.

MIDDLEVILLE

Middleville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. A. J. Judd. *Secretary:* — Miss M. C. Burns.

MILFORD

Milford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — S. H. Sherman. *Secretary:* — Rev. N. B. Ripley.

MILTON

Milton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. S. Northrup. *Secretary:* — C. D. Thorne.

MINEOLA

Mineola Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. S. Cooley. *Secretary:* — W. W. Wright.

MOHAWK

Mohawk Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. B. Brooks. *Secretary:* — Charles Young.

MONTGOMERY COUNTY **(See Fort Johnson).**

MONTGOMERY

Montgomery Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank T. Hadaway.

MOOERS

Mooers Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Henry Gilbert.

MORAVIA

Moravia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Ralph Harter. *Secretary:* — P. M. Rathburn.

MORRISONVILLE

Morrisonville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Miss Carrie L. Pierce.

MORRISTOWN

Morristown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. M. Gilmour. *Secretary:* — Floyd Walters.

MORRISVILLE

Morrisville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. A. Johnson.

MOSCOW

Moscow Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Wheelock. *Secretary:* — Wm. D. Clapp.

MOUNT MORRIS

Mount Morris Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. D. Pitt.

MOUNT UPTON

Mount Upton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Charles D. Brooks. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. F. Place.

MOUNT VERNON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Visiting Nurse Association:
President: — Mrs. E. A. Averill. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. H. Mendel.

NANUET

Nanuet Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — D. H. Pound.

NAPLES

Naples Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. L. Lewis. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Seymour I. Smith.

NATURAL BRIDGE

Natural Bridge Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Duley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. O. W. Weatherhead.

NEWARK

Newark Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. A. A. Young. *Secretary:* — James Pitkin.

NEWARK VALLEY

Newark Valley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. H. Pritchard. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. G. Prentice.

NEW BERLIN

New Berlin Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. B. Noyes. *Secretary:* — Dr. Ella M. Tuttle.

NEWBURGH

Newburgh Anti-Tuberculosis Society (April 30, 1909):
Chairman: — Mrs. Frederick D. Hitch. *Secretary:* — Miss Louise C. Winne.

NEW CITY

New City Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. C. Schmersahl.

NEWFANE

Newfane Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Edward Walker. *Secretary:* — C. B. Gaskill.

NEWFIELD

Newfield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. A. Smith.

NEW LEBANON

New Lebanon Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. A. Ross Rider.

NEW PALTZ

New Paltz Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Dr. Gerow.

NEW YORK (Boroughs of Manhattan and the Bronx)

Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Charity Organization Society (June 1, 1902):
Executive Office: — 105 East 22nd Street. *Chairman:* — Dr. James Alexander Miller. *Director:* — Lawrence Veiller. *Secretary:* — Frank H. Mann.

Society for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (April 1, 1915):
President: — Miss Beatrice Bend, 307 West 33rd Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Edward Curtis Smith.

Association of Tuberculosis Clinics (See Dispensary Section):

NEW YORK (Boroughs of Brooklyn and Queens)

Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Brooklyn Bureau of Charities (March, 1905):

Executive Office: — 69 Schermerhorn Street. *Chairman:* — Frederick B. Pratt. *Executive Secretary:* — James Jenkins, Jr.

NIAGARA COUNTY (See Niagara Falls).

NIAGARA FALLS

Niagara County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Joseph E. Montague, Niagara Falls. *Secretary:* — Rev. H. F. Zwicker, Lockport.

Niagara Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Feb., 1910):

President: — Joseph E. Montague. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Josephine H. Eddy.

NICHOLS

Nichols Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — H. C. Latham. *Secretary:* — B. R. Whitcomb.

NORTH BANGOR

North Bangor Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Dr. F. W. McCarthy. *Secretary:* — Will Plumb.

NORTH BROOKFIELD

North Brookfield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Dr. Gilbert Birdsall. *Secretary:* — Arvillo Kling.

NORTH NORWICH

North Norwich Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — J. E. Williams. *Secretary:* — George Adams.

NORTHPORT

Northport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Dr. J. P. Heyen. *Secretary:* — C. H. Atkins.

NORTH TONAWANDA

North Tonawanda Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Prof. R. A. Searing. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. W. Clendenan.

NORWICH

Norwich Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — P. L. Clark. *Secretary:* — Dr. Paul B. Brooks.

Chenango County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

President: — Hon. George W. Ray. *Secretary:* — Dr. Paul B. Brooks.

NORWOOD

Norwood Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):

President: — Dr. W. D. Aubrey. *Secretary:* — Dr. L. P. Regan.

NUNDA

Nunda Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:

Chairman: — L. P. Higgins. *Secretary:* — Chas. Pratt.

NYACK

Rockland County Tuberculosis Committee:

President: — Howard Van Buren, Nyack. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. McC. Leiper, Blauvelt.

Nyack Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. H. Maynard. *Secretary:* — Eugene Perry.

OAKFIELD

Oakfield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. S. D. Angel. *Secretary:* — Rev. E. C. Dodge.

OGDENSBURGH

Ogdensburgh Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Dec., 1910):
President: — Dr. W. Hanbridge. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. J. Earl.

OLCOTT

Olcott Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. C. P. Corwin. *Secretary:* — Harold Coates.

OLEAN

Olean Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Nov., 1909):
President: — Mrs. Donald Dusenburg. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. A. Greenleaf, Laurens Street.

ONEIDA

Oneida Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):
President: — Dr. N. O. Brooks. *Secretary:* — Dr. Lavinia R. Davis.

ONEONTA

Otsego County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. A. L. Kellogg. *Secretary:* — Dr. Julian C. Smith, Oneonta.

Oneonta Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. A. L. Kellogg. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. W. Augustin.

ORANGEBURG

Orangeburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Miss May Colledge.

ORLEANS COUNTY **(See Albion).**

OSWEGO

Oswego Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Henry J. Cooper. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. S. Albertson.

OTEGO

Otego Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. Sherman Burdick.

OTSEGO COUNTY **(See Oneonta).**

OTTO

Otto Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. S. Campbell. *Secretary:* — A. S. Courter.

OVID

Ovid Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. A. F. Horton.

OWASCO

Owasco Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. T. Cuykendall. *Secretary:* — Miss Alma Kenyon.

OWEGO

Owego Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Bert Cornell.

OXFORD

Oxford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. George D. Johnson.

OYSTER BAY

Oyster Bay Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. I. F. Barnes. *Secretary:* — E. F. Cheshire.

PAINTED POST

Painted Post Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Wm. R. Johnson. *Secretary:* — Dr. M. C. Collier.

PALMYRA

Palmyra Civic Club (May, 1908):
Secretary: — Mrs. A. C. Hopkins, 33 Cuyler Street.

PANAMA

Panama Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — G. D. Sweet.

PATCHOGUE

Patchogue Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Nelson McBride. *Secretary:* — Dr. Frank Overton.

PAVILION

Pavilion Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — G. S. Bernd.

PEARL RIVER

Pearl River Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. R. R. Felter. *Secretary:* — W. Akhurst.

PEEKSKILL

Peekskill Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Chairman: — John Calvin Bucher.

PENDLETON

Pendleton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Wm. Steimer. *Secretary:* — E. F. Stenger.

PENN YAN

Penn Yan Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Adelaide Hazard. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. D. Fox.

PERTH

Perth Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Ten Eyck Major.

PERU

Peru Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. H. Everett. *Secretary:* — Datus Clerk.

PETERBORO

Peterboro Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. W. Davis. *Secretary:* — H. W. Ingalls.

PHILADELPHIA

Philadelphia Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. E. D. Babcock. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. I. Clark.

PHILMONT

Philmont Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. E. Carney. *Secretary:* — E. L. Harder.

PHŒNIX

Phœnix Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. G. Vickery. *Secretary:* — R. D. Latham.

PIERCEFIELD

Piercefield Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. H. T. Carter. *Secretary:* — Rev. Chas. F. Des Rosiers.

PIERMONT

Piermont Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — S. J. Backus. *Secretary:* — Miss A. Haring.

PINE HILLS

Pine Hills Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — W. Geraldsek. *Secretary:* — Miss Anna A. Rosa.

PITCHER

Pitcher Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. L. C. Andrews. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Ernest Warner.

PLATTSBURG

Tuberculosis Committee, Plattsburg Women's Civic League:
Chairman: — Mrs. H. N. Lapham.

POLAND

Poland Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1911):
Secretary: — Ralph W. Read.

PORT EWEN

Port Ewen Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. W. Ross.

PORT JEFFERSON

Port Jefferson Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. W. Dare. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. L. McCrea.

PORT JERVIS

Port Jervis Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Nov. 26, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. L. Cuddeback. *Secretary:* — H. B. Swartwout.

PORTLANDVILLE

Portlandville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Maxwell. *Secretary:* — W. N. Chase.

PORTVILLE

Portville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Smith Parish. *Secretary:* — Will T. Keller.

PORT WASHINGTON

Port Washington Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. N. Wysong. *Secretary:* — F. B. Smith.

POTSDAM

Potsdam Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. M. V. B. Ives. *Secretary:* — George G. Lenney.

St. Lawrence Co. Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. C. S. Ferris, Potsdam. *Secretary:* — Dr. Lucia E. Heaton, Canton.

POUGHKEEPSIE

Poughkeepsie Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Chairman: — Dr. J. C. Otis.

PRATTSBURG

Prattsburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. B. Merritt. *Secretary:* — Addison Wood.

PRESTON

Preston Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. J. Quinn. *Secretary:* — Adon Law.

PULTENEY

Pulteney Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Lewis Fitzsimmons. *Secretary:* — Miss Mabel Prentiss.

RANDOLPH

Randolph Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Mar., 1910):
President: — A. G. Dow. *Secretary:* — Frank Babbitt.

RANSOMVILLE

Ransomville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Adelaide Harris. *Secretary:* — Rev. C. W. Howes.

RED CREEK

Red Creek Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Mary E. Baker. *Secretary:* — Benj. Mott.

REDFORD

Redford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Peter A. Tremblay. *Secretary:* — D. W. Parker.

RED HOUSE

Red House Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank Burgett. *Secretary:* — W. J. France.

REDWOOD

Redwood Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. H. B. Krusa. *Secretary:* — E. E. Eddy.

RENSSELAER

Rensselaer Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Prof. Arthur Boothby. *Secretary:* — Rev. Father John Glavin.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS

Richfield Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — John Carey. *Secretary:* — Rev. A. K. Jennings.

RICHFORD

Richford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. R. H. Goodell. *Secretary:* — J. H. Hogan.

RIFTON

Rifton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mr. Benj. Van Keuren. *Secretary:* — Oscar Terwilliger.

RIPLEY

Ripley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. C. Rice. *Secretary:* — R. G. Hildred.

RIVERHEAD

Riverhead Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Geo. M. Vail. *Secretary:* — Geo. H. Perkins.

ROCHESTER

Rochester Public Health Association (1897):
Executive Office: — 95 Troup Street. *President:* — Dr. H. T. Williams. *Executive Secretary:* — Garret Smith.

ROCKLAND COUNTY (See Nyack).

ROCKLAND LAKE

Rockland Lake Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Edward Mull.

ROME

Rome Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December., 1907):
President: — Hon. Geo. T. Davis. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. H. Bright.

ROMULUS

Romulus Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Dr. D. F. Everett.

ROSE

Rose Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Geo. D. Winchell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. S. Town.

ROSEBOOM

Roseboom Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Carl Gillette.

ROSENDALE

Rosendale Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. C. V. Hasbrouck. *Secretary:* — Mrs. S. Snyder.

ROSLYN

Roslyn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. John Mann, Old Westbury. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Clifton Brewer.

ROUSES POINT

Rouses Point Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — H. F. Bruso.

ST. LAWRENCE COUNTY (See Pottsdam).

ST. REGIS FALLS

St. Regis Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. A. Wardner. *Secretary:* — H. E. O'Neill.

SACKETTS HARBOR

Sacketts Harbor Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Frank Wells.

SAG HARBOR

Sag Harbor Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Robert K. Atkinson. *Secretary:* — Wm. R. Reimann.

SALAMANCA

Salamanca Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. R. D. Baldwin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. M. Litchfield.

SALISBURY CENTER

Salisbury Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — H. A. Dodge. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. C. Fairchild.

SANBORN

Sanborn Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. F. Sanborn. *Secretary:* — Frank Stover.

SARANAC

Saranac Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Charles Kane. *Secretary:* — C. D. Bowen.

SARANAC LAKE

Saranac Lake Society for the Control of Tuberculosis (April 12, 1907):
Executive Office: — 64 Main Street. *President:* — A. K. Botsford. *Executive Secretary:* — R. M. Obenchain.

SARATOGA COUNTY (See Waterford).

SARATOGA SPRINGS

Saratoga Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — C. B. Andrus.

SAUGERTIES

Saugerties Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — R. B. Overpaugh. *Secretary:* — Mrs. John Snyder.

SAVANNAH

Savannah Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. P. Brown. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. P. Brown.

SAVONA

Savona Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — T. C. Wall. *Secretary:* — Rev. C. R. Morrow.

SCHENECTADY

Schenectady Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Feb. 29, 1908):
President: — Dr. J. P. Faber. *Secretary:* — A. E. Carmichael.

SCHENEVUS

Schenevus Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — George Lovell. *Secretary:* — D. S. Chase.

SCHUYLER LAKE

Schuyler Lake Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — E. A. Taylor. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. H. Wakerly.

SCOTT

Scott Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. M. C. Barker.

SCOTTSBURG

Scottsburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — V. A. Scott.

SEA CLIFF

Sea Cliff Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. H. Morris. *Secretary:* — Dr. Albert M. Bell.

SEMPRONIUS

Sempronius Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Wm. Westfall. *Secretary:* — Wm. Murray.

SENECA FALLS

Seneca Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. W. Lester. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. Knight.

SENNETT

Sennett Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. W. A. Beecher. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Harry Tucker

SHELTER ISLAND

Shelter Island Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. E. Benjamin. *Secretary:* — David H. Young.

SHERBURNE

Sherburne Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — C. A. Fuller. *Secretary:* — Miss A. Harrington.

SHERIDAN

Sheridan Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — D. U. Herrick. *Secretary:* — H. M. Bailey.

SHERMAN

Sherman Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — M. J. Blanden. *Secretary:* — Rev. W. Robinson.

SHERWOOD

Sherwood Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — A. B. Comstock. *Secretary:* — Dr. B. K. Hoxie.

SILVER CREEK

Silver Creek Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. J. Sharp.

SILVER SPRINGS

Silver Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (Jan., 1912):
Secretary: — A. L. Remington.

SLATERVILLE SPRINGS

Slaterville Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. E. E. Pearce. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. B. Phillip.

SLOATSBURG

Sloatsburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. Wm. M. Finch.

SMITHBORO

Smithboro Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. Terwilliger. *Secretary:* — J. A. Roberts.

SMITHVILLE FLATS

Smithville Flats Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Lizzie Kinnier.

SMITHTOWN BRANCH

Smithtown Branch Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. E. Brush. *Secretary:* — G. B. Purick.

SMYRNA

Smyrna Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. T. G. Packer. *Secretary:* — T. H. Wedge.

SOUTHAMPTON

Southampton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Frank H. Corwith. *Secretary:* — Wyllis D. Van Brunt.

SOUTHOLD

Southold Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. L. Chase. *Secretary:* — W. L. Williams.

SOUTH DAYTON

South Dayton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. N. Rowe. *Secretary:* — J. B. Nash.

SOUTH NEW BERLIN

South New Berlin Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — N. E. Hovey. *Secretary:* — Rev. L. M. Duren.

SOUTH OTSELIC

South Otselic Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — L. M. Reynolds. *Secretary:* — Miss Anna Perkins.

SPENCER

Spencer Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. R. H. Fisher. *Secretary:* — L. S. Shepard.

SPRINGFIELD CENTER

Springfield Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. W. Swanson. *Secretary:* — Rev. W. F. Allen.

SPRING VALLEY

Spring Valley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. D. J. Sheehan. *Secretary:* — Carl H. B. Trumbull.

SPRINGWATER

Springwater Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Louis J. Hyde. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. H. Dinsmore.

STAFFORD

Stafford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. Geo. Diefendorf.

STONY POINT

Stony Point Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Sidney White. *Secretary:* — Frank Wiles.

STUYVESANT

Stuyvesant Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — B. B. Doyle.

STUYVESANT FALLS

Stuyvesant Falls Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. John J. Glover. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Theron Ceperly.

SYRACUSE

Syracuse Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1909):
Executive Office: — 508 E. Genesee Street. *President:* — Edmund H. Lewis. *Secretary:* — Almus W. Olver.

TAPPAN

Tappan Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. Macey F. Deming.

TARRYTOWN

Tarrytown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — William H. Gibson. *Secretary:* — C. S. Davison.

THERESA

Theresa Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Byron Haskins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. S. Sweet.

THREE MILE BAY

Three Mile Bay Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. W. A. Vincent. *Secretary:* — M. E. Hayes.

THROOPSVILLE

Throopsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. William Crysdale. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Nina Norton Weirough.

TIOGA COUNTY (See Waverly).

TIOGA CENTRE

Tioga Centre Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — M. D. Goodrich. *Secretary:* — T. L. Tubbs.

TODDSVILLE

Toddsville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Fred Steere. *Secretary:* — Bert Jackson.

TOMPKINS COVE

Tompkins Cove Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Walter F. Searing. *Secretary:* — James A. Grady.

TROY

Troy Tuberculosis Relief Committee of the State Charities Aid Association (January 14, 1908):
President: — W. Leland Thompson, 24 First Street. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. H. Irish, 1811 5th Avenue.

TRUMANSBURG

Trumansburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. B. Aiken. *Secretary:* — O. G. Noble.

TUPPER LAKE

Tupper Lake Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — G. C. Edgar. *Secretary:* — Dr. John P. Brennan.

ULSTER COUNTY (See Kingston).

UNADILLA

Unadilla Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. Yale Lyon. *Secretary:* — Hon. Clark De Forest.

UNADILLA FORKS

Unadilla Forks Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Hon. A. W. Brown. *Secretary:* — C. W. Rogers.

UNION SPRINGS

Union Springs Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — L. V. Doremus. *Secretary:* — Rev. W. H. Casey.

UTICA

Utica Tuberculosis Committee (November 25, 1907):
President: — Dr. Florence I. Staunton. *Secretary:* — Miss Natalie Gilbert.

VALATIE

Valatie Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
President: — P. J. Cunningham.

VALLEY STREAM

Valley Stream Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Joseph Felton. *Secretary:* — Frederick Schmitt.

VIRGIL

Virgil Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. J. H. Evans.

WALDEN

Walden Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — A. S. Embler. *Secretary:* — Samuel Andrews.

WALLACE

Wallace Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Zina C. Bowen.

WALLKILL

Wallkill Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. D. G. Verwey. *Secretary:* — Miss Ella G. Phinney.

WALTON

Walton Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1910):
Secretary: — Prof. F. R. Darling.

WARRENSBURG

Warrensburg Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — J. E. Goodman.

WARSAW

Warsaw Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
Secretary: — F. A. Rice.

WARWICK

Warwick Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. Fred Pitts. *Secretary:* — James P. Tate.

WATERFORD

Waterford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1911):
President: — Hon. J. W. Himes. *Secretary:* — Dr. Charles S. Prest.

Saratoga County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 26, 1915):
President: — Gen. H. W. Carpentier, Galway. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. S. Prest, Waterford.

WATERLOO

Waterloo Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May, 1908):
President: — W. F. Bacon.

WATERTOWN

Watertown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September 9, 1909):
Executive Office: — 162 Stone Street. *President:* — E. W. Herrick. *Secretary:* — Francis Lamon.

Jefferson County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — F. W. Sackett, Cape Vincent. *Secretary:* — F. H. Lamon, Watertown.

WATERVLIET

Watervliet Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March, 1910):
President: — Prof. F. W. Crumb. *Secretary:* — Mrs. P. J. Fitzgerald.

WAVERLY

Waverly Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. George S. Connell. *Secretary:* — Harry C. Baldwin.
Tioga County Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Austin Clark, Owego. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Seward Baldwin, Waverly.

WAYLAND

Wayland Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — G. M. Peabody. *Secretary:* — P. H. Zimmerman.

WEEDSPORT

Weedsport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. F. W. St. John.

WESTBURY

Westbury Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. G. S. Silliman. *Secretary:* — Erdman Cain.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY (See Yonkers).

WESTFORD

Westford Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Charles S. Roseboom. *Secretary:* — E. S. Tyler.

WEST NYACK

West Nyack Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — Mrs. A. L. Cole.

WESTPORT

Westport Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (September, 1909):
President: — B. J. Worman. *Secretary:* — Dr. Charles E. Payne.

WEST VALLEY

West Valley Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. G. Schwerb. *Secretary:* — Chester Ehman.

WESTVILLE CENTER

Westville Center Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. E. Hastings. *Secretary:* — Miss S. H. Wiley.

WHITNEY'S POINT

Whitney's Point Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (August, 1909):
President: — Dr. H. D. Burghardt.

WILLIAMSON

Williamson Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. T. W. Clark. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. L. Transue.

WILSON

Wilson Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Kate C. Cuddeback. *Secretary:* — Miss Nina F. Hunter.

WOLCOTT

Wolcott Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. S. W. Houston.

WOLCOTTVILLE

Wolcottville Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
Secretary: — John H. Kneufel.

WOODHULL

Woodhull Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. E. E. Webster. *Secretary:* — A. T. Smith.

WOODSTOCK

Woodstock Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. M. B. Downer. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. W. Lasher.

YONKERS

Woman's Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1909):
Executive Office: — 153 Warburton Avenue. *President:* — Mrs. Franklin P. Dwyer. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. George S. Mooney.

Westchester County Sub-Committee on Tuberculosis, Westchester County Branch State Charities Aid Association:
Chairman: — John Calvin Bucher, Peekskill. *Secretary:* — George J. Nelbach, Yonkers.

YORK

York Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. C. D. Cromwell. *Secretary:* — William B. Crawford.

YORKTOWN HEIGHTS

Yorktown Heights Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. Charles Rich. *Secretary:* — Rev. George Evans.

YOUNGSTOWN

Youngstown Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Dr. L. W. Faulkner. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Ann Walsh.

NORTH CAROLINA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Red Cross Seal Commission of North Carolina (Reorganized in 1913, succeeding the former State association which was formed in 1906):
Executive Office: — Sanatorium, N. C. *President:* — Mrs. C. C. Hook, Charlotte. *Secretary:* — Dr. L. B. McBrayer.

CHARLOTTE

Health Department of the Woman's Club (February 1, 1910,— work taken over by Health Department of Woman's Club, 1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. Charles E. Platt, 207 Hawthorne Lane.

CONCORD

Concord Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 3, 1913):
President: — Mrs. J. F. Goodman. *Secretary:* — A. S. Webb.

DURHAM

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic Association of Durham:
President: — Mrs. T. D. Jones. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Gilbert White, Moorehead Avenue.

EDGECOMBE COUNTY (See Tarboro).

FAYETTEVILLE

Cumberland County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 13, 1909):
President: — John A. Oates. *Secretary:* — J. F. Highsmith.

GOLDSBORO

Tuberculosis Committee of the Charity Organization Society (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. Thomas O'Berry.

GREENSBORO

Guilford County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (July 22, 1909):
President: — E. P. Wharton. *Secretary:* — Dr. William P. Beall, 361 Benbow Arcade.

GUILFORD COUNTY (See Greensboro).

HENDERSON COUNTY (See Hendersonville).

HENDERSONVILLE

Henderson County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 7, 1909):
President: — Rev. R. N. Wilcox. *Secretary:* — Dr. William Redin Kirk.

IREDELL COUNTY (See Statesville).

JOHNSTON COUNTY (See Smithfield).

NEW BERN

Society for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis:
President: — Mrs. Clyde Eby.

RALEIGH

Wake County Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 10, 1909):
President: — Mrs. W. N. Hutt. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. Bryan Soimes.

ROWAN COUNTY (See Salisbury).

SALISBURY

Rowan County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 20, 1909):
President: — Dr. John Whitehead. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. W. McKenzie.

SMITHFIELD

Johnston County Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May 20, 1910):

President: — Dr. A. H. Rose. *Secretary:* — Miss Mattie Pon.

STATESVILLE

Iredell County Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December 21, 1909):

President: — Dr. M. R. Adams. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. E. McLaughlin.

TARBORO

Edgecombe County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (August 23, 1910):

President: — John R. Pender. *Secretary:* — Dr. Spencer P. Bass.

WAKE COUNTY (See Raleigh).

WINSTON-SALEM

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of One Hundred of Winston-Salem (July 8, 1910):

Executive Office: — 415 Masonic Temple. *Chairman:* — Col. J. L. Ludlow. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Della H. Holroyd.

NORTH DAKOTA

STATE ASSOCIATION

North Dakota Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 25, 1909):

President: — Dr. J. Grassick. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. P. Quain, Bismarck.

OHIO

STATE ASSOCIATIONS

Ohio Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 14, 1901):

Executive Office: — 20 East Gay Street, Columbus. *President:* — Rev. D. Frank Garland, D.D., Dayton. *Executive Secretary:* — Robert G. Paterson, Ph.D.

Ohio Public Health Federation (September 24, 1914):

Executive Office: — 20 East Gay Street, Columbus. *Chairman:* — Dr. W. B. Carpenter. *Secretary:* — Edward Spease.

AKRON

Summit County Health Protective Society (1912):

Executive Office: — 320 Ohio Building. *President:* — Dr. J. H. Weber. *Secretary:* — Dr. Stephen J. Metzger.

ALLEN COUNTY (See Lima).

ALLIANCE

Alliance Public Health League (November 20, 1914):

Executive Office: — 19 West State Street. *President:* — W. B. Hassett. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary E. Howard.

ASHTABULA

Ashtabula County Public Health League (September 21, 1915):

Executive Office: — Board of Health. *President:* — Dr. W. S. King. *Secretary:* — Theodore Hall.

ATHENS

Athens County Civic and Health League (December 21, 1912):

President: — Dr. W. F. Mercer. *Secretary:* — William J. Warrener.

BELLAIRE

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Belmont County (November 7, 1912):
Executive Office: — Heinlein Building, Bridgeport. *President:* — Dr. J. C. Archer. *Secretary:* — Miss Stella Tappan.

BELLEFONTE

Health Committee of the City Union of the King's Daughters (January 2, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Alfred Butler. *Secretary:* — Miss Hazel Murdock, 416 East Sandusky Avenue.

BELMONT COUNTY (See Bellaire).

BOWLING GREEN

Health and Civic League (August 19, 1913):
President: — Mrs. Rose Beatty. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Rebecca Ross.

BUCYRUS

Bucyrus Public Health League (January 29, 1915):
President: — Prof. W. N. Beetham. *Secretary:* — Judge Amos Keller.

CAMBRIDGE

Cambridge Public Health League (February 6, 1914):
Executive Office: — I. O. O. F. Building. *President:* — Rev. R. W. Doty. *Secretary:* — Charles F. Howell.

CANTON

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Canton (April 5, 1910):
Executive Office: — 19 Eagle Block. *President:* — Dr. George F. Zinninger. *Secretary:* — Dr. Esther M. Tyrrell.

CHILLICOTHE

Ross County Welfare League (October 22, 1908):
President: — Dr. W. F. Sulzbacher. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. E. Bower, 65 East 2nd Street.

CINCINNATI

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Cincinnati (April, 1907; incorporated, April, 1909):
Executive Office: — 209 West 12th Street. *President:* — Dr. H. K. Dunham. *Superintendent:* — Courtenay Dinwiddie.

CIRCLEVILLE

The Circleville Benevolent Association (May, 1912):
Executive Office: — 114 West Franklin Street. *President:* — Mrs. Charles E. Groce. *Secretary:* — Miss Clara P. Southward.

CLEVELAND

The Anti-Tuberculosis League of Cleveland (February 23, 1911):
Executive Office: — 501 St. Clair Avenue, N. E. *President:* — Dr. John H. Lowman. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. Robert H. Bishop, Jr.

COLUMBUS

Columbus Society for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis (January 1, 1907):
Executive Office: — 222 East Long Street. *President:* — Mrs. Samuel L. Black. *Secretary:* — Mrs. James A. Allen, Southern Hotel. *Superintendent:* — Miss Elizabeth MacMullin, R. N.

CONNEAUT

Conneaut Anti-Tuberculosis League (December 17, 1912):
President: — Dr. B. M. Tower. *Secretary:* — Warren B. Miner.

COSHOCTON

Coshocton Public Health League (June 4, 1914):
President: — E. O. Selby. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank E. Pomerene.

CUYAHOGA FALLS

Visiting Nurse Association (February 1, 1913):
President: — Mrs. Jessie Weaver. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. A. Searl.

DAYTON

The Tuberculosis Society of Dayton (Organized, March 16, 1908; incorporated, February 13, 1909):
President: — Betram Klopfer. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. C. McLean, 37 South Williams Street.

DELAWARE

Delaware Health and Welfare League (November 30, 1915):
President: — Rev. E. A. Tittle. *Secretary:* — Miss Annie Kellogg.

DELPHOS

Public Health League (February 18, 1915):
President: — Ira Cole. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Philip Stummer.

EATON

Eaton Tuberculosis Society (June 1, 1909):
President: — Capt. C. R. Kelly. *Secretary:* — John E. Parker.

ELYRIA

Elyria Social Service League (January 15, 1915):
President: — E. F. Allen. *Secretary:* — F. O. Wilford.

ERIE COUNTY (See Sandusky).

FAIRFIELD COUNTY (See Lancaster).

FINDLAY

Hancock County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 8, 1912):
President: — Dr. N. B. Kennedy. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. E. Jordan.

FOSTORIA

Fostoria Public Health League (December 3, 1914):
President: — George E. Reed. *Secretary:* — Mrs. H. J. Adams.

FREMONT

Health Committee of Federation of Women's Clubs (January, 1913):
President: — Mrs. D. B. Love. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Carl Steinle.

GALLIA COUNTY (See Gallipolis).

GALLIPOLIS

Gallia County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November, 1912):
President: — Dr. Ella G. Lupton. *Secretary:* — Miss Mabel Thomas.

GREENFIELD

Greenfield Public Health League (June 4, 1915):
President: — Mrs. F. M. Swinehart. *Secretary:* — Miss Ethel Priddy.

GREENVILLE

Greenville Public Health League (April 1, 1915):
President: — Charles Minnick. *Secretary:* — George A. Katzenberger.

HAMILTON

Hamilton Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 10, 1912):
Executive Office: — City Department of Health. *President:* — Dr. A. C. Carney. *Secretary:* — Dr. Eugene S. Griffis.

HANCOCK COUNTY (See Findlay).

JACKSON

Jackson Public Health League (November 10, 1914):
President: — A. L. Ervin. *Secretary:* — J. Paul McDonald.

KENT

Kent Civic and Health League (March 25, 1915):
President: — Dr. Rebecca M. Evans. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. A. Wilt.

KENTON

Kenton District Nurse Association (May 25, 1914):
President: — Carl W. Smith. *Secretary:* — Miss Ethel Flint.

LAKE COUNTY (See Painesville).

LANCASTER

Lancaster and Fairfield County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 2, 1913):
President: — H. H. Giesy. *Secretary:* — C. G. Amendt.

LIMA

Allen County Anti-Tuberculosis and Health League (August 20, 1909):
President: — Dr. William E. Hovers. *Secretary:* — Dr. James B. Poling.

LONDON

Madison County Health and Welfare League (November 17, 1914):
President: — Judge F. R. Murray. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. H. Williams.

LORAIN

Lorain Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1912):
President: — Dr. Edward V. Hug. *Secretary:* — Dr. V. Adair.

MADISON COUNTY (See London).

MAHONING COUNTY (See Youngstown).

MANSFIELD

Mansfield Public Health Nursing Association (December 2, 1914):
President: — Dr. John Maglott. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. Arthur L. Redrup.

MARIETTA

Marietta Public Welfare League (December, 1915):
Executive Office: — Chamber of Commerce. *President:* — Mrs. Helen Morgan. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. D. Bedillion.

MARION

Health Committee of Federated Women's Clubs (November, 1913): *President:* — Mrs. Frank King. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. C. Gegenheimer.

MARYSVILLE

Union County Public Health League (October 7, 1913): *President:* — H. D. Sellers. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Alva Graham.

MASSILLON

Massillon Social Service League (October 22, 1915): *President:* — E. C. Merwin. *Secretary:* — Katherine McLain.

MIDDLETOWN

Social Service Bureau of Middletown (May 13, 1913): *Executive Office:* — 512 East Third Street. *Secretary:* — S. D. Watts.

MT. VERNON

Mt. Vernon Public Welfare League (September 18, 1914): *Secretary:* — G. A. Miller.

NELSONVILLE

Nelsonville Red Cross Society (December 27, 1914): *President:* — Dr. A. L. Pritchard. *Secretary:* — Mrs. R. H. Jackson.

NEW PHILADELPHIA

Tuscarawas County Anti-Tuberculosis and Health League (March 9, 1913): *President:* — A. A. Gibson. *Secretary:* — A. F. Schott, Canal Dover.

NORWALK

Norwalk Public Health League (April 30, 1913): *President:* — Mrs. R. P. Knapp. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Fred Wickham.

PAINESVILLE

Lake County Public Health League (December 12, 1913): *President:* — Robert West. *Secretary:* — Mrs. B. C. Shepherd.

PIQUA

Piqua Welfare Association (March 15, 1915): *Chairman:* — Dr. O. L. Utter. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George C. Dietrich.

PORTSMOUTH

Scioto County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May 24, 1911): *President:* — Simon Labold. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. W. Wendelken.

RAVENNA

Tuberculosis Committee of the Visiting Nurse Association (May 14, 1908): *President:* — Mrs. G. H. Robinson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Margaret Merts.

ROSS COUNTY **(See Chillicothe).**

ST. MARY'S

St. Mary's Public Health League (March 1, 1915): *President:* — O. E. Dunan. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. A. Deerhave.

SALEM

Salem Public Health League (January 19, 1915): *President:* — L. B. French. *Secretary:* — R. W. Hawley.

SANDUSKY

Erie County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 28, 1913):
President: — William C. Scott. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William C. Scott, 734 Wayne Street.

SCIOTO COUNTY (See Portsmouth).

SHELBY

Shelby Public Health League (October 13, 1914):
President: — Dr. J. D. Love. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. H. Bloomfield.

SPRINGFIELD

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Springfield (January, 1908):
President: — P. E. O'Brien. *Secretary:* — Max Kleeman.

STEUBENVILLE

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Social Service Union (December 1, 1913):
Executive Office: — City Building. *President:* — W. R. Alban. *General Secretary:* — Miss Edith E. Stringer.

SUMMIT COUNTY (See Akron).

TIFFIN

Civic Improvement League (May 21, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Howard L. Troxell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George Smith.

TOLEDO

Thalian Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1909):
Executive Office: — 501 North Erie Street. *President:* — Mrs. W. W. Knight. *Secretary:* — Miss Marion Scribner.

TRUMBULL COUNTY (See Warren).

TUSCARAWAS COUNTY (See New Philadelphia).

UNION COUNTY (See Marysville).

URBANA

Urbana Public Health League (June 15, 1914):
President: — J. H. E. Diamond. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. H. Brown.

WAPAKONETA

Wapakoneta Public Health League (December 12, 1915):
President: — Mrs. Bessie Seetlage. *Secretary:* — H. S. Vaubel.

WARREN

Trumbull County Anti-Tuberculosis League (December 1, 1913):
President: — Mrs. D. E. Hoover. *Secretary:* — Mrs. D. R. Gilbert.

WASHINGTON (C. H.)

Welfare Organization (December 6, 1914):
President: — Miss Lina Willis. *Secretary:* — Miss L. R. Brownell.

WAUSEON

Public Health Department of Civic Club:
Chairman: — Mrs. F. H. Reighard.

WOOSTER

Wooster Civic Welfare League (January 4, 1914):
President: — J. W. Hooke. *Secretary:* — T. E. Rice.

XENIA

Social Service League (December 7, 1914):
Executive Office: — Y. M. C. A. Building. *President:* — Rev. Huber Ferguson. *Secretary:* — Miss Irma Finley.

YOUNGSTOWN

Mahoning County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1905; incorporated, April 3, 1905):
Executive Office: — 102 E. Front Street. *President:* — Dr. H. E. Welch. *Secretary:* — J. M. Hanson.

ZANESVILLE

Zanesville Welfare Organization (June 16, 1914):
President: — Mrs. E. S. Grant. *Secretary:* — I. W. Ellenberger.

OKLAHOMA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Oklahoma State Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 12, 1910):
Executive Office: — 601 East 5th Street, Oklahoma City. *President:* — Dr. C. R. Day, State National Bank Building, Oklahoma City. *Secretary:* — Dr. John C. Mahr.

ALTUS

Jackson County School Health Club (1910):
President: — Prof. J. M. Dale.

GUTHRIE

Logan County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (February 10, 1910):
President: — W. S. Calvert. *Secretary:* — Mrs. M. C. Hart.

JACKSON COUNTY **(See Altus).**

LOGAN COUNTY **(See Guthrie).**

OKLAHOMA CITY

Oklahoma County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (April 1, 1910):
President: — Dr. A. E. Davenport. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. E. Davenport.

SHAWNEE

Shawnee Anti-Tuberculosis Society (March 16, 1910):
President: — Dr. W. C. Bradford. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. E. Hughes.

OREGON

STATE ASSOCIATION

Oregon Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (July, 1915):
Executive Office Address: — 503 Corbett Building, Portland. *President:* — A. L. Mills. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Saidie Orr-Dunbar.

PORTLAND

The Visiting Nurse Association of Portland (1909):

Executive Office: — 428 Medical Building, Park and Alder Streets. *President:* — Mrs. Robert G. Dieck, 391 Main Street. *Superintendent:* — Emma E. Grittinger, R. N.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1892):

Executive Office: — 407 Roger Williams Building, 1701 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. *President:* — Charles J. Rhoads. *Executive Secretary:* — Rest Fenner Smith, Jr. *Field Secretary:* — Ray C. Risley. *Assistant Secretary:* — R. N. Whaley. The work of the State association includes that of Philadelphia.

ALLENTOWN

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities of Allentown (May 15, 1906):

Executive Office: — Library Building. *President:* — Dr. W. H. Hartzell. *Secretary:* — J. Treichler Butz, 304 North 9th Street. *General Secretary:* — Miss Lucy J. Collins.

ALTOONA

Blair County Branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1913):

Secretary: — Dr. Edwin B. Miller, 1903 Seventh Avenue.

ATHENS (Bradford County)

Health and Public Welfare Committee of Athens (1915):

President and Chairman: — Mrs. Paul Pomeroy, South Street. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Mrs. Mary Barstow Sheldon, 104 Chemung Street.

BEAVER FALLS (Beaver County)

Tuberculosis Committee of the Outlook Club (1915):

Chairman: — Mrs. John A. Elliott. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Perrott, 1005 5th Avenue.

BELLEFONTE

Tuberculosis Committee, Woman's Club (1916):

President: — Mrs. Lina B. Mitchell.

BERKS COUNTY (See Reading).

BERWICK (Columbia County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):

Chairman: — Mrs. C. G. Crispin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank Fauste.

BLAIR COUNTY (See Altoona).

BLOOMSBURG (Columbia County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):

Chairman: — Miss Helen T. Reets, 431 Center Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Elizabeth White, Center Street.

BRADFORD

Northwestern Anti-Tuberculosis League (October 18, 1909):

Executive Office: — Y. M. C. A. Building. *President:* — Hon. Lewis Emery, Jr. *Secretary and Manager:* — A. D. McKee.

BUTLER (Butler County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. Roger Charnock. 228 Oak Street.

CARBONDALE (Lackawanna County)

Civic Committee of the New Century Club (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. C. E. Spencer, 75 Lincoln Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. T. Meeker, 57 Lincoln Avenue.

CARLISLE (Cumberland County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Carlisle (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. B. O. McIntire, 201 South College Street.

CHARLEROI (Washington County)

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Charleroi (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. R. B. Mounster, 224 Fallowfield Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. E. Piper.

CHESTER (Delaware County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. J. W. France, 1419 Chester Street.

CLEARFIELD (Clearfield County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Clearfield (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. E. E. Jimeson. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Mrs. W. A. Haggerty.

COATESVILLE (Chester County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman and Secretary pro tem: — Mrs. Mary D. Perkins, 402 Main Street.

COLUMBIA (Lancaster County)

Civic Committee — Woman's Club (1915):
Chairman: — Miss Edna Livingston.

DONORA (Washington County)

Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. R. E. Koehler. *Secretary:* — Miss Elizabeth Ostrander.

DUBOIS (Clearfield County)

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Du Bois (1915):
Chairman: — Miss Nell E. Elder, 101 Jared Street.

EASTON

Easton Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 9, 1908):
Executive Office: — 222 Spring Garden Street. *President:* — Dr. Edgar M. Green. *Secretary:* — John H. McGrath.

ERIE

Erie Branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May 13, 1910):
Executive Office: — Y. M. C. A. Building. *President:* — Dr. George B. Kalb. *Secretary:* — R. B. Sinclair.

HARRISBURG

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Aid Societies of Harrisburg (1905):
Executive Office: — 5 North Market Square. *President:* — Charles A. Kunkel. *Secretary:* — John Yates.

HAZELTON

Women's Auxiliary, Tuberculosis Committee of the United Charities (May 9, 1908):

President: — Mrs. Alvan Markle. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. L. Hutchison, 562 North Church Street.

HOLLIDAYSBURG (Blair County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):

Chairman: — Rev. Julius Seebach. *Secretary:* — Prof. H. J. Barrett, 409 Walnut Street.

INDIANA (Indiana County)

Health and Hygiene Committee (1916):

President of Club: — Mrs. Harry Christy. *Chairman:* — Mrs. Charles W. Books, 724 School Street.

JEANNETTE (Westmoreland County)

Tuberculosis Committee, Woman's Club (1916):

Chairman: — Mrs. L. R. Schmertz, 205 Second Street.

JOHNSTOWN

Johnstown Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 25, 1914):

Executive Office: — Hannan Building. *President:* — Dr. John L. Sagerson. *Secretary:* — George A. Foster.

LANCASTER

Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in Lancaster City and County (March 13, 1908):

President: — Richard M. Reilly. *Secretary:* — C. B. Hollinger, 41 North Queen Street.

LEBANON (Lebanon County)

Case Committee, Associated Charities (1916):

Chairman: — Rev. F. R. Le Fever, 3rd and Walnut Streets.

LEWISTOWN (Mifflin County)

Health Committee of the Civic Club (1915):

Chairman: — Mrs. H. T. Frosnot.

LYCOMING COUNTY (See Williamsport).

MEADVILLE (Crawford County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Meadville (1915):

Chairman: — Mrs. J. D. Downing, 560 Walnut Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Mary M. Campbell.

MILTON (Northumberland County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Milton (1915):

Chairman: — Mrs. Edward Weidenhamer, 305 Broadway.

MONESSEN (Westmoreland County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):

Chairman: — Mrs. E. C. Satterly. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. H. Thomas.

NANTICOKE

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Nanticoke (1915):

Chairman: — A. P. Diffendafer. *Secretary:* — Miss Bessie Dew.

NEW BRIGHTON (Beaver County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. T. L. Kennedy, 1713 Third Avenue.

NORRISTOWN (Montgomery County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. A. P. Hunter.

OIL CITY

Oil City Chapter of the American Red Cross:
Chairman: — Miss Olivia Fisher, 13 Grove Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Meade S. Gates, 148 West Third Street.

PHILADELPHIA

Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis (February 1, 1903; became a department of the University of Pennsylvania, July 1, 1910):
Executive Office: — 7th and Lombard Streets. *Executive Director:* — Dr. Charles J. Hatfield. *Director of Clinical and Sociological Departments:* — Dr. H. R. M. Landis. *Director of Laboratory:* — Dr. Paul A. Lewis.

PITTSBURGH

Tuberculosis League of Pittsburgh (May 14, 1908):
Executive Office: — Bedford Avenue and Wandless Street. *President:* — J. Ramsey Speer. *Medical Director:* — Dr. William Charles White. *Secretary:* — Grant Curry.

Pittsburgh Tuberculosis Commission (February 13, 1909):
Executive Office: — 406 Nixon Building. *Chairman:* — Dr. J. F. Edwards. *Secretary:* — James D. Crawford.

PLYMOUTH (Luzerne County)

Plymouth Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1915):
President: — Miss May V. Rickard, 578 West Main Street. *Secretary:* — Prof. S. H. Jones.

POTTSTOWN (Montgomery County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. Charles T. Evans, Hill School. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Francis Lavertu, 911 High Street.

POTTSVILLE

Anti-Tuberculosis Society of Schuylkill County (February 28, 1908):
President: — Rev. W. H. Lindermuth, D.D. *Secretary:* — G. R. S. Corson, 212 West Market Street.

READING

Berks County Tuberculosis Society (June 1, 1909):
Executive Office: — 111 North 6th Street. *President:* — George W. Wagner. *Secretary:* — J. Pierce Sands.

Reading Sanatorium Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Rev. Robert M. Blackburn, 409 Walnut Street. *Secretary:* — Mr. Sig. S. Schweriner, 428 Penn Square.

SAYRE (Bradford County)

Visiting Nurse Committee of the Monday Club (1916):
President: — Mrs. H. Poillet, 207 South Elmer Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. L. Laws.

SCHUYLKILL COUNTY (See Pottsville).

SCRANTON

Scranton Society for the Prevention and Cure of Tuberculosis (January 26, 1903):
Executive Office: — County Bank Building. *President:* — Dr. A. J. Connell. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. M. Wainwright.

SHARON (Mercer County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of Sharon (1915):
President: —Mrs. F. K. Smith, 513 State Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. P. R. Bachman.

SHIPPENSBURG (Cumberland County)

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic Club (1916):
President: — Mrs. William Shapley. *Secretary:* — Miss Eleanor Duncan.

SUNBURY (Northumberland County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, Civic Club (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. W. W. Warfield, 39 South Second Street.

TIOGA COUNTY (See Wellsboro).

TOWANDA (Bradford County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Visiting Nurse Association (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. M. P. Blight.

TYRONE (Blair County)

Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis of the Civic Club (1915):
Chairman: — Miss Margaret Hooker.

UNIONTOWN

Sanitation Committee of the Uniontown Chamber of Commerce:
President: — Dr. O. R. Altman. *Secretary:* — Marshall D. Brooke, First National Bank Building.

VANDERGRIFT (Westmoreland County)

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Century Club (1916):
Chairman: — Mrs. Robert B. Chessman, 139 Lafayette Avenue. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. E. Anderson, 130 Farragut Avenue.

WASHINGTON (Washington County)

Central Committee for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1915):
Chairman: — Mrs. F. B. McKinley, 119 E. College Street.

WELLSBORO

Tioga County Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1916):
President: — Miss Adelaide E. White, 24 Tioga Street. *Secretary:* — Miss Carolyn MacNulty.

WILKES-BARRE

Wilkes-barre Tuberculosis Relief Society (December, 1914):
President: — Mrs. Anthony C. Campbell, 258 South River Street. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles S. Williams, 308 E. South Street.

WILLIAMSPORT

Lycoming County Branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (April, 1910):

President: — Velentine C. Luppert. *Secretary:* — Jennie L. Simmons, 613 Cemetery Street.

YORK

York County Branch of the Pennsylvania Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1914):

President: — John A. Hoober. *Secretary:* — Donald H. Yost. *Executive Secretary:* — Emil G. Steger, 5 Lehmayer Building.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

STATE ASSOCIATION

Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society (July 29, 1910):

Executive Office: — Cosmopolitan Building, Room 108, Manila. *President:* — Dr. Sixto de los Angeles. *Secretary:* — Dr. José Fabella.

PORTO RICO

STATE ASSOCIATION

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Porto Rico (March 31, 1906):

Executive Office: — San Juan. *President:* — Mrs. Georgina Blanes de De Diego. *Secretary:* — Dr. Josefina Villafane de Martinez.

PONCE

Ponce Anti-Tuberculosis League (March, 1909):

President: — Mrs. Teresa C. De Antonsanti. *Secretary:* — Mrs. De Zoiol Cintron, Box 345.

RHODE ISLAND

STATE ASSOCIATION

Rhode Island Anti-Tuberculosis Association (September 12, 1907):

Executive Office: — 109 Washington Street, Providence. *President:* — William A. Viall. *Executive Secretary:* — Willis E. Chandler.

BARRINGTON

Barrington District Nursing Association (1913):

President: — Rev. William M. Chapin. *Secretary:* — J. Henry Woodard.

BRISTOL

Bristol Public Health League (December, 1909):

President: — Hon. Frederick H. Jackson. *Secretary:* — J. F. Farrally, 547 Hope Street.

BURRILLVILLE

Burrillville Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1909):

President: — C. T. Lariviere. *Secretary:* — Fred Bailey, Pascoag.

CHARLESTOWN

Charlestown, Richmond and Hopkinton Public Health Association (March, 1912):

President: — Hon. Silas R. Richmond. *Secretary:* — Henry G. Clark, Shannock.

CRANSTON

Cranston Anti-Tuberculosis Association (April 27, 1910):
President: — Richard W. Jennings. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George J. Arnold, 45 Warwick Avenue, Edgewood.

EAST PROVIDENCE

East Providence Visiting Nurse and Anti-Tuberculosis Association (April 21, 1910):
President: — Chester E. Butts. *Secretary:* — Miss Amey F. Bowen, 25 Second Street.

EAST GREENWICH

The Visiting Nurse and Anti-Tuberculosis Association of East Greenwich (April, 1910):
President: — Howard V. Allen. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Elizabeth F. Tyler, Chepiwanoxet, East Greenwich.

EXETER

Exeter and West Greenwich Public Health Association (November, 1913):
President: — Dr. Joseph H. Ladd. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank Dutemple, Exeter Center.

FOSTER (See Scituate).

GLOUCESTER

Gloucester Anti-Tuberculosis Association (July, 1910):
President: — Miss Martha R. Fitch. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Howard Farnum, Chepachet.

HOPKINTON (See Charlestown).

JAMESTOWN

Jamestown Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (July 21, 1910):
Chairman: — Hon. Isaac Clarke. *Secretary:* — Miss Alice W. Cottrell.

JOHNSTON

Johnston Public Health League (April, 1911):
President: — Col. Frank W. Tillinghast. *Secretary:* — Frank Bolton, Thornton.

LITTLE COMPTON

Little Compton Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1910):
Chairman: — Rev. Joseph Lambert. *Secretary:* — Miss Deborah Manchester, Adamsville.

MIDDLETOWN

Middletown Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (July 28, 1910):
Secretary: — Mrs. Elisha Angell Peckham, Melville, Box No. 98, R. F. D. No. 2.

NEWPORT

Newport Association for the Relief and Prevention of Tuberculosis (March 19, 1904):
Executive Office: — 290 Thames Street. *President:* — Dr. E. V. Murphy. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary K. Akerley.

NEW SHOREHAM

New Shoreham Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1911):
Chairman: — Ralph V. Dodge. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. C. Ball, Block Island.

NORTH KINGSTOWN

Visiting Nurse and Anti-Tuberculosis Association of North Kingstown (January 17, 1911):

President: — Mrs. George Larned. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary L. Metcalf, Wickford, R. I.

NORTH PROVIDENCE

North Providence District Nursing and Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1912):

President: — Mrs. Charles A. Swallow. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Gaius H. Smith, 14 East Avenue, Centerdale, R. I.

PAWTUCKET

Society for the Relief and Control of Tuberculosis in Pawtucket and Vicinity (May 1, 1908):

Executive Office: — 209 Oak Hall Building. *President:* — Albert J. Thornley. *Secretary:* — Dr. John H. Bennett.

PORTSMOUTH

Portsmouth Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (1910):

Secretary: — Walter Chase, Bristol Ferry.

PROVIDENCE

League for the Suppression of Tuberculosis (1902):

Executive Office: — 109 Washington Street. *Chairman:* — Dr. Jay Perkins. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Murray.

RICHMOND (See Charlestown).

RIVERPOINT

Visiting Nurse and Anti-Tuberculosis Association of the Pawtuxet Valley (June 3, 1908):

President: — Judge Felix Hebert. *Secretary:* — Miss Bessie M. Allen, Riverpoint.

SCITUATE

Scituate and Foster Public Health Association (1912):

President: — Andrew W. Burgess. *Secretary:* — Henry Seamans, Rockland.

SMITHFIELD

Smithfield Public Health Association (December 21, 1911):

President: — Almon E. Bosworth. *Secretary:* — Rev. William J. Nagle, Georgiaville.

SOUTH KINGSTOWN

South Kingstown Public Health League (February 6, 1905):

President: — Dr. Henry B. Potter. *Secretary:* — Bernon E. Helme, Kingstown.

TIVERTON

Tiverton Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (July 15, 1910):

Chairman: — Dr. C. H. Bryant.

WARREN

Warren District Nursing Association (1913):

President: — Edward E. Bartlett. *Secretary:* — Miss Elizabeth Freeborn.

WARWICK

Warwick Health League (1914):
President: — George J. Holden. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. J. Astle, Lakewood.

WESTERLY

Westerly Committee on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (October 12, 1910):
Chairman: — Rev. F. C. A. Jones. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Walter S. Price.

WEST GREENWICH (See Exeter).

WOONSOCKET

Woonsocket Anti-Tuberculosis Association (April 2, 1908):
Executive Office: — 20 Longley Building. *President:* — Dr. E. N. Kingsbury. *Secretary:* — Philip Palmer.

SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Red Cross Seal Commission of South Carolina (September, 1913):
Executive Office: — Union National Bank Building, Columbia. *Chairman:* — James H. Fowles. *Executive Secretary:* — Miss Julie Heyward.

AIKEN

Aiken County Anti-Tuberculosis League (January 17, 1909):
President: — Dr. Filmore Moore. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. A. Miner.

CHARLESTON

Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (January, 1913):
President: — Mrs. James Cosgrove. *Secretary:* — Dr. Sarah C. Allan.

Charleston Anti-Tuberculosis League (Colored) (September 16, 1909):
President: — Charles S. Harleston.

COLUMBIA

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (September, 1913):
Chairman: — John Lee Davis. *Secretary:* — Miss Margaret Laing.

GREENVILLE

Greenville County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 26, 1915):
Executive Office: — City Hall. *President:* — Dr. Davis Furman. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. E. Smith.

ROCK HILL

Rock Hill Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
President: — Dr. J. R. Miller. *Secretary:* — Major W. W. Boyce.

SALUDA

Saluda County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (April, 1909):
President: — Dr. J. J. Kirksey. *Secretary:* — Miss Leilah F. Attaway.

SUMTER

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic League:
President: — Mrs. Nina M. Solomons. *Chairman:* — Mrs. R. S. Hood.

SOUTH DAKOTA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Red Cross Seal Commission of South Dakota (1913):
Executive Office: — Armour. *Chairman:* — Mrs. E. P. Wanzer.

WATERTOWN

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee (November, 1914):
Secretary: — Rev. Fred E. Stockton.

TENNESSEE

STATE ASSOCIATION

Tennessee Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February 24, 1912):
Executive Office: — 411½ Church Street, Nashville. *President:* — F. E. Kuhn. *Secretary:* — F. Vincent Kuhn.

BRISTOL

Bristol Anti-Tuberculosis League (April 30, 1908):
President: — Dr. John H. Caldwell.

CHATTANOOGA

Tuberculosis Sanatorium Association (May, 1909):
Executive Office: — Flatiron Building, Chattanooga. *President:* — Mrs. Carrie R. Pickens. *Secretary:* — Miss Hunter, Ridgedale, Tenn.

GALLATIN

Sumner County Health League (April 16, 1909):
President: — Dr. F. H. Dunklin.

JACKSON

Madison County Anti-Tuberculosis League (February, 1912):
President: — Hon. R. F. Spragins. *Secretary:* — Herron C. Pearson.

KNOXVILLE

Knoxville Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (June 10, 1908):
Executive Office: — 217 Van Deventer Building. *President:* — Dr. H. P. Coile. *Secretary:* — Guy H. Parham.

MADISON COUNTY **(See Jackson).**

MEMPHIS

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities:
President: — J. A. Reul. *Secretary:* — J. P. Kranz.

NASHVILLE

Nashville Anti-Tuberculosis League (June 30, 1906):
Executive Office: — 411½ Church Street. *President:* — Leland Hume. *Executive Secretary:* — F. Vincent Kuhn.

SMITHVILLE

Smithville Anti-Tuberculosis League (May, 1907):
President: — Dr. Thomas J. Potter. *Secretary:* — Eugene Hendon.

SUMNER COUNTY **(See Gallatin).**

TEXAS

STATE ASSOCIATION

Texas Public Health Association (Organized as Texas Anti-Tuberculosis Association, September 27, 1908):

Executive Office: — Austin National Bank Building, Austin. *Secretary:* — Dr. Z. T. Scott.

BEAUMONT

Red Cross Seal Committee (1914):

Chairman: — Mrs. Mattie Bliss.

DALLAS

Dallas Public Health Association (December, 1912):

Executive Office: — 911 Commerce Street. *President:* — G. B. Dealey. *Secretary:* — Miss Flora Saylor.

EL PASO

Tuberculosis Committee of the Associated Charities (January, 1916):

Executive Office: — 406 South Campbell Street. *Chairman:* — R. F. Burgess. *Secretary:* — J. B. Gwin.

GALVESTON

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of the Women's Health Protective Association of Galveston (November, 1911):

Chairman: — Mrs. G. D. Morgan, 810 Avenue E.

HOUSTON

Houston Anti-Tuberculosis League (November, 1911):

Executive Office: — Kress Building. *President:* — Dr. Elva A. Wright, 733 Kress Building. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Ira P. Jones, Jr., Paul Building.

Houston Anti-Tuberculosis League (Colored) (April 2, 1914):

Vice-President: — Nat Q. Henderson. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Miss Celia A. Scott.

SAN ANTONIO

Red Cross Seal Committee (November 10, 1910):

Chairman: — Mrs. Conrad Schasse, 224 Dwyer Avenue.

TEXARKANA

Texarkana Anti-Tuberculosis Association (January 14, 1914):

Executive Office: — 503 Hickory Street. *President:* — Mrs. W. H. Arnold. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. J. Kizer.

Bowie County Public Health Society (January 1, 1914):

Executive Office: — 231-234 State National Bank Building. *President:* — Dr. L. H. Lanier. *Secretary:* — J. K. Smith.

TEXAS CITY

Tuberculosis Committee of the Civic Club:

President: — Mrs. John C. Selvidge.

UTAH

STATE ASSOCIATION

Utah Public Health Association (May 19, 1916):

President: — E. O. Howard, Salt Lake City. *Secretary:* — William J. Deeney, Salt Lake City.

VERMONT *

STATE ASSOCIATION

Vermont Red Cross Chapter:
Treasurer: — H. S. Howard, 203 Main Street, Burlington.

BRATTLEBORO

Brattleboro Tuberculosis Association (April 27, 1912):
President: — Arthur F. Roberts. *Secretary:* — Rev. D. E. Trout.

VIRGINIA

STATE ASSOCIATION

Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October, 1909):
Executive Office: — 1110 Capitol Street, Richmond. *President:* — Hon. W. W. Baker, Hallsboro. *Secretary:* — Miss Agnes D. Randolph, R. N.

ALEXANDRIA

Alexandria Anti-Tuberculosis Association (February, 1910):
President: — Miss Rose M. MacDonald.

CHARLOTTESVILLE

Charlottesville Public Health and District Nurse Association (January, 1910):
President: — C. W. Hulfish. *Secretary:* — Miss Hubbard, University, P. O.

DANVILLE

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Danville (1907 — Reorganized, 1914):
President: — Rev. A. F. DeGafferelly. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. L. Hagan, 254 Jefferson Street.

MARION

Tuberculosis Committee of Woman's Civic League (1915):
President: — Mrs. B. E. Copenhaven. *Chairman:* — Mrs. E. K. Coyner.

NORFOLK

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Norfolk (1906):
President: — B. P. Loyall. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — Dr. Charles R. Grandy.

PETERSBURG

The Anti-Tuberculosis League of Petersburg (March 6, 1908):
President: — H. S. Seward.

RICHMOND

Tuberculosis Camp Society of Richmond (1909):
President: — Edmund Strudwick.

WINCHESTER

S. P. Latané Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):
President: — Mrs. H. Douglas Fuller. *Secretary:* — Miss Nina Shepard.

WASHINGTON

STATE ASSOCIATION

The Washington Association for the Prevention and Relief of Tuberculosis (September 12, 1906):
Executive Office: — 916 Cobb Building, Seattle. *President:* — Dr. C. Quevli,

* An effort will be made in 1916 to effect a joint association for the States of New Hampshire and Vermont, with an executive office and a full-time secretary.

Tacoma. *Secretary:* — Prof. John Weinzirl, 4144 Tenth Avenue, Seattle. *Executive Secretary:* — Mrs. Bethesda Beals Buchanan.

EVERETT

Snohomish County Anti-Tuberculosis League (November 15, 1915):
Executive Office: — 217 American National Bank Building. *President:* — Mrs. N. S. McCready, Snohomish. *Secretary:* — Rev. E. M. Rogers.

KING COUNTY (See Seattle).

MT. VERNON

Skagit County Anti-Tuberculosis League (April 3, 1912):
President: — Mrs. M. P. Hurd, Mount Vernon. *Secretary:* — Miss Nellie P. Lee, Mount Vernon.

PIERCE COUNTY (See Tacoma).

SEATTLE

King County Anti-Tuberculosis League (April 12, 1916) (Formed by the consolidation of the Red Cross Seal Tuberculosis Bureau of Seattle and King County and the Anti-Tuberculosis League of King County):
Executive Office: — League Building, 4th Avenue and University Street. *President:* — Dr. B. J. Lloyd. *Secretary:* — William K. McKibben.

SKAGIT COUNTY (See Mt. Vernon).

SNOHOMISH COUNTY (See Everett).

SPOKANE

Spokane County Anti-Tuberculosis League (October 10, 1911):
President: — Mrs. R. E. Buchanan. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. E. Mallette, 444 East 10th Street, Spokane.

TACOMA

Pierce County Anti-Tuberculosis League (April, 1910):
Executive Office: — City Hall. *President:* — William F. Geiger. *Secretary-Treasurer:* — R. D. McDonald.

WALLA WALLA

Walla Walla County Anti-Tuberculosis League (March 11, 1916):
Executive Office: — County Court House. *President:* — Mrs. H. F. Haley. *Secretary:* — Miss Rachel Drum.

WEST VIRGINIA

STATE ASSOCIATION

West Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis League (October, 1908):
Executive Office: — Charleston. *President:* — Dr. W. W. Golden. *Secretary:* — Dr. Harriet B. Jones, Glendale. *Field Secretary:* — Dr. Juanita McFarland, Glendale.

CHARLESTON

Kanawha County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (June, 1908):
Executive Office: — 115 McFarland Street. *President:* — George A. Laidley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. M. Payne.

CLARKSBURG

Clarksburg Colored Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Secretary: — John W. Strange.

ELKINS

Elkins Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Mrs. Howard Sutherland.

FAIRMONT

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Fairmont (April, 1909):
Executive Office: — 816 Alexander Place. *President:* — Mrs. C. O. Henry. *Secretary:* — Miss Carrie Waggener.

HINTON

Summers County Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — H. Ewart.

KANAWHA COUNTY (See Charleston).

KEYSER

Mineral County Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909):
President: — James G. Carskadon. *Secretary:* — W. C. Long.

MANNINGTON

Mannington Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. Phoebe Moore.

MARTINSBURG

Eastern Pan Handle Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (November 28, 1910):
President: — Dr. M. Virginia McCune-Rossa.

MINERAL COUNTY (See Keyser).

MONTGOMERY

Montgomery Chapter West Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis League (December, 1910):
President: — Mrs. L. S. Montgomery. *Secretary:* — Miss H. S. Montgomery.

OHIO COUNTY (See Wheeling).

PARKERSBURG

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Parkersburg (August 2, 1909):
President: — Mrs. R. B. Taylor. *Secretary:* — Miss Nellie H. Taylor.

SALEM

Tuberculosis Department of the Salem Women's Christian Temperance Union:
President: — Mrs. C. B. Clarke. *Secretary:* — Mrs. C. A. Schutte.

SISTERSVILLE

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Women's Club (October 15, 1912):
President: — Mrs. A. C. Jackson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles Monroe, 296 North Wells Street.

SUMMERS COUNTY (See Hinton).

WELLSBURG

Tuberculosis Committee of the Woman's Club (1912):
Chairman: — Miss Mine W. Applegate.

WHEELING

Anti-Tuberculosis League of Ohio County (May 20, 1909):
President: — W. A. Wilson. *Secretary:* — A. E. Sinks.

WISCONSIN

STATE ASSOCIATION

Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (June 26, 1908):
Executive Office: — 471 Van Buren Street, Milwaukee. *President:* — Dean L. E. Reber. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. Hoyt E. Dearholt. The work of the State association includes that of Milwaukee.

APPLETON

Appleton Civic League (October, 1911):
President: — Mrs. James A. Wood. *Secretary:* — Miss Edna S. Edwards.

ASHLAND

Ashland Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1911):
President: — Dr. M. S. Hosmer. *Secretary:* — Dr. Dell Andrews.

BARABOO

Baraboo Public Health Association:
Secretary: — Dr. L. W. Sayles, 416 Oak Street.

BEAVER DAM

Health and Public Welfare Committee (1911):
Secretary: — Joseph Willihnganz.

BELOIT

Beloit Anti-Tuberculosis and Public Health League (November 29, 1911):
President: — Dr. F. J. Nye. *Secretary:* — Earle A. Cleveland.

BLACK RIVER FALLS

Anti-Tuberculosis Association of Black River Falls (December 16, 1909):
President: — Mrs. Bertha Krohn. *Secretary:* — Miss Elise Homstad.

BLOOMER

Bloomer Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — F. W. Heberlein. *Secretary:* — F. E. Andrews.

BURLINGTON

Burlington Public Health Association (September 16, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. E. White. *Secretary:* — Mrs. George Waller, 713 Lewis Street.

CHIPPEWA FALLS

Public Health Committee:
President: — Dr. C. A. Hayes. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. Robinson.

DE PERE

De Pere Public Health Association (November, 1911):
President: — Dr. A. M. Korsten. *Secretary:* — J. F. Hogan.

EAU CLAIRE

Eau Claire Anti-Tuberculosis Society (November 14, 1909):
President: — Dr. E. L. Mason. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. H. Shoemaker.

EDGERTON

Edgerton City Federation of Women's Clubs (December 1, 1911):
President: — W. W. Hammond. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Charles Birkenmeyer.

ELLSWORTH

Ellsworth Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 25, 1910):
President: — Dr. D. W. Woodsworth.

EVANSVILLE

Anti-Tuberculosis Committee of Evansville Mother's Club and Other Clubs (September, 1913):
Chairman: — Fred Janes. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. M. Patterson.

GALESVILLE

Galesville Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — Dr. H. A. Jegi.

GRAND RAPIDS

Committee on Tuberculosis of Federation of Women's Clubs (March 17, 1906):
President: — Mrs. Guy O. Babcock. *Secretary:* — Mrs. De Guere.

GREEN BAY

Green Bay Public Health Association (October 14, 1911):
President: — Henry Sutton. *Secretary:* — Miss Tracy Copp.

GREEN LAKE

Green Lake Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November 1, 1910):
President: — Dr. George E. Baldwin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. E. Gurdy.

HUDSON

Hudson Anti-Tuberculosis and Public Health Association (December, 1911):
President: — Dr. W. H. Banks. *Secretary:* — James Walker.

JANESVILLE

Rock County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January 11, 1912):
President: — Dr. S. B. Buckmaster. *Secretary:* — Rev. H. Willman.

KAUKAUNA

Kaukauna Health Department of Women's Clubs (1909):
Secretary: — Mrs. J. A. Strathearn.

KENOSHA

Kenosha Anti-Tuberculosis and Public Health League (July, 1908):
President: — Dr. G. Windesheim. *Secretary:* — William H. Purnell.

LADYSMITH

Anti-Tuberculosis and Public Health Association:
Secretary: — Mrs. J. A. Michaelson.

LA CROSSE

Public Health Committee — La Crosse Board of Trade (July 7, 1910):
Executive Office: — State Bank Building. *Chairman:* — Frank Sisson. *Secretary:* — F. H. Scofield.

MADISON

Madison Anti-Tuberculosis Association (August, 1909):
President: — Dr. L. R. Head. *Secretary:* — L. Hutchcroft.

MANITOWOC

Manitowoc Anti-Tuberculosis and Health Association (May 24, 1911):
President: — Miss Emily Richter. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Carey.

MARINETTE

Marinette Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 8, 1912):
President: — Dr. G. F. Colter. *Secretary:* — John F. Dison.

MARSHFIELD

Helping Hand Society:
President: — Mrs. W. D. Conner. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank Noll.

MENOMONIE

Menomonie Branch Anti-Tuberculosis and Charities Association (December 10, 1909):
President: — Frank C. Jackson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. H. Noyes.

MERRILL

Committee of Seven on the Prevention of Tuberculosis (December, 1909):
President: — Dr. Herbert B. Saylor. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. B. Owen.

NEW LONDON

New London Branch, Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 3, 1912):
President: — Professor C. B. Stanley, Box 53.

NEENAH

Neenah Tuberculosis Association:
Secretary: — Mrs. Whitmore, Menasha.

OCONOMOWOC

Oconomowoc Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 15, 1911):
President: — A. L. Halverson. *Secretary:* — Rev. John White.

ONEIDA COUNTY (See Rhinelander).

OSHKOSH

Visiting Nurse Committee:
Chairman: — Mrs. L. D. Harmon. *Secretary:* — Miss Mary Forbes, 110 Union Street.

PORTAGE

Portage Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):
President: — F. D. Bentley. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. G. Clough.

PRINCETON

Princeton Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1910):
President: — Dr. J. A. Froehlich. *Secretary:* — O. C. Olman.

RACINE

Racine Branch of the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):
Executive Office: — City Hall. *President:* — C. C. Gittings. *Secretary:* — B. E. Nelson.

REEDSBURG

Reedsburg Branch of the Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December 15, 1912):
President: — A. B. Olson. *Secretary:* — Mrs. R. P. Perry.

RHINELANDER

Oneida County Anti-Tuberculosis Society (January, 1908):
President: — W. E. Brown. *Secretary:* — F. Harrison.

RICE LAKE

Rice Lake Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1911):
President: — Dr. F. A. Tate. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. S. White.

RICHLAND CENTER

Richland County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (October, 1909):
President: — Dr. Gideon Benson. *Secretary:* — Professor E. G. Doudna.

RIPON

Ripon Anti-Tuberculosis Association (May 19, 1910):
President: — Dr. S. S. Hall. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. C. Bumby.

ROCK COUNTY (See Janesville).

SHEBOYGAN

Sheboygan County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (December, 1910):
Executive Office: — 1129 N. 5th Street. *President:* — George Robins. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Frank Blocki.

STANLEY

Stanley Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1914):
President: — W. H. Bridgman. *Secretary:* — Rev. D. W. Davis.

STURGEON BAY

Sturgeon Bay Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1911):
President: — Mrs. W. D. Larkin. *Secretary:* — Mrs. P. J. Linden.

SUPERIOR

Tuberculosis Committee of the Public Welfare Association (1908; reorganized and incorporated, January, 1911):
Executive Office: — 4th and Tower Avenue. *President:* — Miss Katherine Schlegel. *Secretary:* — C. L. Burt.

TOMAHAWK

Tomahawk Branch of Wisconsin Anti-Tuberculosis Association (November, 1912):
President: — Dr. W. I. MacFarlane. *Secretary:* — M. Anderson.

TWO RIVERS

Visiting Nurse Association:
Chairman: — Mrs. J. E. Hamilton.

WATERTOWN

Watertown Anti-Tuberculosis Society (October 10, 1911):
President: — Mrs. Maz Melzer. *Secretary:* — Miss Lydia C. Pease.

WAUKESHA

Waukesha Red Cross Society (January 9, 1915):
President: — Miss Marie Haertel. *Secretary:* — Mrs. B. A. Dempsey, 108 E. College Avenue.

WAUPACA

Waupaca Public Health Association (1909):
President: — Dr. L. H. Pelton. *Secretary:* — E. H. Miles.

WAUPUN

Waupun Anti-Tuberculosis Society:
Secretary: — Miss Adelaide King.

WAUSAU

Wausau Anti-Tuberculosis Society (April 16, 1910):
President: — Mrs. E. P. Stone. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. A. Evers.

WEST ALLIS

Anti-Tuberculosis Association of West Allis (1912):
Executive Office: — West Allis Neighborhood Association. *President:* — Mrs. T. J. Jones. *Secretary:* — Mrs. F. S. Baldwin.

WHITEWATER

Tuberculosis Committee of City Federation of Whitewater (1899):
President: — Mrs. Frank Tyrell. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Elizabeth Leffingwell.

Legislation Affecting Tuberculosis
in the
United States
Including an outline of the activities of state and local boards of health

Legislation Affecting Tuberculosis in the United States

INCLUDING AN OUTLINE OF THE ACTIVITIES OF STATE AND LOCAL BOARDS OF HEALTH

A Directory of tuberculosis agencies and activities in the anti-tuberculosis campaign would hardly be complete without some mention of the work being done by the state and local boards of health, entirely aside from that of voluntary agencies, and also a mention of the laws and ordinances dealing directly or indirectly with the tuberculosis problem.

The following section summarizes the various kinds of legislation affecting tuberculosis, passed by state legislatures; the principal tuberculosis activities of state health boards and departments; the ordinances or regulations dealing with tuberculosis adopted by cities of 25,000 population and over; and the principal forms of anti-tuberculosis work undertaken by these same municipalities. The populations of the cities, in parentheses following the names in each case, are those given by the United States Census of 1910. The information concerning state and municipal legislation was secured chiefly through correspondence with health officers. So far as possible this official information has been checked up by information from other official and unofficial sources.

It has been found inadvisable, either under the state or municipal legislation, to give all of the laws and ordinances dealing with tuberculosis. Numerous amendments and routine forms of legislation have been omitted. On the other hand, a few laws and ordinances not dealing directly with tuberculosis but bearing upon the tuberculosis problem, or agitated by tuberculosis agencies have been included. So far as information has been available, the data under each state is complete. A few cities with a population of 25,000 and over have been omitted, because of inability to secure information directly from health officers of these municipalities. It should not be supposed, however, by those who use this Directory, that no anti-tuberculosis work of consequence is carried on in the smaller cities. It has been found necessary for reasons of space limitations to draw an arbitrary line between cities of 25,000 and those smaller. Many cities of smaller population, however, have superior ordinances to those of cities of the first class in various parts of the United States.

Under the sections on state legislation the information has been arranged in chronological order so far as possible. Under the municipal legislation section, the regulations and ordinances relating to tuberculosis

are given first, then follows a catalogue of the special anti-tuberculosis activities in which the city is engaged. So far as possible a uniform order has been maintained throughout. Omission of any particular activity or ordinance indicates that the National Association has received no report of such activity or ordinance.

In spite of all the care that could be exercised, it is probable that credit has been given to certain municipalities for work done by private anti-tuberculosis agencies. This information can be checked up from previous sections of the Directory dealing with Sanatoria, Dispensaries, Open Air Schools, etc. In a few instances under municipal legislation where the data was available the work of county agencies has been included.

The dates in parenthesis following the mention of an ordinance or regulation indicate the year of adoption. A star following an ordinance indicates that this ordinance is both in the form of a regulation of the board of health and of a city ordinance.

A detailed discussion of various kinds of state tuberculosis legislation will be found in Pamphlet 104 published by The National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis (price 20 cents postpaid).

UNITED STATES

NATIONAL LEGISLATION

1906.— On February 28, 1906, President Roosevelt issued an executive order requiring that persons afflicted with tuberculosis, who were working in the government service in any of its departments, should follow certain rules and regulations tending to prevent the spread of tuberculosis among their fellow-employees. The three rules which must now be observed by all government employees in all branches of the service are: First, all persons who are employed in the government service are positively forbidden to spit on the floors; second, the tuberculous employee must not spit in the public spittoons, but must provide himself with an individual sputum receiver; third, all tuberculous employees must also provide their own drinking glasses, soap, and towels, and they shall not use any others. This notice provides that notices be posted in all government buildings forbidding promiscuous spitting, and that special provision be made for the sanitation and ventilation of all government buildings, and further states, "Persons in government employ who suffer from tuberculosis shall be separated when possible from others while at work."

1907.— The 59th Congress passed a resolution providing that the Commissioner of Indian affairs, under direction of the Interior, make an investigation and report to Congress on the desirability of establishing a sanatorium for the treatment of Indians afflicted with tuberculosis.

1910.— As a result of the investigation made by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Congress appropriated $40,000 for use in work against tuberculosis and trachoma in 1911. Five sanatoria for tuberculous Indians have been opened on reservations or schools at Fort Lapwai, Idaho, Chemawa, Oregon, Laguna, New Mexico, and Fort Apache and Phoenix, Arizona. A physician also visits the various Indian schools and agencies and by lectures and in other ways instructs the pupils and employees in prevention of tuberculosis.

Three large sanatoria are conducted by the federal government, one by the United States Public Health Service at Fort Staunton, New Mexico; one by the War Department at Fort Bayard, New Mexico; and one by the Navy Department Las Animas, Colorado.

The United States Public Health Service has made and published several studies on various phases of the tuberculosis problem.

Acting under the Pure Foods and Drugs law of 1906 as amended in 1912, and under the Post Office regulations, the federal government is exercising wider powers than ever before in the control of patent medicines and "cure" frauds.

Surgeon General U. S. P. H. S.: — Dr. Rupert Blue.

(*For legislation affecting the District of Columbia, see District of Columbia.*)

ALABAMA

STATE LEGISLATION

1907.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of a state sanatorium. Forty thousand dollars was appropriated. this money to be made available at the discretion of the Governor. when in his opinion there might be sufficient funds in the treasury. A board of five trustees was appointed in 1908 to select a site and superintend erection of the sanatorium.

1907.— An act was passed naming the diseases to be reported and including tuberculosis in the list.

1908.— Governor O'Neal, in a message to the Legislature on March 16, 1908, urged the appointment of a State lecturer under the Board of Health to educate the people with regard to tuberculosis.

1915.— An act was passed constituting a Tuberculosis Commission (later appointed by the Governor) of nine persons including State Health Officer to promote and supervise a system of County Hospitals for advanced cases of tuberculosis. The act provides that if a majority of electors sign petition to County Commissioners or Board of Revenue, it makes mandatory the request for such hospital. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. W. H. Sanders, Montgomery.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Birmingham (132,685)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1906); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1906); and require disinfection of premises (1906). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. R. M. Cunningham.

Mobile (51,521)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1900). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City ordinance restricts location of all hospitals; Board of Health is required to pass favorably on the location. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles A. Mohr.

Montgomery (38,136)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1903); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup * (1911). City makes free examination of sputum and distributes tuberculosis literature. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. G. Laslié.

ALASKA

STATE LEGISLATION

1913.— An act was passed making tuberculosis a reportable disease, and requiring disinfection after death, recovery or removal of a patient, and providing for the exclusion of cases of tuberculosis from the schools.

A considerable amount of educational and therapeutic work is being carried on among the natives by the United States Bureau of Education, the United States Public Health Service and other federal bodies.

ARIZONA

STATE LEGISLATION

No laws have been passed affecting tuberculosis. The Board of Public Health, which was reorganized in 1907, has made a study of death rates from tuberculosis, and in 1913 issued an order with force of law requiring reporting of living cases of pulmonary and laryngeal tuberculosis. *Superintendent of Public Health:* — Dr. Robert N. Looney, Prescott.

ARKANSAS

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— A law was passed providing for the establishment of a state sanatorium and appropriating $80,000. The sanatorium is located at Booneville.

1913.— The sanatorium was enlarged through a state appropriation and a training school for nurses was established there.

1913.— An act was passed requiring the Board of Health to establish a laboratory for making investigations of cases of tuberculosis and other diseases.

1913.— Tuberculosis was included in a list of diseases made reportable by a regulation of the Board of Health. It was also provided that sputum must be so disposed of as not to endanger any person. Disinfection was required following death or removal of patient. Common drinking cups in public places were prohibited. An anti-spitting regulation was also passed. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. C. W. Garrison, Little Rock.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Little Rock (45,941)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases * (1913); require disinfection of premises * (1913). County maintains small sanatorium. City maintains two open air schools; and partially supports two nurses. City makes free examination of sputum; and furnishes sputum cups when requested. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Milton Vaughan.

CALIFORNIA

STATE LEGISLATION

1904.— A bill appropriating $150,000 for a state sanatorium passed both houses of the Legislature, but was vetoed by the governor.

1907.— The Legislature passed a law requiring the notification of tuberculosis, but not distinct from other communicable diseases.

1907.— The Legislature passed an anti-spitting law.

1907.— The Legislature passed an act appropriating $2,000 for the dissemination of knowledge to prevent the spread of tuberculosis.

1909.— An appropriation of $2,000 was granted to the State Board of Health for a tuberculosis exhibition campaign. A car containing an exhibit has toured all parts of the State.

1909.— The State Board of Health was empowered to contract for the treatment of indigent tuberculosis residents in private or public sanatoria, the counties in which the patient resides to pay the bills.

1912.— A commission on tuberculosis was authorized by the state Legislature to study and report on the tuberculosis problem.

1913.— As a result of this commission's report the Legislature created a special Bureau of Tuberculosis in the State Board of Health with an appropriation of $7,500.

1913.— Counties were given power to board indigent consumptives in private institutions and to pay therefor not more than $10.00 per week.

1915.— The law of 1913 establishing a Bureau of Tuberculosis was reconstructed, so that under the direction of this bureau state subsidies amounting to $3.00 per week can be paid to approved hospitals for the care of tuber-

culosis patients. The appropriation of the bureau was increased to $75,000 of which $20,000 was for administrative purposes.

State Health Officer: — Dr. W. A. Sawyer, Sacramento.

Director of Bureau of Tuberculosis: — Miss E. L. M. Tate, Sacramento.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Berkeley (40,434)

City ordinance requires reporting of tuberculosis cases (1904). City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. J. Benton.

Fresno (24,892)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1911); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. County maintains a tuberculosis hospital; city has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free sputum cups and other sanitary supplies. *Health Officer:* — Dr. A. H. Sweeney.

Los Angeles (319,198)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1896); require disinfection of premises*; restrict tuberculosis sanatoria within city limits (1912); and provide one tuberculosis nurse for every one hundred cases of tuberculosis (1915). City maintains two dispensaries; has twelve visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, drugs, milk, etc. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. L. M. Powers.

Oakland (150,174)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1903). Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises and prohibit common drinking cup. County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Allen F. Gillihan.

Pasadena (30,291)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1912); require disinfection of premises*; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases* (1915); restrict location of sanatoria for tuberculosis patients. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum and distributes free literature, sputum cups, medicines, etc. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Stanley P. Black.

Sacramento (44,696)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1904); require disinfection of premises*; prohibit common drinking cup.* City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature. *Commissioner of Public Health and Safety:* — Dr. G. C. Simmons.

San Diego (39,578)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and restrict location of sanatoria and boarding houses. A petition signed by a majority of the property holders near a proposed sanatorium can prevent the erection of same. City employs one visiting nurse. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Alfred E. Banks.

San Francisco (416,912)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1897); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1903); require disinfection of premises*; prohibit common drinking cup (1913); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1909); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients by requiring a permit which regulates their erection; provides for the quarantine of premises where patients suspected of having a contagious disease are housed until examination of patients is made or until Board has practiced disinfection and detention to its satisfaction. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one open air school; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — William C. Hassler.

San José (28,946)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1907). City has one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; distributes sputum cups and fumigates after death or removal of a serious case. *Secretary Board of Health:* — Paul Sanford.

COLORADO

STATE LEGISLATION

1911.— A law abolishing the common drinking cup in public conveyances, schools and public places was passed.

1913.— A comprehensive registration law providing also for free examination of sputum, proper disposal of sputum and disinfection of premises was passed. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. R. S. McKelvey, Denver.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Colorado Springs (29,078)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1907); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1908); require disinfection of premises (1909); prohibit common drinking cup (1912); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients by making it unlawful to build, maintain or establish any hospital, sanatorium or similar place for exclusive care or treatment of tuberculosis patients within the limits of the city. City employs four visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis; checks up each case reported and sees that all rooms are fumigated after patient moves. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Omer R. Gillett.

Denver (213,381)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1905); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has a tuberculosis dispensary; Board of Health makes free examination of sputum. *Deputy Health Commissioner:* — Dr. F. R. Coffman.

Pueblo (44,395)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup *; and require reporting of cases, with disinfection after death or removal. City distributes disinfectants. *Chief of Health Department:* — Dr. John G. Wolf.

CONNECTICUT

STATE LEGISLATION

1901.— Tuberculosis is reportable, and has been since 1901 by regulation of the Board of Health.

1903.— The legislature appropriated $10,000 to the Wildwood Sanatorium and has appropriated, up to 1916, as subsidies to this institution, over $175,000.

1903.— Twenty-five thousand dollars was appropriated toward the building of Gaylord Farm Sanatorium, and since that time the Legislature has appropriated, up to 1916, an additional sum of over $106,000 toward the deficit for maintenance.

1907.— The Legislature passed a resolution giving the governor power to appoint a commission of nine to investigate means of preventing or reducing the number of tuberculous cases.

1909.— A registration law providing for the reporting and care of all tuberculosis cases was passed.

1909.— An anti-spitting law was passed.

1909.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of county sanatoria at state expense, and appropriating $175,000 for construction and $75,000 for maintenance. These hospitals, of which there are now four, are under the supervision of the State Tuberculosis Commission. Since 1909 the state has appropriated to the Commission $352,500 for construction and $1,422,630 for maintenance of hospitals.

1911.— A law was passed providing for the regulation and supervision of lodging houses and tenements.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. J. H. Townsend, Hartford.

Chairman State Tuberculosis Commission: — Dr. J. C. Maher, New Haven.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Bridgeport (102,054)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1899). The Health Department helps to maintain the Visiting Nurse Association which is active in visiting cases, giving advice, furnishing sputum cups, etc. *Health Officer:* — Dr. E. A. McLellan.

Hartford (98,915)

City has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. C. P. Botsford.

Meriden (32,066)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1903). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1910); require disinfection of premises (1910); and prohibit common drinking cup (1910). City employs one visiting nurse. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. L. F. Wheatley.

New Britain (43,916)

City ordinances require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1905); require disinfection of premises; and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1911). City has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. Board of Health supervises all known cases. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. T. E. Reeks.

New Haven (133,608)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1901); require reporting of tuberculosis cases * (1905); and require disinfection of premises. City has two open air schools; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Frank W. Wright.

Norwich (28,219)

City ordinances require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1905); require disinfection of premises (1905); provide for compulsory removal and detention of patients suffering with "any infectious disease." City provides for free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Edward J. Brophy.

Stamford (28,836)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); require the reporting of tuberculosis cases; require the disinfection of premises.* City maintains a sanatorium for incurable cases only; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes tuberculosis literature and sputum cups. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. E. Everett Ronell.

DELAWARE

STATE LEGISLATION

1907.— The Legislature of 1907 passed a law making it a misdemeanor to spit on the floor of a railway car.

1909.— A permanent tuberculosis commission was created, and $15,000 annually was appropriated for its work. Besides treating patients at the Delaware Sanatorium and elsewhere, the commission has established nine tuberculosis dispensaries.

1913.— Ten thousand dollars was appropriated for a State Sanatorium for tuberculous negroes, the first institution of this character in the United States.

1914.— Regulations of the Board of Health were adopted requiring the reporting of cases of tuberculosis and disinfection after the death or removal of a patient.

Secretary State Tuberculosis Commission: — Dr. H. L. Springer, Wilmington.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. A. E. Frantz, Wilmington.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Wilmington (87,411)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. *Secretary of Board of Health:* — Isaac W. Bowers.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Washington (331,069)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1908); require disinfection of premises (1908); prohibit common drinking cup*. (1915); provide that the consent of a majority of the owners and occupants of premises within 100 feet must be obtained before the establishment of *any* hospital or asylum; and provide that all cases showing tubercle bacilli shall be recorded. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two fresh air schools; employs one visiting nurse; makes free sputum examinations; and distributes free literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. *Health Officer of the District:*— Dr. W. C. Woodward, Washington. *Acting Health Officer:* — Dr. John L. Norris.

FLORIDA

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— The State Board of Health was given authority by a special act to acquire and maintain a sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis; to make and enforce rules regarding the administration of such sanatorium; and to provide methods for conducting the same. The sanatorium has not been established and the plan is now abandoned.

1913.— Tuberculosis was made a reportable disease by regulation of the State Board of Health.

The Board issues circulars, posters, etc., on the prevention of tuberculosis. A tuberculosis exhibit is maintained in an educational health exhibit train. The Board also employs 12 tuberculosis field nurses. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. Joseph Y. Porter, Jacksonville.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Jacksonville (57,699)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1908); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909); recommend disinfection of premises*; and prohibit common drinking cup.* City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. E. Terry.

Tampa (37,782)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; prohibit common drinking cup in schools (1912); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Sheldon Stringer.

GEORGIA

STATE LEGISLATION

1904.— An act was passed providing that the governor appoint a commission consisting of one physician from each congressional district, and ten from the state at large, to investigate the prevalence of tuberculosis and the means of preventing it, and to report to the Legislature in 1905.

1905.— The Legislature of 1905 authorized the continuance of this same commission and directed that it report to the Legislature in 1906 on the feasibility of erecting a State sanatorium for consumptives.

1907.— A bill was passed by the Legislature of 1908, establishing a State sanatorium, and providing $25,000 for this purpose. The sanatorium was opened on March 15, 1911.

1914.— By the passage of the Public Health Bill by the Legislature of 1914, the Health Laws of the state were revised, and greatly improved and simplified. An important feature of this law is the provision for full-time county or district health officers. This feature is only effective after the

endorsement of two successive grand juries, and so far only four counties have taken advantage of it. This law will help in the local control of tuberculosis.

1915.— The Legislature of 1915 increased the annual appropriation for the State Sanatorium from $25,000 to $30,000.

The State Board of Health has issued educational circulars dealing with tuberculosis, but has adopted no anti-spitting or notification regulation. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. H. F. Harris, Atlanta.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Atlanta (154,839)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculous patients. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two open air schools; and makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. J. P. Kennedy.

Augusta (41,040)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1905); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1905). Premises are disinfected when notice is given of death or removal. *Health Officer:* — Dr. E. E. Murphey.

Macon (40,665)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup *; provide that all deaths from tuberculosis shall be reported.* City makes free examination of sputum; and makes small contribution to Red Cross Society which employs a visiting nurse. *Chief Sanitary Inspector:* — John C. Deitz.

Savannah (65,064)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1904); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909). *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. F. Brunner.

HAWAII

STATE LEGISLATION

1911.— A general tuberculosis law was passed providing for the registration of all cases of tuberculosis, the prevention of spitting, disinfection of premises, abolition of common drinking cup, free sputum examination, etc. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. J. S. B. Pratt, Honolulu.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Honolulu (52,183)

City maintains 20 beds in Leahi Sanatorium; and makes free examination of sputum. *Secretary, Territorial Board of Health:* — Dr. K. B. Porter.

IDAHO

STATE LEGISLATION

1914.— Regulations were adopted by the State Board of Health requiring the reporting of tuberculosis and disinfection of premises. Other rules provide that no person having tuberculosis shall handle food products, or attend public, parochial or private school, and tuberculous teachers are barred from teaching. The improper disposal of sputum is prohibited. The use of the common drinking cup is prohibited. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. Ralph Falk, Boise.

ILLINOIS

STATE LEGISLATION

1899.— The State Board of Health was directed by a joint resolution of the Senate and House of the 41st General Assembly to investigate the advisability of establishing a state sanatorium for consumptives in

Illinois. A committee appointed by the Board made an exhaustive investigation of the subject, and in a report to the governor in December, 1900, the Board strongly recommended the enactment of needed legislation.

1905.— Through efforts made by the State Board of Health, the State medical societies, and the State Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis, the 44th General Assembly, in 1905, passed a bill providing for the establishment of a State sanatorium for consumptives, but the appropriation made was too small for any practical purposes, and it did not become available.

1908.— A bill was passed by the Legislature which provided that villages and cities may maintain sanatoria, and providing further for the maintenance and regulation of the same. The bill did not make it mandatory that such sanatoria be established, nor that tuberculous patients be cared for apart from the other hospital or almshouse patients.

1909.— Amendment to law of 1908, enabling cities and villages to vote on the question of levying a tax up to one mill per thousand for the purpose of establishing and maintaining tuberculosis sanatoria.

1909.— County boards were given permission to establish and maintain tuberculosis hospitals without a referendum vote.

1909.— Law was passed giving to beneficiary insurance companies the right to maintain tuberculosis hospitals.

1909.— An appropriation of $10,000 was made for a commission appointed to investigate the reliability, the efficiency and the necessity of adopting the tuberculin test in the State of Illinois, and to investigate and determine whether the tuberculosis germ passes from an animal afflicted with tuberculosis, through the milk; and the effect of pasturizing milk as such food product is pasteurized, bottled, shipped, and used in the city of Chicago.

1911.— An Act was adopted to prohibit the establishing and enforcing of the tuberculin test for dairy animals by any city, village, incorporated town, county or other corporate authority in the State of Illinois.

1913.— An Amendment was passed to the City Sanitarium Law of 1908 permitting the building of tuberculosis sanatoria or auxiliary institutions outside the city limits, giving the sanatorium boards power to extend the benefits and privileges of such institutions into the homes of persons afflicted with tuberculosis, and to furnish nurses, instruction, medicines, attendants and all other aid necessary to effect a cure.

1914.— By a regulation of the Board of Health tuberculosis was made a reportable disease. Disinfection was also required after recovery, removal or death.

1915.— An Amendment was passed to a law of 1911 forbidding the importation into the State of Illinois of cattle unless accompanied by a certificate of health, and requiring a tuberculin test.

1915.— An Act was passed authorizing county authorities to establish and maintain a county tuberculosis sanatorium and branches, dispensaries and other auxiliary institutions connected with the same, and to levy and collect a tax to pay the cost of their establishment and maintenance, not to exceed three mills on the dollar annually.

The Board of Health has issued a considerable amount of literature on the prevention of tuberculosis and has established over two hundred stations in the State where containers are kept for the transmission of sputum. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. C. St. Clair Drake, Springfield.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Aurora (29,807)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases *; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; and provide for compulsory removal and detention of too dangerous cases. City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and gives free treatment in homes. *Health Officer:* — Dr. G. B. Schwachtgen.

Chicago (2,185,283)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1901); require reporting of tuberculosis

cases (1906); require disinfection of premises (1907); prohibit common drinking cup (1913); restrict location of sanatorium for tuberculosis patients by requiring written consent of owners of majority of frontage in block and also of opposite side of street or streets on which contagious disease hospital faces (1908). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has eight tuberculosis dispensaries; has three open air schools and eighteen open window rooms; employs 110 visiting nurses (50 temporary); makes free examination of sputum; distributes weekly Bulletin; and provides lectures. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. John Dill Robertson.

Danville (27,871)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1912); require reporting of tuberculosis cases *; require disinfection of premises (1907); prohibit common drinking cup.* City distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Seward L. Landaner.

Decatur (31,140)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1902). *Health Officer:* — Dr. William J. Harding.

Elgin (25,976)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1907); and require disinfection of premises (1907). *Health Officer:* — A. J. Volstorff.

Evanston (24,978)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1906); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1915); require disinfection of premises (1906); prohibit common drinking cup. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; employs one general nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and provides sputum cups. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. C. T. Roome.

Moline (24,199)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1904). City employs two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Inspector:* — M. S. Lamb.

Quincy (36,578)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1914). *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. W. H. Gross.

Rockford (45,401)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1903); require disinfection of premises.* City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis; makes examination of school children; holds temporary patients under observation. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. William E. Park.

Rock Island (24,335)

City ordinances prohibit spitting *; Health Board regulation requires reporting of tuberculosis cases; city ordinances require disinfection of premises; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City employs three tuberculosis nurses; and provides for free examination of sputum. *Health Commissioner:* — C. D. Foster.

Springfield (51,678)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases *; require disinfection of premises *; prohibit common drinking cup *; prohibit children considered dangerous with tuberculosis from attending public school; and prohibit tuberculous persons from selling food stuffs. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Superintendent of Public Health:* — Dr. O. H. Deichmann.

INDIANA

STATE LEGISLATION

1905.— A bill was passed providing that a commission be appointed to investigate the need of a tuberculosis hospital and to report on the same in 1907.

1907.— A bill was passed providing that a commission of five be appointed by the governor for three years to erect a sanatorium for tuberculous patients. This bill carried with it a $30,000 appropriation for the site of the hospital.

1907.— An act was passed making it mandatory for physicians and midwives to report all cases of contagious and infectious diseases. The Board of Health includes tuberculosis in this class and requires that it be reported.

1909.— An appropriation of $130,000 was made for the erection of a State sanatorium at Rockville. The institution was completed in June, 1910, but the Legislature of 1909 failed to make an appropriation for maintenance, and consequently the institution was not opened until 1911.

1911.— The Legislature appropriated for the state sanatorium $97,375, and $468 for each patient over a daily average of 100.

1913.— An act was passed giving Boards of County Commissioners of any county or group of counties the power to establish and maintain a county hospital for the care and treatment of persons suffering from tuberculosis.

1913.— The Legislature appropriated $14,500 for permanent improvements at the State Sanatorium.

1915.— A special tuberculosis registration law was passed. The act also creates a division of tuberculosis in the State Board of Health with a special deputy in charge. The provisions of the law with regard to occupancy of non-disinfected premises are unusually strict.

The State Board of Health carries on an active campaign against tuberculosis, distributing literature and creating public interest by means of lectures, exhibitions, etc. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. John N. Hurty, Indianapolis.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Evansville (69,647)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1902). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two tuberculosis nurses; distributes literature on tuberculosis. *City Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Porter H. Linthicum.

Fort Wayne (63,933)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1904). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Secretary of Public Health:* — J. H. Gilpin.

Indianapolis (233,650)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1906); require disinfection of premises (1902); Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup.* City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; employs three visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups; and provides for examination of all school children who are anemic, poorly nourished, and suspected of having tuberculosis, in order to remove danger of infection from normal children. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. G. Morgan.

Muncie (24,005)

City makes free examination of sputum. *Secretary Department of Public Health:* — Clarence G. Rea.

South Bend (53,684)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Health Board regulation requires disinfection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature. South Bend is the largest city of St. Joseph County which maintains a hospital near the city. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles S. Bosenbury.

Terre Haute (58,157)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City ordinance prohibits common drinking cup.* City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum and distributes sputum cups. *Secretary Board of Health:* — Dr. N. F. Williams.

IOWA

STATE LEGISLATION

1898.— The State Board of Health has issued circulars of information respecting tuberculosis since 1898.

1904.— In 1904 a bill was passed providing that the Board of Control of State

Institutions investigate the extent of tuberculosis and the means of preventing the same. Circulars were to be distributed and $1,000 was provided for experimentation.

1906.— An act was passed establishing a State sanatorium for the treatment of tuberculosis, giving the Board of Control power to select the site, construct the building, and direct the management of the institution, etc. This bill carried with it an appropriation of $50,000.

1906.— A bill was passed giving the State Board of Control funds to print and distribute 5,000 copies of their report on the extent and prevention of tuberculosis.

1907.— The sanatorium act of the year prior was amended to increase the per capita appropriation to $30 instead of $20; and further to provide for a lecturer to disseminate information in regard to tuberculosis; $5,000 annually was appropriated by this act.

1907.— Fifty thousand dollars additional was also appropriated for the State Sanatorium in 1907.

1909.— A law permitting the establishing by counties of hospitals for the treatment of medical and surgical cases of any kind was passed. Under this law, tuberculosis hospitals may be erected after a referendum vote.

1911.— A law was passed requiring that houses where persons have died from tuberculosis must be fumigated and disinfected after death from tuberculosis.

1913.— County Boards of Supervisors were authorized to care for indigent patients in advanced stages of tuberculosis.

1913.— A special hospital for advanced cases was authorized at the State Sanatorium, and an appropriation made for its erection.

1913.— An amendment was passed to the sanatorium law, increasing the per capita appropriation from $30.00 to $45.00 per month.

1913.— An amendment was passed making each county liable to the state for all patients from said county in the state sanatorium, who were unable to support themselves or had no persons legally bound to support them.

1915.— The act of 1913 was amended so that Boards of Supervisors *must* provide for all indigent tuberculosis patients. The law limits the allowance for support, and the appropriation for buildings, and provides a referendum election authorizing greater expenditure.

The Department of Tuberculosis under the State Board of Control, with a special lecturer, has been maintained since 1907. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. Guilford H. Sumner, Des Moines.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Burlington (24,324)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. City makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis; provides exhibit. *City Physician:* — Dr. E. J. Wehman.

Cedar Rapids (32,324)

City ordinances prohibit spitting * (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); require disinfection of premises * (1913); prohibit common drinking cup * (1913); Health Board regulation provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1913). City distributes literature on tuberculosis. *City Physician:* — Dr. David E. Beardsley.

Clinton (25,577)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1913). City employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. R. Sugg.

Council Bluffs (29,292)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1907). City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles H. Bower.

Davenport (43,028)

City ordinances prohibit spitting and common drinking cup. City refers all cases of tuberculosis to County Board of Supervisors; county maintains a tuberculosis hospital. *City Physician:* — Dr. George M. Middleton.

Des Moines (86,368)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require

disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; and require certificates of health from any suspected persons engaged in the preparation or sale of food stuff. City maintains one open air school, and makes free examination of sputum for indigents. Health Officer: — Dr. E. L. Sayler.

Dubuque (38,494)

A regulation of 1902 prohibits spitting in cars and in some public places. There is no local registration ordinance. City Health Officer: — Charles M. Buckman.

Waterloo (26,693)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1905). Health Board regulations require reporting of cases of tuberculosis and require disinfection of premises. City employs one visiting nurse. Health Officer and City Physician: — Dr. H. W. Sigworth.

KANSAS

STATE LEGISLATION

1907.— A State anti-spitting law, covering floors of churches, schools, or other public buildings, was passed by the legislature in 1907. The Board of Health has another regulation against spitting on the floors of public buildings.

1909.— A registration law providing for the reporting of tuberculosis cases was passed, the state board to furnish prophylactic supplies to open cases.

1909.— A more comprehensive and stringent anti-spitting law was passed.

1909.— Twenty thousand dollars was appropriated to the State Board of Health for a state-wide anti-tuberculosis educational campaign for two years.

1909.— An act regulating the control of tuberculosis in cattle was passed.

1911.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of a State sanatorium, and appropriating $50,000.

1912.— A law was passed providing for the establishment of county tuberculosis hospitals.

1912.— The state sanatorium appropriation of 1911, which had lapsed, was renewed, and the law of 1911 was amended. The sanatorium has since been opened at Norton. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. S. J. Crumbine, Topeka.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Topeka (43,684)

A city ordinance prohibits spitting on stairways and sidewalks. Reporting of cases of tuberculosis is required (1909). Board of Health regulation prohibits persons suffering from tuberculosis from handling food in restaurants, stores, and hotels, and prohibits persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis from being employed in any place where food is kept or where public gatherings are held. *Secretary Board of Health:* — W. L. Porter.

Wichita (52,450)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases.* Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City distributes free sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. O. G. Hutchinson.

KENTUCKY

STATE LEGISLATION

1906. The Legislature passed a bill providing that the mayor of Louisville appoint a "Board of Tuberculosis Hospital" to erect and maintain a tuberculosis hospital for the city and also providing for a tax of one-twentieth to one-fifth of a mill for the maintenance of the same.

1906. An act was passed "to encourage the establishment and maintenance by private contributions of sanatoria for the care and treatment of persons suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis." The act provided for the appropriation of $25,000 to be distributed annually to The Association Sana-

torium (Hazelwood Sanatorium, Louisville) and other similar institutions that might be established, the annual subsidy being 20 per cent. of the money invested in the equipment of the institution.

1908–1910.— A bill for the establishment of a State sanatorium was passed by both Houses of the Legislature of 1908, and again in 1910, but was vetoed by the governor, on account of lack of funds.

1912.— A permanent tuberculosis commission was established by act of Legislature with an annual appropriation of $15,000.

1912.— The same law also provides for the establishment of county or district hospitals either directly by county boards or after referendum vote.

1916.— The county hospital law was amended with particular reference to the financing of such institutions.

The State Tuberculosis Commission issues circulars on tuberculosis and carries on an active campaign against this disease throughout the State with a staff of field nurses and other equipment. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. A. T. McCormack, Bowling Green. *Secretary State Tuberculosis Commission:* — Col. L. M. Maus, M.D., Frankfort.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Covington (53,270)

There is an anti-spitting ordinance. Reporting of tuberculous cases is required. Premises are disinfected at death and removal. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. M. O'Maley.

Lexington (35,099)

City ordinances prohibit spitting * (1914); require reporting of tuberculosis cases * (1908); and require disinfection of premises * (1908). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs five visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. N. R. Simmons.

Louisville (223,928)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1907); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1898). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City and county maintain a tuberculosis hospital. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs six visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. W. Ed. Grant. *Medical Director Board of Tuberculosis Hospital:* — Dr. Dunning S. Wilson.

LOUISIANA

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— The State Board of Health adopted a resolution forbidding children suffering from any sort of tuberculosis to attend the public schools, and forbidding teachers affected with tuberculosis to teach.

1909.— The Louisiana Sanitary Code was adopted requiring physicians to report cases of consumption to the municipal or parish health officer.

1910.— The Legislature granted an appropriation of $5,000 a year for two years for the care of tuberculosis patients at one of the State Charity Hospitals. This appropriation has since been renewed.

1912.— A state tuberculosis commission was established by act of Legislature, with power to establish a state tuberculosis hospital. Ten thousand dollars was appropriated for preliminary work. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. Oscar Dowling, New Orleans.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

New Orleans (339,075)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1897); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1897); require disinfection of premises (1912); prohibit common drinking cup *; restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City employs one visiting nurse; and makes free examination of sputum. The city appropriates to the Louisiana Anti-Tuberculosis League $2,000 annually for work in New Orleans. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. T. O'Reilly.

[illegible]

MAINE

STATE LEGISLATION

[illegible] ... against tuberculosis ... The Prevention of Consumption.

[illegible] ... reporting ... cases of tuberculosis ...

[illegible] ... Sanatorium ... was incorporated for the ... treatment of incipient cases of ... management of this association ...

[illegible] ... spitting in street cars.

[illegible] ... the years 1907–1911 for aiding ... Sanatorium at Hebron, and in 1909 ... and ... in the erection ... Similar appropriations were made by each ... the State ... this institution.

[illegible] ... approving the construction at Eastern Maine ... building ... tuberculous insane.

[illegible] ... tuberculosis ... very nearly ... that cases are to be reported ... the State Board of Health ... boards was enacted.

[illegible] ... the methods and processes ... State Board of Health.

[illegible] ... State Board of Health was adopted forbidding use of ...

[illegible] ... the Maine Sanatorium at Hebron ... Sanatorium at Fairfield, these two private institutions ... State sanatoria. $ [illegible] was appropriated by this act. *Secretary, State Board of Health:* — Dr. A. G. Young, Augusta.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Bangor (24,803)

[illegible] legislation on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John Goldthwait.

Lewiston (26,247)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1912). Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises, prohibit common drinking cup; provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City ordinance restricts location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains one visiting nurse, and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — S. H. Upton.

Portland (58,571)

City ordinances require disinfection of premises (1909). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum, distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups, paper napkins and disinfectants. *Chairman of Board of Health:* Dr. F. E. Carmichael.

MARYLAND

STATE LEGISLATION

1902.— An act was passed authorizing the governor to appoint a Tuberculosis Commission to investigate the means of preventing tuberculosis in the State and the feasibility of establishing a state sanatorium. Four thousand dollars was appropriated for the expenses of this Commission.

1902.— A bill was passed making it a misdemeanor to spit on railroad platforms or in passenger cars.

1904.— An act was passed "protecting the public from the negligence of persons affected with certain communicable diseases, particularly tuberculosis of the lungs and larynx," by prohibiting promiscuous spitting; spitting was declared a nuisance and can be proceeded against on the same grounds as any other public nuisance.

1904.— The State Board of Health was authorized to issue instruction circulars, $5,000 being provided for this work.

1904.— A law was passed providing for the reporting of tuberculosis cases throughout the State, and registration by the State Board of Health. This was the first comprehensive registration law enacted in the United States.

1904.— A Tuberculosis Commission of five was appointed to investigate the causes of the disease and to present a detailed plan for the establishment of a tuberculosis sanatorium, and to report to the Legislature of 1906; $2,000 was appropriated for this purpose.

1906.— An act was passed establishing the Maryland Tuberculosis Sanatorium; $115,000 was appropriated by this act.

1906.— The name of the private corporation called the "Hospital for Consumptives of Baltimore" was changed to "Hospital for Consumptives of Maryland," (Eudowood Sanatorium) and a subsidy of $15,000 for 1907, and $20,000 for 1908, was provided. Similar subsidies have since been made from time to time.

1908.— An additional appropriation of $275,000 was given to the State Sanatorium, and a grant of $25,000 to the Hospital for Consumptives of Maryland, for the building of a pavilion for advanced cases.

1908.— The Legislature of 1908 also passed a law prohibiting the importation of cattle into the State unless tuberculin-tested.

1912.— It was made a misdemeanor to use common drinking cups in any public place, on railroad trains and boats.

1912.— Annual appropriation to State Board of Health for printed matter, postage, recompensing physicians for prophylaxis, and for purchase and issue of tuberculosis supplies, was increased from $5,00 to $10,000.

1912.— (Ch. 842.) Establishment of State Laboratory for production, testing and standardizing of tuberculin and other immunizing agents for live stock.

1912.— (Ch. 701.) (a) Regulating sale and use of tuberculin; (b) prohibiting sale of milk or milk products from animals treated with tuberculin within six months of last treatment.

1912.— (Ch. 533.) Empowering County Commissioners of Washington County to raise not over $300 by an annual tax levy, to be paid Civic League of Hagerstown and to be applied towards salary of trained tuberculosis nurse for Washington County.

1912.— (Ch. 650.) Providing for a sanatorium for advanced cases of tuberculosis on the Eastern Shore of Maryland by the purchase of Pine Bluff Sanatorium near Salisbury; $15,000 for purchase, $5,000 for additions and $5,000 for maintenance, each of fiscal years 1912 and 1913, was appropriated.

1914.— (Ch. 456.) Creating Tuberculosis Commission of Montgomery County with power to establish a hospital for the county's indigent tuberculous. $5,000 appropriated for construction and $3,000 for maintenance for each of fiscal years 1915 and 1916. State appropriations conditional upon the raising of twice the above amount by County Commissioners, by tax levy or otherwise.

1914.— (Ch. 803.) Providing $1,000 each for fiscal years 1915 and 1916 for maintenance and improvement of Alleghany County Tuberculosis Sanatorium, conditional upon the raising of twice the above amount by County Commissioners, by tax levy or otherwise.

1914.— (Ch. 165.) Providing (a) for examination of school children in all counties of Maryland; (b) empowering school authorities to establish special classes for defective children, with additional teachers where necessary and visiting nurses; (c) no person with communicable disease to be teacher or janitor in any public school of state; (d) requiring all teachers to submit certificate at opening each annual term showing freedom from tuberculosis or other communicable disease.

1914.— (Ch. 674.) (a) Making Secretary of State Board of Health, State Health Officer; (b) dividing state into ten sanitary districts following county lines, each with Deputy State Health Officer, and (c) increasing administrative powers of State Board of Health.

1914.— (Ch. 678.) Providing for sanitation of places where food products are manufactured, stored, deposited, collected, prepared, produced or sold; law to be administered by State Board of Health.

The State Board of Health carries on a vigorous campaign against tuberculosis, and under a provision of Act 1904, has a very complete registration of tuberculosis. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. John S. Fulton, Baltimore.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Baltimore (558,485)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1905); require disinfection of premises*; prohibit common drinking cup. By an ordinance of May, 1910, a Municipal Tuberculosis Commission was created to "determine the best means of restricting and controlling human tuberculosis." The Commission submitted a report in the fall of 1910. The Commissioner of Health has power to commit a patient suffering with tuberculosis, who by his habits, endangers the public, to the City Tuberculosis Hospital. The city maintains a tuberculosis hospital; four tuberculosis dispensaries; has three open air schools; employs twenty visiting nurses, a dispensary physician and an assistant physician and a clerk for the four tuberculosis dispensaries; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis; sputum cups; napkins; disinfectants; and waterproof pockets for holding used paper napkins. The total of the salaries of the Tuberculosis Division of the Health Department in 1916 is $23,740. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. John D. Blake. *Assistant Commissioner:* — Dr. W. Travis Howard.

MASSACHUSETTS

STATE LEGISLATION

1895.— A State sanatorium for consumptives was established by an act of the State Legislature. One hundred and fifty thousand dollars was appropriated by this act. This is the first State tuberculosis sanatorium in the United States.

1898.— An act was passed providing for a loan of $225,000 to complete the above institution.

1900.— The name of the State Hospital for Consumptives was changed to State Sanatorium for Consumptives.

1901.— The supervision of the Massachusetts State Sanatorium was given to the State Board of Charities.

1902.— An act was passed requiring that the State Board of Charities report to the Legislature of 1903 on the necessity of providing additional sanatoria for consumptives, the location most suitable for the same, and the charges for treatment.

1905.— A resolution was adopted authorizing the State Board of Health to give public exhibitions of the methods of treating and preventing tuberculosis.

1906.— A resolution was adopted providing for a commission to consider measures for the relief of consumptives in the advanced stages of the disease,

and the advisability of establishing a State Hospital for the same. Five thousand dollars was appropriated for this work.

1906.— An act was passed giving the trustees of the Boston Consumptives' Hospital Department authority to hire beds in private hospitals pending the erection of their new hospital. This act was duplicated in the years 1907 and 1908.

1907.— An act was passed providing for the printing and distribution of three thousand copies of the report of the above mentioned commission on hospitals for advanced cases.

1907.— An act was passed providing that the governor and council appoint a board of nine trustees to erect three sanatoria for tuberculous patients, and providing $300,000 for this work.

1907.— An act was passed providing for compulsory notification and registration of tuberculosis and other diseases dangerous to the public health.

1907.— Chapter 183 of the Laws of 1907 authorized the State Board of Health "to define what diseases shall be deemed dangerous to the public health."

1907.— There is a State anti spitting law, finally amended in 1907 to cover all public places and providing for criminal process.

1907.— Chapter 386 of the Laws of 1907 provides that no person, whose care and maintenance has been incurred on account of tuberculosis, or other contagious and communicable diseases, shall be deemed a pauper thereby.

1907.— Chapter 445 of the Laws of 1907 provides that each city shall establish and maintain within its limits one or more isolation hospitals for the reception of persons having smallpox and other "diseases dangerous to the public health." Since the State Board of Health has placed tuberculosis in this latter class, it has been made mandatory to make special provision for tuberculous patients.

1907.— Provision was made for State Medical Inspectors of Factories and Workshops. They may require changes to improve conditions affecting health. They are especially charged to take measures for preventing tuberculosis and to look after child employees in poor health.

1908.— Three thousand dollars was appropriated for preparing an exhibit and otherwise representing the state at the International Congress on Tuberculosis.

1908.— Chapter 42 of the revised laws was amended so that it is now mandatory in public schools to give instruction on the prevention of tuberculosis.

1909.— Fifteen thousand dollars for the finishing of the three State Sanatoria and $30,000 for the maintenance of two of them was appropriated.

1910.— A commission to consider the division of hospital work between city and state was appointed in accordance with a joint resolution of the legislature.

1910.— An appropriation of $1,000 was made to carry on a special educational campaign in the schools.

1911.— Chapter 613 requires every city to establish a tuberculosis hospital, reinforcing the act of 1907.

1911.— Chapter 597 provides for a state subsidy of $5.00 per week board for patients placed in approved hospitals.

1911.—Chapter 576 requires every city and town of 10,000 inhabitants or over to maintain a tuberculosis dispensary.

1913.— An appropriation of $5,000 was made for a trained social worker to follow up discharged sanatorium patients.

1913.— A special recess committee was designated by the legislature to study the methods in force in Massachusetts for the control of tuberculosis and to make recommendations.

1914.— The tuberculosis dispensary law of 1911 was amended, making it mandatory upon every city and town of 10,000 population or over to maintain a tuberculosis dispensary on "request" of State Board of Health.

The Department of Health and the Trustees of the State Hospitals for Consumptives carry on a constant campaign against tuberculosis by means of literature and lectures. *Commissioner State Department of Health:* — Dr. Allan J. McLaughlin, Boston. *Secretary Trustees of Hospitals for Consumptives:* — Dr. John B. Hawes, 2nd, Boston.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Boston (670,585)

Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis (1900); prohibit spitting (1896); and require disinfection of premises. The Board of Health turns over most of the tuberculosis work to the Boston Consumptives' Hospital Department, which maintains a hospital at Mattapan and boards a number of cases in private hospitals. This Department also conducts a dispensary, which acts as a clearing house for all of the other tuberculosis clinics of the city. Besides the hospital and dispensary, the city maintains 9 open air schools and a large number of fresh air classes for normal children; employs 27 visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups, sanitary supplies, etc. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. F. X. Mahoney. *Chief of Staff, Boston Consumptives' Hospital:* — Dr. Edwin A. Locke.

Brockton (56,878)

Board of Health regulations require reporting of cases of tuberculosis; and disinfection of premises. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one tuberculosis nurse; supplies whatever material aid is necessary for home treatment of cases; and provides local exhibitions, lectures, moving pictures, etc. The Board of Health nursing is done by the Visiting Nurse Association, the Supervising nurse, and five others, so that the city is covered every day by one of these nurses. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Fred J. Ripley.

Brookline (27,792)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1907); and require disinfection of premises. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups and all other necessary supplies. *Agent Board of Health:* — Dr. Frances P. Denny.

Cambridge (104,839)

City ordinance requires disinfection of premises (1904). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs three visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Medical Inspector, Board of Health:* — Dr. B. H. Peirce.

Chelsea (32,452)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups and milk; and carries on publicity work. *Health Officer:* — William Randall.

Everett (33,484)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and prohibit common drinking cup (1911). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. *Agent of Board of Health:* — John W. Seaver.

Fall River (119,295)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1901); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1906); require disinfection of premises (1906); require notice of removal of tuberculosis cases be given by members of family or property owners. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one tuberculosis nurse who has the assistance of ten others as required; and one physician; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups, and any other necessary supplies; and provides lectures, pictures, etc. *Agent, Board of Health:* — Samuel B. Morriss.

Fitchburg (37,826)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; provide for compulsory removal of dangerous tuberculosis cases. The Board of Health fumigates premises when requested. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. *Agent, Board of Health:* — John D. Hassett.

Gloucester (24,398)
Health Board regulations prohibit spitting (1909); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909). City ordinance requires disinfection of premises.* City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. *Medical Health Officer:* — Dr. C. H. Morrow.

Haverhill (44,115)
City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups and disinfectants. *Health Officer:* — George T. Lennon.

Holyoke (57,730)
Board of Health regulation prohibits spitting; requires reporting of tuberculosis cases; requires disinfection of premises; and prohibits common drinking cups. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs three visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. S. Wright.

Lawrence (85,892)
City ordinances prohibit spitting; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, and milk and eggs for the needy. Frequent visits are made to the homes of persons who do not demand hospital treatment; and close supervision is kept of all tuberculosis cases. *Clerk of Public Health:* — William T. Sellers.

Lowell (106,294)
Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); require disinfection of premises (1913). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups; and makes house to house inspection. *Agent Board of Health:* — Frederick A. Bates.

Lynn (89,336)
Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1906); require disinfection of premises (1906); and prohibit common drinking cup. City ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups. *Chairman of Board of Health:* — John W. Tapper.

Malden (44,404)
Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. *Clerk of Board of Health:* — Charles Lincoln.

New Bedford (96,652)
Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has three open air schools; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examinations of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis and sputum cups. (City spent $30,000 in tuberculosis work in 1915.) *Agent and Executive Health Officer:* — William G. Kirschbaum.

Newton (39,806)
Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1896); require disinfection of premises (1914). City ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of tuberculosis cases, but courts usually refuse to act. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. *Chairman of Board of Health:* — Dr. Francis George Curtis.

Pittsfield (32,121)
City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has two tuberculosis

dispensaries; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, medicines, eggs, milk, etc. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. Maurice S. Eisner.

Salem (43,697)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require cleansing of premises. City maintains a day camp open five months of the year, and a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, clothing and food. *Agent of Board of Health:* — Raymond L. Newcomb.

Somerville (77,236)

City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Medical Inspector:* — Dr. Frank L. Morse.

Springfield (88,926)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1901); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1904); and disinfection of premises (1909). City ordinances provide for compulsory removal of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and provide for disinfection of furniture, clothing and other articles exposed to infection before same can be sold, given away, or removed. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, and disinfectants. Indigent patients receive free hospital treatment and are furnished with provisions, fuel, and clothing in their homes. *Agent, Board of Health:* — W. L. Young.

Quincy (32,642)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Secretary, Board of Health:* — Dr. W. Porter Pratt.

Taunton (34,259)

City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis, and sputum cups. *Chairman, Board of Health:* — Dr. T. J. Robinson.

Waltham (27,834)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1906); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require disinfection of premises; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1902); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains a tuberculosis ward in city hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, food, eggs, butter, and milk. *Agent, Board of Health:* — Dr. A. L. Stone.

Worcester (145,986)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculous cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has three tuberculosis dispensaries; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups and food to patients at home. *Executive Health Officer:* — James C. Coffey.

MICHIGAN

STATE LEGISLATION

1893.— The State Board of Health has required the notification of tuberculosis since 1893.

1895.— Public Act 146 of the year 1895 requires that public schools shall teach the principal modes by which contagious diseases may be prevented and authorized the Board of Health to assist in this work by issuing bulletins to teachers. Tuberculosis is given special attention in these bul letins.

1905.— An act was passed establishing a State tuberculosis sanatorium. The sum of $30,000 was appropriated for the purpose of "purchasing site,

of erecting, constructing and equipping" the sanatorium and buildings, and to pay the necessary current expenses for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1906 and 1907. This amount being found to be inadequate for construction purpose, an additional appropriation of $62,000 was made by the Legislature of 1907 for the purpose of completing the necessary buildings and equipment, and $8,000 a year for maintenance of the sanatorium for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1908 and 1909.

1909.— A comprehensive registration law was passed, amending the act of 1893.

1909.— The act of 1895 was amended compelling physiologies used in Michigan public schools to contain one-eighth of all material on contagious diseases.

1909.— Act 172, Public Acts of 1909, Section 25, provides that only tuberculin-tested cattle which show they are free from tuberculosis shall be imported into Michigan for dairy or breeding purposes.

1909.— Act 210, P. A. 1909, Section 1, provides that no person shall expectorate upon the floor, platform or the interior furnishings, except cuspidors, of a steam railroad passenger-car, or street railway car, or upon floor, etc., of any passenger station. Public notices must be posted and cuspidors furnished.

1913.— A bill for a state sanatorium in Midland County with an appropriation of $20,000 was passed. The sanatorium has not been built.

1915.— One hundred thousand dollars for 2 years' work was appropriated "for the purpose of making a tuberculosis survey of the state, the employment of medical men and nurses and other experts to make said survey, the organization of anti-tuberculosis societies throughout the state and the prosecution of a campaign to lessen the ravages of the said disease." This is the largest single educational appropriation made at one time by any state in the United States.

1915.— The county law of 1909 providing for the establishment of general hospitals and sanatoria for infectious diseases was amended, so that the amount of tax could not exceed five per cent of the general fund, without a vote of the people.

The State Board of Health, acting under the appropriation of 1915, is carrying on an intensive campaign of education and organization in various counties of the State. *Secretary, State Board of Health:* — Dr. John L. Burkart, Lansing. *Director Tuberculosis Work:* — Dr. William DeKleine, Lansing.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Battle Creek (25,267)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City maintains three open air schools; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and sputum cups. Two nurses are employed by the city for general work, including tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Eugene Miller.

Bay City (45,166)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1900); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises at death (1900); prohibit common drinking cup; and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City ordinance restricts location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients (1915). City has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, clothing, linen, bed clothing. *Secretary Board of Health:* — Dr. John A. Keho.

Detroit (465,766)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1906). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has three tuberculosis dispensaries; has three open air schools; employs 14 visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, and milk and eggs in needy cases. *Health Officer:* — Dr. William H. Price.

Flint (38,550)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cups; and provide for

compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City and county maintain one tuberculosis dispensary. City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and sputum cups. *City Physician:* — Dr. Don De Witt Knopp.

Grand Rapids (112,571)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1905); and require disinfection of premises (1910). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has two open air schools; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. C. Slemons.

Kalamazoo (39,437)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1904). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins, bags, disinfectants, etc. *Health Officer:* — R. G. Leland.

Lansing (31,229)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. S. Bartholomew.

Saginaw (50,510)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1910); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909); require disinfection of premises (1909); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. J. O'Reilly.

MINNESOTA

STATE LEGISLATION

1901.— An act was passed providing that the governor appoint a commission of three to investigate the advisability of establishing a State sanatorium for consumptives.

1903.— An act was passed establishing the Minnesota Sanatorium for Consumptives, and arranging for the control and administration of the same, and providing that only patients with incipient tuberculosis be received; $25,000 was appropriated.

1907.— The Sanatorium Act was amended so that the applicants for admission might be examined by an examining physician, as the act originally provided.

1907.— A section was added to the General Health Law making it mandatory upon local Boards of Health to employ the necessary assistance to enforce laws in regard to communicable diseases.

1909.— An act providing for the erection of county tuberculosis hospitals was passed.

1913.— An act providing state aid for the erection and maintenance of county tuberculosis sanatoria was passed. Under this law state aid in construction of such institutions is to the extent of one-half of the cost of the property and its equipment, so long as the maximum cost does not exceed $100,000. State aid for maintenance is to the extent of five dollars a week for each patient who is unable to pay.

1913.— An act making tuberculosis a reportable disease. Prior to the passage of this act, tuberculosis had been reportable under regulation of the State Board of Health since 1907. Tuberculosis as a reportable disease in Minnesota holds a unique position. It is the only communicable disease reportable under statute. All of the other communicable diseases are made reportable under regulations of the State Board of Health.

1913.— An act was passed making it possible to commit a person afflicted with tuberculosis who is a menace to others.

1913.— A State Advisory Hospital Commission was created to administer the subsidies to local hospitals and to supervise these institutions.

1913.— The common drinking cup was abolished.

1913.— A regulation requiring disinfection was adopted, and any person afflicted with pulmonary or glandular tuberculosis was prohibited from handling food or food products.

1914.— The State Board of Health adopted a regulation requiring that every open case of tuberculosis " must be isolated either in a sanatorium or at home."

1915.— The county hospital law was amended in a number of particulars, chiefly by giving county boards more power in the employment of nurses, etc.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. H. M. Bracken, St. Paul.

Secretary State Advisory Commission: — Dr. Robinson Bosworth, St. Paul.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Duluth (78,466)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, and the usual supplies from free clinic. *Director of Public Health:* — Dr. Edward W. Fahey.

Minneapolis (301,408)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1898); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1897). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City ordinance restricts location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients (1909); (any hospital or sanatorium must be inspected annually by Board of Health and receives license to operate if satisfactory). City and county each maintain a tuberculosis hospital; city has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs five visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins and formaldehyde. *Acting Health Commissioner:* — Dr. H. M. Guilford.

St. Paul (214,744)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1899); require the reporting of tuberculosis cases (1904). County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. City employs one visiting nurse; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. Gustav A. Renz.

MISSISSIPPI

STATE LEGISLATION

1910.— A registration law requiring the reporting of all tuberculosis cases was passed.

1910.— An appropriation of $8,000 was granted to the State Board of Health for educational work.

1913.— An anti-spitting regulation was adopted.

1914.— A regulation of State Board of Health prohibits employment in any school or institution of a person suffering from tuberculosis, and prohibits consumptives from rooming in hotels and boarding houses without permission of health officer.

1914.— The State Board of Health adopted a regulation providing that where a suspected case of tuberculosis is lodged in a hotel or boarding house, the municipal sanitary inspector shall examine him on request of county health officer and if found consumptive shall remove him.

1916.— A bill providing for the establishment of a state sanatorium was passed, and the sum of $25,000 was appropriated therefor. This act also provides for the establishment of a bureau of tuberculosis.

State Health Officer: — Dr. J. D. Gilleylen, Jackson.

Director of Public Health: — Dr. W. S. Leathers, University.

MISSOURI

STATE LEGISLATION

1905.— An act was passed establishing a State Sanatorium for the treatment of incipient pulmonary tuberculosis. A commission was appointed to select a site, erect buildings, etc., and $50,000 was provided. The sanatorium was erected at Mount Vernon.

1907.— An act was passed providing that a person affected with consumption of the lungs, or with scrofula, or like communicable disease, is not to work in a bakery.

1907.— In 1907 an act was passed providing for the government and administration of the Missouri State Sanatorium for Incipient Pulmonary Tuberculosis by a board of five managers, appointed by the governor and senate for thirty years.

1909.— An act excluding children afflicted with any infectious diseases from the public schools was passed.

1909.— A section was inserted in the revised statutes of 1909 requiring that "special instruction as to tuberculosis, its nature, causes, and prevention" be given in all public schools of the State.

1910.— A State Tuberculosis Commission was appointed by the Governor, but supported by private funds. The Commission's exhaustive report was the basis for legislation in 1911.

1911.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of hospital districts and providing for the erection of tuberculosis hospitals in such districts.

1913.— The district hospital act of 1911 was amended to provide for proper financing of the institutions.

1914.— A new county hospital law was enacted providing for state subsidies.

1914.— Another act allows cities and counties to employ visiting tuberculosis nurses and also provides for disinfection of premises occupied by consumptives.

1914.— Three laws were enacted providing for better sanitary control of the zinc mines of the Joplin district, which should have an effect on the tuberculosis problem there.

State Health Officer: — Dr. J. A. B. Adcock, Jefferson City.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Kansas City (248,381)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (January, 1910); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (January, 1910); and provide for disinfection of premises when it is deemed necessary (January, 1910). Board of Health regulation restricts location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital and pavilion; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs three visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum for the poor; and distributes sputum cups for the poor of the clinics and the poor of the public schools. *Director of Hospital and Health Board:* — Dr. Paul Paquin.

St. Joseph (77,403)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases.* Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises. Board of Health fumigates when cases have been reported. City makes free examination of sputum. *City Physician:* — Dr. F. G. Beard.

St. Louis (687,029)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1903); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients; provide for distribution of rules regarding the spread and arrest of tuberculosis to every known case; require physicians to make microscopical examination of sputum of every suspected case; require health commissioner to examine premises, noting sanitary condition and number of persons living in house; and provide for a staff of tuberculosis nurses. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; employs ten visiting nurses; makes free exam-

ination of sputum; and distributes literature. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Max C. Starkloff.

Springfield (35,201)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1914); require reporting of tuberculosis cases * (1914); require disinfection of premises * (1914); and prohibit common drinking cup * (1914). City makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Edwin F. James.

MONTANA

STATE LEGISLATION

1911.— A bill for a state sanatorium was passed, appropriating $20,000 for construction and $10,000 for maintenance.

1913.— Regulations were adopted by the State Board of Health declaring tuberculosis a communicable disease and requiring reporting and disinfection of premises.

1913.— Regulations of the Board of Health were passed providing that hospitals accepting tuberculosis patients must provide separate quarters, rooms or wards and separate bedding, towels, dishes, etc., for such cases, and that sputum must be properly disposed of.

1913.— The common drinking cup was prohibited in public places.

1913.— An anti-spitting regulation was adopted.

1913.— An act was passed providing that the methods for the restriction and prevention of tuberculosis shall be taught annually in every public school of elementary grade.

Secretary State Board of Heatlh: — Dr. W. F. Cogswell, Helena.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Butte (39,165)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. F. O. Moore.

NEBRASKA

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— A law was passed providing that county authorities might treat indigent patients in institutions approved by the State Board of Health, but that such institutions must use the "modern method of vaccine therapy." This law is not now in operation.

1911.— A law was passed providing for a state tuberculosis sanatorium which has since been opened at Kearney.

1913.— An act was passed prohibiting the use of the common drinking cup in public places.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. E. Arthur Carr, Lincoln.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Lincoln (43,973)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. City maintains one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. Chauncey F. Chapman.

Omaha (124,096)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1898). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Ralph W. Connell.

South Omaha (26,259)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1913); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Commissioner:* — Henry Schmeling.

NEVADA

STATE LEGISLATION

1913.— An act was passed prohibiting the use of the common drinking cup in public places.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. S. L. Lee, Carson City.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

STATE LEGISLATION

1901.— The Legislature passed an act providing that the governor appoint a commission to report on the establishment of a State sanatorium for consumptives.

1903.— An act was passed giving the State Board of Charities power to send indigent consumptive patients to a sanatorium for treatment, paying the actual cost of maintenance, support, etc., of the patient, and providing that they make quarterly reports on such procedure to the governor.

1903.— Spitting in public places is prohibited by an act of 1903.

1905.— An act was passed providing that the deaths and removals of consumptives be reported by the parties interested, and that infected premises be cleansed and that the premises are not to be occupied until so cleansed; a penalty of $50.00 was provided for violation of this act.

1905.— An act was also passed for the establishment of a State sanatorium for consumptives, and an appropriation of $50,000 therefor. This act was to be void if suitable provisions were otherwise made, prior to May, 1907. A site was chosen in 1908 at Glencliffe, and the sanatorium was opened in 1909.

1909.— A law was passed to encourage the establishment of local dispensaries for tuberculosis and appropriating $500.

1911.— Twenty thousand dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives in institutions selected by the State Board of Charities.

1911.— A law was enacted requiring physicians to make a confidential report of every case of tuberculosis to the State Board of Health.

1912.— Fifteen thousand dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives.

1912.— A regulation of the Board was adopted, providing that no person afflicted with tuberculosis shall be permitted to work in any place where food is produced or distributed.

1913.— Fifteen thousand dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives.

1913.— The Legislature authorized the State Board of Health to prepare and publish a bulletin on the Restriction and Prevention of Tuberculosis, to be distributed through the school children to every family represented in the schools of the State. An edition of 70,000 copies was published.

1914.— Fifteen thousand dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives.

1915.— Seventeen thousand, five hundred dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives.

1916.— Seventeen thousand, five hundred dollars was appropriated for free beds for indigent consumptives.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. Irving A. Watson, Concord.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Manchester (70,063)

City makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature on tuberculosis. *Clerk Board of Health:* — William K. Robbins.

Nashua (26,005)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1898). City makes free examination of sputum. *Chairman Board of Health:* — Dr. P. J. McLaughlin.

NEW JERSEY

STATE LEGISLATION

1902.— An act was passed establishing a State Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases and providing for a managing board to select site, erect building, etc.; $50,000 was appropriated for this work.

1903.— This act was amended by restricting the admission of free patients to the State sanatorium to those affected with incipient tuberculosis of a curable nature.

1903.— This same act was further amended by giving the board of managers power to institute condemnation proceedings for a site.

1903.— An anti-spitting law, making it a misdemeanor to spit in railroad cars, was passed in 1903.

1904.— Two hundred thousand dollars additional appropriation was made for the State Sanatorium for Tuberculous Diseases.

1907.— The sanatorium act was amended so that the board of managers were given the power to determine the rate of pay, and authorizing municipalities to pay for their indigent patients sent at the request of the Overseers of the Poor. Other indigents were to be cared for at the expense of the State.

1907.— An act was passed providing that the consent of a municipality is necessary for the establishment of a tuberculosis hospital within its limits, corporations not organized for profit and municipal corporations excepted.

1907.— An act was passed giving permission to cities of the first class to erect and maintain hospitals on unused land for the treatment of tuberculosis, the Board of Health of such cities to have control of such institutions.

1909.— A registration law was passed requiring the reporting of tuberculosis cases.

1909.— A comprehensive anti-spitting law was passed.

1909.— $1,500 was appropriated to a special commission appointed to hold a public meeting and to present a plan for the State control of tuberculosis.

1910.— A law was passed amending the act of 1907, and giving the State Board of Health sole authority to decide on the location of any new tuberculosis sanatorium or camp to be established.

1910.— By a special law an appropriation of $10,000 was granted to the State Board of Health for the purpose of conducting an educational campaign against tuberculosis.

1910.— A law was passed providing for the erection and maintenance of county tuberculosis hospitals by Boards of Freeholders.

1910.— The incomplete registration law of 1909 was repealed and a more comprehensive law substituted, being Chapter 169, Laws of 1910.

1911.— Physicians are required to report contagious diseases, including tuberculosis, found on dairy premises, to the State Board of Health as well as the owner of the dairy, its location, etc.

1911.— The public drinking cup was prohibited.

1911.— The acts of 1895, 1909, and 1910 regarding the reporting of cases of tuberculosis were made more complete and comprehensive.

1912.— A law making it mandatory for counties to establish hospitals was passed, the State Board of Health to make the rules, the enforcement of which is placed upon local boards, empowering them to bring complaint and have committed by court to said county Hospitals, certain negligent, careless cases of tuberculosis.

1912.— A Commission on Tuberculosis Among Cattle was created. This regulates the importation of cattle into the State and provides for the slaughter and compensation of infected animals.

1912.— An act was passed requiring State, county or municipal hospital or sanatorium to report communicable diseases, with 24 hours after the patient is received to the local Board of Health.

1913.— Regulations of the Board of Health were adopted, in accordance with the act of 1912, providing that all sputum of tuberculosis patients shall be

effectively destroyed and all soiled dressings burned immediately after removal; that no person suffering from tuberculosis shall handle food for the use of others except under supervision of the health authorities; and that manufacturing in homes of persons suffering from tuberculosis shall be prohibited unless the product is sterilized according to the requirements of the local board of health.

1915.— The reorganization of the State Board of Health has had considerable influence on the tuberculosis movement.

1916.— A law was passed empowering boards of freeholders to employ visiting nurses for anti-tuberculosis work.

1916.— A law was passed empowering the governing body of any municipality in the state to employ one or more nurses for the purpose of taking care of the needy sick in the municipality.

1916.— An amendment was passed to the county tuberculosis hospital law, providing a state subsidy of $3.00 per week for each patient maintained in a hospital of a municipality or of an incorporated society.

The State Board of Health has conducted a tuberculosis exhibit which has been shown in almost every city and town of the State. Free literature and other material is distributed by the Board. *Director of Health:* — Dr. Jacob C. Price, Trenton.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Bayonne (55,545)

City ordinance prohibits spitting.* Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. County maintains a tuberculosis dispensary in the city. County employs one visiting nurse; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John F. Connelly.

Camden (94,538)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1910); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1888); require disinfection of premises (1888); prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria and boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains one open air school; five visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins, waterproof paper bags, and pocket sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John F. Leavitt.

East Orange (34,371)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1909); require disinfection of premises (1909): and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1911). City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — John Hall.

Elizabeth (73,409)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); and require disinfection of premises (1913). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper bags, and paper napkins. *Health Officer:* — Dr. L. J. Richards.

Jersey City (267,779)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. County maintains a tuberculosis dispensary in city. City employs twelve visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups and whatever supplies are required. The Hudson County Board of Health has tuberculosis work primarily under its supervision throughout the county; Jersey Health Bureau cooperates. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. Frank H. Edsall.

Newark (347,469)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1899). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909); and require disinfection of premises (1909). City ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. This applies only to those who disobey the rules of the State

Health Department. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two tuberculosis dispensaries; has eight open air schools; employs five visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, pocket flasks, paper napkins and carbolic solution. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles V. Craster. *Chief of Bureau of Tuberculosis:* — Dr. Thomas N. Gray.

Orange (29,630)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1908); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1911); require disinfection of premises* (1908); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses by making establishment dependent on approval and consent of Board of Health. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; provides for free examination of sputum; distributes literature, sputum cups and paper napkins. *Health Officer:* — F. J. Osborne.

Passaic (54,773)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1910). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises (1912). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John N. Ryan.

Paterson (125,600)

City ordinance prohibits spitting* (1905). Board of Health regulation requires reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909). City ordinance requires disinfection of premises* (1905). Board of Health regulations prohibit common drinking cup (1911); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1912). The city maintains a tuberculosis hospital; distributes literature, sputum cups, and large and small cuspidors. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Thomas A. Clay.

Perth Amboy (32,121)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup (1913); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1910). The city employs two visiting nurses who do a small amount of tuberculosis work; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — W. J. Willsey.

Trenton (96,815)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1905); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises (1902). Board of Health is given power to remove and detain dangerous tuberculosis cases on order of court. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, napkins, waterproof bags, air cushions, chairs, etc. The visiting nurse keeps in active touch with indigent cases from day to day, giving them nursing help and instruction on how to live. *Health Officer:* — Dr. A. S. Fell.

West Hoboken (35,403)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1914); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1914); require disinfection of premises (1914); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1914). Board of Health regulations provide for compulsory examination of any person suspected of having tuberculosis; provide that no teacher or principal of any school shall allow a child suffering with tuberculosis to attend school until Board certifies that danger of infection is past. County Board of Health makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Frank A. Frederick.

NEW MEXICO

STATE LEGISLATION

1901.— An act was passed providing that persons afflicted with tuberculosis were not to be employed as teachers in public schools, and providing for a certificate of good health, and fixing a penalty for the violation of this act.

1903.— This law was amended so that teachers so discharged might have appeal to the Board of Health or Educational Institute.

1903.— An act was passed entitled "An Act to Encourage the Establishment of Sanatoria in the Territory of New Mexico." This act provided that if a sanatorium spent $100,000 for an institution within two years it should be exempt from all taxation for six years thereafter.

1907.— An act was passed prohibiting spitting in public places, and having reference chiefly to consumptives.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. S. E. Kaser, East Las Vegas.

NEW YORK

STATE LEGISLATION

1899.— An act was passed providing that cities with a population of 225,000 or over may maintain outside their limits, with the approval of the State Board of Health, hospitals for the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis.

1900.— Fifty thousand dollars was appropriated to establish a tuberculosis hospital in the Adirondacks.

1901.— $100,000 was appropriated for the building and equipment of the State Tuberculosis Hospital, the State architect to submit plans and supervise directions, and the site to be selected by the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the Assembly.

1902.— An act of 1900 was amended so that patients in the State Tuberculosis Hospital, if unable to pay for transportation and treatment, were to be maintained at the expense of the municipality where legally residing.

1903.— An act was passed providing that a hospital for consumptives may not be established in towns without the consent of the Board of Supervisors and the Town Board.

1906.— The State sanatorium act was further amended, authorizing that a list of patients be furnished by the hospital management to the localities from which the patients come, with the bill of charges, not exceeding $5.00 per week for each patient.

1907.— By a regulation of the State Department of Health, tuberculosis was added to the list of communicable diseases and was made reportable.

1908.— A general tuberculosis act was passed, providing for the registration of the disease, and protecting the public against its spread.

1908.— A complementary act was also passed reorganizing the Health Department and giving it more power, and also placing tuberculosis in the list of infectious diseases.

1909.— A county hospital law, giving power to supervisors to erect and maintain county hospitals, was passed.

1909.— The law of 1903 with reference to location of tuberculosis hospitals was amended, giving the State Commissioner of Health and the local health officer power to determine sites, and providing for a final board of appeal, consisting of State Commissioner of Health, Speaker of the Assembly and the Lieutenant Governor.

1909.— An appropriation of $307,000 was made for doubling the capacity of the State Sanatorium.

1909.— An appropriation of $10,000 was granted to the Commissioner of Agriculture to conduct experiments in bovine tuberculosis.

1913.— A new general public health law was enacted, which re-organized the State Department of Health, creating 20 sanitary districts, and providing for a division of tuberculosis.

1913.— This same law made special mention of the reporting of tuberculosis and has a section providing for the compulsory segregation of dangerous cases of tuberculosis.

1913.— A law was passed authorizing county hospital boards to acquire land by condemnation proceeding and to use this land immediately without waiting for the settlement of compensation and other details.

1913.— Municipal and County hospitals were given permission to establish and maintain workshops in conjunction with tuberculosis hospitals and sanatoria.

1914.— The county hospital law was amended by the addition of a referendum feature providing for the establishment of hospitals by public vote.

1914.— Authority was given by law to anyone, layman or physician, to report suspected cases of tuberculosis, these reports to be made to the health officer.

1915.— The Superintendents of the County hospitals were given discretion by law to admit cases to such institutions, not necessarily in the order in which they are on the waiting lists, but those cases which "are more likely to infect members of their households and others."

Although the public health law of 1913 provides for 20 sanitary districts with a supervisor in each, the legislature of 1915 provides only sufficient appropriation for 10 sanitary supervisors. These supervisors are playing a very important part in the control of tuberculosis. *State Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. Herman M. Biggs, Albany. *Deputy Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. Linsly R. Williams, Albany.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Albany (100,253)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins and disinfectants. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Arthur Sautter.

Amsterdam (31,267)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups and bacteriological supplies. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. M. Hicks.

Auburn (34,668)

Board of Health regulation prohibits spitting (1905). Tuberculosis was included with other infectious diseases in 1905, and was then made reportable. Premises are disinfected, and literature supplied by the State Department of Health is distributed. *Health Officer:* — Albert H. Nichols.

Binghamton (48,443)

An anti-spitting ordinance was passed February 1, 1907. Premises are fumigated at death and removal. The Board of Health employs one visiting nurse. The city in 1908 reopened a private institution for tuberculosis, called the Mountain Sanatorium, which was later taken over by the county. The Supervisors of Broome County in December, 1911, authorized the erection of a county tuberculosis hospital, but it has not yet been built. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Daniel S. Burr.

Buffalo (423,715)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1895); require reporting of tuberculosis cases * (1890); and require disinfection of premises * (1890). Board of Health regulations prohibit common drinking cup (1910); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1908). City maintains two tuberculosis hospitals and is building a third; has four tuberculosis dispensaries; has five open air schools; employs ten visiting nurses, two visiting doctors and a large consulting staff; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins, etc., milk and eggs; and has a well organized and complete social service. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Francis E. Fronczak.

Cohoes (24,709)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Albert Mott.

Elmira (37,176)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. City is furnishing site for county sanatorium which is to replace the city sanatorium lately destroyed by fire. City maintains one tuberculosis dis-

pensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, paper napkins, medicines, etc. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Reeve B. Howland.

Jamestown (31,297)

City ordinances prohibit spitting*; require reporting of tuberculosis cases*; and require disinfection of premises.* City has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins and disinfectants. *Sanitary Supervisor:* — Dr. John J. Mahoney.

Kingston (25,908)

Board of Health regulation prohibits spitting. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, cups containing waterproof bags, paper napkins and chemicals. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Frank A. Johnston.

Mt. Vernon (30,919)

City ordinance prohibits spitting* (1907). Board of Health regulation requires reporting of tuberculosis cases (1914). City ordinance requires disinfection of premises; and provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups and literature on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles M. Quinn.

Newburgh (27,805)

City ordinances prohibit spitting*; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases.* Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City ordinances prohibit common drinking cup*; and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases.* County maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium in city and city patients are received. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Thomas J. Burke.

New Rochelle (28,867)

City ordinance prohibits spitting.* Board of Health regulation requires reporting of tuberculosis cases. City employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups and food. *Health Officer:* — Edwin H. Codding.

New York City (4,766,883)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1896); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1898); provide for renovation of premises at death and removal; prohibit common drinking cup and roller towel (1911); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases to a special hospital provided for this purpose; restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis cases (1915); exclude tuberculous children and teachers from the schools; supervise lodging houses and control the distribution of patent medicines (1915). City maintains one tuberculosis sanatorium of 574 beds at Otisville, N. Y.; five hospitals in the city limits with an aggregate capacity of 2,232 beds, and a special hospital for tuberculosis of the bones and joints in children with a capacity of 90 beds. The city also subsidizes a number of private hospitals for the care of tuberculosis patients and a preventorium for children. The city maintains 21 tuberculosis dispensaries, 18 of which are in the Department of Health; 4 ferry-boat day camps, and more than 100 open air schools and fresh air classes. The city also maintains a Tuberculosis Hospital Admission Bureau through which all patients paid for by the city are admitted to public and private institutions. In the Department of Health and other city departments 236 nurses are employed for tuberculosis work, although 225 give some attention to other diseases. The city makes free sputum examinations (1894); distributes free literature and sputum cups, and carries on a general educational campaign against tuberculosis. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. Haven Emerson.

Niagara Falls (30,445)

City ordinance prohibits spitting* (1905). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1905); require disinfection of premises (1905); prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1905); and restrict location of sanatoria

and boarding houses for tuberculosis patients (1905). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, milk and eggs. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Walter A. Lent.

Poughkeepsie (27,936)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1907); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1896); and require disinfection of premises (1916). By virtue of the Public Health Law the Board of Health is specifically given power to remove and detain dangerous tuberculosis cases. The city and county maintain a tuberculosis hospital. The city has one tuberculosis dispensary; one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, disinfectants, medicines, etc. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John S. Wilson.

Rochester (218,419)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1900); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require cleansing of premises with soap and water; and prohibit common drinking cup (1912). County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. City maintains one open air school; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. George W. Goler.

Schenectady (72,826)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1908); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1908). Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises (1908); prohibit common drinking cup (1908); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has two open air schools; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups and all other necessary supplies, including medicine, clothing and food. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. B. Garlick.

Syracuse (137,249)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1911); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, eggs, milk and medicines. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Frederick W. Sears.

Troy (76,813)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1904). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. County maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, napkins and paper bags. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. E. Nichols.

Utica (74,419)

City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has three open air schools; employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles N. Hichman.

Watertown (26,730)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases*; Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups, paper napkins, cup holders, waterproof bags and disinfectants. *Health Officer:* — Dr. P. E. Thornhill.

Yonkers (79,803)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; prohibit common drinking cup; provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains

a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; employs two visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. S. Coons.

NORTH CAROLINA

STATE LEGISLATION

1907.— An act was passed providing for separation in the State prisons of prisoners afflicted with tuberculosis.

1907.— An act was passed establishing the North Carolina State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis, twelve directors to be elected by the General Assembly for eight years, and providing for $15,000 appropriation, and an annual appropriation of $5,000. A site was chosen at Montrose, and the institution was opened in 1908.

1909.— An appropriation of $37,500 was made for the enlargement and maintenance of the State sanatorium.

1909.— The State Text-Book Commission inserted a chapter on consumption in all of the text-books on physiology.

1913.— By act of Legislature the State sanatorium was turned over to the State Board of Health and was made the center for that body's anti-tuberculosis activities.

1913.— This same act (Chapter 40, 1913 Special Session) created a Bureau of tuberculosis and provided that physicians should report to it all cases of tuberculosis, the Bureau in turn to keep in correspondence with each patient.

1915.— An appropriation of $10,000 was made to provide for extension work of the State sanatorium through the Tuberculosis Bureau.

1915.— A Training School for Nurses at the State sanatorium was created.

1915.— Any city or town in the State was "authorized and empowered to provide treatment for its consumptives at the State sanatorium and to pay not more than $1.00 a day per patient." *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. Watson S. Rankin, Raleigh. *Director Tuberculosis Bureau:* — Dr. L. B. McBrayer, Sanatorium.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Wilmington (25,748)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); require disinfection of premises (1913); and prohibit common drinking cup (1914). City helps to maintain a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; and distributes free literature. Reported cases are investigated and instructed, and all open cases are sent to Sanatorium. *County Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt.

NORTH DAKOTA

STATE LEGISLATION

1906.— A set of regulations "for the prevention and mitigation of infectious and contagious diseases" was adopted by the State Board of Health, having the force of law. These regulations provide that tuberculosis be reported; that premises and clothing be disinfected at death and removal of tuberculous patients; that school boards be forbidden to employ teachers having tuberculosis; and that tuberculous children be excluded from the schools.

1909.— $10,000 was appropriated for a site for a State Sanatorium, and for improvement thereof. The site chosen is at Dunseith.

1911.— $37,500 was appropriated for the erection of the State Sanatorium.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing fraternal societies to erect cottages on the site of the State Tuberculosis Sanatorium at Dunseith.

1913.— A law was passed prohibiting the use of the common drinking cup.

1913.— Counties were authorized to make appropriations for visiting nurses.

1915.— An appropriation of $1,500 was made for the work of the North Dakota Anti-Tuberculosis Association.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. C. J. McGurren, Devil's Lake.

OHIO

STATE LEGISLATION

1902.— An act was passed creating a State Tuberculosis Commission, consisting of seven members, appointed by the governor, to investigate the feasibility of establishing sanatoria in the State, and to report to the governor by May, 1903. An appropriation of $500 was provided.

1904.— An act was passed providing for the creation of a commission, consisting of five members, to purchase lands and erect a State Sanatorium for tuberculosis, and to make provision for the appointment of a managing board, etc. Thirty-five thousand dollars was appropriated for this work. The institution is located at Mount Vernon.

1906.— An act was passed which provided that "It shall be unlawful to keep any person suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis in any county infirmary, except in separate buildings to be provided and used for that purpose only." The act provides for the erection by counties of suitable sanatoria, or for the boarding of tuberculous patients from one county, in sanatoria in another.

1908.— The Legislature passed a bill providing for the government of, and regulating the admission of, patients to the State sanatorium, and arranging for pay patients.

1909.— The county hospital law of 1908 was amended so that it became mandatory upon county commissioners to provide separate hospitals for tuberculous cases before January 1, 1911. A further amendment provided that any two or more counties, not to exceed five, might combine and erect a district hospital to be maintained jointly by the several counties.

1910.— An act was passed giving permission to boards of education in any city school to establish open air schools for tuberculosis children and to exclude such children from the regular public schools.

1912.— Compulsory notification of tuberculosis required by regulation of State Board of Health, August 15, under general law conferring power upon this board.

1913.— An act passed to prevent the spread of tuberculosis by conferring power upon medical superintendents of tuberculosis hospitals or boards of county commissioners to employ visiting nurses, to visit any home or place wherein there is a case of tuberculosis.

1913.— The county hospital law of 1908 was amended to prohibit future construction of county hospitals, confining such hospitals to the district type. Districts to be composed of two or more counties, not to exceed ten, size of district subject to approval of State Board of Health. The law provides for compulsory removal and increases the powers of supervision by the State Board of Health.

1913.— Appropriation was made of $20,000 to the State Board of Health for Division of Tuberculosis for each of two years, 1913 and 1914.

1915.— Appropriation of Division of Tuberculosis, State Board of Health, increased to provide for a Bureau of Hospital Admissions and Discharges to and from all tuberculosis hospitals in the State.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. Eugene F. McCampbell.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Akron (69,067)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. J. McShane.

Canton (50,217)

Board of Health regulation prohibits spitting (1902). *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles A. Lamont.

Cincinnati (363,591)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1911). Board of Health regulations require

reporting of tuberculosis cases (1912); and require disinfection of premises (1912). City ordinance prohibits common drinking cup (1912). Board of Health regulation provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1912). City ordinance restricts location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital, has one tuberculosis dispensary which is partly supported by Health Department; has five open air schools; employs two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. H. Landis.

Cleveland (560,663)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1905); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1907); require disinfection of premises* (1901); prohibit common drinking cup* (1909); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1910); provide for the establishment in the department of public welfare, division of health, a bureau of tuberculosis and regulation thereof (1904); provide that every case of tuberculosis be visited by a nurse of the division of health to see that public health is safeguarded (1914); require proper cleansing of articles used in the quarters of a pulmonary tuberculosis patient before same shall be in any way disposed of (1914); prohibit the employment of any person suffering from tuberculosis in any school (1914); prohibit the attendance at school of any child suffering with pulmonary tuberculosis except under conditions approved by the commissioner of health (1914); and prohibit the employment of any person suffering with pulmonary tuberculosis in any place where food is handled (1914). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium and a hospital; has seven tuberculosis clinics; has eight open air schools; employs thirty visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature on tuberculosis, sputum cups and other supplies; and provides lectures on tuberculosis. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. Robert H. Bishop, Jr.

Columbus (181,511)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1906); city ordinance requires reporting of tuberculosis* (1906). City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; has one open air school; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Louis Kahn.

Dayton (116,577)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1900). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; has six open air schools; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, paper napkins and other supplies. *Commissioner of Health:* — A. L. Light.

Hamilton (35,279)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1910). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); require disinfection of premises (1912); and prohibit common drinking cup (1912). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one tuberculosis dispensary; employs one visiting nurse; makes free sputum examinations; and distributes free literature, sputum cups, bedding, window tents, clothing, and medicine. *Health Officer:* — Dr. A. L. Smedley.

Lorain (28,883)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1909). City fumigates when requested. *Health Officer:* — Valley I. Adair.

Toledo (168,497)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1891). City fumigates when requested; maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; and has two open air schools. *Commissioner of Health:* — D. W. Iford.

Youngstown (79,066)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1902); require reporting of tuberculosis cases. Disinfection of premises is made on order of the Health Officer. City maintains one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. E. Welch.

Zanesville (28,026)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. Board of Health regulation requires dis-

infection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* —Dr. G. W. McCormick.

OKLAHOMA

STATE LEGISLATION

There is no legislation on tuberculosis. The rules of the State Commissioner of Health, pursuant to session laws of 1907–8, require the reporting of tuberculosis. *State Commissioner of Health:* —Dr. J. W. Duke, Oklahoma City.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Oklahoma City (64,205)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1908); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1908); require disinfection of premises (1908); prohibit common drinking cup (1908); and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients (1908). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; makes free examination of sputum. *Health Commissioner:* —Dr. George Hunter.

OREGON

STATE LEGISLATION

1903.— Under the rules and regulations of the State Board of Health promulgated in 1903, tuberculosis is made one of the diseases to be reported to the Health Officer within twenty-four hours after date of discovery.

1909.— An appropriation of $20,000 was made for the remodeling of buildings at Salem for a State Sanatorium and $25,000 for maintenance. The Sanatorium was opened in 1910. (Ch. 202, 1909.)

1909.— A law was passed providing for the treatment of the tuberculous poor of the various counties by giving counties power to establish and maintain sanatoria by tax levy. (Ch. 198, 1909.)

1911.— A law was passed authorizing buildings and premises formerly occupied by the School for Deaf-Mutes to be transferred for the occupancy and benefit of the State Sanatorium for the Treatment of Tuberculosis. (Ch. 121, 1911.)

1913.— The Oregon State Tuberculosis Sanatorium was placed under the supervisions of Oregon State Board of Control, Superintendent of Sanatorium to co-operate with the State Board of Health in the dissemination of information relative to tuberculosis and its treatment. (Ch. 78, 1913.)

1913.— A law was passed requiring a written report of all cases of pulmonary tuberculosis to be filed with the State Board of Health. Fumigation of premises occupied by tuberculosis patients required on removal. (Ch. 115, 1913.)

1915.— Persons affected with tuberculosis are prohibited from working in a building, room, basement, cellar, or vehicle occupied or used for the production, preparation, manufacture, packing, storage, distribution or transportation of food. (Sec. 88, Ch. 343, 1915.)

1915.— The common drinking cup was prohibited in public buildings, schools, etc.

1915.— Any herds of cattle offered for sale must be tested by tuberculin test.

Secretary State Board of Health: —Dr. Calvin S. White, Portland.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Portland (207,214)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1904); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909); require disinfection of premises (1909); prohibit common drinking cup (1914); prohibit location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients within city limits (1914); prohibit employment of any person suffering with tuberculosis in any place where food is sold or served (1907); provide for examination for symptoms of tuberculosis in employees handling milk (1914);

prohibit the loan of books from a public library to any person afflicted with tuberculosis (1914); and prohibit any person suffering with tuberculosis to change his residence until the Health Office has been notified so that the residence may be fumigated (1914). City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes free literature and supplies from Free Dispensary. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. M. B. Marcellus.

PENNSYLVANIA

STATE LEGISLATION

1903.— An act was passed authorizing the Commission of Forestry to erect and manage a State Sanatorium for Consumptives, same to be located in the State forestry reservation near Mt. Alto. Eight thousand dollars was appropriated for this purpose.

1905.— A General Health Act of 1905 defines the duties of the State Department of Health, and gives them power to make rules and regulations governing the control of infectious diseases, tuberculosis being mentioned in this class.

1907.— An act was passed authorizing the Department of Health, with the approval of the governor, to establish sanatoria for indigent persons afflicted with incipient tuberculosis. These may be located in the forestry reservation. Six hundred thousand dollars was appropriated for this purpose.

1907.— The same legislature authorized the transfer of the sanatorium at Mt. Alto, established in accordance with the above-mentioned act of 1903, from the Commissioner of Forestry, to the Department of Health, same to be used for a santorium for the treatment of tuberculosis.

1907.— The same legislature, 1907, in the General Appropriations Act, passed a provision granting $400,000 to the State Department of Health, to "establish and maintain at such places in the State as may be deemed necessary, dispensaries for free treatment of indigent persons afflicted with tuberculosis."

1907.— Several acts at different times have been passed appropriating money to private institutions for the treatment of tuberculosis. Among the earliest of these is one passed on June 2, 1903, making an appropriation to Rush Hospital for Consumption and Allied Diseases in Philadelphia. These appropriations to tuberculosis hospitals aggregate from $50,000 to $100,000 a year.

1909.— An anti-spitting law was passed.

1909.— The sum of $2,000,000 was granted to the State Department of Health for tuberculosis work.

1909.— A general health law was enacted for the control of communicable diseases and the prevention of infection therefrom. The registration of all cases of tuberculosis was included among its provisions.

1911.— The Department of Health by January 1, 1911, had established 115 dispensaries, one or more in each county of the State. From these as centers a large amount of educational work is done, in addition to the treatment afforded.

1911.— The sum of $2,625,000 was granted to the State Department of Health for tuberculosis work.

1912.— The Department of Health opened a second State Sanatorium for Tuberculosis, having 260 beds, increased later to 350, on a tract of land at Cresson, Pa., given to the Commonwealth for that purpose by Andrew Carnegie.

1913.— An act was passed establishing in the State Department of Health a Bureau of Housing. A separate Housing Act was passed for the City of Philadelphia.

1913.— By regulation of the Board of Health the use of the common drinking cup was prohibited.

1914.— A third State Sanatorium was opened at Hamburg, in the eastern part of the State, having a capacity of 400 beds.

1914.— A law was passed conferring authority upon County Commissioners to

appropriate money for the maintenance of indigent patients at local tuberculosis sanatoria approved by the State Department of Health.

1914.— An act was passed prohibiting in hotels, restaurants, dining-cars, and other public eating places, the employment of persons suffering from certain diseases, including pulmonary tuberculosis.

1914.— An act was passed prohibiting also use of the common towel, drinking cup and eating utensils without thorough cleansing after use by another individual.

1914.— The Housing Act of 1913 with reference to Philadelphia was repealed. A new Housing Act was passed.

1914.— The sum of $2,725,000 was granted the Department of Health for tuberculosis sanatoria and dispensaries for the fiscal years 1915 to 1917 inclusive.

Commissioner State Board of Health: — Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, Harrisburg.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Allentown (51,913)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1910). City has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. Treichler Butz.

Altoona (52,127)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1904); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1902); and require disinfection of premises (1902). Board of Health acting under general act of Assembly has power to remove and detain dangerous tuberculosis cases. *Health Officer:* — Dr. T. G. Herbert.

Easton (28,523)

City ordinance prohibits spitting. *Health Officer:* — J. James Condron.

Erie (66,525)

Board of Health regulation prohibits spitting (1899). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one open air school; employs two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John W. Wright.

Harrisburg (64,186)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1889). Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup (1915). City has tw oopen air schools. *Health Officer:* — Dr. J. M. J. Raunick.

Hazelton (25,452)

City ordinances prohibit spitting*; require reporting of tuberculosis cases*; and require disinfection of premises. Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup. City ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City has one open air school. *Health Officer:* — P. J. Bonner.

Johnstown (55,482)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1903); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require disinfection of premises. *Health Officer:* — Dr. L. W. Jones.

Lancaster (47,227)

City ordinances prohibit spitting*; require reporting of tuberculosis cases*; and require disinfection of premises.* Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup. *Health Officer:* — James H. Deen.

McKeesport (42,694)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1907). *Health Officer:* — Dr. F. W. Hooper.

New Castle (36,280)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1907); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require disinfection of premises (1907). City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and causes destruction of all mattresses and bedding of patients deceased of tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. H. C. Harper.

Norristown (27,875)

City ordinance requires reporting of tuberculosis cases. Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles E. White.

Philadelphia (1,549,008)
City ordinances prohibit spitting (1903); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1895). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has one dispensary; has eleven open air schools; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature on tuberculosis. Medical inspector calls on each case reported. *Director, Department of Public Health and Charities:* — Dr. Wilmer Krusen.

Pittsburgh (533,905)
City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1910). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital and a tuberculosis camp; has ten open air school rooms; employs four visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature, sputum cups and crêpe napkins. *Director, Department of Public Health:* — Dr. James F. Edwards.

Reading (96,071)
City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases and require disinfection of premises. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. P. Henry.

Scranton (129,867)
City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases; Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups. *Superintendent Bureau of Health:* — G. J. Van Vechten.

Wilkes-Barre (67,105)
City ordinances prohibit spitting; requires reporting of tuberculosis cases; Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises; and prohibits common drinking cup. *Health Officer:* — Bernard Banks.

Williamsport (31,860)
Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1905); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1905); and require disinfection of premises (1905). City has two open air schools. *Health Officer:* — Dr. N. E. Young.

York (44,750)
City ordinances prohibit spitting (1906); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1906); require disinfection of premises (1906); prohibit common drinking cup; and provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1906). City makes free examination of sputum. *Sanitary Officer:* — William Schlosser.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— The sum of $20,000 was appropriated for tuberculosis work under the Insular Bureau of Health.

1914.— An appropriation of $12,500 was made by the legislature for a campaign against tuberculosis to be conducted by the Philippine Islands Anti-Tuberculosis Society.

1915.— The appropriation of 1914 was duplicated. *Director of Health:* — Dr. J. D. Long, Manila.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Manila (234,409)
Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1907); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require that all dairy animals supplying milk to the city be tuberculin tested (1907).

PORTO RICO

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— The Director of Health, Charities, and Correction was authorized by the Legislative Assembly to treat indigent tuberculosis patients in the

hospitals of the Anti-Tuberculosis League, $13,800 being appropriated for this purpose.

1909.— The same act authorized the establishment of dispensaries under the Anemia Dispensary Service in seven of the largest cities of the Island, $9,000 being appropriated for this purpose. These dispensaries were abandoned in 1911.

1909.— An act relating to the suppression of uncinariasis was amended so that the Commissioner of Education was required to provide bulletins in the language of the people for instruction on tuberculosis in all of the graded schools of the Island.

1911.— An act was passed requiring the reporting of all cases of tuberculosis.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing the service of sanitation to establish a hospital for the treatment of transmissible and contagious diseases, especially tuberculosis and uncinariasis, in each of the seven sanitary districts. The sum of $120,000 was appropriated.

1913.— The sum of $25,000 was appropriated for the Anti-Tuberculosis League to be expended in connection with their hospital and sanitarium in Porto Rico.

Director of Sanitation: — Dr. William F. Lippitt, San Juan.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Ponce (35,005)

City makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Manuel A. de Zavala.

San Juan (48,716)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1911); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1911); require disinfection of premises (1915); prohibit common drinking cup (1912); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases (1915); restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients; and prohibit the entertainment in any hotel of any person suffering from tuberculosis. City helps to maintain a tuberculosis hospital; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes sputum cups and literature on tuberculosis. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Luis P. Orcasitas.

RHODE ISLAND

STATE LEGISLATION

1894.— Definite legislation in regard to tuberculosis in Rhode Island dates from 1894, when an act was passed authorizing the State Board of Health to investigate the causes and prevention of tuberculosis, and appropriating $1,000 for this purpose.

1901.— One thousand dollars was appropriated for an investigation as to causes and prevention of tuberculosis.

1902.— An act was passed providing that the governor appoint five persons as a commission for a state sanatorium for consumptives, said commission to select site, to present specifications for a sanatorium, and to report to the Legislature within one year. Two thousand five hundred dollars was appropriated for the expenses of the commission.

1903.— The commission was continued and authorized at the same time to erect and equip a sanatorium for consumptives, and to report annually until the work was done. Seventy-five thousand dollars was appropriated for this purpose.

1904.— Twenty-four thousand dollars was added to complete the State Sanatorium for Consumptives.

1905.— An act was passed creating a board of trustees for the State Sanatorium for Consumptives, and providing for its organization and management.

1906.— A special appropriation was made to the Board of Health of $1,500 for the study and control of tuberculosis.

1907.— An act was passed changing the name of the "State Sanitarium" to the "State Sanatorium."

1908.— A special appropriation was made to the Board of Health of $2,700 for the study and control of tuberculosis.

1909.— A registration law requiring the reporting of all open cases of tuberculosis was passed.

1910.— The Trustees of the State Sanatorium were authorized to serve as a State commission to investigate the need of hospitals for advanced cases.

1912.— An act was passed authorizing the school committee of any city or town to establish open air schools. (Ch. 816, 1912.)

1913.— By referendum vote a bond issue calling for $150,000 for a state hospital for advanced cases was authorized.

1915.— An act was passed providing for the issue of these bonds and the erection of a hospital at Wallum Lake.

Secretary, State Board of Health: — Dr. Gardner T. Swarts, Providence.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Newport (27,149)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1902); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1903); Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises (1903). City makes free examination of sputum. The city appropriates $3,300.00 per year to the Newport Hospital, which institution provides nursing, eggs and milk; and also arranges for the sending of cases to Wallum Lake, R. I., and Holy Ghost Hospital, Cambridge, Mass. *Executive Officer, Board of Health:* — J. W. Sampson.

Pawtucket (51,622)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting tuberculosis cases to State Board of Health. City disinfects when any case is known. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; one open air school and several open window rooms. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. Charles N. Noll.

Providence (224,326)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1905). City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has four tuberculosis dispensaries; has two open air schools; and distributes literature, sputum cups, pocket cups and paper napkins. *Superintendent of Health:* — Dr. Charles V. Chapin.

Woonsocket (38,125)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1909). City employs three visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Thomas J. Mc Laughlin.

SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— The State Board of Health adopted a regulation making tuberculosis a reportable disease.

1910.— An act was passed authorizing the State Board of Health to name the diseases it considered contagious and infectious, and requiring the registration of such cases. Among the diseases named was tuberculosis.

1912.— By regulations of the State Board of Health, spitting and the use of the common drinking cup were prohibited.

1913.— Tuberculosis was included in a list of reportable diseases by regulation of the State Board of Health.

1914.— An appropriation of $10,000 was made for a state sanatorium, and an additional $1,000 to a camp conducted by the Associated Charities of Columbia.

1915.— Additional appropriations were made for the State Sanatorium of $10,000, and for the camp at Columbia of $2,500. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. James A. Hayne, Columbia.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Columbia (26,319)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. City maintains a

tuberculosis hospital; City and County jointly maintain a tuberculosis camp, which is also helped by private subscriptions; city has one open air school; employs two visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. Skottowe B. Fishburne.

SOUTH DAKOTA

STATE LEGISLATION

1909.— An appropriation of $10,000 was granted for the establishment of a state sanatorium at Custer. The sanatorium was opened in 1910.

1912.— By regulation of the State Board of Health, the common drinking cup was prohibited.

1913.— Tuberculosis is included in a list of diseases made reportable by regulation of the Board of Health. Proper disposal of sputum is also required and the handling of food or food products by a person having tuberculosis is prohibited. Disinfection is required under the supervision of the local health officer. Library books that have been in any house occupied by a person suffering from tuberculosis must be disinfected or destroyed. It is also provided that the state laboratory shall make free sputum tests. Any child having tuberculosis is prohibited from attending school.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. Park B. Jenkins, Waubay.

TENNESSEE

STATE LEGISLATION

1905.— An act was passed providing for the registration of communicable diseases, not specifying tuberculosis.

1907.— An act was passed providing that proprietors of stores, factories, hotels, and theaters furnish cuspidors, and making it a misdemeanor to spit in public places.

1915.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of a state sanatorium and providing $50,000 therefor. This act also provides for the appointment by the Governor of five commissioners for the State sanatorium. *State Health Officer:* — Dr. R. O. Lillard, Lebanon.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Chattanooga (44,604)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1903); require reporting of tuberculosis cases*; require disinfection of premises; and restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients by resort to the nuisance law. City helps to maintain a private tuberculosis sanatorium; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. H. D. Huffaker.

Knoxville (36,346)

An anti-spitting ordinance was passed in 1904. Pulmonary tuberculosis was listed as an infectious disease and made reportable in 1906. Premises are disinfected at death and removal. Circulars are distributed to tuberculous patients. *Secretary Board of Health:* — Dr. William R. Cochrane.

Memphis (131,105)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1905); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1908); and require disinfection of premises.* Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; and has one tuberculosis dispensary. *Superintendent Health Department:* — Dr. J. L. Andrews.

Nashville (110,364)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1898); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907). Board of Health regulations require disinfection of premises and prohibit common drinking cup. City ordinance requires report of physical condition of persons handling food. City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has one

tuberculosis dispensary; employs four visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. W. E. Hibbett.

TEXAS

STATE LEGISLATION

1904.— A law passed by the Legislature of 1904 compels the disinfection of railroad passenger and sleeping-cars and public buildings.

1905.— Under regulations of the Board of Health of 1905, common carriers are required to keep cuspidors in cars.

1907.— The State Board of Health, together with some of the municipal bodies, endeavored to enforce a regulation restraining railroads from bringing consumptives into the State, but this was unsuccessful and the regulation was rescinded.

1909.— An appropriation of $10,000 was made to the State Board of Health for the purpose of returning to their homes indigent consumptives coming to Texas.

1909.— Thirty-five thousand dollars was appropriated for the erection of a tuberculosis pavilion at the State Hospital for the Insane.

1911.— A law was passed providing for the establishment of two tuberculosis sanatoria and appropriating $100,000 for construction and sites, and $40,000 for maintenance for two years. One sanatorium has been opened at Carlsbad.

1911.— An act was passed providing for the registration of communicable diseases, including and specifying tuberculosis.

1913.— An appropriation of $10,000 for educational work in tuberculosis and public health was made.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing the establishment of county general hospitals and dispensaries with special provision for tuberculosis, and making it mandatory upon counties with 10,000 population or over to build such hospitals. It was also provided that the Board of Managers of such a hospital may establish a school for tuberculous children.

1915.— The State took over the Walter Colquitt Memorial Hospital for Children at Galveston, which had been originally established by the Texas Public Health Association.

State Health Officer: — Dr. W. B. Collins, Austin.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Austin (29,860)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1911). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1911); require disinfection of premises (1913); and prohibit common drinking cup (1912). *City Health Officer:* — S. A. Woolsey.

Dallas (92,104)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1902). City and County maintain a tuberculosis hospital; city employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, medical supplies and some food. *Acting City Health Officer:* — Dr. Edgar W. Loomis.

El Paso (39,279)

City disinfects premises if requested. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. C. Klutz.

Galveston (36,981)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1903); Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require disinfection of premises. City makes free examination of sputum. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. Walter Kleberg.

Houston (78,800)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1914); require disinfection of premises (1914); prohibit common drinking cup* (1913); and require that the Harris County Tuberculosis Society shall make a monthly report to the Health Officer of work done in the city.* The city has one tuberculosis dispensary. Harris County employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and drugs. *City Health Officer:* — Dr. Charles C. Green.

San Antonio (96,614)

City ordinances prohibit spitting* (1900); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1908); prohibit common drinking cup* (1915); provide for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases*; restrict location of sanatoria or boarding houses for tuberculosis patients by requiring permit from persons desiring to house such patients; require list of persons holding permits to be posted; and prohibit tuberculosis patients from making false statements with regard to their condition when seeking lodging. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; employs three visiting nurses; and makes free examination of sputum. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. A. King.

UTAH

STATE LEGISLATION

1905.— The laws of 1905 amend the former section of 1898 concerning dangerous and infectious diseases, now including tuberculosis in this class.

1905.— In the same year a law was passed providing that attending physicians in public hospitals report cases of tuberculosis to the State Board of Health, fixing a penalty for the failure to do so.

1908.— Following the recommendation of the Governor, the various State educational institutions devote some time each year to the study of the causes and means of prevention of tuberculosis.

1913.— A comprehensive registration law, requiring the reporting of tuberculosis was passed, and requiring proper disposal of sputum. Upon complaint if conditions dangerous or detrimental to the public health are found, the board of health or health officer is empowered to enforce such orders as may be necessary to abate the offense or dangers caused thereby. Disinfection is required upon the death or removal of a tuberculosis patient.

Secretary State Board of Health: — Dr. T. B. Beatty, Salt Lake City.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Ogden (25,580)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1913); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases. City ordinance requires disinfection of premises (1911). Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup (1911). *Health Inspector:* — George Shreten.

Salt Lake City (92,777)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1913); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1913); require disinfection of premises (1913); and prohibit common drinking cup (1913). There is no ordinance providing for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases; but courts have permitted same. City employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature, sputum cups, paper napkins, disinfectants; and provides lectures and exhibits. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Samuel G. Paul.

VERMONT

STATE LEGISLATION

1902.— A commission of five was appointed by the governor to investigate the extent of tuberculosis, and the necessity of a sanatorium for the treatment of the same, to report in two years.

1902.— The same year an act was passed providing that physicians be required to notify the State Board of Health of tuberculosis patients.

1902.— An act of 1902 prohibits spitting in railroad cars, street cars, and railroad stations. In 1906 this act was extended to cover sidewalks and public buildings.

1904.— An act was passed creating a tuberculosis commission to serve two years to educate the people as to the nature and cause of tuberculosis, and to report to the Legislature of 1906. Four thousand dollars was appropriated for this work.

1906.— The governor was given the power to appoint a tuberculosis commission of three to continue the work of the commission created by the act of 1904.

1909.— The sum of $2,000 was appropriated to the State Board of Health for an exhibit and an educational campaign, and the Board was authorized to take over the work of the commission appointed in 1906.

1911.— The governor was authorized to appoint a commission of three to report to the next legislature relative to the establishment of a hospital for advanced cases of tuberculosis.

1911.— An act was approved giving the State Board of Health authority over the establishment and maintenance of sanatoria for the treatment of tuberculosis.

1912.— An act was passed providing for a commission of three persons, appointed by the governor, to investigate the needs of the state for an institution for persons in the advanced stages of tuberculosis.

1913.— The sum of $5,000 annually was appropriated for the care of indigent tuberculous persons, the governor, by virtue of his office, being commissioner of this fund.

1913.— A regulation of the Board of Health provides that a medical examination of all school children shall be made annually, and that all pupils referred to the inspector by the principal or teacher shall be examined for tuberculosis or other diseases.

1915.— The appropriation of 1912 for the care of indigent tuberculous persons was increased to $10,000 annually.

The Vermont Sanatorium, Pittsford, although privately constructed and maintained, serves as a state sanatorium. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. Charles F. Dalton, Burlington.

VIRGINIA

STATE LEGISLATION

1901.— Chapter 333 of the Laws of 1901 makes it a misdemeanor to expectorate on church aisles or floors.

1902.— This law was further amended in 1902, and imposed a penalty from $1.00 to $10.00 for expectorating in electric cars.

1906.— The law was again amended by an act prohibiting spitting in all public places.

1906.— A new health law was passed. This law gives the State Board of Health increased powers, and also provides for better co-ordination of the local boards. This law also provides for a special investigation on the part of the State Board of Health with regard to tuberculosis.

1908.— Another act was passed, making it mandatory upon the sheriff, superintendent of the poor, or any other person in charge of the public institutions in a city, town, or county in the State, to isolate all cases of tuberculosis from the rest of the inmates of such institutions.

1908.— The same act provided that apartments occupied by tuberculosis patients must be disinfected before being occupied again.

1910.— An appropriation of $40,000 was made for the enlargement of the Catawba State Sanatorium, which had been opened by the State Board of Health in 1909.

1910.— An act was passed authorizing the State Board of Health to promulgate a list of infectious, contagious, communicable or dangerous diseases, and requiring the reporting of all cases of diseases so listed. By a rule effective November 1, 1910, the Board included tuberculosis among the reportable diseases.

1914.— A Commission was authorized by the legislature, with an appropriation of $10,000 to study the tuberculosis situation and report.

1916.— As a result of this Commission's report, the following legislation was enacted:

(*a*) A state sanatorium for tuberculous negroes with an appropriation of $62,500 was provided.

(*b*) The sum of $10,000 was appropriated to the State Board of Health especially for educational work in tuberculosis.
(*c*) The sum of $17,000 was appropriated for improvements at the Catawba (State) Sanatorium.
(*d*) Counties and cities were given power to establish tuberculosis hospitals either by referendum vote of the people or through action of city or county governing board.
(*e*) Local Boards of Health were given power to summon to court and restrain compulsorily, tuberculous persons who by promiscuous spitting or other habits were a menace to others.

State Commissioner of Health: — Dr. Ennion G. Williams, Richmond.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Lynchburg (29,494)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1910). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises (1910). City ordinances prohibit common drinking cup in schools; and require that cows supplying city with milk be tuberculin tested. City maintains a tubercuosis sanatorium; has one tuberculosis dispensary; one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; distributes literature, sputum cups, and milk and eggs to pauper cases; and provides for lectures. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Mosby G. Perrow.

Norfolk (67,452)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1911); require reporting of tuberculosis cases* (1906); and require disinfection of premises. Board of Health regulation prohibits common drinking cup; and city ordinance provides for compulsory removal and detention of dangerous tuberculosis cases. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two tuberculosis dispensaries; employs four visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, medicines and any needed supplies. *Health Commissioner:* — Dr. Powhatan S. Schenck.

Portsmouth (33,190)

Board of Health regulations prohibit spitting (1908); require reporting of tuberculosis cases; require disinfection of premises; and prohibit common drinking cup. City employs one tuberculosis nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Vernon Brooks.

Richmond (127,628)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1900). Board of Health regulations require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); and require disinfection of premises. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two tuberculosis dispensaries; employs six visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, napkins, and disinfectants. *Chief Health Officer:* — Dr. E. C. Levy.

Roanoke (34,874)

City ordinances prohibit spitting; require reporting of tuberculosis cases; and require disinfection of premises. City has one tuberculosis dispensary; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature. *Health Officer:* — Dr. W. Brownley Foster.

WASHINGTON

STATE LEGISLATION

1899.— An act was passed requiring physicians in cities of the first class and second class to report all tuberculous patients to local Boards of Health, the State Board to furnish the patients printed instructions to prevent the spread of the disease.

1903.— An act was passed authorizing the State Board of Health to designate reportable diseases and requiring physicians to report all diseases so designated. Among others, the State Board has included pulmonary tuberculosis.

1912.— Tuberculosis was made a reportable disease by a regulation of the State Board of Health. Another regulation provides that no person suffering from open tuberculosis shall be allowed to handle milk, dairy or food products in an unwrapped state. The use of the common drinking cup

in public places is prohibited, and spitting is prohibited in public conveyances, waiting rooms, etc. A child, janitor or teacher suffering from tuberculosis is not allowed to attend school or work in any public, private or parochial school.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing counties to erect hospitals for the care of the tuberculous and to employ visiting nurses. An appropriation of $50,000 was made to provide state subsidies of $3.00 a week for patients in local hospitals.

1913.— By regulation of the Board of Health spitting was prohibited in any public conveyance, waiting room, etc. The use of the common drinking cup was also prohibited.

1915.— The sum of $2,500 was appropriated to the Washington Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis for a state tuberculosis nurse.

State Commissioner of Health: — Dr. Thomas D. Tuttle, Seattle.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Everett (24,814)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1901); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1914); require disinfection of premises (1914); and require all milk sold in city to be from tuberculin tested cows (1915). City has one open air school; county employs one visiting nurse; city provides for free examination of sputum through State laboratory; and distributes literature and sputum cups. *Health Officer:* — Dr. L. G. Woodford.

Seattle (237,194)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1910); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1907); require disinfection of premises (1907); prohibit common drinking cup (1911); and require that milk must be properly pasteurized or come from tuberculin tested cows. City maintains a tuberculosis hospital; has two tuberculosis dispensaries; employs five visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups and paper napkins. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. J. S. McBride.

Spokane (104,402)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1897); and require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1915). Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. County has a tuberculosis sanatorium. City has one open air school; employs one visiting nurse; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature. *Health Officer:* — Dr. John B. Anderson.

Tacoma (83,743)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1898); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1909); require disinfection of premises (1909); and prohibit the loan of books from city library to tuberculous patients. County maintains a tuberculosis hospital. *Health Officer:* — Dr. Henry A. Wall.

WEST VIRGINIA

STATE LEGISLATION

1908.— A special session of the state legislature adopted a resolution appointing a committee of five to make a study of the tuberculosis situation in West Virginia, and to report on the methods, construction, and operation of a State sanatorium for consumptives. Such commission was also to locate a site for said sanatorium.

1909.— The report of the committee appointed in 1908 was presented, but the legislature refused to grant an appropriation.

1911.— In February, the legislature voted $40,000 for a state sanatorium to be erected and maintained by the State Board of Control and Health.

1913.— An act was passed prohibiting the use of the common drinking cup in public places.

1913.— An appropriation of $9,900 was made for a two years' campaign against tuberculosis under the direction of the West Virginia Anti-Tuberculosis League.

Commissioner of Health: — Dr. S. L. Jepson, Charleston.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

Wheeling (41,641)

City ordinances prohibit spitting (1902); require reporting of tuberculosis cases (1908); and require disinfection of premises. City distributes literature. *Health Officer:* — Dr. William C. Etzler.

WISCONSIN

STATE LEGISLATION

1903.— An act was passed authorizing the governor to appoint three commissioners to investigate conditions relative to tuberculosis, and to report on the feasibility of a state sanatorium in 1904.

1905.— An act was passed authorizing that 2,000 copies of the report of the above commission be printed.

1905.— An act was passed providing for the establishment of a state sanatorium for tuberculosis. Ninety thousand dollars was appropriated by this act for construction and $25,000 for maintenance.

1907.— An additional amount of $30,000 was appropriated for construction purposes and $40,000 for maintenance for this institution.

1907.— Chapter 93 of the laws of 1907 amends the health laws so that tuberculosis is included in the list of diseases that must be reported by the attending physicians to the department of health in their own city. This act also provides for the disinfection and renovation of premises after death or removal of a tuberculous patient.

1909.— A permanent livestock board was created by the Legislature.

1911.— An act authorizing counties to establish sanatoria for the care of advanced cases, carrying with it an appropriation of $20,000 per year for state aid to county sanatoria at the rate of $3.00 per week per indigent patient.

1913.— An amendment made to the county sanatorium law raising the state aid to $5.00 per week and providing an appropriation of $50,000 per year.

1913.— An act was passed giving counties authority to appropriate money for a county visiting nurse, money for her salary and expenses to be taken from the liquor license funds.

1913.— An act preventing the dry sweeping of public buildings except by vacuum cleaner.

1913.— An act providing for the compulsory commitment by a county judge of all careless consumptives upon the complaint of any citizen. Patient may be discharged when the county judge may think it proper to do so.

1913.— An act establishing a camp for convalescent consumptives on the state forest reserve. Only those predisposed to tuberculosis or with the disease arrested and running no temperature are received. A charge of $3.50 per week is made and patients are allowed to earn their maintenance by working on the forest reserve under the direction of a physician.

1913.— An act authorizing county or city boards to employ visiting nurses.

1913.— By regulation of the Board of Health no person having tuberculosis is permitted to attend schools, except open air schools.

1913.— An act was passed requiring proper disposal of sputum.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing a county board of supervisors to establish an institution for the treatment of tuberculosis.

1913.— An act was passed authorizing the State board of control to make provision for the segregation, care and treatment of insane patients having tuberculosis.

1913.— An act was passed prohibiting the use of the common drinking cup in public places.

1915.— An amendment to the county sanatorium law raising the appropriation for State aid to $100,000 for the first year and $125,000 for the second year of the biennium. It was also amended so that incipient and early stage cases can be cared for as well as advanced cases.

1915.— An act authorizing a county which is taking care of an indigent patient who is not a resident of said county, to charge the county in which patient has a legal settlement for his maintenance.

1915.— An act authorizing several counties to unite in building a sanatorium. One citizen from each of said counties shall be elected to serve on a Board of Trustees, while the treasurer of county in which sanatorium is located shall receive all moneys paid in to the institution and shall disburse any money necessary for its construction and maintenance. The cost of maintenance shall be divided among the counties according to the number of patients cared for from each county; while the first cost of construction shall be divided among the counties according to the taxable property in each.

State Health Officer: — Dr. C. A. Harper, Madison.

MUNICIPAL LEGISLATION

La Crosse (30,417)

City employs a public health nurse who has two assistant student-nurses. She visits cases and gives bedside treatment when she can. City makes free examination of sputum and distributes sputum cups. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. J. M. Furstman.

Madison (25,531)

Board of Health regulation requires disinfection of premises. *Health Officer:* — James P. Donovan.

Milwaukee (373,857)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1905). City maintains a tuberculosis sanatorium; has five tuberculosis dispensaries; has one open air school; employs nine visiting nurses; makes free examination of sputum; and distributes literature, sputum cups, food, clothing, etc. *Commissioner of Health:* — Dr. George C. Ruhland.

Oshkosh (33,068)

City ordinance prohibits spitting (1910). County has a sanatorium. City has one open air school room; has one visiting nurse under direction of School Board; makes free examination of sputum; and provides aid for very poor patients. *Health Officer:* — Dr. A. H. Brock.

Racine (38,002)

County maintains a sanatorium. City has two open air schools; employs one visiting nurse; and makes free examination of sputum. *Chief of Police and Health Officer:* — H. C. Baker.

Superior (40,384)

There is a local anti-spitting ordinance. Tuberculosis was included in the list of infectious diseases to be reported (1910). The county in 1910 appropriated $7,000 for a tuberculosis hospital. *Health Officer:* — Dr. C. M. Gould.

WYOMING

STATE LEGISLATION

There is no State legislation on tuberculosis, but the State Board of Health requires the reporting of tuberculosis. *Secretary State Board of Health:* — Dr. W. A. Wyman, Cheyenne.

Supplementary Directory of Anti-Tuberculosis Institutions and Organizations in Canada

Supplementary Directory of Anti-Tuberculosis Institutions and Organizations in Canada

INTRODUCTORY NOTE

Instead of listing the Canadian anti-tuberculosis agencies under their respective sections, following the United States agencies, these institutions and organizations have been grouped together in a special section. This section of the Directory has been compiled largely from material furnished by the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis.

The same general plan of arrangement has been followed as in the other sections of the Directory. The Provincial associations are placed first and the other organizations are arranged alphabetically according to location. A similar arrangement is followed for sanatoria and dispensaries. The figures in parentheses indicate the dates of establishment or organization.

Tuberculosis Sanatoria and Hospitals

ALBERTA

CALGARY

Temporary Hospital for Tuberculous Cases:
Capacity: — 20. Dr. Mahood, M. O. H.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

KAMLOOPS

Sunny View Sanatorium (1914):
For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 22. *Rates:* — On application. *Attending Physicians:* — Dr. R. W. Irving and Dr. H. H. Murphy. *Application* should be made to Miss G. Wilkinson, Matron (P. O. Box 798).

TRANQUILLE

King Edward Sanatorium (1890):
For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — For full-paying patients $15.00 per week for residents; non-residents, $18.00. No cases from British Columbia are refused because of inability to pay. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. C. H. Vrooman. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. P. Procter, Vancouver. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent or the Secretary.

MANITOBA

NINETTE

Manitoba Sanatorium for Consumptives (May, 1910):
For early cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 118. *Rates:* — $12.00 per week for those able to pay; indigent patients are treated without charge. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. David A. Stewart. *Application* should be made to the Medical Superintendent.

WINNIPEG

The King Edward Tuberculosis Hospital (1912):
Capacity: — 80.
Trudeau Home:
Capacity: — 10.

NEW BRUNSWICK

EAST ST. JOHN

St. John County Hospital (1915):
For advanced pulmonary tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 54. (40 free patients and 14 private patients from St. John County.) *Rates:* — For pay patients, $1.00 a day for the wards, $12.00 a week for private rooms. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. H. A. Farris. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

RIVER GLADE

Jordan Memorial Sanatorium (1913):
Provincial institution for early cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 30. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $10.00 per week. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. David Townsend. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

NOVA SCOTIA

KENTVILLE

Provincial Sanatorium (June, 1904):
For early cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity:* — 40. *Rates:* — $5.00 per week. *Physician:* — Dr. F. Miller. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

HALIFAX

The Hazelwood Hospital for Advanced Cases:
Capacity: — 15.

ONTARIO

BRANTWOOD

Brant Sanatorium (1913):
Capacity: — 14.

GRAVENHURST

Calydor Sanatorium (1916):
A private institution for any class of patients who have a fair chance of improvement. *Capacity:* — 21. *Rates:* — From $17.00 to $25.00 per week exclusive of medical fees. *Medical Director:* — Dr. C. D. Parfitt. *Resident Physician:* — Dr. D. W. Crombie. *Application* should be made to the Medical Director.

The Minnewaska (March 3, 1909):
A semi-private sanatorium for incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $18.00 per week. A limited number of free beds are maintained for residents of Ontario. Patients may be attended by their home physicians or be assigned to one of our visiting and consulting board who have the appointing of the resident physician. *Superintendent:* — Mrs. E. G. Fournier, R. N. *Medical Director:* — Dr. V. E. Cartwright.

Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium (1896):
Primarily for early cases of pulmonary tuberculosis, but moderately advanced cases are admitted if they have a fair chance for recovery. *Capacity:* — 100. *Rates:* — $12.00 and $15.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. Kendall. *Application* should be made to the Secretary, 347 King Street, West, Toronto.

Muskoka Cottage Sanatorium — Reception Hospital for Advanced Cases (1912):
Capacity: — 10.

Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives (April, 1902):
For persons in the early stages of consumption who are unable to pay for sanatorium treatment. *Capacity:* — 200. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. B. Kendall. *Application* should be made to the Secretary, 347 King Street, West, Toronto.

HAMILTON

The Mountain Sanatorium (May 28, 1905):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 60. *Rates:* — No charges to $10.00 per week; twenty free beds are maintained. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Holbrook. *Application* should be made to the Physician in Charge.

Southam Home for Advanced Cases:
Capacity: — 24. Preventorium (1910): *Capacity:* — 40.

KINGSTON

The Sir Oliver Mowatt Memorial (1912):
Capacity: — 26.

LONDON (P. O. Byron)

The Queen Alexandra Sanatorium (August 8, 1910):
For incipient and moderately advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 50. *Rates:* — $.50, $.70 and $1.50 per day. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. D. A. Craig. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

OTTAWA

The Royal Ottawa Sanatorium Combining the "Lady Grey" Hospital (February 15, 1910):

For advanced cases. *Capacity:* — 45. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. K. M. Gordon.

The "Perley Memorial" (March 13, 1913):

For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 40.

ST. CATHERINES

St. Catherines Consumptives' Sanatorium (October 19, 1909):

For all classes of cases. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Chairman:* — R. W. Leonard. *Secretary:* — W. G. Lloyd. *Matron:* — Mrs. A. Gadsby. *Application* should be made to the City Physicians.

TORONTO

Heather Club Pavilion for Tuberculosis Children (1910):

Capacity: — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *President:* — Miss Hill. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. H. Elliott, 11 Spadina Road.

Preventorium of the Daughters of the Empire (1913):

Capacity: — 60. *President of Board:* — Mrs. E. F. B. Johnston. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. B. MacLean, 82 Highland Avenue.

King Edward Sanatorium for Consumptives (Weston P. O.) (August, 1907):

For patients in the advanced stages of consumption who are in a position to pay for treatment. *Capacity:* — 260. *Rates:* — $15.00 and $18.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. J. Dobbie. *Application* for admission should be made to the Secretary, 347 King Street, West, Toronto. A Night Camp for working men on same ground has been established since 1913.

Queen Mary Hospital for Consumptive Children (Weston P. O.) (1913):
Capacity: — 80.

Toronto Free Hospital for Consumptives (Weston P. O.) (September, 1904):

For persons in the advanced and far advanced stages of consumption who are unable to pay for sanatorium treatment. *Capacity:* — 115. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. W. J. Dobbie. *Application* for admission should be made to the Secretary, 347 King Street, West, Toronto.

UNION-ON-THE-LAKE

Essex County Sanatorium (1914):

Capacity: — 18. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $10.00 per week. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. J. M. Flock.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

CHARLOTTETOWN

Sanatorium for Early Cases (Not yet in operation):

A sanatorium for early cases is in course of construction. *Capacity:* — 25. *Superintendent:* — Dr. W. A. Garrison.

QUEBEC

LAKE EDWARD

Lake Edward Sanatorium (October 1, 1901):

For incipient cases. *Capacity:* — 25. *Rates:* — $7.00 to $15.00 per week. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. L. J. Houle. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

MONTREAL

The Grace Dart Home, Hospital for Destitute Incurables, 418 St. Antoine Street (1909):

Receives advanced cases of tuberculosis. *Capacity for tuberculous patients:* — 50. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Managing Director:* — H. J. Dart. *Secretary:* — J. G. Payne. *Application* should be made at the office of the Hospital, 155 Craig Street West.

Mount Sinai Sanatorium (1913):

Capacity: — 40. *Rates:* — There are no charges. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. Segal. *Application* should be made to the office, 591 St. Catherine Street, Montreal.

STE. AGATHE DES MONTS

Brehmer Rest Preventorium (1905):

For those predisposed to tuberculosis and for convalescents from pneumonia, pleurisy, typhoid, etc. *Capacity:* — 20. *Rates:* — $4.00 per week. Several patients are supported by the institution. *Medical Superintendent:* — Dr. A. J. Richer. *Application* should be made to the Superintendent.

Laurentian Sanatorium for the Treatment of Incipient Tuberculosis (1911):

Capacity: — 75. *Rates:* — $8.00 per week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. R. Byers.

Tuberculosis Clinics and Dispensaries

MANITOBA

WINNIPEG

Dispensary at the Winnipeg Hospital

NEW BRUNSWICK

ST. JOHN

Anti-Tuberculosis Society Dispensary (1910):

A staff of six physicians in charge: — Drs. Emery, Skinner, Kenney, Lunney, Bentley and Scott.

ONTARIO

HAMILTON

Dispensary of the Health Association:

Hours: — Twice a week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. J. H. Holbrook.

OTTAWA

The May Court Club Dispensary, 248 Friel Street (June 17, 1908):

Hours: — Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physicians in Charge:* — Drs. Gibson and Patterson.

TORONTO

Tuberculosis Clinic, Toronto General Hospital (1906):

Hours: — Tuesdays and Fridays at 10.30 A. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Harold C. Parsons.

Tuberculosis Dispensary and Clinic, St. Michael's Hospital (January, 1909):

Hours: — Once a week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. Allan Adams.

Dispensary at Hospital for Sick Children (1911):
Dispensary at National Sanatorium Headquarters, 223 College Street (1912):
Dispensary at Western Hospital (1915):

LONDON

Tuberculosis Dispensary and Clinic, Victoria Hospital (1909):
Hours: — Once a week. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. D. A. Craig.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

CHARLOTTETOWN

Dispensary Under Control of Charlottetown Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1909):

QUEBEC

MONTREAL

Royal Edward Institute of Montreal (Successor to the Montreal Tuberculosis League, 47 Belmont Park) (November 7, 1904; reorganized, October, 1909):
Hours: — Week days from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. *Physician in Charge:* — Dr. E. S. Harding.

L'Institut Bruchesi:
Physician in Charge: — Dr. J. E. Dubé. *President:* — T. Auguste Richard. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. A. Garry, 340 St. Hubert Street.

QUEBEC

Anti-Tuberculosis Society Dispensary (1910):

Anti-Tuberculosis Associations and Committees

NATIONAL ASSOCIATIONS

Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (March, 1901):
Executive Office: — 102 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada. *President:* — Hon. J. W. Daniel, M.D., St. John, N. B. *Secretary:* — George D. Porter, M.B. *Note:* — The Canadian Association is supported by a grant from the federal government.

National Sanatorium Association (1898):
Executive Office: — 223 College Street, Toronto, Ontario. *President:* — W. J. Gage. *Secretary:* — George A. Reid.

ALBERTA

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION

Alberta Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1913):
President: — John A. McDougall, Edmonton. *Secretary:* — J. H. Hanna, Calgary.

CALGARY

Calgary Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1911):
President: — William Georgeson. *Corresponding Secretary:* — Mrs. Harold Riley, Hounsfield Heights, Calgary. *Recording Secretary:* — John Hanna.

EDMONTON

Edmonton Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — O. M. Biggar. *Secretary:* — Dr. Thomas Whitelaw.

CLARESHOLM

Claresholm Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1911):
President: — Mr. Cornwell.

HIGH RIVER

High River Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — J. S. Jones. *Secretary:* — A. J. H. Koch.

LETHBRIDGE

Lethbridge Committee (1914):
Chairman: — Mrs. Frank A. Stoltze.

MAC LEOD

MacLeod Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — Dr. Nyblett. *Secretary:* — E. T. Mitchell.

MEDICINE HAT

Medicine Hat Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — Walter Huckvale. *Secretary:* — William Cousins.

OLDS

Olds Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — J. W. Johnson. *Secretary:* — J. W. Hughes.

RED DEER

Red Deer Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — Dr. C. W. Sanders. *Secretary:* — Rev. W. Brown.

STETTLER

Stettler Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1914):
President: — Dr. J. K. Creighton. *Secretary:* — Rev. J. Coulter.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION

The British Columbia Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1904):
President: — Hon. F. Carter-Cotton. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. P. Procter, Vancouver. (This association has 29 branch societies throughout the cities and towns of British Columbia.)

COMOX

Comox Branch of the British Columbia Association:
Secretary: — Miss E. Wilson.

KAMLOOPS

Kamloops Branch of the British Columbia Association:
President: — Miss Susie A. Woods. *Secretary:* — Miss Isabel Costley.

MISSION CITY

Mission City Branch of the British Columbia Association:
President: — Mrs. A. J. Stewart.

NEW WESTMINSTER

New Westminster Branch of the British Columbia Association:
Secretary: — Mrs. Wells Gray.

VANCOUVER

Vancouver Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis:
President: — Miss Catherine Harrison. *Secretary:* — Miss Seymour.

VICTORIA

Victoria Anti-Tuberculosis Society:
Secretary: — Miss Nan Tye, 263i Douglas Street.

Victoria Junior Branch of the British Columbia Association:
Secretary: — Elinor H. Harrington, 2327 Beach Drive.

MANITOBA

WINNIPEG

The Winnipeg Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):
President: — Edward Brown. *Secretary:* — H. J. McDermid, School for the Deaf.

Women's Auxiliary — Winnipeg Anti-Tuberculosis Association:
President: — Mrs. E. Stafford. *Secretary:* — Mrs. L. B. Copeland.

NEW BRUNSWICK

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION

The New Brunswick Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):
President: — Dr. Thomas Walker. *Corresponding Secretary:* — Rev. T. Hunter Boyd.

FREDERICTON

The York County Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Judge Barry. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. H. Irvine.

ST. JOHN

St. John Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (May 31, 1909):
President: — J. A. Likely. *Secretary:* — Miss Hellen Sidney Smith, 126 Duke Street.

MONCTON

Moncton Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Dr. R. L. Botsford. *Secretary:* — Dr. L. C. Hains.

NOVA SCOTIA

AMHERST

Amherst Anti-Tuberculosis League (1908):
President: — I. C. Craig. *Secretary:* — E. J. Lay.

ANTIGONISH

Tri-County Anti-Tuberculosis League of Antigonish, Guysborough and Pixtou Counties (November 18, 1909):
President: — Dr. Johhn W. MacKay, New Glasgow. *Secretary:* — John W. MacLeod, Antigonish.

Antigonish County League (1909):
President: — Rev. H. P. MacPherson, D.D., Rector of St. Francis Xavier College. *Secretary:* — J. W. MacLeod.

BADDECK

Baddeck Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1909):
President: — Dr. D. MacDonald. *Secretary:* — J. S. Dunlop.

CANSO

Canso Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Mayor Whitman. *Secretary:* — Dr. P. A. McGarry.

CAPE BRETON

Cape Breton Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (January 20, 1910):

President: — Rev. D. M. McAdam, Sydney. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. J. MacDonald, Cape Breton.

COLCHESTER

Colchester County Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (January, 1905):

President: — J. B. Calhin. *Secretary:* — Dr. Smith L. Walker, Truro.

DOMINION

Dominion Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):

President: — Dr. G. H. Murphy. *Secretary:* — F. Stevenson.

GLACE BAY

Glace Bay Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — John C. Douglas. *Secretary:* — F. B. A. Chipman.

MULGRAVE

Mulgrave Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — Dr. J. A. Mackenzie. *Secretary:* — J. L. Shanahan.

HALIFAX

Halifax County Anti-Tuberculosis League (June, 1909):

President: — J. F. Fraser, Halifax. *Secretary:* — Mrs. William Schon, 83 Morris Street, Halifax.

INVERNESS, C. B.

Inverness Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — Rev. A. L. MacDonald, Inverness. *Secretary:* — J. D. Doucet, Port Hood.

LOUISBURG

Louisburg Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — Rev. T. A. Draper. *Secretary:* — Dr. D. A. Morrison.

NORTH SYDNEY

North Sydney Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — F. L. Kelly. *Secretary:* — Dr. M. T. MacLean.

PICTOU

Pictou County Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — Rev. Dr. McVicar. *Secretary:* — Miss Carmichael, New Glasgow.

PORT HOOD

Port Hood Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — Alexander D. F. MacLean. *Secretary:* — Dr. R. St.J. MacDonald.

RESERVE

Reserve Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):

President: — R. J. MacDonald. *Secretary:* — J. J. Smith.

STELLARTON

Stellarton Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):

President: — John Fellows. *Secretary:* — N. A. Osborne.

SYDNEY

Women's Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):

President: — Mrs. John K. MacLeod. *Secretary:* — Mrs. John Morgan.

SYDNEY MINES

Sydney Mines Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Dr. L. W. Johnson. *Secretary:* — D. C. MacDonald.

WINDSOR

Windsor Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Dr. J. P. Black. *Secretary:* — O. B. Keddy.
Victoria County Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. L. Bethune, Baddeck. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. H. MacIves.

ONTARIO

ALMONTE

Almonte Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1908):
President: — William Thorburn, M. P. *Secretary:* — Dr. J. F. Hanley.

ARNPRIOR

Arnprior Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1908):
President: — Dr. J. G. Cranston. *Secretary:* — Charles McNamara.

BERLIN

Berlin Anti-Consumption League (1908):
President: — Rev. F. E. Oberlander. *Secretary:* — Dr. G. H. Bowlby.

BRANT

Brant Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):
President: — Christopher Cook. *Secretary:* — Kenneth V. Bunnell.

BROCKVILLE

Brockville Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Dr. J. C. Mitchell. *Secretary:* — William Shearer.

CHATHAM

Kent County Anti-Tuberculosis League (1911):
President: — John Park. *Secretary:* — Dr. Ed. B. Oliver.

GALT

Galt Anti-Tuberculosis League (1908):
President: — Dr. J. H. Radford. *Secretary:* — John R. Blake, J. P.

GODREICH

Godreich Anti-Tuberculosis League (1911):
President: — Rev. James Elliott. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. C. Hunter.

GUELPH

Guelph Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1901):
President: — J. P. Downey. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. O. Stewart.

HAMILTON

Hamilton Health Association (1904):
President: — J. J. Evel. *Secretary:* — W. J. Southam.
Billikin Club:
President: — Gordon Southam. *Secretary:* — Miss Ethel Grantham.
Lambton County Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1911):
President: — Dr. C. O. Fairbank, Petrolia. *Secretary:* — Dr. Reid, Wyoming.

KINGSTON

Kingston Health Association:
President: — Dr. J. C. Connell. *Secretary:* — Miss E. A. Hunter.

LONDON

London Health Association (1909):
President: — Hon. Adam Beck. *Secretary:* — D. M. Cameron.

OTTAWA

Ottawa Anti-Tuberculosis Association (September 28, 1904):
President: — Jose A. Machado. *Corresponding Secretary:* — Rev. William Moore, D.D., 278 O'Connor Street. *Secretary:* — William Tucker, James Street.

OWEN SOUND

Owen Sound Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1910):
President: — James MacLauchlan. *Secretary:* — Dr. H. G. Murray.

PEMBROKE

Pembroke Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — S. E. Mitchell. *Secretary:* — A. J. Fortier.

PETERBORO

Peterboro Health Association (1911):
President: — E. A. Peck, M. P. P. *Secretary:* — Mrs. R. W. Travers, 273 Hunter Street.

PORT ARTHUR

Port Arthur Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1913):
President: — Dr. C. N. Laurie. *Secretary:* — H. S. Goodier.

RENFREW

Renfrew Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. James Mann. *Secretary:* — Hon. A. Gravelle.

SAULT ST. MARIE

Sault St. Marie Anti-Tuberculosis Society (1912):
President: — T. E. Thompson. *Secretary:* — Dr. A. S. McCraig.

SMITH'S FALLS

Smith's Falls Anti-Tuberculosis Association (1909):
President: — G. F. McKimm. *Secretary:* — Dr. C. L. B. Stammers.

TORONTO

The Heather Chapter of Daughters of Empire (1909):
Regent: — Mrs. Clutterbuch. *Secretary:* — Mrs. J. H. Elliott, 11 Spadina Road.

Samaritan Club:
President: — Mrs. R. W. Burns. *Secretary:* — Miss E. Blackwell, 596 Jarvis Street.

WATERLOO

Waterloo Anti-Tuberculosis League (1908):
President: — Frank Haight. *Secretary:* — Dr. W. L. Hilliard.

WINDSOR

Essex Health Association:
President: — Mrs. H. R. Casgrain. *Secretary:* — Mrs. E. J. Baxter.

WOODSTOCK

The Woodstock Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — D. W. Karn. *Secretary:* — Dr. Mackenzie Mackay.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND

CHARLOTTETOWN

The Charlottetown Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909):
President: — Joseph McCarey. *Secretary:* — Mrs. W. E. Bentley.

QUEENS AND KING COUNTY

Queens and King County Branch of the Prince Edward Island Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis (1909):
President: — Dr. D. MacLachlan. *Secretary:* — Gertrude De Blois.
The Western Association of Prince Edward Island, Summerside (1909):
President: — J. E. Wyatt. *Secretary:* — Dr. John Jardine.
West Prince Association (1911):
President: — Dr. J. D. McCue, Bloomfield Station. *Secretary:* — F. L. Duogan.

QUEBEC

LAKE EDWARD

Lake Edward Sanatorium Association:
President: — Hon. R. Turner. *Secretary:* — Paulin Amy.
Ladies' Branch of Lake Edward Sanatorium Association:
President: — Mrs. R. Turner. *Secretary:* — Mrs. Hinds.

MONTREAL

The Royal Edward Institute (1902):
President: — J. George Adami, F. R. S. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. S. Harding.
Mount Sinai Sanatorium Association, 591 St. Catherine Street:
Clerk of Board: — T. C. Chertcoff.

QUEBEC

The Anti-Tuberculosis League of Quebec (February 19, 1909):
Executive Office: — 133 Boulevard Langelier, Quebec. *President:* — Napoleon Lavoie. *Secretary:* — Dr. Adjutor Savard, 133 Boulevard Langelier, Quebec.

ST. AGATHE

The Laurentian Society for the Treatment and Control of Tuberculosis:
President: — D. Lorne McGibbon. *Secretary:* — G. F. MacLure.
Ladies' Committee of Brehmer Rest:
President: — Mrs. J. P. Black. *Secretary:* — Mrs. A. W. Gifford.

SHERBROOKE

District of St. Francis Anti-Tuberculosis League (February 19, 1909):
President: — Hon. P. Pelletier. *Secretary:* — Dr. E. J. Williams.

THREE RIVERS

Three Rivers Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Dr. L. P. Normand. *Secretary:* — Aug. Desilets.

SASKATCHEWAN

PROVINCIAL ASSOCIATION

Saskatchewan Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — A. B. Cook. *Secretary:* — Peter McAra, Jr., Regina. *Executive Secretary:* — Dr. W. H. Hart, Box 575, Regina.

ABERNETHY

Abernethy Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Hon. Mr. Motherwell.

BATTLEFORD

Battleford Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. Stanley Millar. *Secretary:* — W. R. Kingston.

CARNDUFF

Carnduff Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. W. F. Lockhart.

DAVIDSON

Davidson Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — H. G. Craid. *Secretary:* — Dr. F. Hutchinson.

ESTEVAN

Estevan Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Secretary: — L. A. Duncan.

FLEMING

Fleming Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. D. D. Ellis.

GRENFELL

Grenfell Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Hugh Dobson. *Secretary:* — Harry Laver.

HANLEY

Hanley Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Secretary: — F. Kilpatrick.
Indian Head Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — J. H. Francis. *Secretary:* — R. S. Campbell.

LUMSDEN

Lumsden Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Président: — F. Watson. *Secretary:* — W. R. Jamieson.

MILESTONE

Milestone Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Secretary: — J. Murphy.

MOOSEJAW

Moosejaw Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — E. J. Chegivin.

MOOSOMIN

Moosomin Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Sheriff Murphy. *Secretary:* — A. Whyte.

PRINCE ALBERT

Prince Albert Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Hon. Dr. McGuire. *Secretary:* — Dr. B. A. Hopkins.

REGINA

Regina Anti-Tuberculosis League (1909):
President: — Judge Johnstone. *Secretary:* — A. L. Gordon.

SASKATOON

Saskatoon Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
Secretary: — Professor George H. Ling.

WAPELLA

Wapella Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. Donald MacDonald. *Secretary:* — Dr. D. P. Miller.

WEYBURN

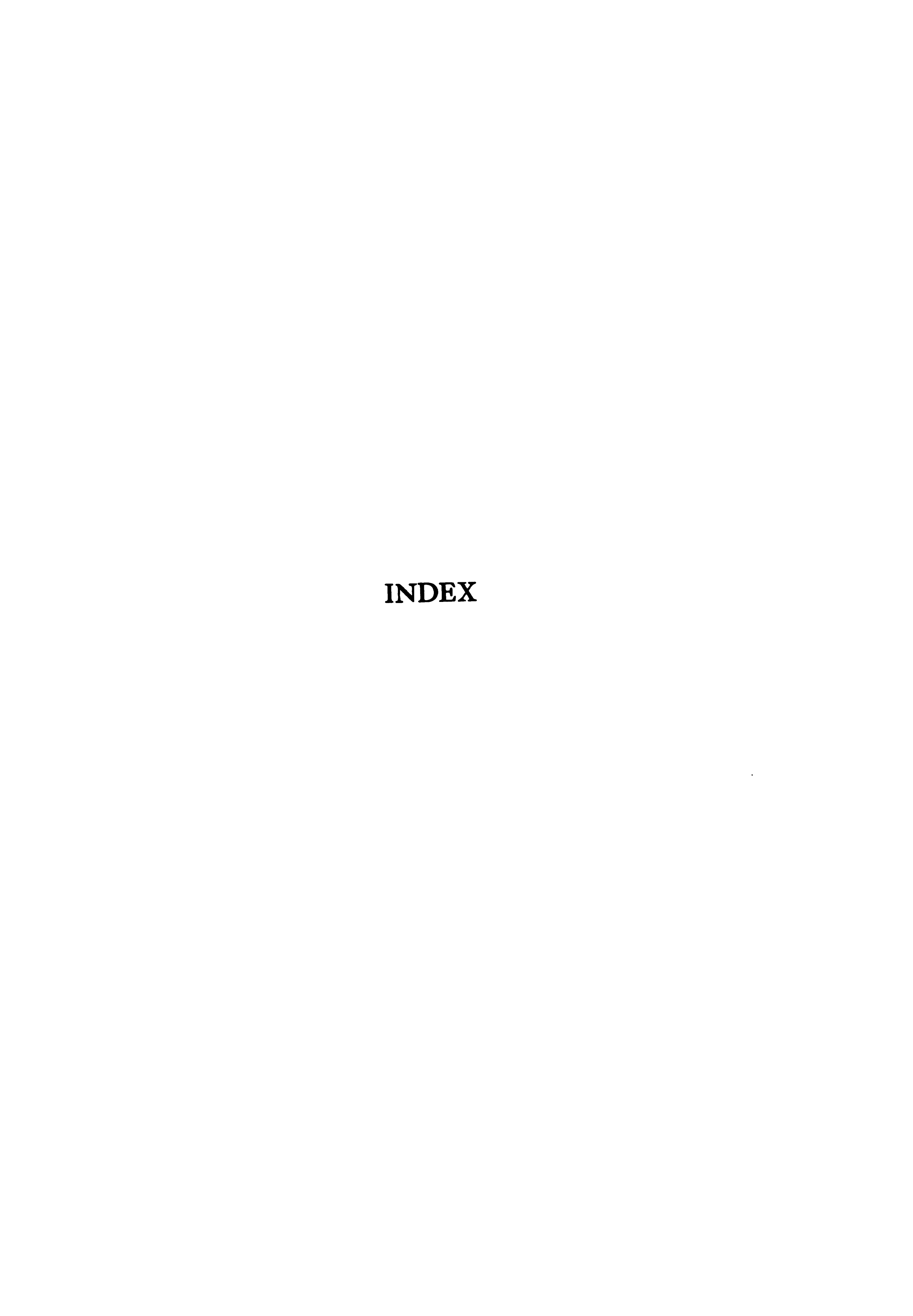
Weyburn Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. S. M. Bowman. *Secretary:* — W. J. Bullis.

WHITEWOOD

Whitewood Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — Dr. J. R. Bird. *Secretary:* — Dr. Cameron-Smith.

WOLSELEY

Wolseley Anti-Tuberculosis League (1910):
President: — R. J. Cooke. *Secretary:* — A. D. Ferguson.



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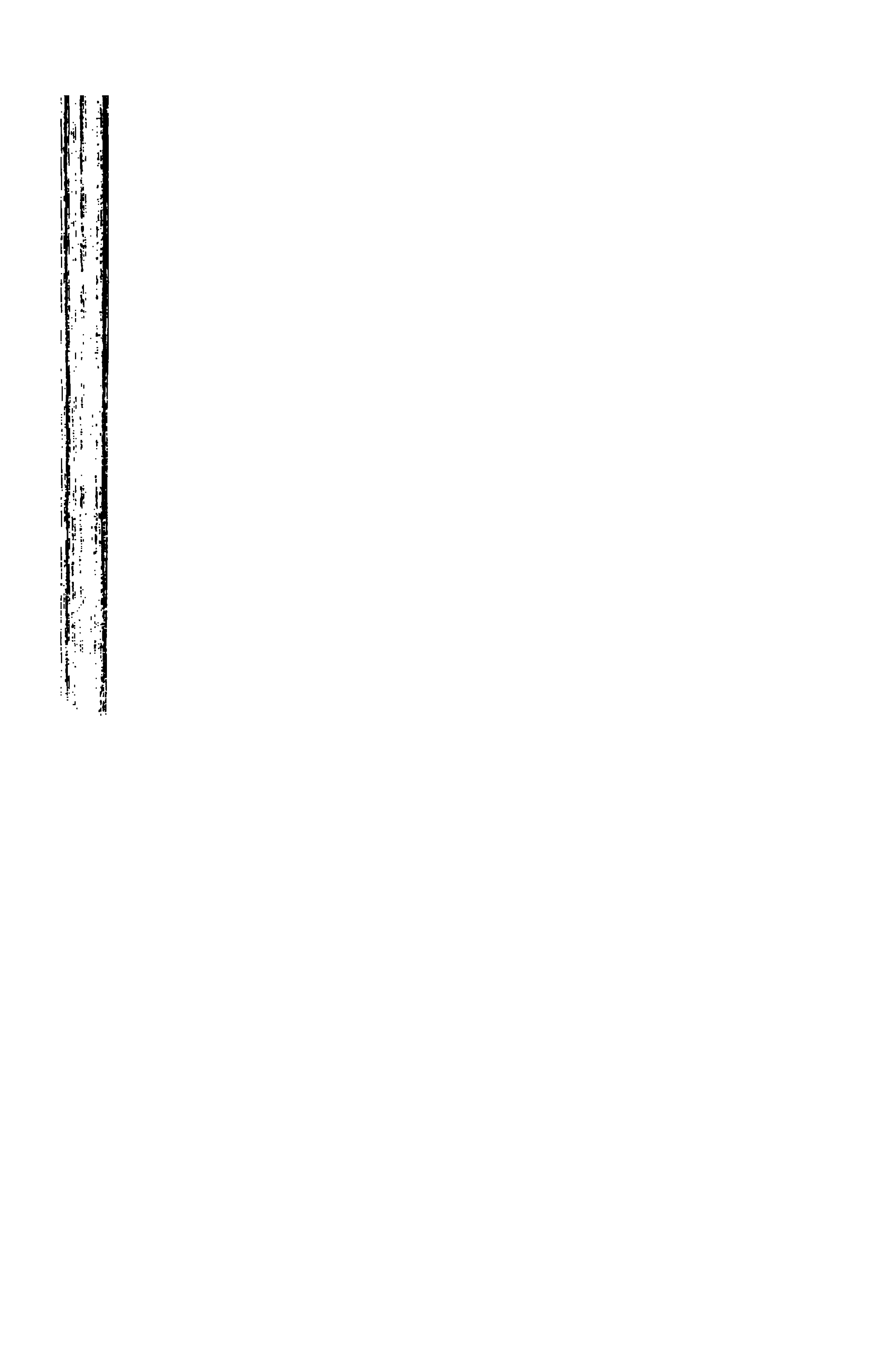
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The various forms of anti-tuberculosis activity are arranged in the Index under the several cities and states, which are in turn arranged alphabetically. The figures immediately following any form of activity indicate the number of that form of activity in the city or state mentioned. A star following the words "associations" and "sanatoria" indicate a state organization.

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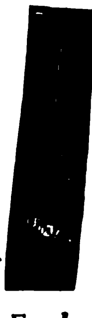
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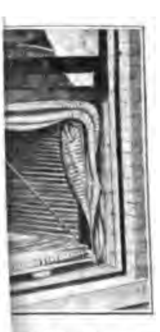
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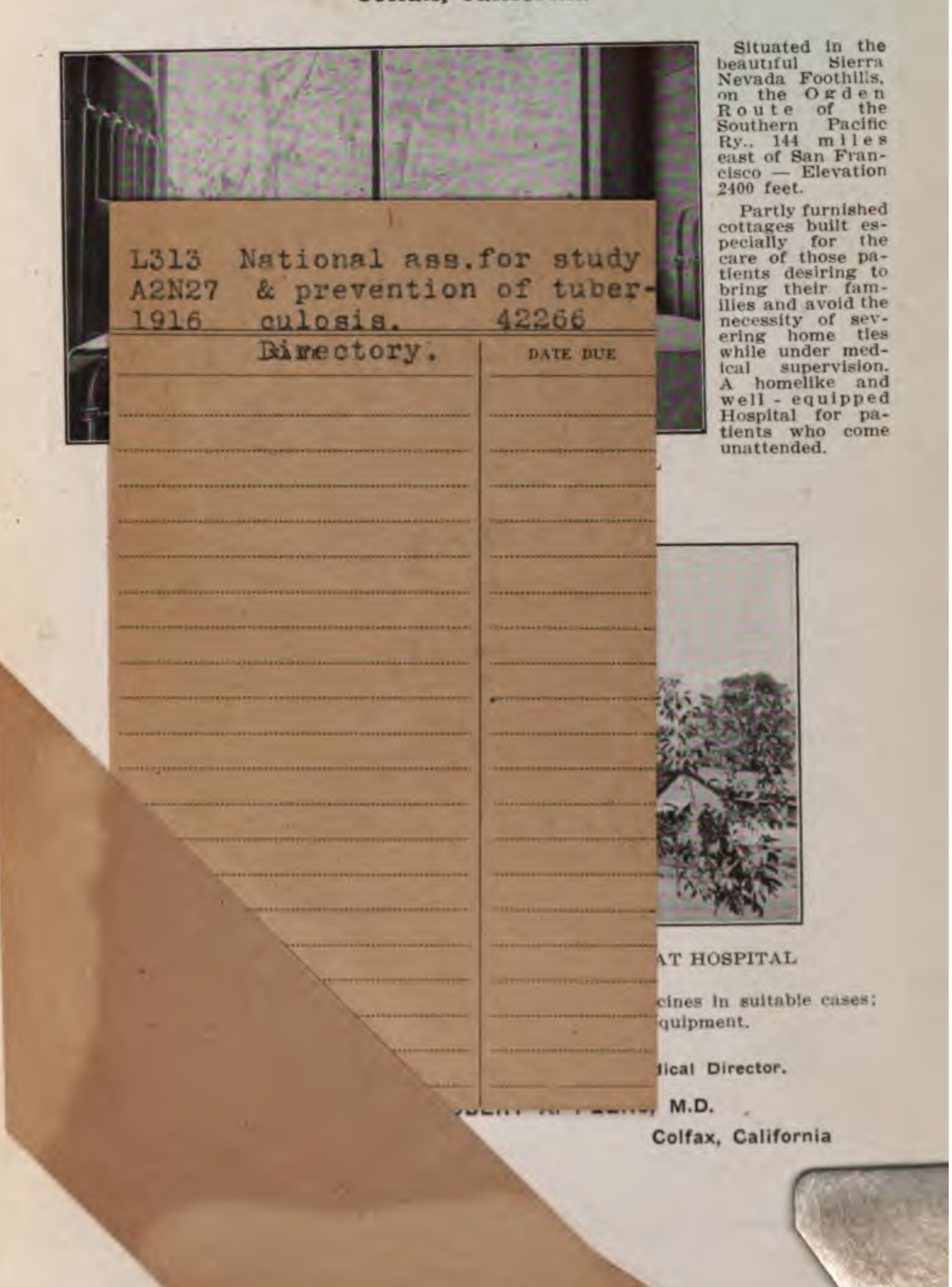
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